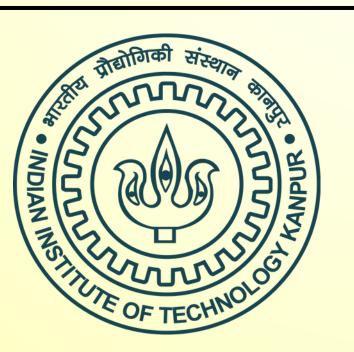
DESIGN & SIMULATION OF A STEWART PLATFORM FOR SHIPBOARD AIRCRAFT STABILISATION

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ABSTRACT

- I aim to develop a cost-effective alternative to the existing

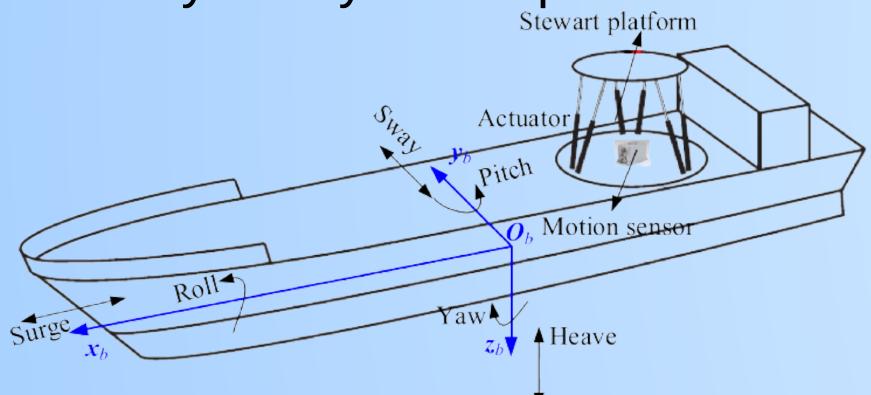
 Stewart platform currently priced at approximately

 40,00,000 INR, the cost posing a significant barrier to its

 widespread utilization in the aerospace field.
- This project recognizes the immense utility of the Stewart platform in various applications, ranging from aircraft simulators to actual Navy aircraft carriers.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

To design a **cost-effective Non-response Stewart platform** for shipboard aircraft stabilisation which works on ocean waveform feed, while simultaneously lowering its production cost by ninety seven percent.



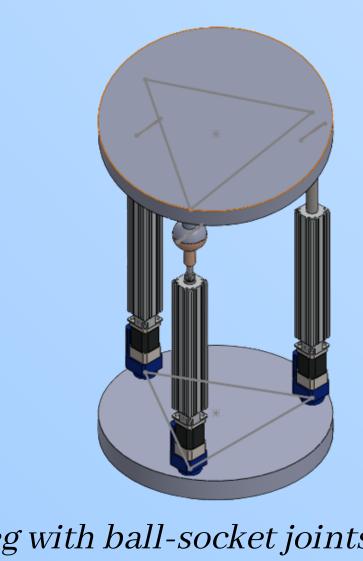
APPROACH

- Several research papers were studied to gain insights into the dynamics and kinematics of the Stewart platform, which included the classic 6-actuator 'Hexapod' platform,3 servo-3 actuator platform and 6-servo platform to find out the most optimised one.
- Solidworks models were created for 3 actuators and 4 actuator model to test out compatibility and usage. 3-Leg was preferred because of more range of motion.



3-leg actuator with Universal joints.

3-leg with ball-socker traingle

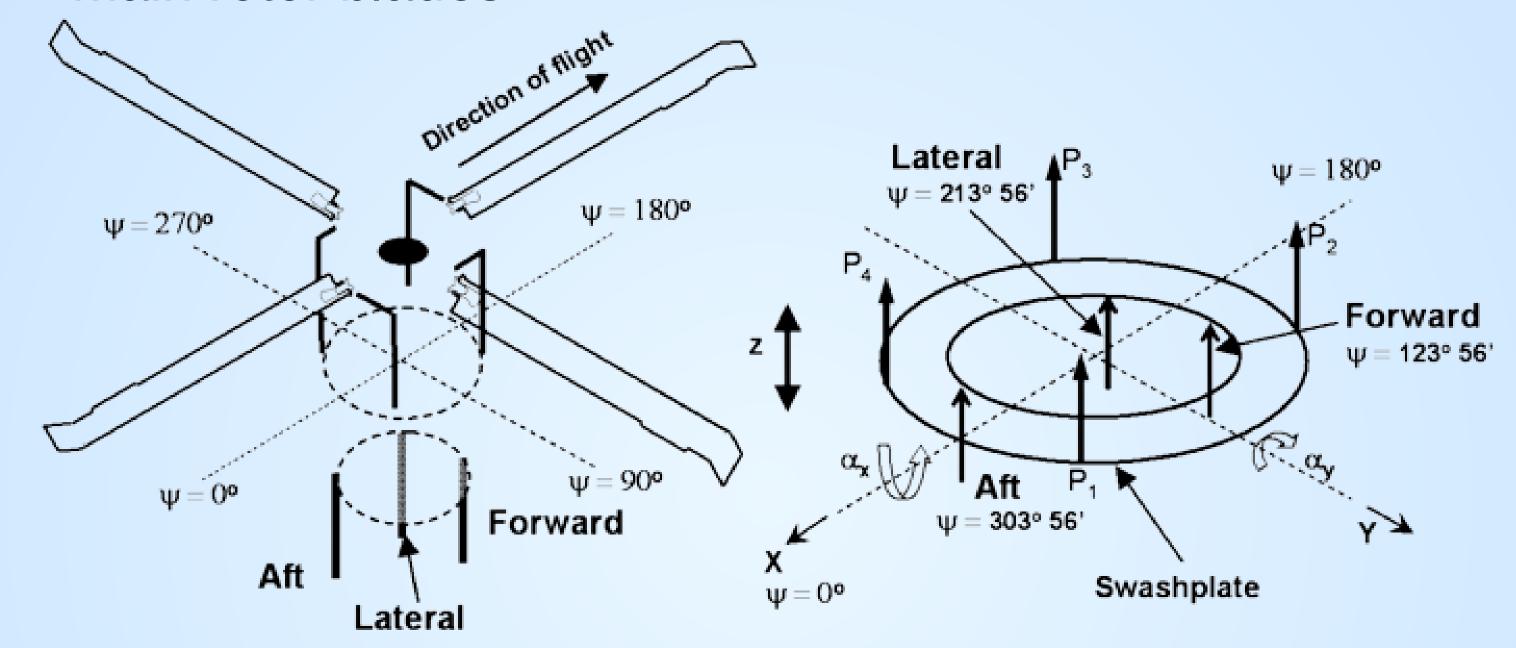


3-leg with ball-socket joints(equilaterial traingle formed)

• By using Simulink with the help of Simscape multibody, the models were tested, but no unique solution was obtained at various orientations, so the model had to be re-designed to fit the constraint issues caused.

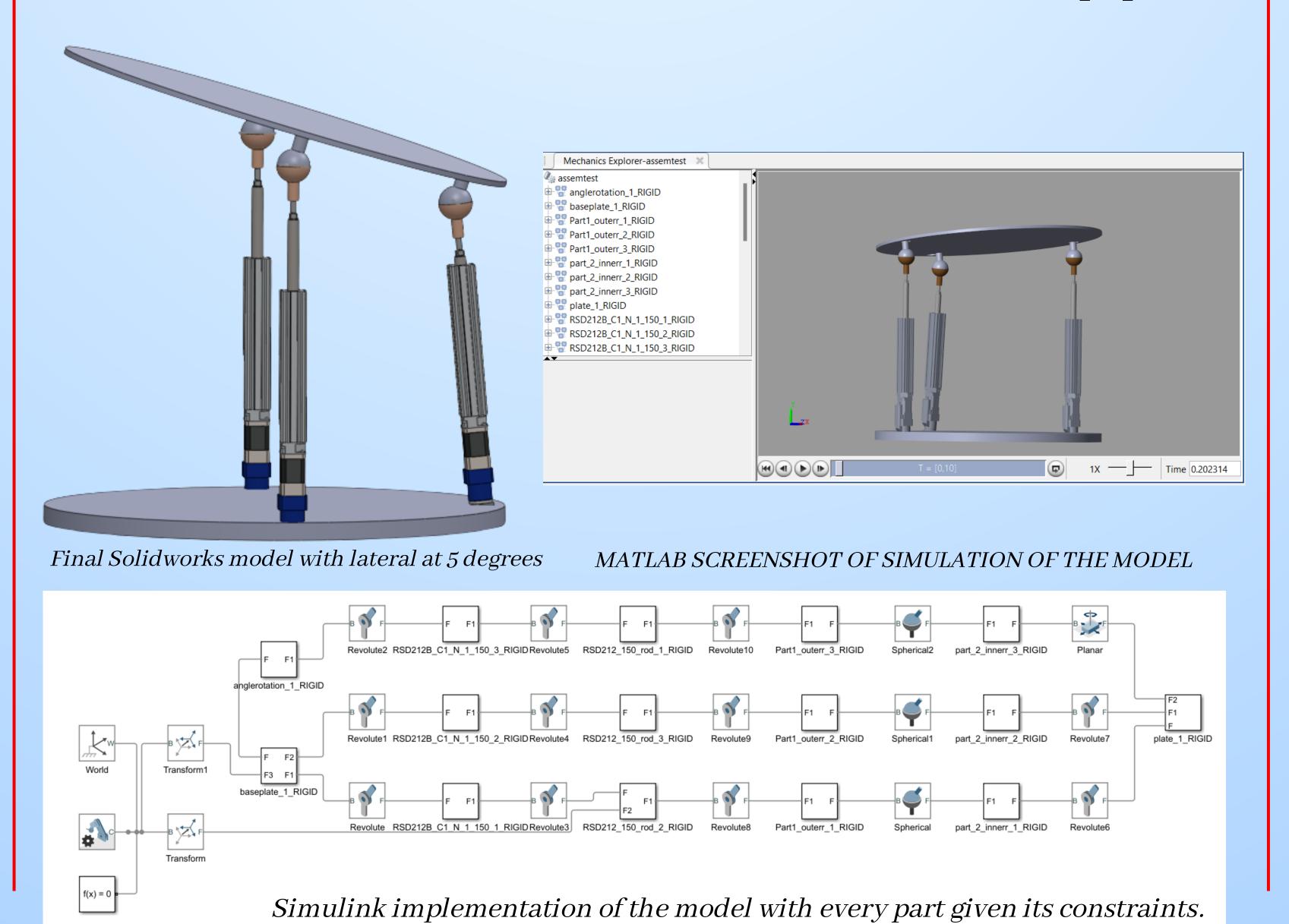
INSPIRATION FROM SWASH PLATE

 A mechanical component known as a swashplate converts input from the helicopter's flight controls into motion of the main rotor blades.



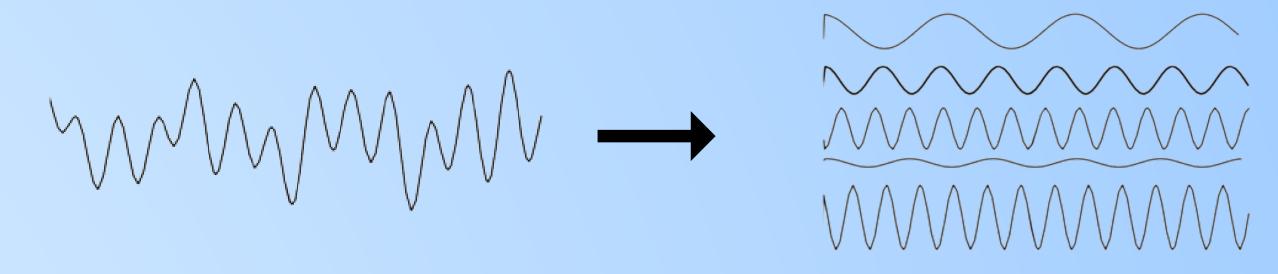
UH-60 Swashplate model from research paper of Dr Abhishek

- The Cad model was built to test out the utility of this model and was tested in Simulink to under more about range of motion.
- Calculations were done in accordance with the research paper.



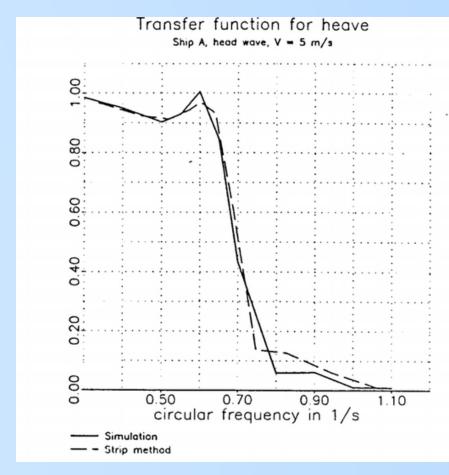
WAVEFORM DATA

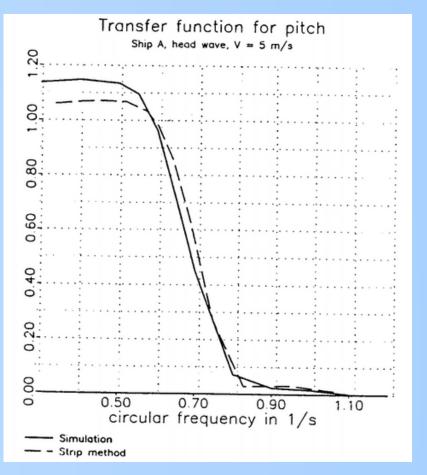
• Simultaneously we had to get ocean waveform date to feed it to the platform for it to work. Ocean waves were brought down to individual sine and cosine waveforms.



Random wave to Decomposition to set linear waves

 With the help of online articles wave simulation and data was acquired.

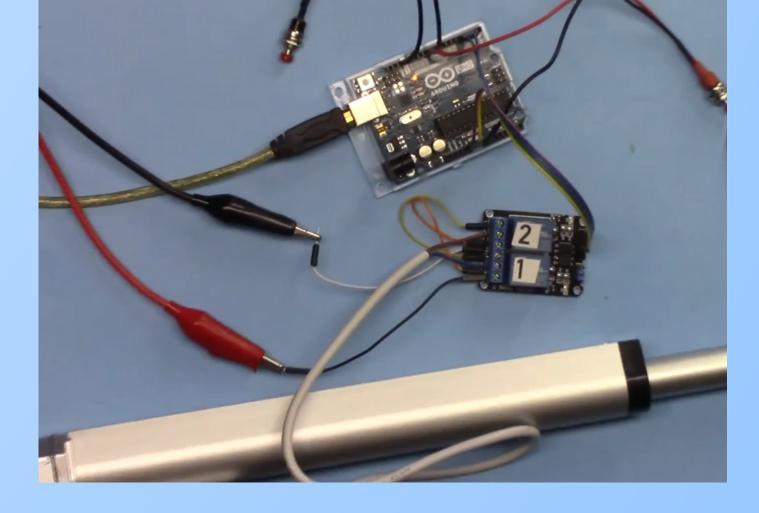




Experimental Data was taken from already done research and some examples are given above

FABRICATION

 Actuators were ordered and tested in their range of motion and Arduino Uno was used as the controller. Compatibility of movement of all 3 actuators with the base plate is being worked upon in the Arduino code.



ARDUINO CONNECTIONS WITH ACTUATOR

- After all the constraints are sorted in the code, The plate will be 3D printed and will be ready to use.
- A possible response platform on the gyroscopic data will also be researched upon,taking inspiration from self level Arduino RC planes.