



VERY LONG BASELINE VERY



► Space out multiple synchronised telescopes around the earth and collect data  $y \in Y$

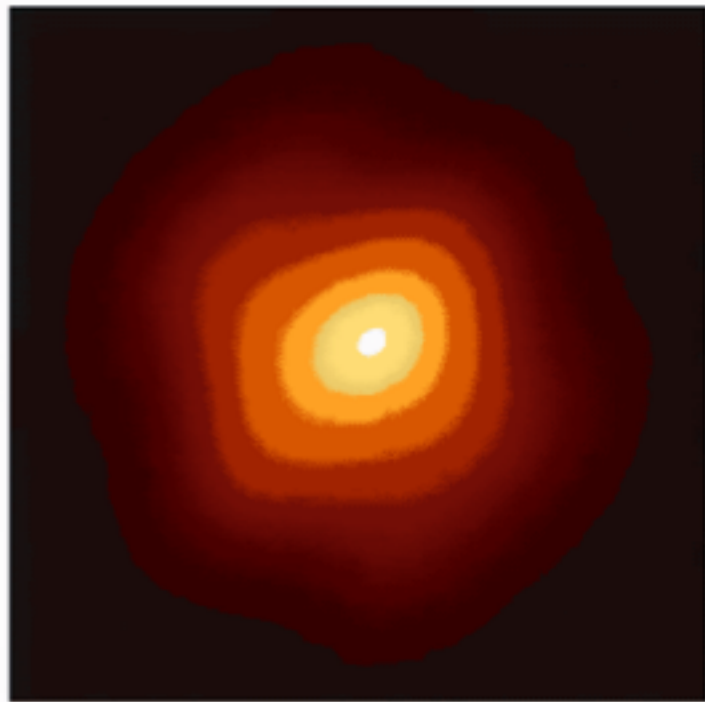
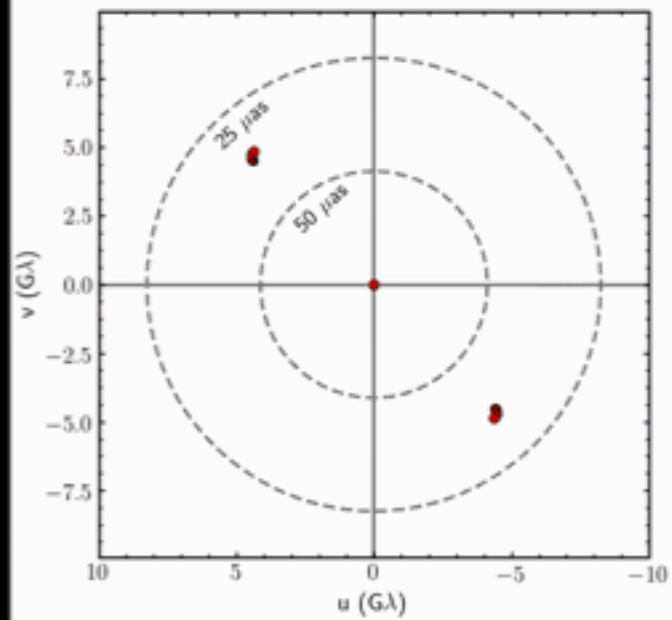
► Model the data  $y \in Y$  using some parameters  $x \in X$  with likelihood  $L(y|x)$

► Given the data, we want to predict what image  $x \in \mathbb{X}$  was generated.

$$x = A^{-1}(y - \epsilon)$$

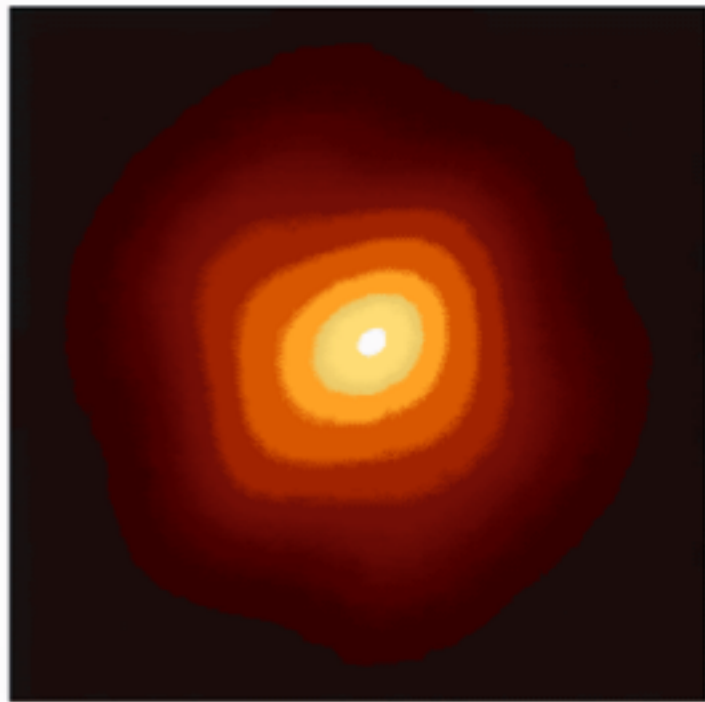
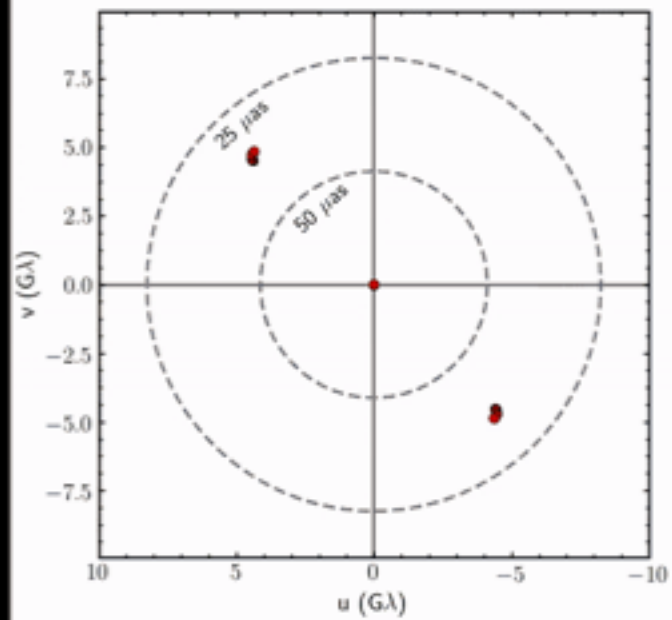
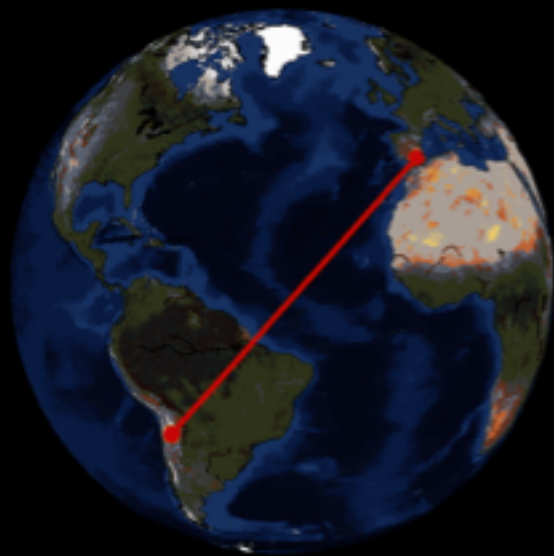
►  $A : X \rightarrow Y$  is a non-linear transformation and  $\epsilon$  is the measurement error

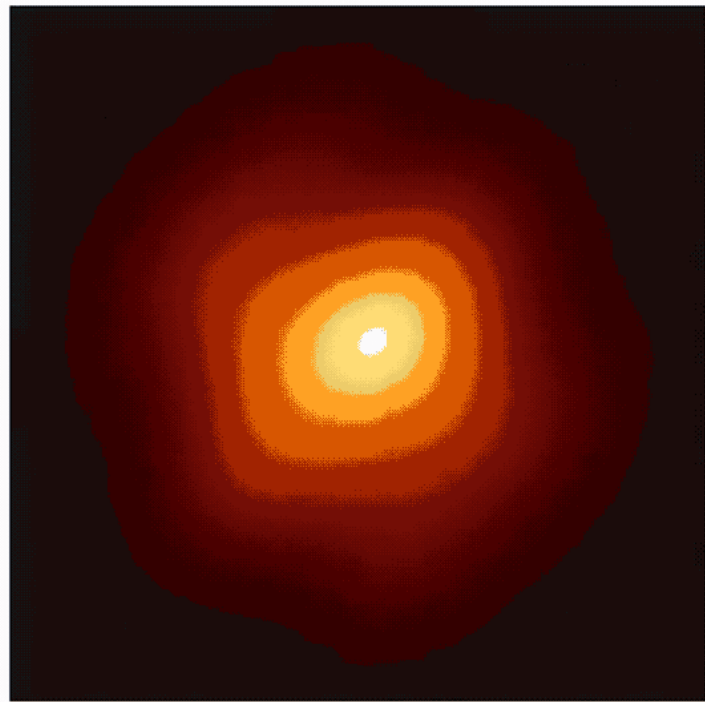
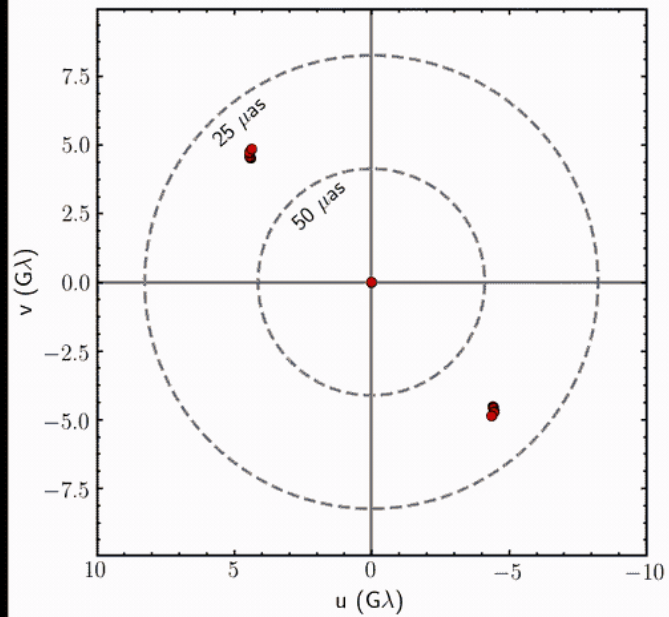
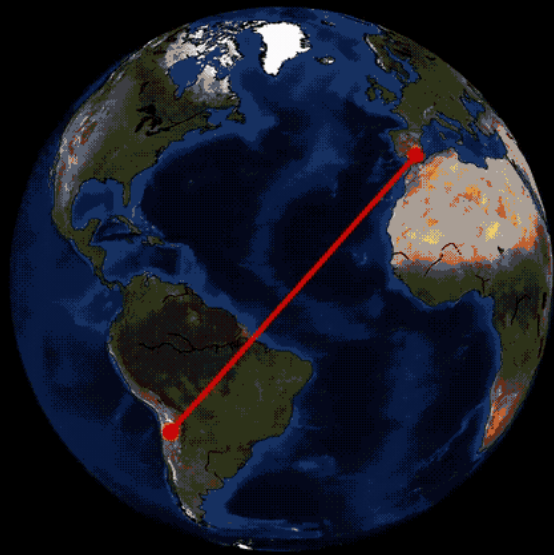
$$y = A(x) + \epsilon, \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$







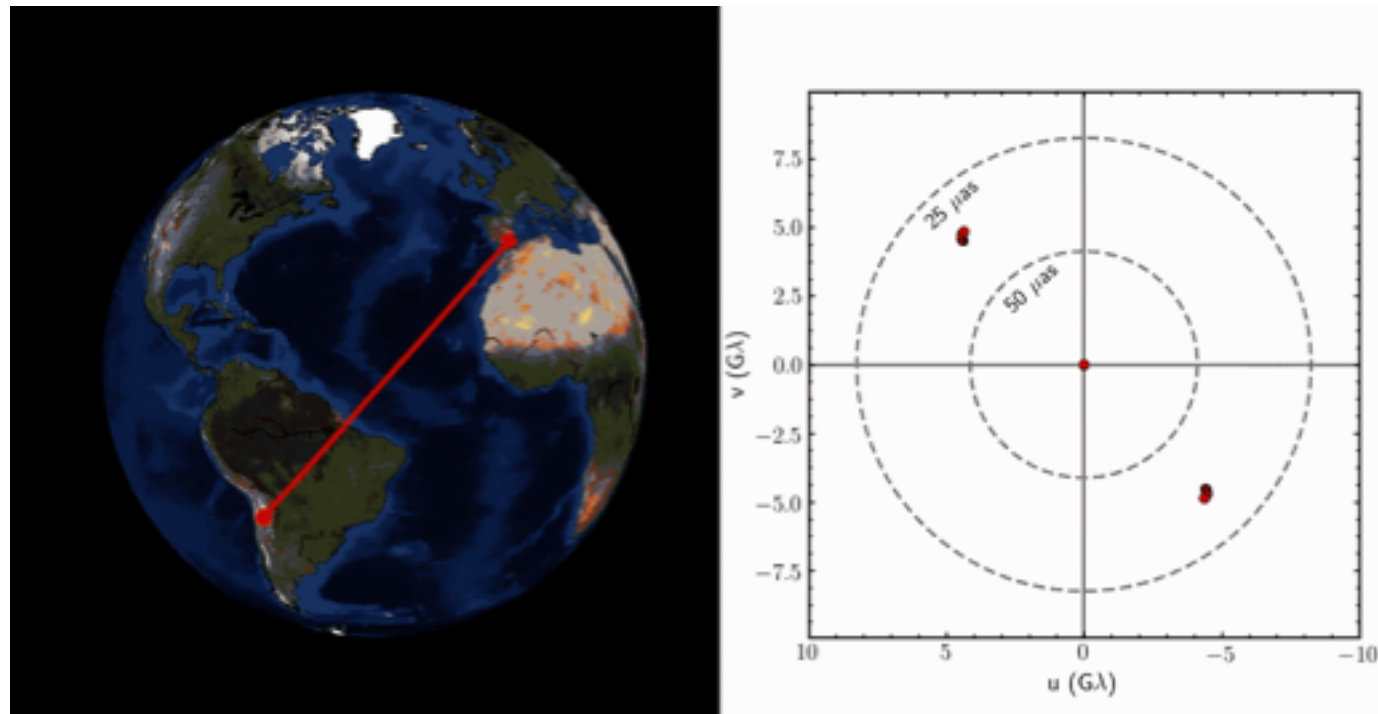




# VERY LONG BASELINE INTERFEROMETRY

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- Space out multiple synchronised telescopes around the earth and collect data  $y \in \mathbb{Y}$



- Model the data  $y \in \mathbb{Y}$  using some parameters  $x \in \mathbb{X}$  with likelihood  $L(y | x)$ 
  - $A : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{Y}$  is a non-linear transformation and  $\epsilon$  is the measurement error

$$y = A(x) + \epsilon, \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$

- Given the data, we want to predict what image  $x \in \mathbb{X}$  was generated.

$$x = A^{-1}(y - \epsilon)$$

# BAYESIAN INVERSE PROBLEMS