

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FROM BASED ON THE INFORMATION



Space out multiple synchronised telescopes around the earth and collect data →

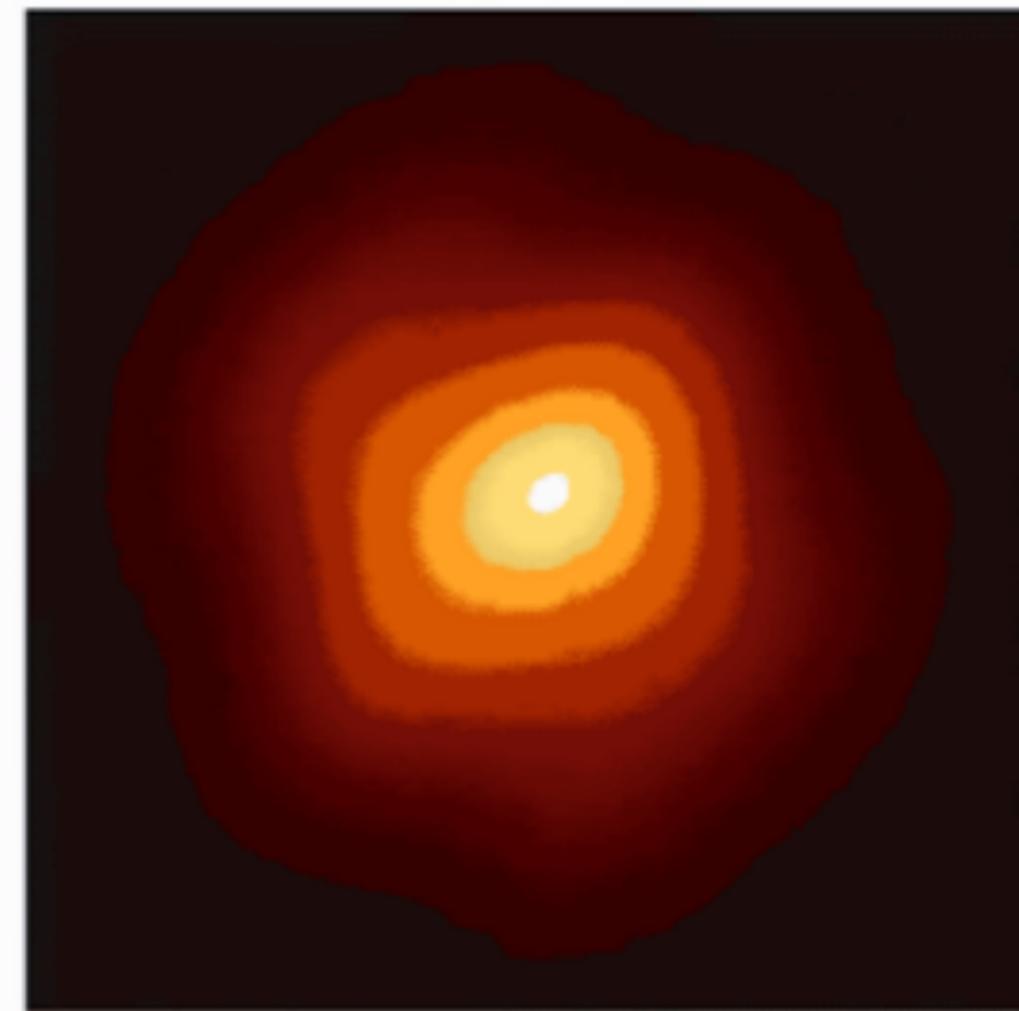
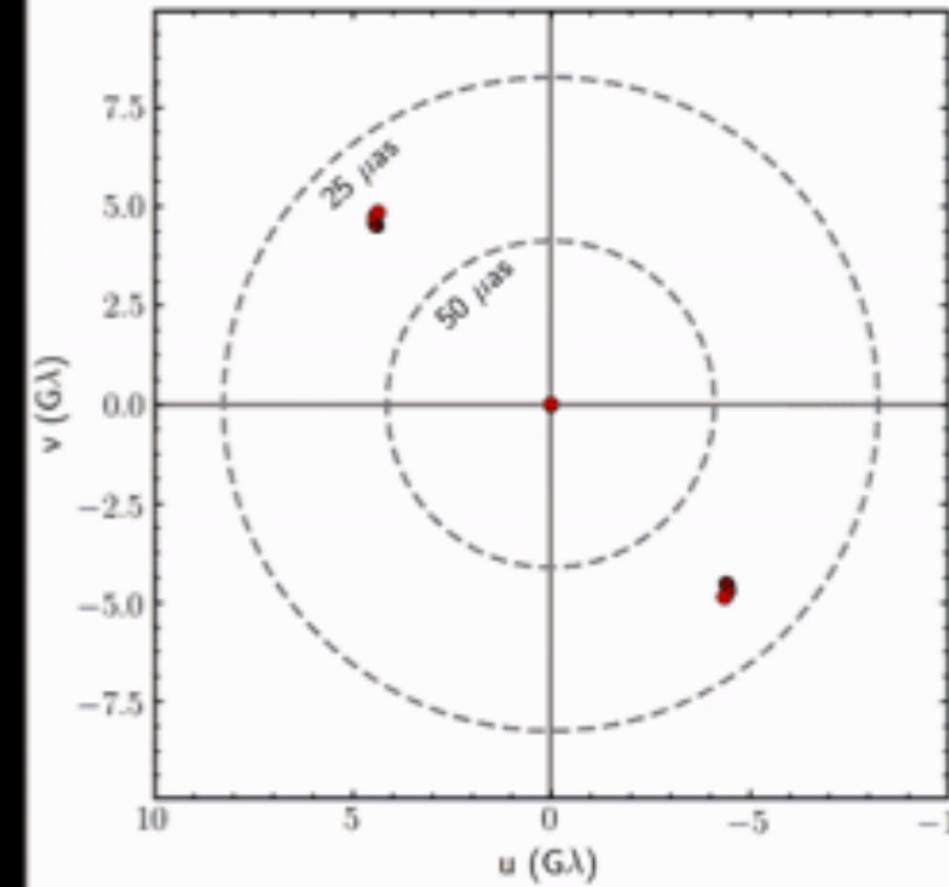
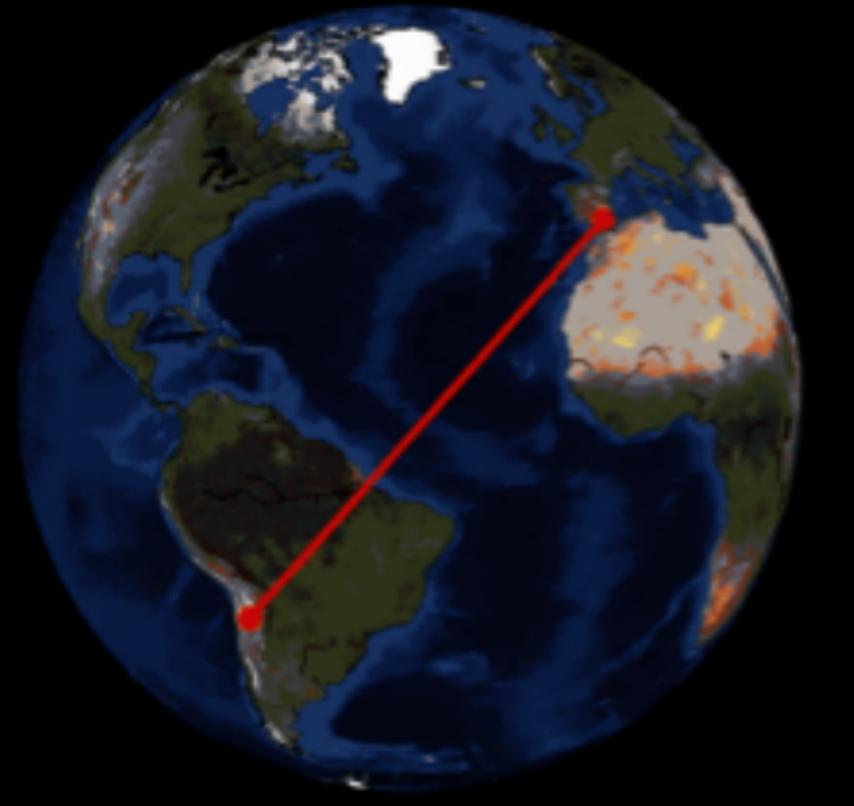
► Model the data $y \in \mathcal{Y}$ with likelihood $L(y | x)$ using some parameters $x \in \mathcal{X}$

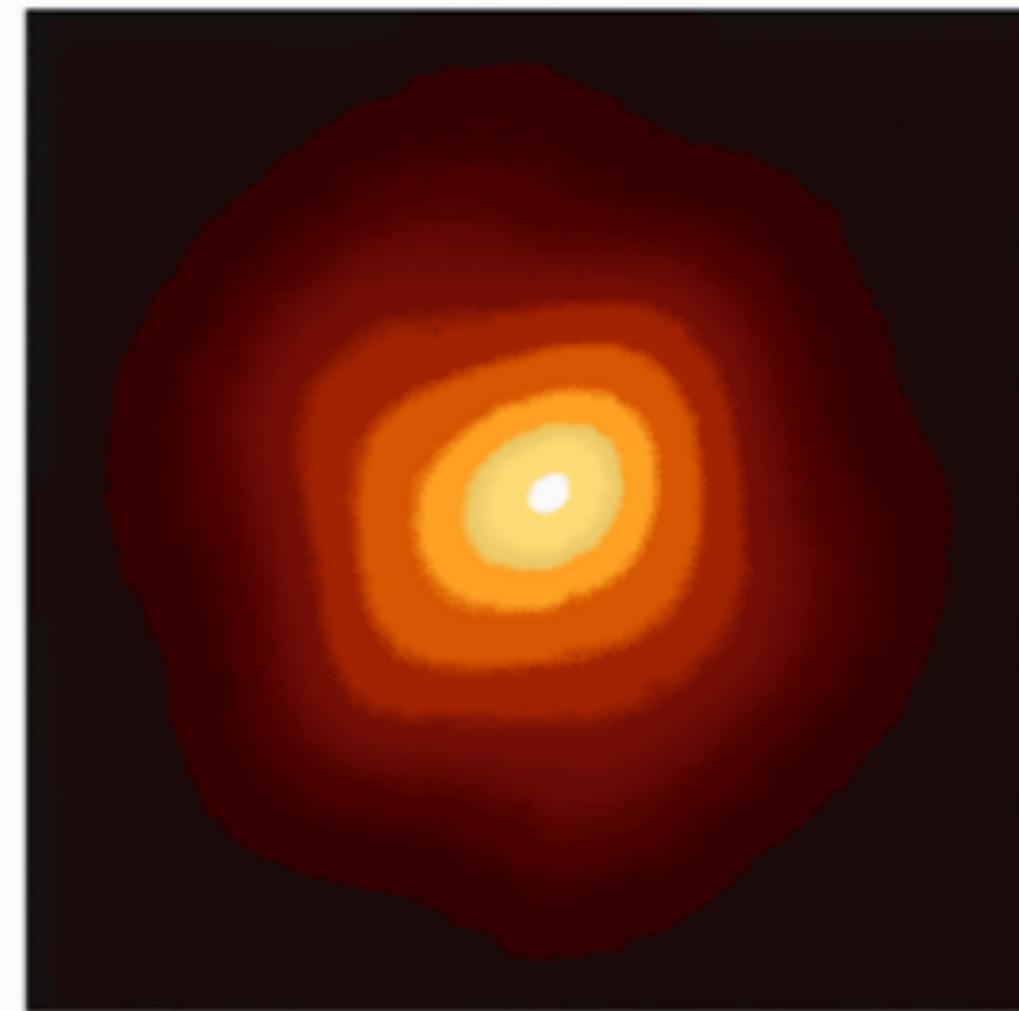
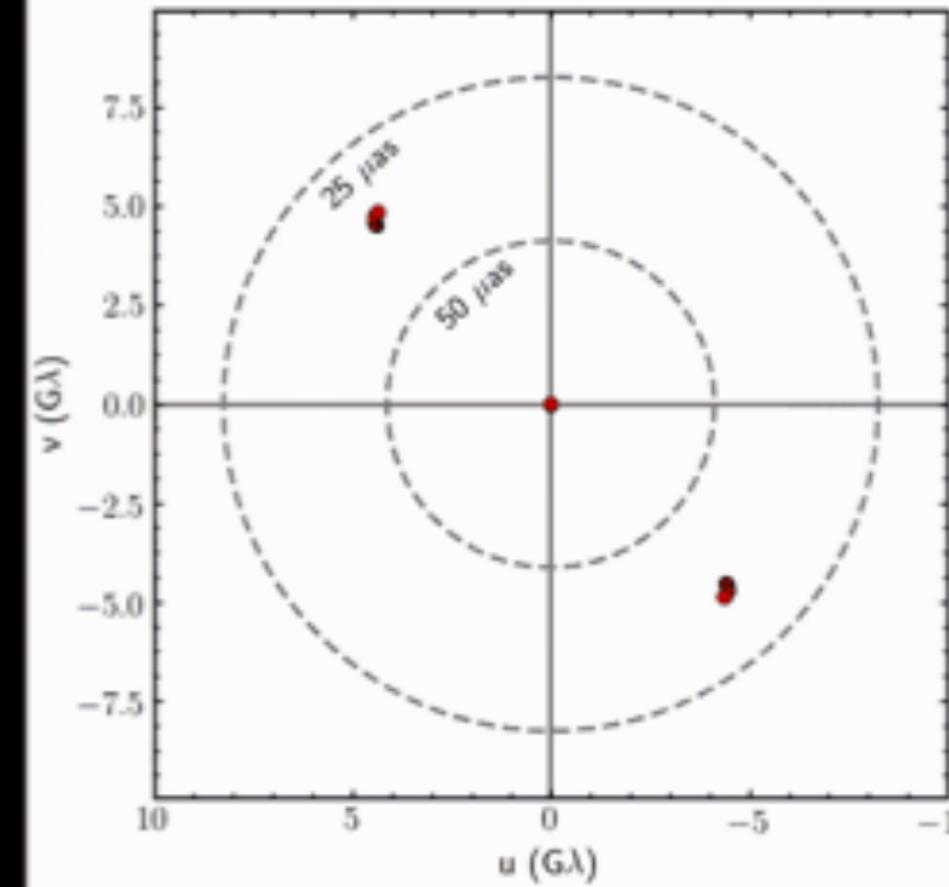
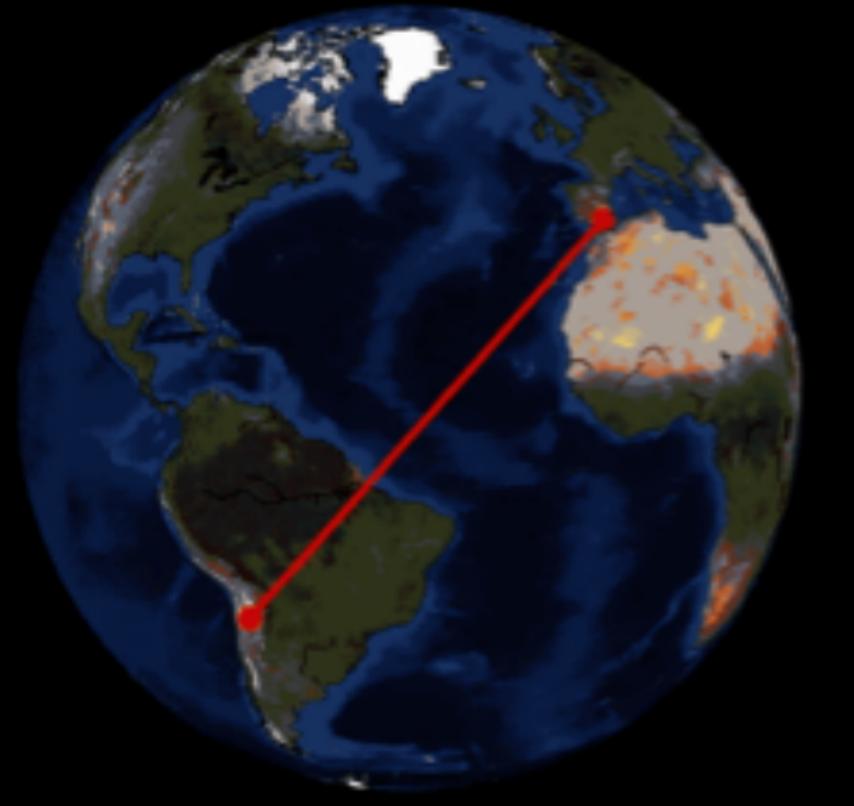
► Given the data, we want to predict what image $x \in \mathbb{X}$ was generated.

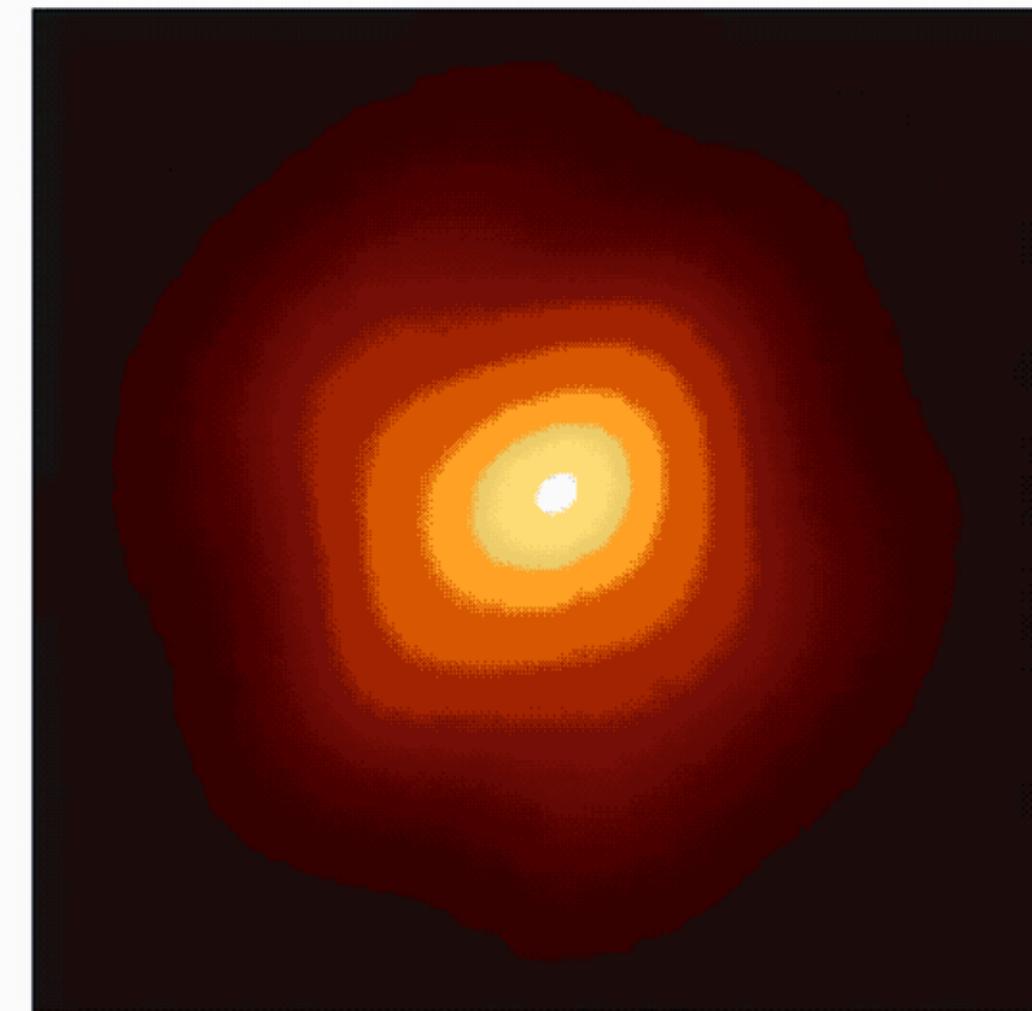
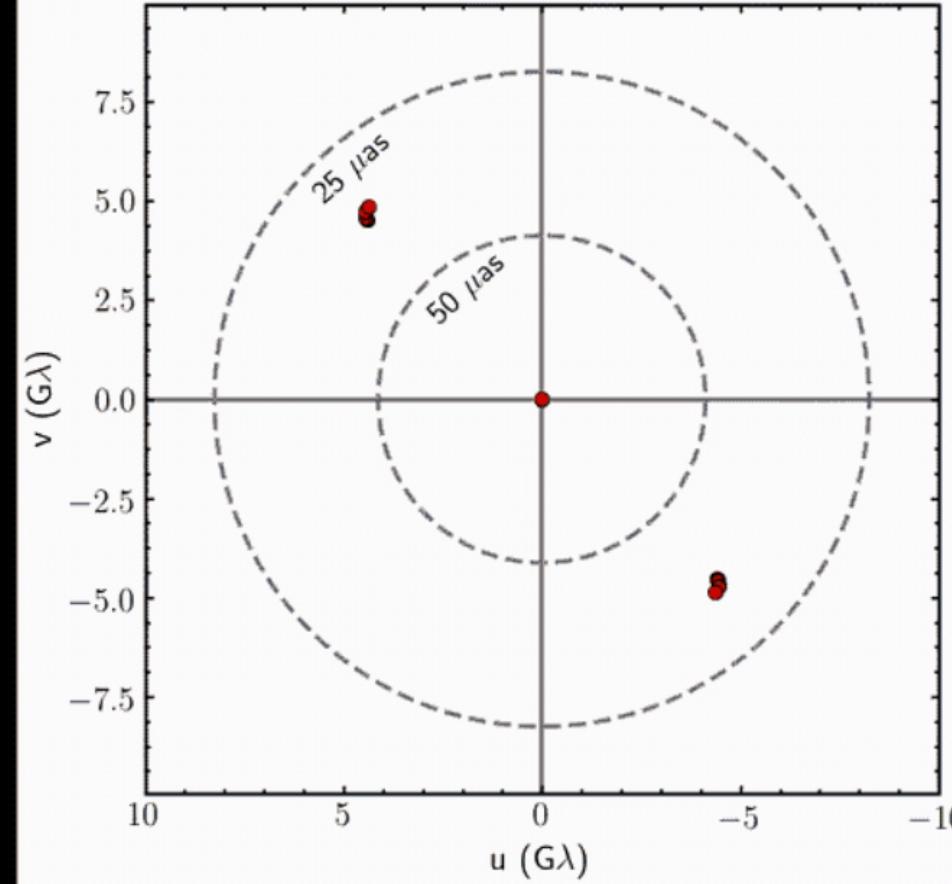
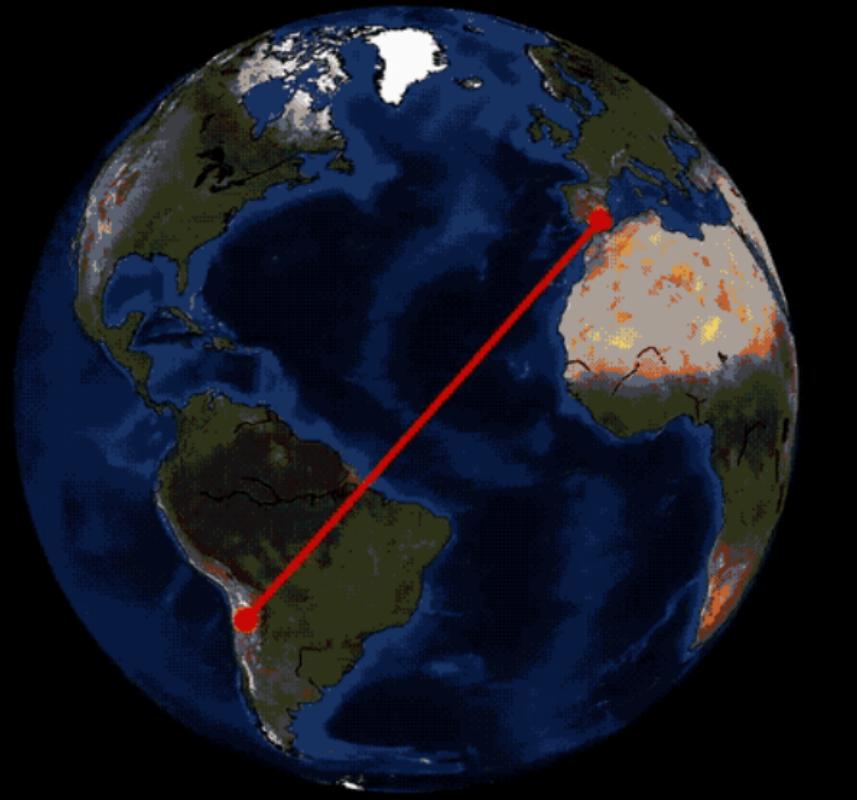
$$x = A^{-1}(y - \epsilon)$$

► $A : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{Y}$ is a non-linear transformation and ϵ is the measurement error

$$y = A(x) + \epsilon, \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$

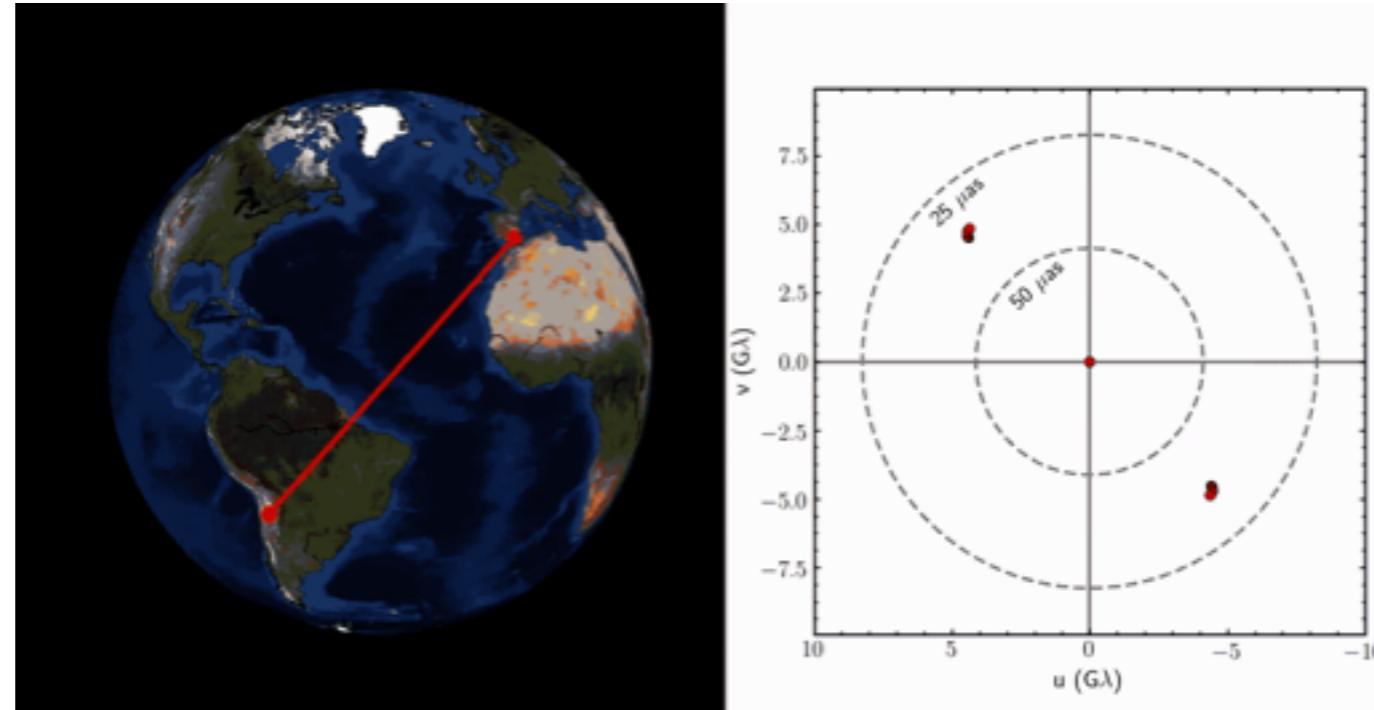






VERY LONG BASELINE INFEROMETRY

- Space out multiple synchronised telescopes around the earth and collect data $y \in \mathbb{Y}$



- Model the data $y \in \mathbb{Y}$ using some parameters $x \in \mathbb{X}$ with likelihood $L(y | x)$
 - $A : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{Y}$ is a non-linear transformation and ϵ is the measurement error
$$y = A(x) + \epsilon, \quad \epsilon \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$
- Given the data, we want to predict what image $x \in \mathbb{X}$ was generated.

$$x = A^{-1}(y - \epsilon)$$

BAYESIAN INVERSE PROBLEMS