

Zewail City of Science, Technology and Innovation  
University of Science and Technology  
School of Computational Sciences and Artificial Intelligence

CSAI 203 – Fall 2025

Introduction to Software Engineering  
Course Registration System

Design Document

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### 5.1 Summary of Design Phase

## **1. Introduction**

1.1 This document explains in detail how the requirements stated in the Software Specification Requirement (SRS) will be implemented.

1.2 The design will cover the architecture, User Interface (UI) providing mockups, and data storage.

1.3 This document is aimed at the developers as it will guide them through the implementation of the system.

1.4 The rest of the document describes the system design as follows:

- Section 2: Describes the system at a high level stating its goals and constraints.
- Section 3: Discusses the details of the architecture to be used in the system.
- Section 4: Delves into the specific design features and components of this system

## **2. System Overview**

2.1 The system aims to replace in-person registrar visits and centralize the process of student-course-professor interactions.

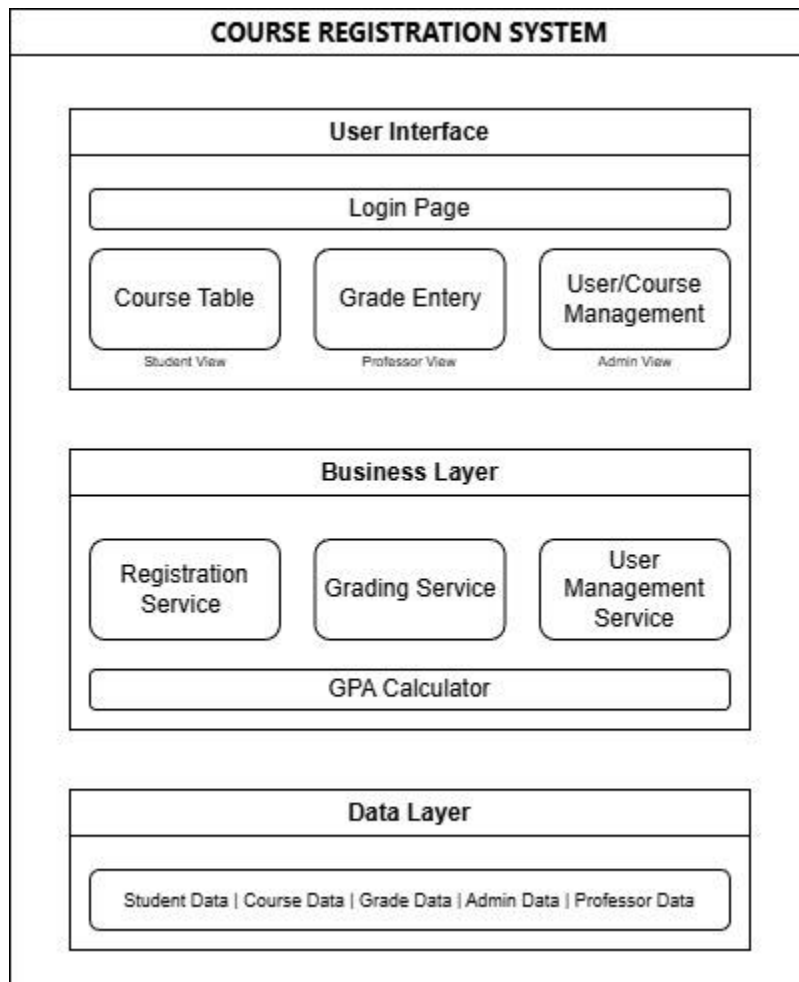
## 2.2

-Goals: Allow students to add/drop courses and view their grades, professors to manage courses and assign grades and administrators to manage users and courses with an intuitive and simple UI.

-Constraints: Backend must use Flask framework, front end uses HTML/CSS, system must run on a modern browser and user must have a stable internet connection.

## 3. Architectural Design

### 3.1



3.2 The system uses a monolithic architecture which includes all the components (Frontend and backend) in one application, this approach is simple to implement and deploy.

Components:

- Frontend: Provides all the different pages for the students, professors and admins representing the UI.

- Backend: Handles the business logic to execute the required functions such as adding/dropping courses, assigning grades, and so on, interacting with the database to retrieve data.

- Database: Stores entities such as the students, courses and professors and their relationships.

3.3

Backend: Python 3, Flask.

Frontend: HTML & CSS.

Database: SQLite.

Development and testing tools: VS Code, Chrome, Flask local server.

## **4. Detailed Design**

4.1

4.1.1 MVC pattern is a way of decoupling system components to increase maintainability, it consists of a Model which handles the business logic and returns requested data, a View which is what the user sees and interacts with to request or view information, and the Controller which takes the input and links the Model and the View, deciding which Model to call and which View to return to the user.

4.1.2

Model: Student, Professor, Admin and Course classes which store each entity's data and functions.

View: HTML/CSS templates such as the login, course registration and transcript pages.

Controller: student\_controller, professor\_controller, admin\_controller and course\_controller controllers to take user input from the View and route to the appropriate Model methods

#### 4.1.3

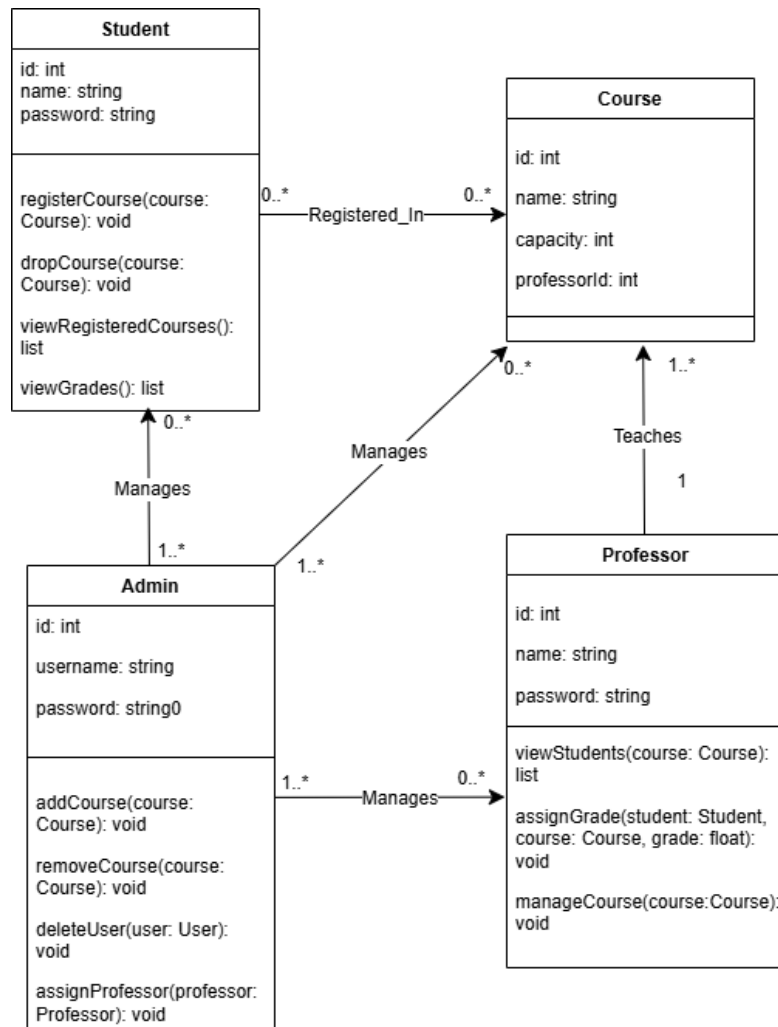
Component	Responsibility
Model	Store and manage data for Student, Professor, Admin and Course entities Provide the core methods for each class: Student(add/drop, view registered courses, view transcript), Professor(assign student grade, manage courses, add/remove student), Admin(manage accounts, add/remove courses, assign courses to professors). Interact with database.
View	Display information that concerns each entity and take input from the user.
Controller	Receive input from the view and route to the appropriate model method to retrieve the data and select the appropriate view to display it.

#### 4.1.4

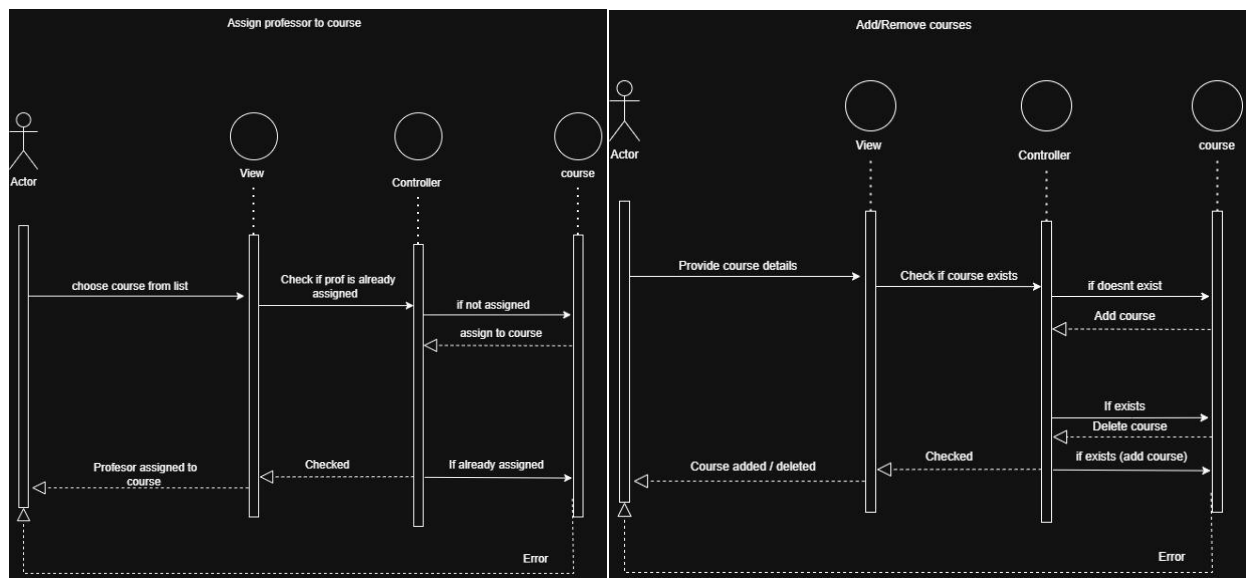
- 1) The user performs an action in the UI for a specific entity.
- 2) The Controller receives the input from the View, validates it, and calls the appropriate Model method.
- 3) The model performs the requested action that might involve retrieval of or modifying data in the database.
- 4) The Controller then displays the information returned from the Model using the appropriate template (View).

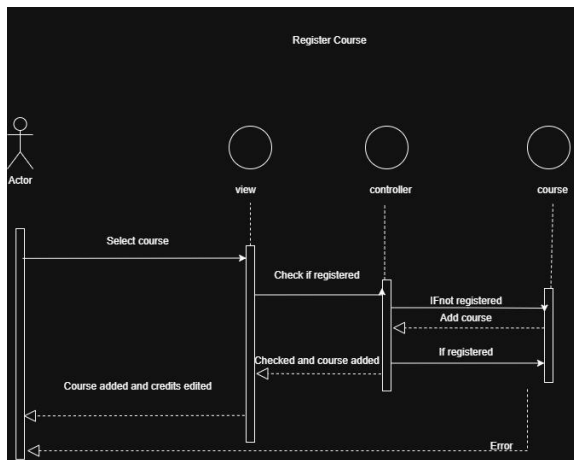
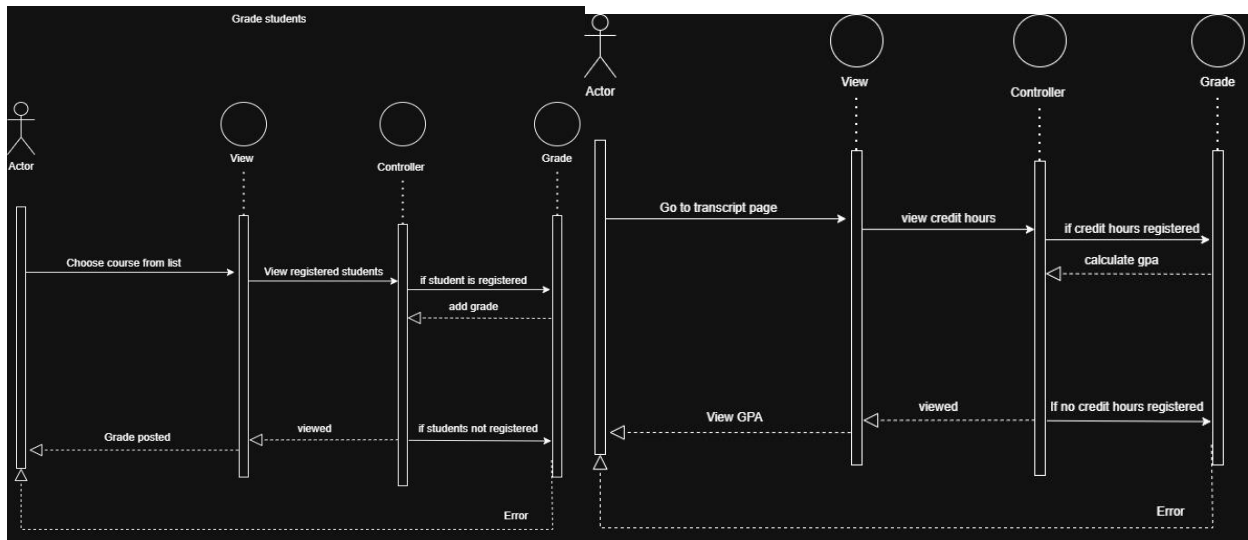
#### 4.2

##### 4.2.1

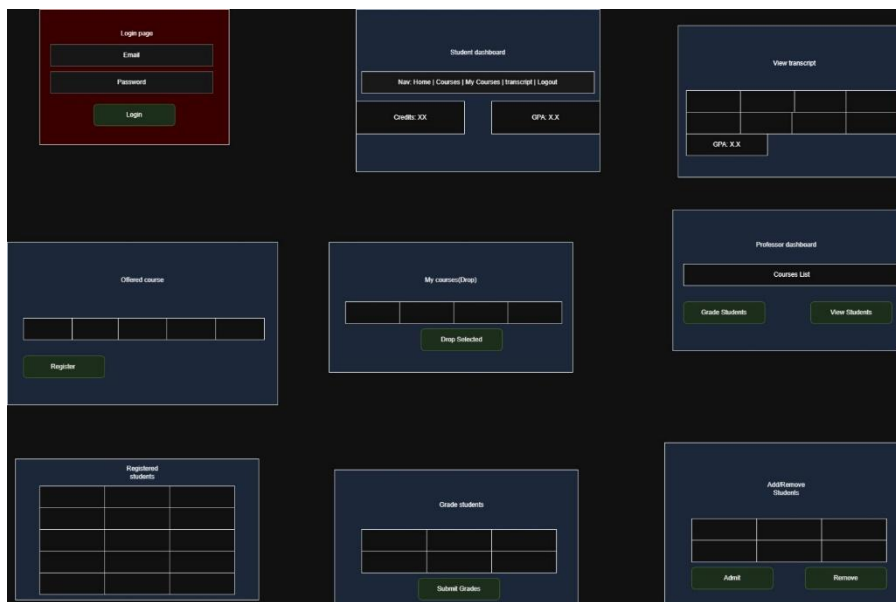


## 4.2.2





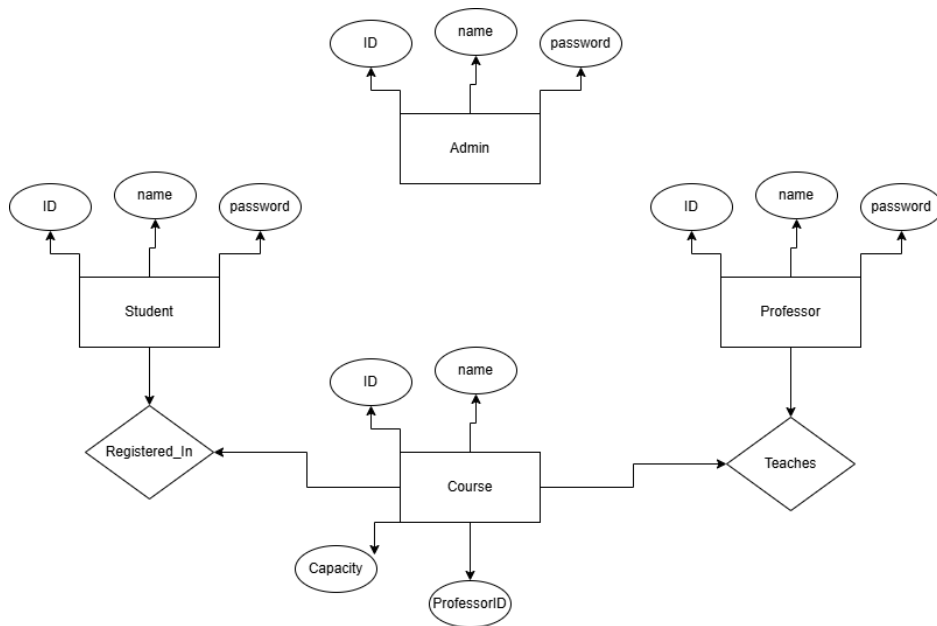
### 4.3





## 4.4

### 4.4.1



### 4.4.2

#### Student

Attribute	Type	Description
id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each student.
name	VARCHAR	Student's full name.
password	VARCHAR	Password used for authentication.

#### Professor

Attribute	Type	Description
id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each professor.

name	VARCHAR	Professor's full name.
password	VARCHAR	Password used for authentication.

## Admin

Attribute	Type	Description
id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each admin.
name	VARCHAR	Admin's full name.
password	VARCHAR	Password used for authentication.

## Course

Attribute	Type	Description
id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each course.
name	VARCHAR	Course name.
professorID	INT (FK)	ID for the teaching professor.
Capacity	INT	Maximum number of students the course can hold.

## **5. Conclusion**

5.1 The design document defined the system with a simple monolithic architecture, MVC pattern and a simple SQL database using clear UML diagrams to guide the implementation. These design choices ensure that the implementation of the system will be straightforward, maintainable and easy to deploy.