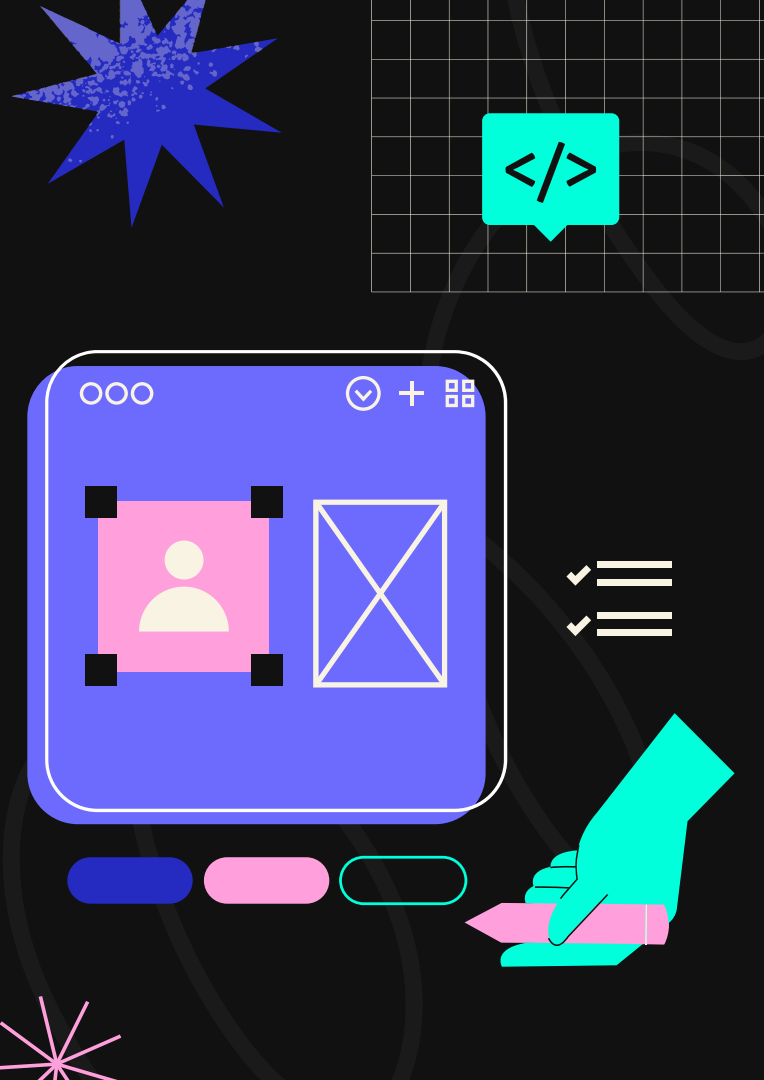


Predictability of music trends in time

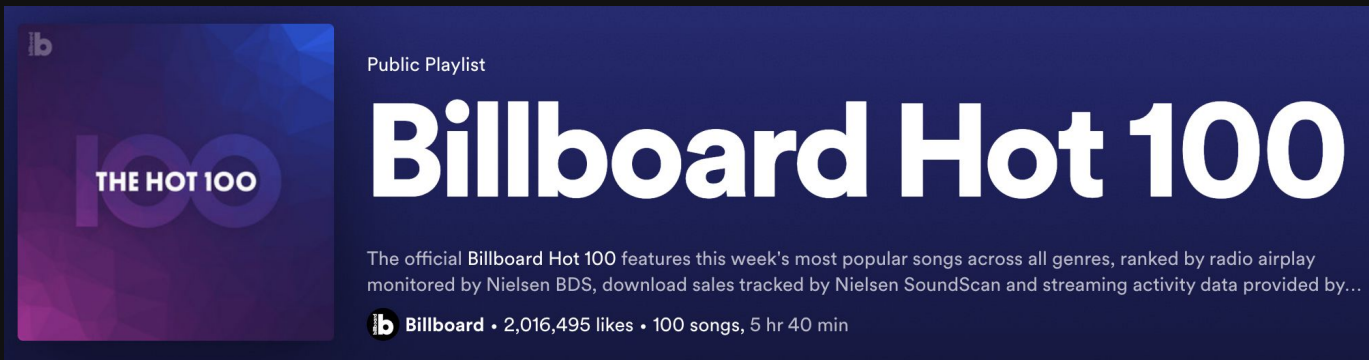
Maxim Velli, Eva Koskova





CSS

Dataset



The Spotify Hit Predictor Dataset (1960-2019)
Over 40,000+ Tracks labeled hit or flop, with their features.



CSS

Dataset - features

danceability

energy

key

loudness

mode

speechiness

acousticness

instrumentalness

liveness

valence

tempo

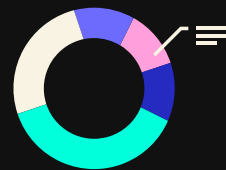
duration_ms

time_signature

chorus_hit

sections

target





Motivation



Music taste
development
in society

Predictability of
popular music



Musical features
that make a hit



Research questions



Cross-timeframe
hit prediction
(10/5/3 years)

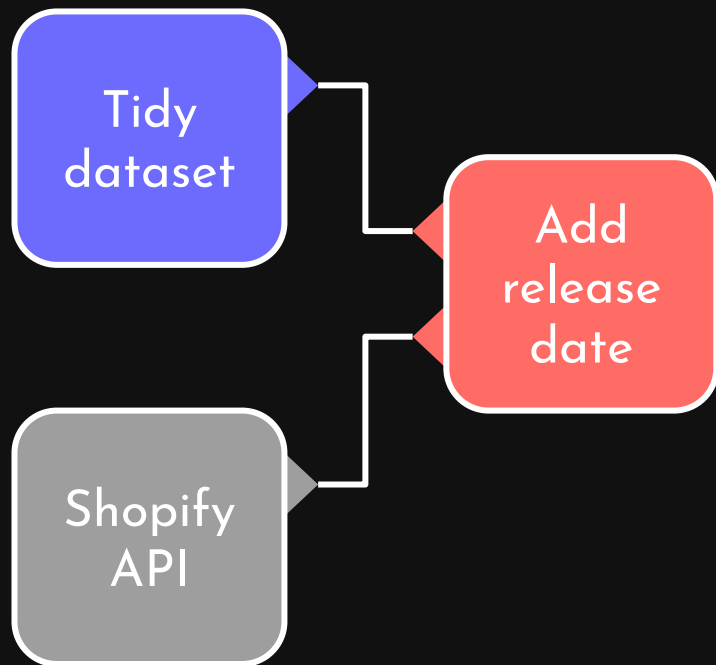


Feature
importance



Artists'
adaptivity

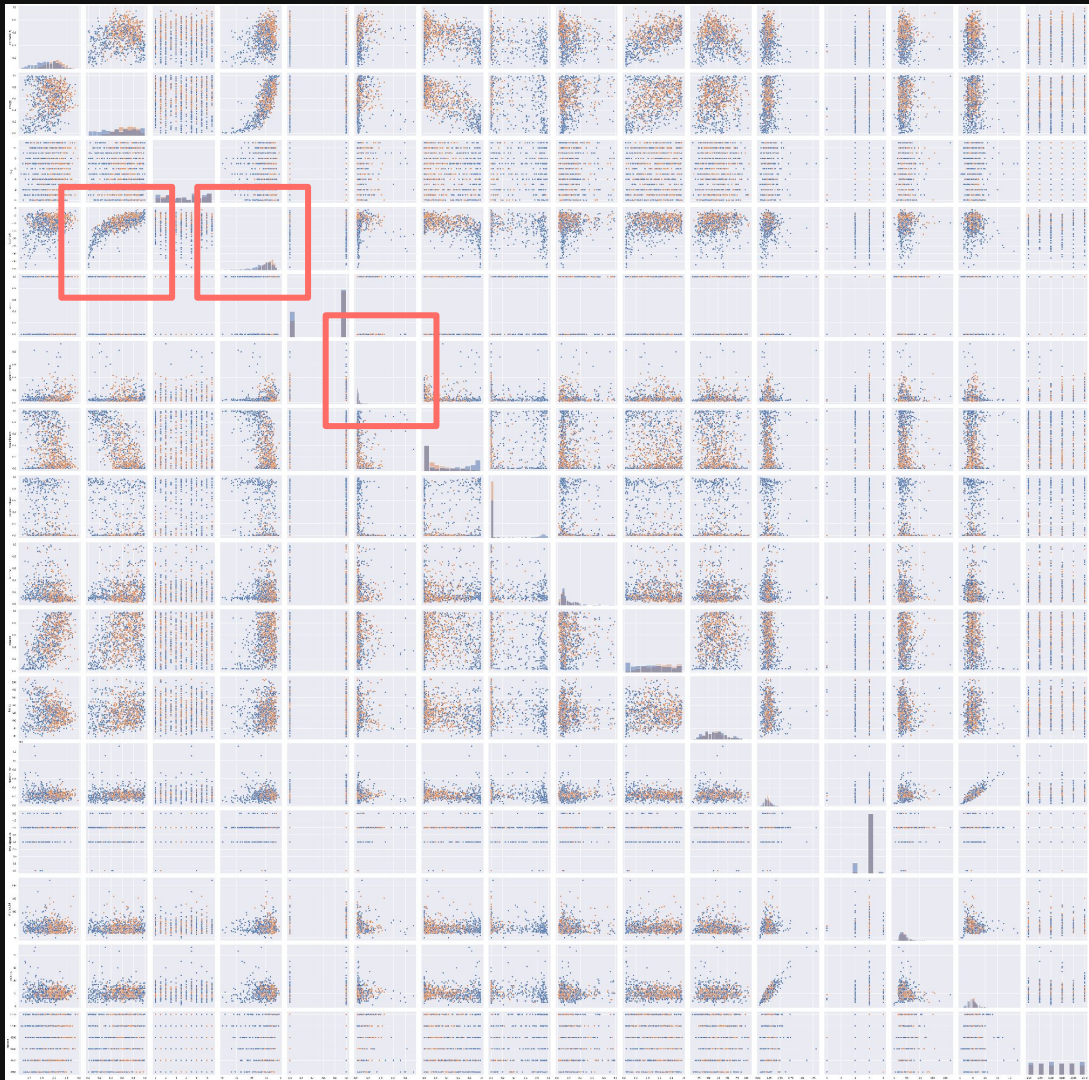
Data extraction & cleaning





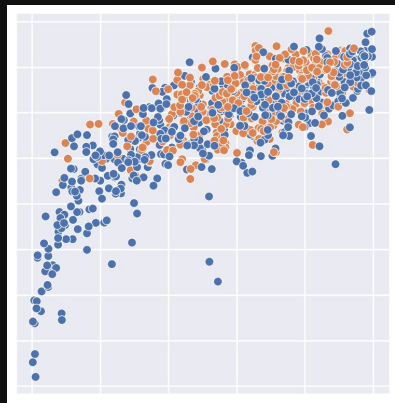
What can we expect?

Histogram-correlation for
150 randomly sampled
songs from every decade





Loudness

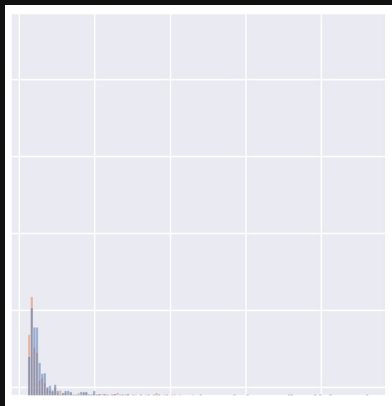


Energy



Some redundancy

Count

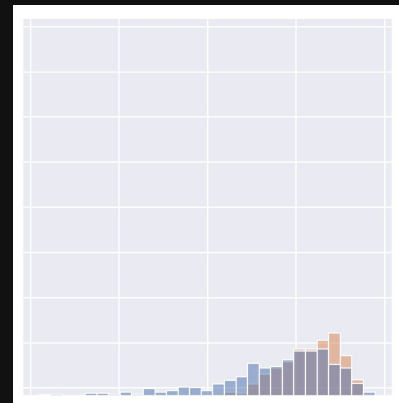


Speechiness



Normalisation

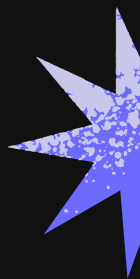
Count



Loudness



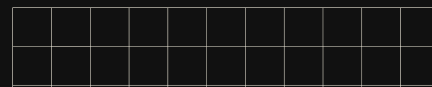
Characteristics of hits



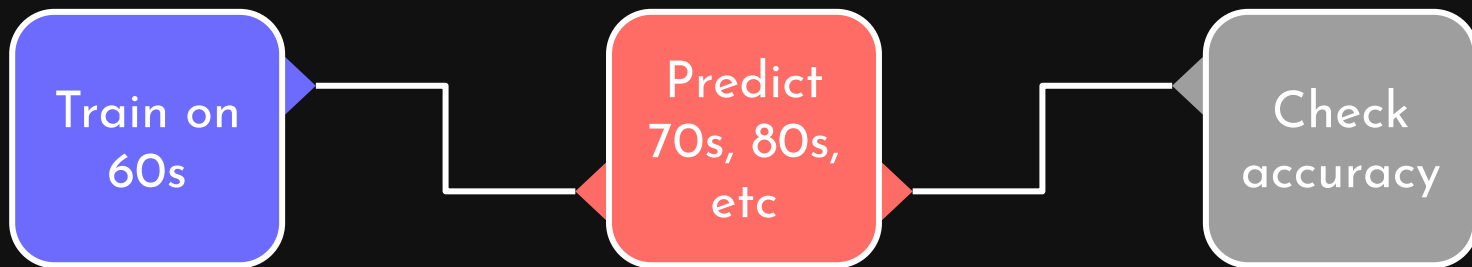
= hit



= not hit



Predicting hits across decades



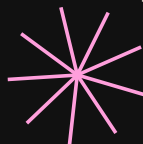
- + Logistic regression
- + Normalisation
- + Split 80/10/10

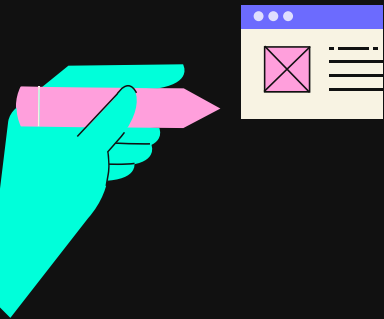


- + Accuracy
- + Feature importance

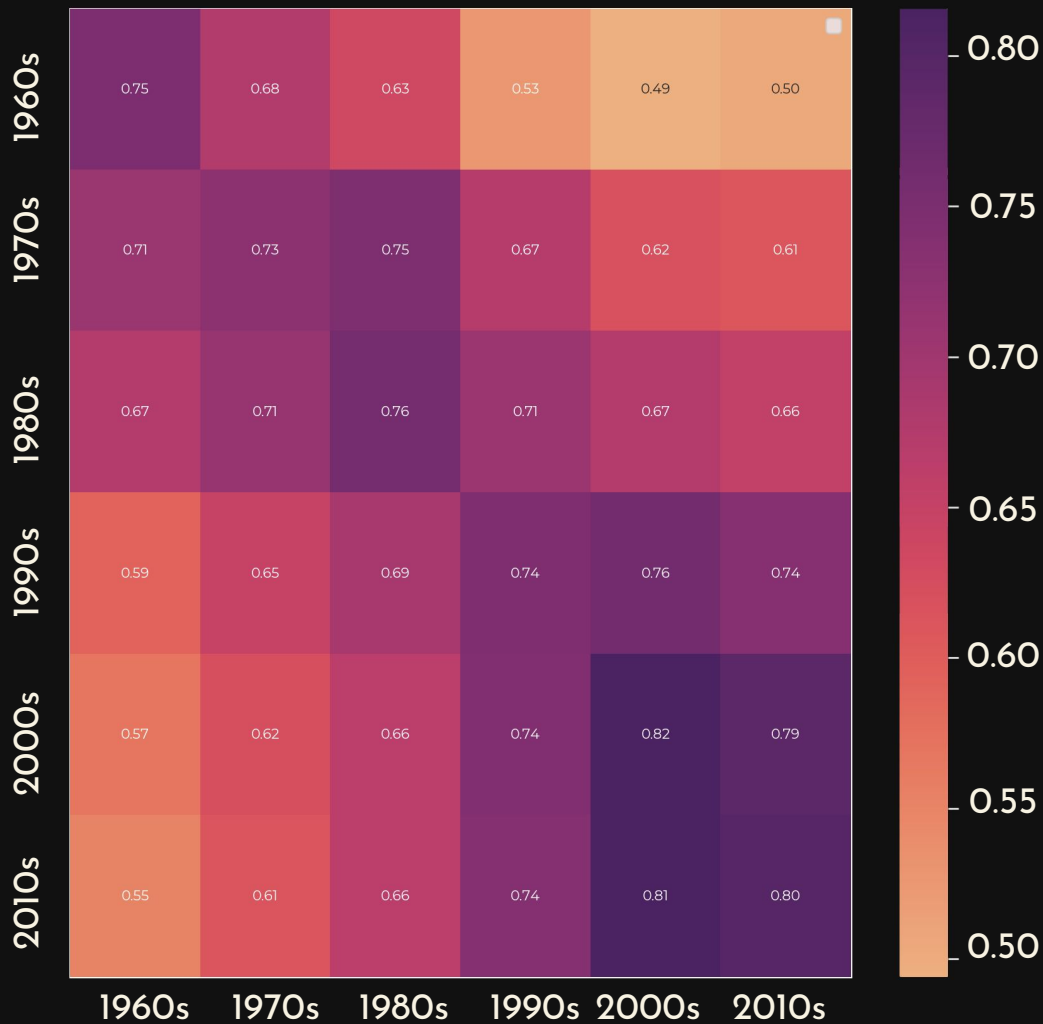
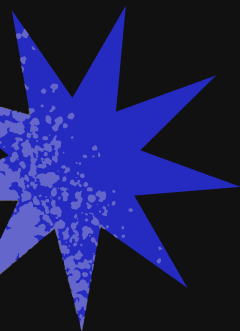


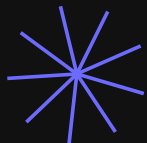
- + Heatmaps:
Accuracy
Feature correlation
+ SHAP values





Prediction accuracy heatmap



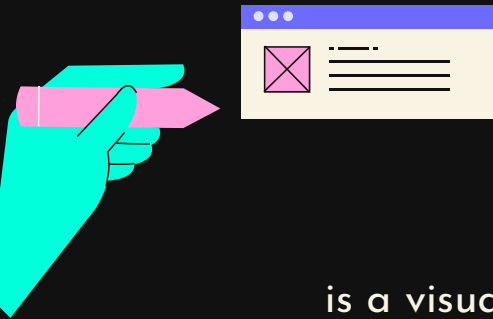


Feature correlation coefficients

acousticness
chorus_hit
danceability
duration_ms
energy
instrumentalness
key
liveness
loudness
mode
sections
speechiness
tempo
time_signature
valence

	1960s	1970s	1980s	1990s	2000s	2010s
acousticness	-0.52	-0.47	-0.55	-0.46	-0.2	-0.015
chorus_hit	0.066	-0.091	-0.056	-0.067	-0.056	0.0084
danceability	0.23	0.54	0.69	0.74	0.69	0.34
duration_ms	-0.63	0.2	0.24	0.074	-0.72	-0.34
energy	0.36	0.17	-0.12	-0.51	-1	-0.84
instrumentalness	-1	-0.98	-1.2	-0.99	-1	-1.1
key	0.043	-0.026	0.031	0.058	0.071	-0.0089
liveness	-0.014	-0.11	-0.16	-0.079	0.033	0.064
loudness	-0.11	-0.014	0.22	0.52	0.88	0.64
mode	0.31	0.15	0.15	0.095	0.25	0.13
sections	0.29	-0.18	-0.23	-0.047	0.12	0.1
speechiness	-1.1	-0.72	-0.97	-0.16	-0.19	-0.13
tempo	0.15	0.051	0.11	0.063	0.043	0.056
time_signature	-0.058	0.2	0.13	-0.076	0.093	0.11
valence	-0.022	-0.12	-0.095	-0.0018	0.39	0.41





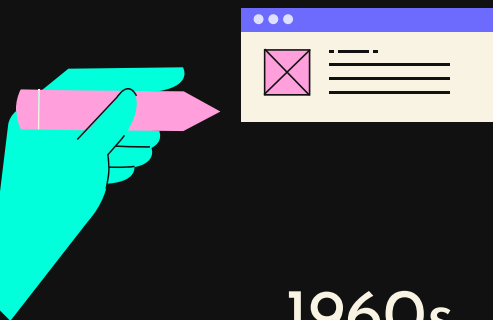
SHAP Values: Loudness

is a visual representation of the contribution of each feature in the model to the prediction for each instance in the dataset



- loudness is the amplitude of the wave
- loud tracks have more positive impact on the accuracy of the predictor (after 1980)
- quiet tracks negatively affect the accuracy of the predictor





SHAP Values: Loudness



1960s

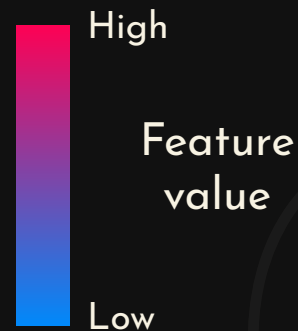
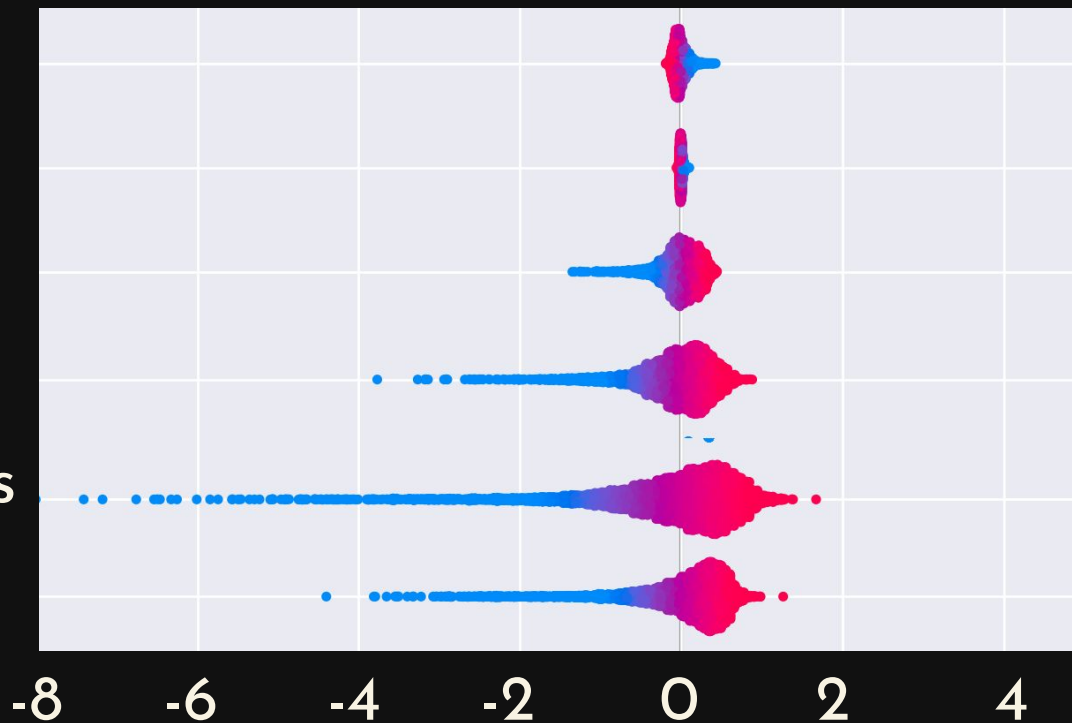
1970s

1980s

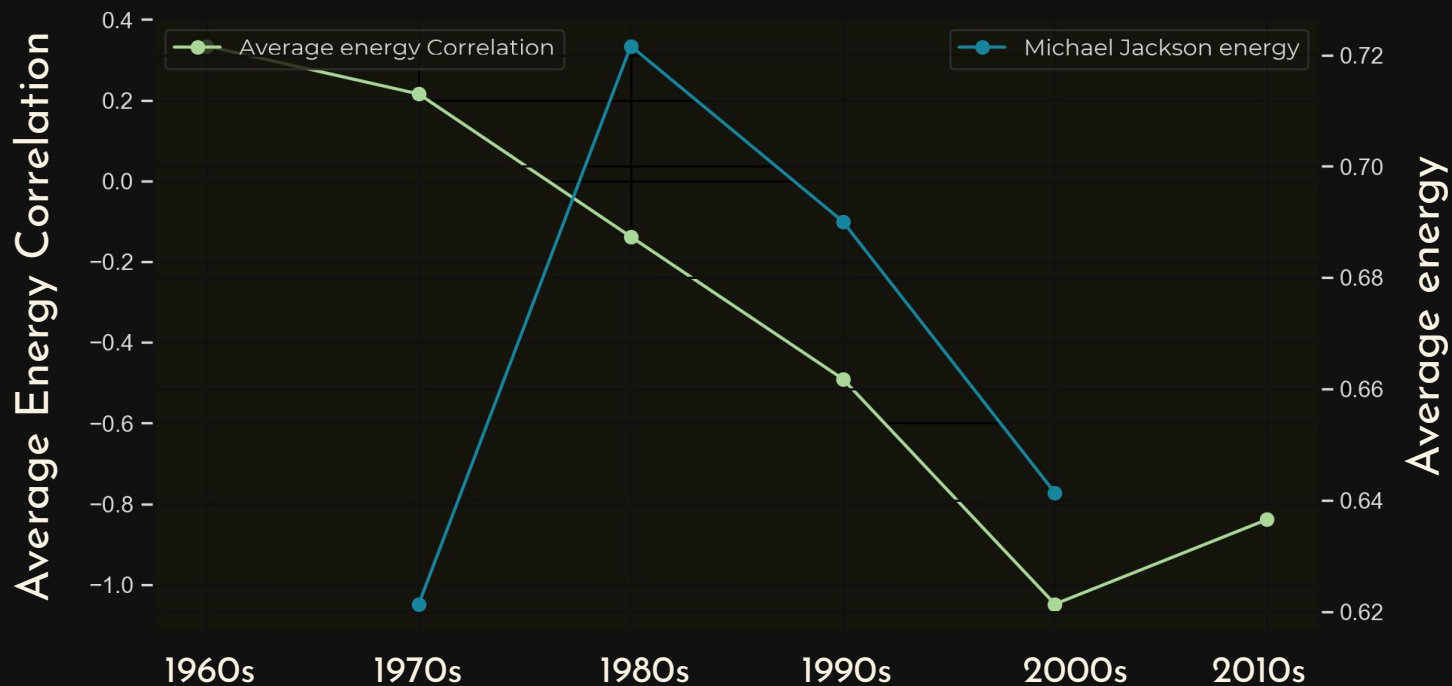
1990s

2000s

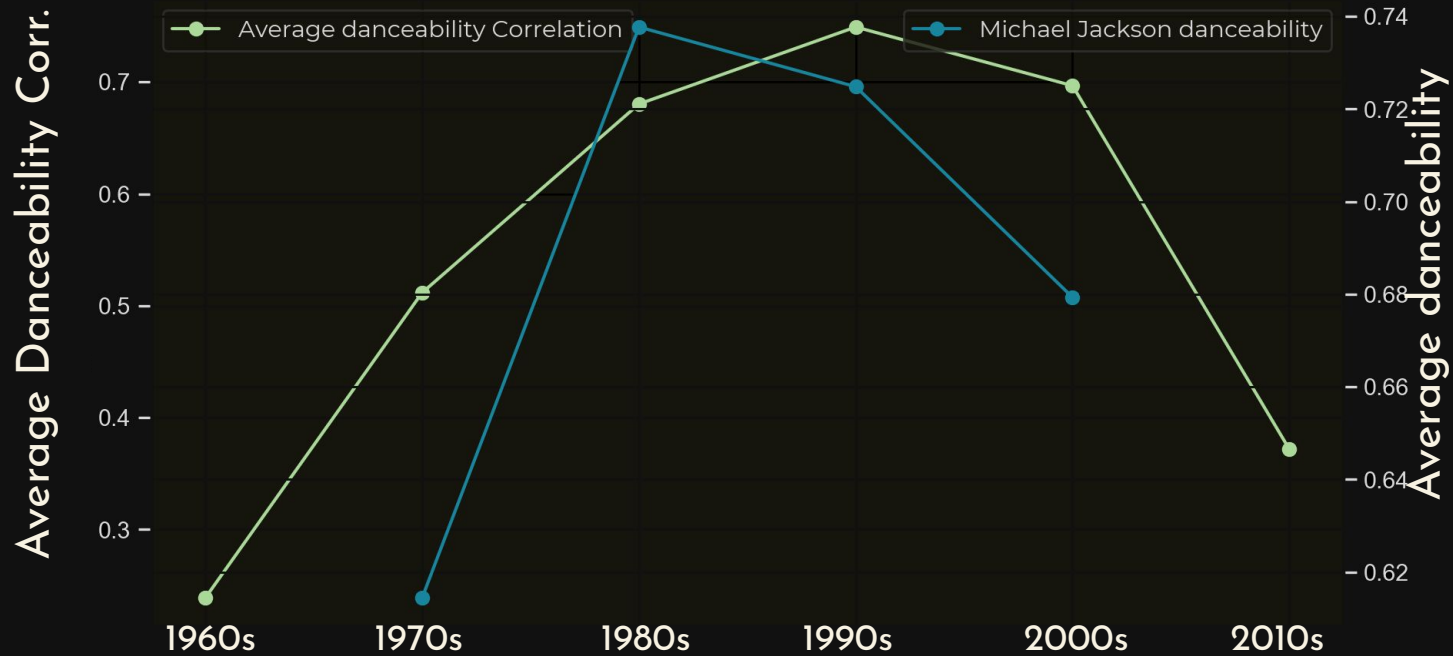
2010s



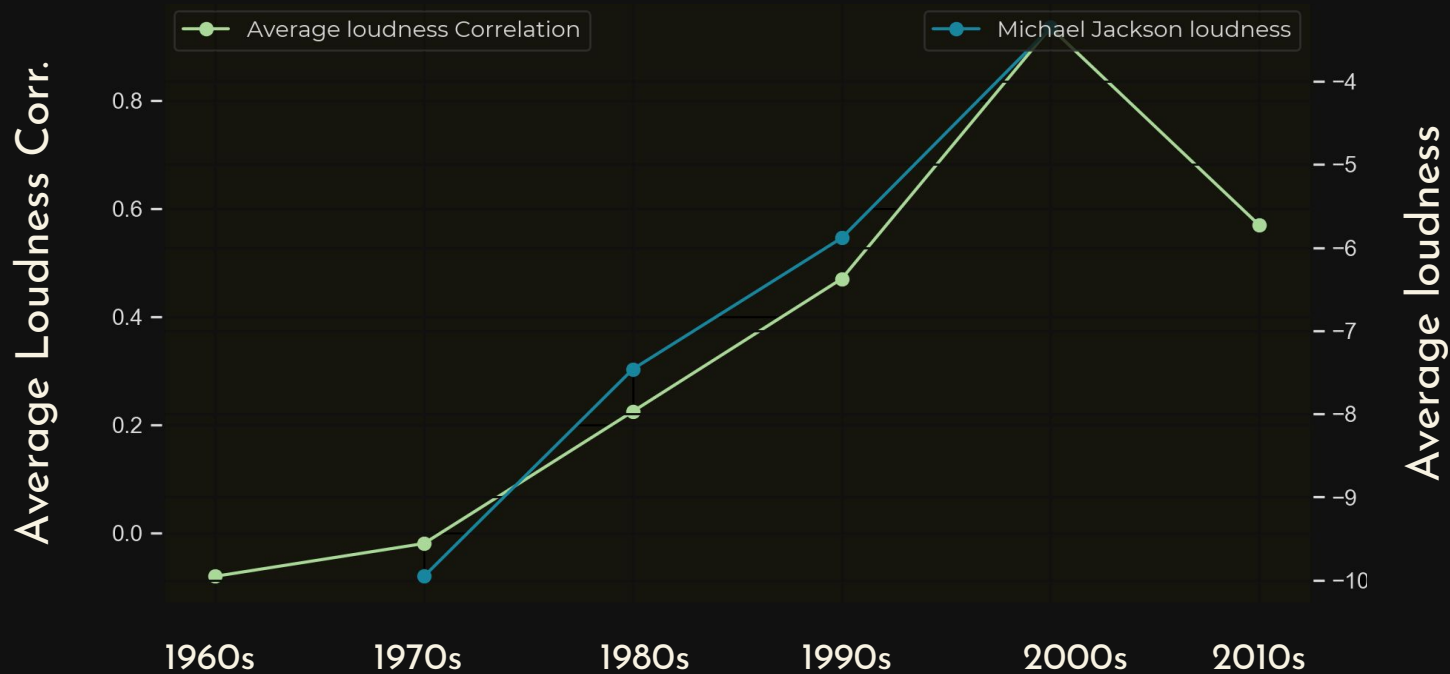
Following trends: Michael Jackson



Danceability



Loudness



Let's check out hit musicians!



Prince

Prince - 1999 (1982)

1960: not a hit

1970: hit

1980: hit

1990: hit

2000: hit

2010: hit



Drake

Drake - Hotline Bling (2016)

1960: hit

1970: hit

1980: hit

1990: hit

2000: hit

2010: hit

Conclusion

</>



Popular music is
becoming less
variable

Popular music is
reasonably
predictable


Artists follow
some features



Discussion



</>



Confidence
intervals for
correlation coeff.

Alternatives to
Logistic
Regression

Reducing
dimensionality





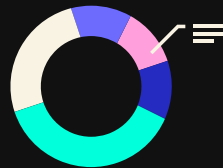
CSS

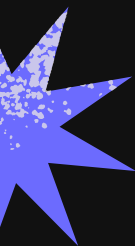
Attributions

Maxim: Brainstorming, Data Extraction, Predictive Accuracy & Feature Correlation Analysis, Data Visualisation, Hit Predictor

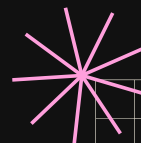
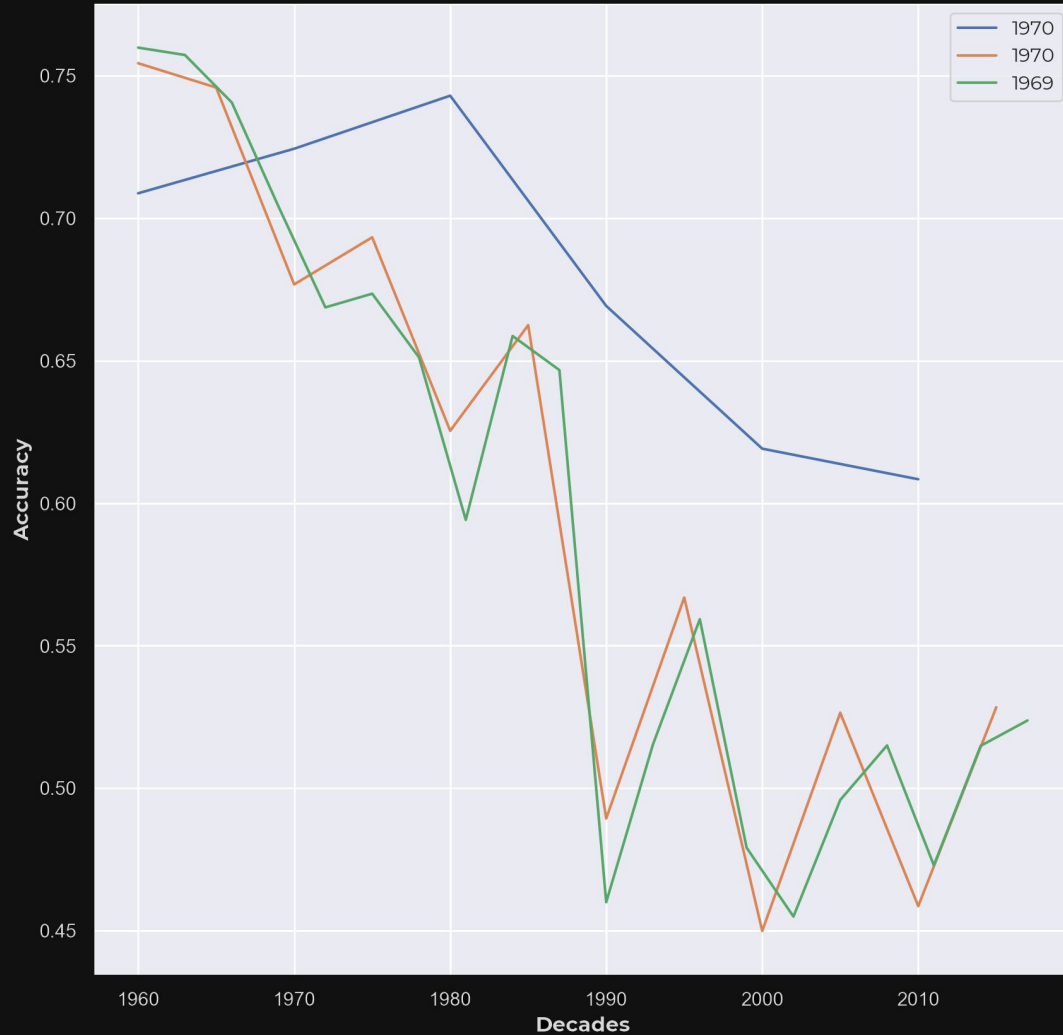
Eva: Brainstorming, Data Cleaning, SHAP Feature Importance Analysis, Artist Feature Trend Analysis, Significance Report (attempted)

Marc: Brainstorming, consultation





Discussion



Discussion

