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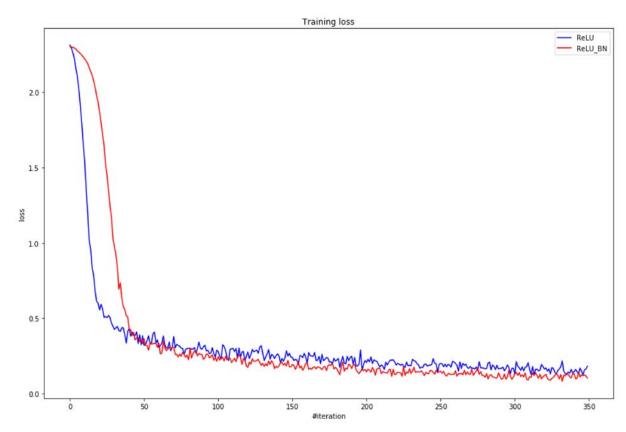
```
print("Number of neurons in the inner layer: ", node_size)
for (a, l, bn_l) in losses:
    # Visualize
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

    plt.title("Training loss")
    plt.xlabel("#iteration")
    plt.ylabel("loss")
    line = plt.plot(l, 'b', label=a)
    line_bn = plt.plot(bn_l, 'r', label=a + "_BN")

    plt.legend(loc="best")
    plt.show()

    print(a," loss: ", np.min(l))
    print(a," loss BatchNorm : ", np.min(bn_l))
```

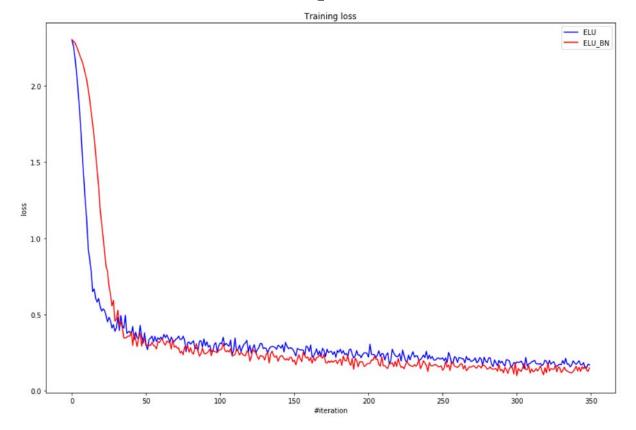
Number of neurons in the inner layer: 100



ReLU loss: 0.1240531751966891

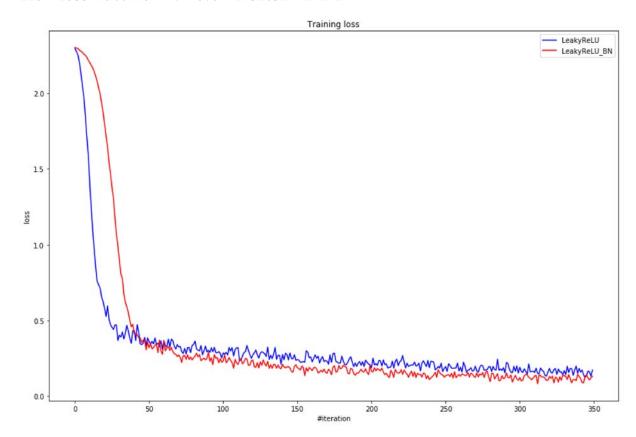
ReLU loss BatchNorm: 0.08146345569564155

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ELU loss: 0.14530047628116777

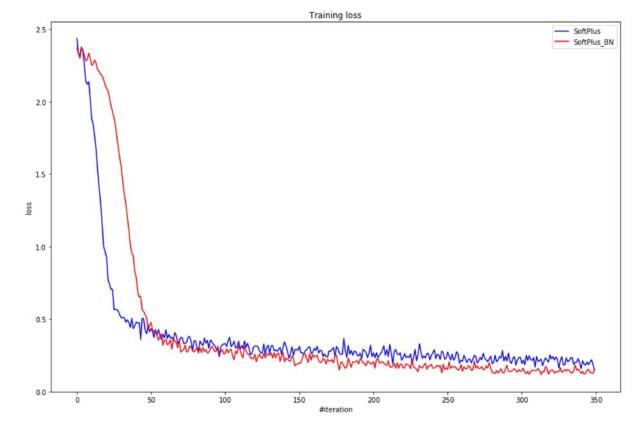
ELU loss BatchNorm : 0.09927520319417292



LeakyReLU loss: 0.12140542995232508

LeakyReLU loss BatchNorm : 0.08023169995481644

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SoftPlus loss: 0.14539744725439027

SoftPlus loss BatchNorm: 0.11501018352457609

In []:

Write your personal opinion on the activation functions, think about computation times too. Does BatchNormalization help?

Finally, use all your knowledge to build a super cool model on this dataset, do not forget to split dataset into train and validation. Use **dropout** to prevent overfitting, play with **learning rate decay**. You can use **data augmentation** such as rotations, translations to boost your score. Use your knowledge and imagination to train a model. Don't forget to call training() and evaluate() methods to set desired behaviour of BatchNormalization and Dropout layers.

Print here your accuracy. It should be around 90%.

Autoencoder