MECHANICAL AND DURABILITY BEHAVIOR COMPARISION

FINDING OPTIMAL FIBER REINFORCED CONCRETE. by S.T. SANTHOSH KUMAR

ABSTRACT

Finding the Best Quality Fibro Reinforced Concrete is essential task in a Concrete Manufacturing Industry. Which require lot of Observational Data. Performing Comprehensive analysis on Statistical Data which has data negarding Mean and Standard Deviation. Descriptive Analytical Model is used to extract the optimal Mixture from the Statistical Data. Using Data Analysis and Manipulation tool (Pandas-Rython) to perform comparison and analysis to find Optimality. Companing all the mixes with other available mixes to find the Optimal Fiber Reinforced Concrete in all stages of water Curing (28 days), theat-cool cyclus (6 months).

# INTRODUCTON

This Documentation describes about the analytical Kisearch performed on Mechik Fibre Reinforced Concrete. Statistical Data which describes compressive Strength Of each mixture having Durage MPa and Standard Deviation of all mixes and its specimens.

The Observations from 28 days water curing process, 6 months Lut dry Cycles and 6 months Heat-cool cycles provides statistical Data which are average MPa and Standard Deviation of all Specimens of mixer. There are particularly 3 types of Fibers used which are Steel Fibers, Date Palm Fiber, Polyphopylene Fibers are used in 0.2, 0.6 and 1.0 volume fractions results in different observations. Water Curing is process of Hardening Concrete by treatment of Water.

#### Bockgrandi

-> Each Mixture is made up of same quantity components except fibres and its volume fractions. Comparing every mixture with all mixes. The positive difference indicates better and negative difference indicates worse. From the observations and calculations, we get the result of which mixture is optimal in all mixes, we can calculate the overall optimal mixture which is better suitable for all the conditions.

# Objective!

Main objective is to research, stoudy and understand the effect of 3 different Fibres in ordinary Concrete under cyclic expressure of heat-cool and Het-Dryand develop Analytic Model.

EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM!

The Objective of the experimental program was to compare attevery mix with all mixes at 28 days water curing. 6m heat-cool and Let-dry Cycles and develop descriptive analytical model.

The Experimental Program concentrated on following # Comparing all the mixtures with other mixes at 28 days water Curing.

- \* Comparing all mixes at 6 months Heat-Cool Cycles.
- \* Comparing all mixes at 6 months Het-Dry Cycles.
- \* Finding optimal mixes in every cycle and overall.

# Comparing all mixtures with other mixes at 28 days water

- -> Arrange all Data available in Dataframe
- -> Completing all Data clensing process in order to validate the Dataset.
- -> Comparing Mo mix with other mixes, and all the r
- -> Computing overall score of each mix by considering the comparision values and Standard Deviation.

# Comparing all mixes at 6 months Wet- Dry Cycles:

- -> Arrange all the Data available in a Dataframe
- Completing all Data cleansing process in order to Validate the Dataset.
- -> Comparing Mo mix with other mixes and all the mixes with other mixes.
- -> Computing overall score of each mix by comparing values.

# Comparing all mixus at 6 months Heat-Cool Cyclis's

- -> Arrange all Data available in a Dataframe
- -- Complising Bata Clenning process.
- -> Comparing all mixes to calculate overal sore of each mix.

# Finding Optimal Mixture in Every Cycleit

- -> Arranging all computed Data in one DataFrame
- -> Calculating individual score of each mix
- -> Comparing every mix score in each stage and overall
- -> Finding optimal Mix at each Stage and best of all.

# - RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:

From the complete Descriptive Analysis, forfinding out the optimal mixes and Analyzed Data which shows the Differentiations from each mixture are every cycle

A8-Days Water Curing & months Wet-Dry and theat cool Cyclust-From Statistical Analyzed Data we get information regarding Mean and Standard Deviation of all mixtures along with performance in all specimens, we extract information of statistical Data.

Using Mean to compare with other mixes and adding all different to calculate orwall score by adding all differences.

28-Days	Water	Curson
7.01 (1710MBM) M		1191-

100	The same of the sa	
MixID	Optimal Mix	Score/Difference
Mo_	Ma	8.6
M	Ma	9.3
M <sub>2</sub>	M	9.8
M <sub>3</sub>	M <sub>7</sub>	10.9
My	Ma	80.6
Ms.	M <sub>7</sub>	27.4
M6	M <sub>2</sub>	1.3
M <sub>7</sub>	MA LUCY CH	0.0
M8	M <sub>7</sub>	5.2
Ma	Ma	26.0.
Eman H a	because Ma	

-> From the Observation M7 outperform all other mixes in 28-days water Curing Stage

6 months Let-Dry Cycle

MixID	Optimal Mix	Score/Difference
Mo	M6	24.9
MI	M6	19.2
M2	MG	1, 7
M3	M6	8.6.
-	M6	5.7
My Ms	M6	12.8
MG	M6	0.0
Ma	M6	10.3
Mg	MB	11.5
M9,	MG	5.8

-> From the observation MB outperforms all other mixes.

6 -	3 / 2	
O-MONH!	Heat-cool	•
_ CITIVIS	110 1-1010	(11000)
	HELLI-LUU	MCCC

MixID	Optimal Mix	Scone/Difference
Mo	M2 No Alle	45 41
	M2	
M <sub>2</sub>	A A	0.0
	Ma Ma Maria	23.3
My	Ma	e in Silveria
	M2 L L	13.1
M6	M	4,9
Mz		8.6
Ma	Mz	LEW 4,8 LL A. A.
Ma	M2 WE STATE	2.4
7		as all other mix

- From the Observations M2 outperform all other mixes.

Optim/Best for all Cycles is

-> From the overall scores of each mix at every stage, we calculate further analysis(sum) on individual scores.

MixID	28-Days	Welt-Dry	Heat-Cool	Sum
Mo	30.5	-110.7	61.4	-18.7
MI	28.7	-71.8	65.7	22.6
M <sub>2</sub>	21,2	89.0	68.2	178.5
M3	12:1	15.7	-130,4	-102.5
1	-71.1	45.9	19.1	-6 · D
My	-121.1	-19.4	-57.6	-198.2
Ms M.	109.4	105.3	17.2	232.0
M6 Ma	121.7	-0.2	-15.3	106.2
	66.9	-9.1	19.8	77.6
Mg		44.3	39.6.	-26.6.
Ma	1-110.5	P TO BE A ST		
phimal:	M7	M6	MZ	M6.
	F100			

-> From the Observation, Mb is best suitable for all Cycles-

## MRa

Mega Pascal is Unit for Compressive Strength.

# Remarks:

- Optimal mix at 28 days, water-curing is Polyproplene Fiber with 0.2 volume fraction (M7)

- Optimal mix at 6 months, Heat-Cool Cycles is Steel Fiber with 0.6 volume fraction (M6)

- Optimal mix at 6 months, Wet-Dry Cycles is Date Palm Fiber with 1.0 volume fraction (M2)

- Optimal mix for all 3 cycles is Steel Fiber with 0.6 volume fraction (M6).

References:

github.com/s160785/Research/blob/main/Research\_assignment.ipynb