

Template Week 2 – Logic

Student number: 560830

Assignment 2.1: Parking lot

Which gates do you need?

Two AND gates, one checking if lot 1 AND 2 are full, and then one to check whether AND^{1&2} and lot 3 are full. Hook up the result of the second AND gate to a display to show whether it's full or not

Complete this table

Parking lot 1	Parking lot 2	Parking lot 3	Result (full)
0	0	0	No
0	0	1	No
0	1	0	No
0	1	1	No
1	1	1	Yes
1	1	0	No
1	0	0	No
1	0	1	No

Assignment 2.2: Android or iPhone

Which gates do you need?

XOR

Complete this table

Android phone	iPhone	Result (Phone in possession)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Assignment 2.3: Four NAND gates

Complete this table

A	B	Q
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

How can the design be simplified?



Assignment 2.4: Getting to know Logisim evolution

Screenshot of the design with your name and student number in it:

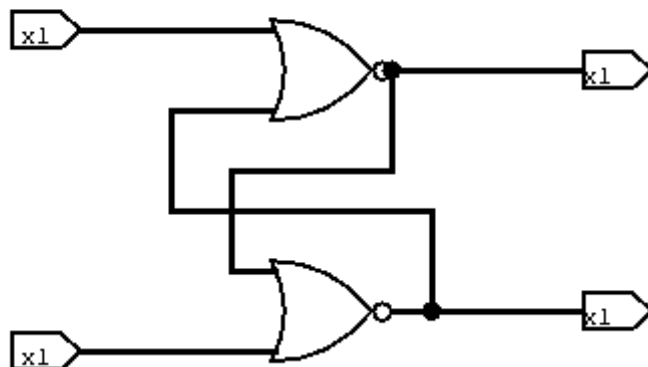


Jonathan Tigchelaar - 560830

Assignment 2.5: SR Latch

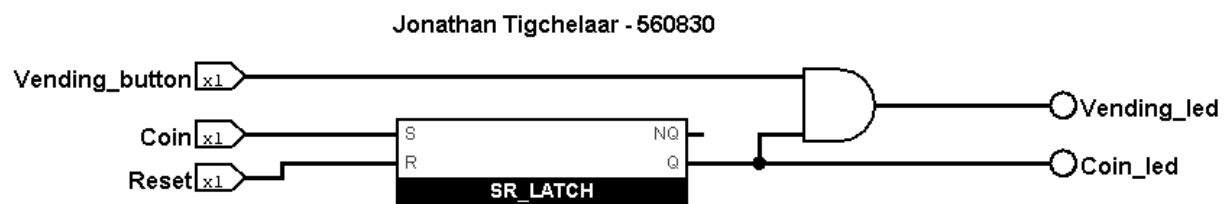
Screenshot SR Latch in Logisim with your name and student number:

Jonathan Tigchelaar - 560830



Assignment 2.6: Vending Machine

Screenshot Vending Machine in Logisim with your name and student number:



Assignment 2.7: Bitwise operators

Complete the java source code for bitwise operators. Put the source code here.

I've made exercise #1, #2 and #6 into the final script in Assignment 2.8.

#3

```
import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;
```

```

public class Application2 implements Runnable {
    public void run() {
        final int READ = 4;
        final int WRITE = 2;
        final int EXECUTE = 1;

        int userPermissions = 7;

        if((userPermissions & READ) != 0){ SaxionApp.println("User has read permissions");}
        else {SaxionApp.println("User can't read. No permissions.");}
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SaxionApp.start(new Application2(), 1000, 300);
    }
}

```

#4

```

import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;

public class Application2 implements Runnable {
    public void run() {
        final int READ = 4;
        final int WRITE = 2;
        final int EXECUTE = 1;

        int userPermissions = READ | EXECUTE;

        SaxionApp.println("User permissions: " + userPermissions);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SaxionApp.start(new Application2(), 1000, 300);
    }
}

```

#5

```
import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;

public class Application2 implements Runnable {

    public void run() {

        final int READ = 4;

        final int WRITE = 2;

        final int EXECUTE = 1;

        int userPermissions = 6;

        userPermissions = userPermissions ^ WRITE;

        SaxionApp.println("User permissions: " + userPermissions);

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        SaxionApp.start(new Application2(), 1000, 300);

    }

}
```

#7

```
import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;

public class Application2 implements Runnable {

    public void run() {

        int numberToConvert = 10;

        SaxionApp.println("Decimal integer: "+numberToConvert);

        String binary = Integer.toBinaryString(numberToConvert);

        String octal = Integer.toOctalString(numberToConvert);

        String hexadecimal = Integer.toHexString(numberToConvert);

        SaxionApp.println("Binary representation: " + binary);

        SaxionApp.println("Octal representation: " + octal);

        SaxionApp.println("Hexadecimal representation: " + hexadecimal);

    }

}
```

```

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SaxionApp.start(new Application2(), 1000, 300);
    }
}

```

Assignment 2.8: Java Application Bit Calculations

Create a java program that accepts user input and presents a menu with options.

1. Is number odd?
2. Is number a power of 2?
3. Two's complement of number?

Implement the methods by using the bitwise operators you have just learned.

Organize your source code in a readable manner with the use of control flow and methods.

Keep this application because you need to expand it in week 6 for calculating network segments.

Paste source code here, with a screenshot of a working application.

```

import nl.saxion.app.SaxionApp;

public class Application implements Runnable {
    public void run() {
        while(true) {
            SaxionApp.clear();
            SaxionApp.println("This program has three modes:");
            SaxionApp.println("1. Check if a number is odd");
            SaxionApp.println("2. Check if a number is a power of two");
            SaxionApp.println("3. Check the two's complement of a number");
            SaxionApp.print("\nWhich option do you pick: ");

            int pickedMode = SaxionApp.readInt();

            SaxionApp.clear();

            if (pickedMode == 1) {
                SaxionApp.print("Input a number to check: ");
                int pickedNumber = SaxionApp.readInt();
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        SaxionApp.clear();

        SaxionApp.print("The number \"" + pickedNumber + "\" is ");

        if (checkIfNumberIsOdd(pickedNumber)) {
            SaxionApp.println("odd.");
        } else {
            SaxionApp.println("even.");
        }

        SaxionApp.pause();
    }

    else if (pickedMode == 2) {
        SaxionApp.print("Input a number to check: ");

        int pickedNumber = SaxionApp.readInt();

        SaxionApp.clear();
        SaxionApp.print("The number \"" + pickedNumber + "\" is ");

        if (checkIfNumberIsAPowerOfTwo(pickedNumber)) {
            SaxionApp.println("a power of two.");
        } else {
            SaxionApp.println("not a power of two.");
        }

        SaxionApp.pause();
    }

    else if (pickedMode == 3) {
        SaxionApp.print("Input a number to calculate the two's complement
of: ");

        int pickedNumber = SaxionApp.readInt();

        SaxionApp.clear();

```

```

        SaxionApp.print("The two's complement of the number \" +
pickedNumber + "\" is ");

        SaxionApp.println(~pickedNumber + 1);

        SaxionApp.print("Which, when flipped back, is: ");

        SaxionApp.println(~(~pickedNumber + 1) + 1);

        SaxionApp.pause();

    }

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

    SaxionApp.start(new Application(), 1000, 300);

}

public static boolean checkIfNumberIsAPowerOfTwo(int numberToCheck) {

    return (numberToCheck > 0 && (numberToCheck & (numberToCheck - 1)) == 0);

}

public static boolean checkIfNumberIsOdd(int numberToCheck) {

    return (numberToCheck & 1) == 1;

}

}

```



```
Saxion Drawingboard
The two's complement of the number '12' is -12
which, when flipped back, is: 12

PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE

> Scratches and Consoles

57     SaxionApp.println("value: " + pickedNumber + 1);
58     SaxionApp.print("Which, when flipped back, is: ");
59     SaxionApp.println("value: " + (~pickedNumber + 1));
60     SaxionApp.pause();
61 }
62 }
63 }
64 }
65
66 public static void main(String[] args) {
67     SaxionApp.start(new Application(), width: 1000, height: 300);
68 }
69
70 public static boolean checkIfNumberIsAPowerOfTwo(int numberToCheck) { 1 usage
71     return (numberToCheck > 0 && (numberToCheck & (numberToCheck - 1)) == 0);
72 }
73
74 public static boolean checkIfNumberIsOdd(int numberToCheck) { 1 usage
75     return (numberToCheck & 1) == 1;
76 }
```