BUFR Table C - Data description operators

TABLE REFERENCE	ODEDAND	ODEDATOR NAME	ODERATION REFINITION
F X	OPERAND	OPERATOR NAME	OPERATION DEFINITION
2 01	YYY	Change data width	Add (YYY-128) bits to the data width given for each data element in Table B, other than CCITT IA5 (character) data, code or flag tables.
2 02	YYY	Change scale	Add YYY-128 to the scale for each data element in Table B, other than CCITT IA5 (character) data, code or flag tables.
2 03	YYY	Change reference values	Subsequent element descriptors define new reference values for corresponding Table B entries. Each new reference value is represented by YYY bits in the Data section. Definition of new reference values is concluded by coding this operator with YYY = 255. Negative reference values shall be represented by a positive integer with the left-most bit (bit 1) set to 1.
2 04	YYY	Add associated field	Precede each data element with YYY bits of information. This operation associates a data field (e.g. quality control information) of YYY bits with each data element.
2 05	YYY	Signify character	YYY characters (CCITT International Alphabet No. 5) are inserted as a data field of YYY x 8 bits in length.
2 06	YYY	Signify data width for the immediately following local descriptor	YYY bits of data are described by the immediately following descriptor.
2 21	YYY	Data not present	Data values present in Section 4 (Data section) corresponding to the following YYY descriptors shall be limited to data from Classes 01-09, and Class 31.
2 22	000	Quality information follows	The values of Class 33 elements which follow relate to the data defined by the data present bit-map.
2 23	000	Substituted values operator	The substituted values which follow relate to the data defined by the data present bit-map.
2 23	255	Substituted values marker operator	This operator shall signify a data item containing a substituted value; the element descriptor for the substituted value is obtained by the application of the data present bit-map associated with the substituted values operator.
2 24	000	First-order statistical values follow	The statistical values which follow relate to the data defined by the data present bit-map.
2 24	255	First-order statistical values marker operator	This operator shall signify a data item containing a first-order statistical value of the type indicated by the preceding 0 08 023 element descriptor; the element descriptor to which the first-order statistic relates is obtained by the application of the data present bit-map associated with the first-order statistical values follow operator; first-order statistical values shall be represented as defined by this element descriptor.

(continued)

## (BUFR Table C - continued)

TABLE			
TABLE REFERENCE	OPERAND	OPERATOR NAME	OPERATION DEFINITION
FΧ			
2 25	000	Difference statistical values follow	The statistical values which follow relate to the data defined by the data present bit-map.
2 25	255	Difference statistical values marker operator	This operator shall signify a data item containing a difference statistical value of the type indicated by the preceding 0 08 024 element descriptor; the element descriptor to which the difference statistical value relates is obtained by the application of the data present bit-map associated with the difference statistical values follow operator; difference statistical values shall be represented as defined by this element descriptor, but with a reference value of $-2^n$ and a data width of $(n+1)$ , where $n$ is the data width given by the original descriptor. This special reference value allows the statistical difference values to be centred around zero.
2 32	000	Replaced/retained values follow	The replaced/retained values which follow relate to the data defined by the data present bit-map.
2 32	255	Replaced/retained value marker operator	This operator shall signify a data item containing the original of an element which has been replaced by a substituted value. The element descriptor for the retained value is obtained by the application of the data present bit-map associated with the substituted values operator.
2 35	000	Cancel backward data reference	This operator terminates all previously defined backward reference and cancels any previously defined data present bit-map; it causes the next data present bit-map to refer to the data descriptors which immediately precede the operator to which it relates.
2 36	000	Define data present bit-map	This operator defines the data present bit-map which follows for possible re-use; only one data present bit-map may be defined between this operator and the cancel use defined data present bit-map operator.
2 37	000	Use defined data present bit-map	This operator causes the defined data present bitmap to be used again.
2 37	255	Cancel use defined data present bit-map	This operator cancels the re-use of the defined data present bit-map.

## Notes:

- (1) The operations specified by operator descriptors 2 01, 2 02, 2 03 and 2 04 remain defined until cancelled or until the end of the data subset.
- (2) If change scale is used, then it may be necessary for the originator of the message to supply an appropriately rescaled reference value and data width.
- (3) Cancellation of the use of the redefined value shall be effected by the inclusion of the appropriate operand with YYY set to 0. The value shall then revert to the original Table B value.

(continued)

(BUFR Table C - continued)

- (4) Nesting of operator descriptors must guarantee unambiguous interpretation; in particular, operators defined within a set of replicated descriptors must be cancelled or completed within that set.
- (5) Nesting of the operator descriptor 2 04 is defined such that:
  - (a) Each new definition adds to the currently defined associated field. The order of the included associated information shall correspond with the order in which the associated fields have been defined.
  - (b) Each cancellation (2 04 000) cancels only the most recently defined addition to the associated field.
- (6) When the descriptor 2 04 YYY is to be used, it shall precede the first of the data descriptors to which it applies.
- (7) The data description operator 2 04 YYY, other than 2 04 000, shall be followed immediately by the descriptor 0 31 021 to indicate the meaning of the associated fields.
- (8) In the data stream, the 6 bits described by 0 31 021 shall precede the YYY bits.
- (9) Once an associated field has been established and given meaning, the meaning may be changed by a reapplication of descriptor 0 31 021. The associated field needs not to be cancelled in order to change the meaning. Further, if an associated field is cancelled, and then re-established, it must be given a meaning by a proper application of the 0 31 021 descriptor, as described in Notes (5) to (8), i.e. a previous assignment of meaning does not remain in force when the associated field is cancelled.
- (10) Data description operators shall not be applied to Table B, Class 31 entries.
- (11) The operation 2 05 permits the inclusion of plain language.
- (12) The operator 2 06 YYY allows for the inclusion of local descriptors in a message, with their associated data, which can then be by-passed by a receiver of the message. It can be applied to element descriptors (F = 0) only.
- (13) If "replaced/retained" values are indicated, this shall imply that the data element in the original part of the message has been replaced with a (presumably) better value; the original value has been retained in the message following the replaced/retained operator. If multiple replacements for the same data element are to be included, they shall be ordered such that the original datum shall be last, the first replacement shall precede it, the next precede that, etc. Each (set of) replaced/retained data values shall be indicated by the inclusion of the 2 32 000 operator.
- (14) If "substituted values" are indicated, this shall imply that the data element in the original part of the message is thought to be of poor quality. However, it has been left in the original message as received; an improved value has been placed within the message following the substituted values operator. If multiple substitutions for the same data element are to be included, they shall be ordered such that the first substitution shall be first, the next substitution shall follow it, the next follow that, etc. Thus, the (presumed) "best" value will be found at the end of the collection of substituted values. Each (set of) substituted data values shall be indicated by the inclusion of the 2 23 000 operator.
- (15) Operator 2 21 YYY allows for the construction of a BUFR message containing only coordinate (Classes 01–09), delayed replication (Class 31) and quality control information. The message could be linked back to the original data-containing message by comparison of the coordinate information in the two messages, or, in a local context, through "database" information in section 2.
- (16) First-order statistics have values with a similar range and the same dimensions as the corresponding reported values (e.g. maxima, minima, means).
- (17) Difference statistics are difference values; they have dimensions the same as the corresponding reported values with respect to units, but assume a range centred on zero (e.g. the difference between reported and analysed values, the difference between reported and forecast values).
- (18) No operator descriptors are reserved for local use.