Compliance Self-Test Plan for GENERIC, Solaris 10, version 2016 07 NOV 2023

SIGNATURES

Information System Security Manager:	
Name	
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. IN	TRODUCTION	5
1.1	Purpose	5
	Scope	
	vironment (Target System)	
2.1	Security Environment	6
3. Re	sponsibilities	7
3.1	Site ISSM	
3.2	Site ISSO	7
3.3	[ORGANIZATION]	7
4. Te	st Execution Instructions	8
4.1	Test Procedure	9
4.2	Reporting	58

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of the GENERIC Test Plan is to provide all involved parties with a discrete set of measurement and expected outcomes in order to gauge successful security compliance self-testing for the GENERIC system at the installation location. Additionally, this document will outline the resources needed to successfully accomplish this test.

1.2 Scope

The scope of this test includes the test cases for the Solaris 10 operating system on the GENERIC baseline system.

2. Environment (Target System)

The GENERIC system is comprised of the following sub-systems with associated operating systems and Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) as defined;

- INSERT SYSTEM (ABBREVIATION) [OPERATING SYSTEM, ORGANIZATION OWNER]
- LIST

The interface control systems that are testable in the target system include the account consoles to the GENERIC system, as defined by access through the sub-system.

2.1 Security Environment

The security environment will be at the [INSERT LEVEL OF SECURITY] level and will require the appropriate security and control measures suitable for the data being processed. All personnel will require access authorization to both the testing facility and the data produced on the system components. Any test materials, data, or reports identified as being classified will require the appropriate markings, protection, transmission, handling and storage procedures.

3. Responsibilities

3.1 Site ISSM

Organizational personnel will provide logistical and technical support to the OEM team during the installation and test period. Support should include any system administration or network administration that must be accomplished on the host environment in order to successfully integrate the test system into the [OPERATIONAL] network.

3.2 Site ISSO

Implementation of appropriate security controls to maintain information system risk and associated mission risk at an acceptable level as determined by the Authorizing Authority (AO). The system controls, the particular controls with [ORGANIZATIONAL] defined parameters in Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 1253 are referenced by the following list:

- INSERT SYSTEM CONTROL (ABBREVIATION) [OPERATING SYSTEM, ORGANIZATION OWNER] [PARAMETER]
- LIST

3.3 [ORGANIZATION]

Develop the cyber security compliance self-test plan. The test procedures contained in this document are referenced to 2016 values for Solaris 10 Operating System.

4. Test Execution Instructions

- i) The test procedure sheet may be filled out manually or electronically.
 - (1) Complete the entries for target system, date, and test representative at the beginning of the procedure.
 - (2) All information assurance security controls in the table must be marked as:
 - (a) Pass; the device passed the security test
 - (b) Fail:
 - (i) the device failed the test; or
 - (ii) device lacks the capability and is not compensated by another device/measure
 - (c) Not Evaluated:
 - (i) no test provided; or
 - (ii) the device is not available for testing; or
 - (iii) the device lacks the capability but is compensated by another device/measure
 - (3) Provide comments for any control not marked as Pass.
 - (4) Upon completion, the score sheet is digitized if necessary, and uploaded as an exhibit to the appropriate [ORGANIZATION] project reference.

4.1 Test Procedure

Value []

The following pages provide the detailed test procedure required to perform the target system compliance self-test plan.

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
Secur	ity Test Case		
The t	SCENARIO: Lest executioner will log onto a [access is set of commands and check the results again isted below.		at
TEST	SETUP:		
2.	The test executioner will log into a [ad LDAP user with privileged access (account). Once logged on, the test executioner will selecting Console. Within the shell, the test execution will	nt should have a ".priv" at the end of	nd
N/A	Record Test Start Date/Time	Start Date: Start Time:	N/ A
suppo	1 AC-2 (1) Account Management: The organi ort the management of information system a ned Value []		0
1	Check the system for unnecessary user accounts. # more /etc/passwd	No unnecessary accounts; examples of unnecessary accounts include games, news, gopher, ftp, and lp, and may also include ADMIN and TEST accounts.	
2	Verify the root user is configured as a role, rather than a normal user. # egrep '^root:' /etc/user_attr	Return line should not include "type=role"	
3	<pre>Verify at least one local user has been assigned the root role. # egrep '[:;]roles=[^;]*,?root([,;] \$)' /etc/user_attr</pre>	At least one local user returned.	
tempo	2 AC-2 (2) Account Management: The information and emergency accounts after [Assign each type of account]. NSS Defined Value	nment: organization-defined time perio	d

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
4	Review site account establishment and	Processes should include:	
	management processes and interview account managers	a. Identification of account types(i.e., individual, group, system, application, guest/anonymous, and temporary)	
		b. Establishing conditions for group membership	
		c. Identifying authorized users of the information system and specifying access privileges	
		d. Requiring appropriate approvals for requests to establish accounts	
		e. Establishing, activating, modifying, disabling, and removing accounts	
		f. Specifically authorizing and monitoring the use of guest/anonymous and temporary accounts	
		g. Notifying account managers when temporary accounts are no longer required and when information system users are terminated, transferred, or information system usage or need-to-know/need-to-share changes	
		h. Deactivating:	
		- temporary accounts that are no longer required	
		- accounts of terminated or transferred users	
		i. Granting access to the system based on:	
		- valid access authorization	
		- intended system usage	
		- other attributes as required by the organization or associated missions/business functions	
		j. Reviewing accounts during some defined frequency	

Test 3 AC-2 (3) Account Management: The information system automatically disables inactive accounts after [Assignment: organization-defined time period]. NSS Defined Value . . . not to exceed 90 days, AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
5	Check the date in the last log to verify it is within the last 35 days.	No inactive account is found that is not disabled. If any user's account has not been accessed in	
	Obtain a listing of user accounts. #cat /etc/passwd cut -f1 -d ":"	the last 90 days and the account is not disabled via an entry in the password field in the /etc/passwd or /etc/shadow (or equivalent),	
	Run the last command for each user account.	check the /etc/passwd file to check if the account has a valid shell.	
	# last < user account >		
accou	4 AC-2 (4) Account Management: The inforunt creation, modification, disabling, and red, appropriate individuals. NSS Define	d termination actions and notifies, as	i
6	Check the system's audit configuration.	The ua flag and naflag is set, and both the +ua and -ua flags, and naflags are set.	
	<pre># grep ua /etc/security/audit_control</pre>		
privi 7	Review account establishment and management processes and interview account managers	Procedures should include role-based access schemes and a mechanism for tracking role assignment.	
autho	6 AC-3 Access Enforcement: The informationizations for logical access to the systolefined Value []		:y.
8	Check in the /etc/default/sulogin file to check if the system runs sulogin, or an equivalent, when booting into single-user mode.	/etc/default/sulogin should not exist.	
<u> </u>			
9	On systems with a BIOS or system controller, verify a supervisor or administrator password is set.	Password should be set.	
10	controller, verify a supervisor or	Password should be set. Password line (MD5 encrypted password) should exist.	
	controller, verify a supervisor or administrator password is set. Check the /etc/grub.conf or	Password line (MD5 encrypted	
	controller, verify a supervisor or administrator password is set. Check the /etc/grub.conf or /boot/grub/menu.lst files.	Password line (MD5 encrypted	
	controller, verify a supervisor or administrator password is set. Check the /etc/grub.conf or /boot/grub/menu.lst files. Procedure:	Password line (MD5 encrypted	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
11	Obtain the location of the active GRUB menu file. # bootadm list-menu List any password configuration from	Passwords should be protected using an MD5 hash or stronger.	
	the active menu file (substitute the file determined above in place of the example file provided below, if necessary).		
	<pre># grep password /rpool/boot/grub/menu.lst</pre>		
	Check for a password configuration line, such as: passwordmd5 <password-hash></password-hash>		
Acces named acces	7 AC-3 (4) Access Enforcement: The inform s Control (DAC) policy that: (a) Allows u individuals or groups of individuals, or s rights; and (c) Includes or excludes ac NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value	users to specify and control sharing b r by both; (b) Limits propagation of ccess to the granularity of a single	
12	Review the discretionary access control, access enforcement policies and procedures	User accounts are role-based. The role assigned to the account defines the user's access. The policy is bounded by the information system boundary.	
autho inter	8 AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement: The rizations for controlling the flow of inconnected systems in accordance with apped Value []	formation within the system and betwee	
13	# ndd /dev/ip ip_forward_src_routed	Returned value is 0	
14	Verify the system does not respond to ICMP timestamp requests. # ndd /dev/ip ip_respond_to_timestamp	Returned value is 0	
15	Verify the system does not respond to ICMP ECHO_REQUESTs set to broadcast addresses.	Returned value is 0	
	<pre># ndd /dev/ip ip_respond_to_echo_broadcast</pre>		
16	Verify the system does not respond to ICMP timestamp requests set to broadcast addresses.	Returned value is 0	
	<pre># ndd /dev/ip ip_respond_to_echo_broadcast</pre>		

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
17	Verify the system does not apply reversed source routing to TCP responses. # ndd /dev/tcp tcp_rev_src_routes	Returned value is 0	
18	Check the system for an IPF rule blocking outgoing source-routed packets. Procedure: # ipfstat -0	Examine the list for rules such as: block out log quick all with opt lsrr block out log quick all with opt ssrr	
19	Check the system for an IPF rule blocking incoming source-routed packets. Procedure: # ipfstat -i	Examine the list for rules such as: block in log quick all with opt lsrr block in log quick all with opt ssrr	
20	Determine if the system has non-local published ARP entries. Procedure: # arp -a	No entries have a flag P.	
21	Verify the system does not accept IPv4 ICMP redirect messages. Procedure: # ndd -get /dev/ip ip_ignore_redirect	Result value is 1	
22	Verify the system does not send IPv4 ICMP redirect messages. Procedure: # ndd /dev/ip ip_send_redirects	Result value is 0	
23	Ask the system administrator if network bridging software is installed on the system or the system is configured for network bridging.	No network bridging software is installed or the system is not configured for network bridging.	
24	If the "SUNWrcmds" package, containing the finger service executable, is not installed, this is not applicable. # svcs finger	The finger service is disabled	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
25	Verify there are no IPv6 addresses bound to network interfaces.	No IPv6 addresses bound to network interfaces and NDP is not running.	
	# ifconfig -a6		
	Verify the IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) daemon is not running.		
	# ps -ef grep in.ndp		
26	<pre># ifconfig -a Verify no tunnel interface is displayed with an IPv4 tunnel source address, an IPv6 interface address, and no tunnel destination address.</pre>	No active 6to4 tunnel.	
27	Check for any IP tunnels. # ifconfig -a grep 'ip.*tun'	No results returned.	
which missi	ring only authorized accesses for users (an are necessary to accomplish assigned takens and business functions. NSS Defined	sks in accordance with organizational Value [], AF Defined Value []	rs)
28	Run ls -l /etc/inet/ntp.conf to display the owner of the NTP configuration file. Review site account establishment and management processes	Owner is root Group owner is root, bin, or sys Not more permissive than 0640 The permissions do not contain a "+" The account management plan or comparable document should detail	
		how least privilege is accomplished throughout the organization.	
29	The root user must not own the logon session for an application requiring a continuous display. # ps -ef more	No root owned application running on the system continuously in use	
30	The root account's home directory (other than /) must have mode 0700. # grep "^root" /etc/passwd awk -F":" '{print \$6}' # ls -ld <root directory="" home=""></root>	Mode equal 0700	
31	Verify the root account's home directory has no extended ACL. # ls -ld ~root	the permissions do not include a "+"	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
32	Check system directories for uneven file permissions. # ls -lL /etc /bin /usr/bin /usr/ucb /sbin /usr/sbin	No listed directories contain uneven file permissions	
33	Check the mode of network services daemons. # ls -la /usr/bin /usr/sbin NOTE: Network daemons not residing in these directories (such as httpd or sshd) must also be checked for the correct permissions.	the mode of a network services daemon is not more permissive than 0755 the permissions do not include a "+"	
	A way to locate network daemons, such as httpd and sshd, is with the ps command. # ps -ef egrep '(sshd httpd)'		
34	Check the mode of the manual page files. # ls -lLR /usr/share/man /usr/sfw/share/man /usr/sfw/man	the manual page files do not have a mode more permissive than 0644 the permissions do not include a	
	# echo \$MANPATH		
35	Perform the following to check NIS file ownership. # ls -lRa /usr/lib/netsvc/yp /var/yp	the file ownership is root, sys, or bin the file group owner is root, sys, or bin the file's mode is not more permissive than 0755 the permissions do not include a "+"	
36	Verify the /etc/resolv.conf file is owned by root. # ls -l /etc/resolv.conf # ls -lL /etc/resolv.conf	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root, bin, or sys the file mode is not more permissive than 0644 the permissions do not include a "+"	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
37	Verify the /etc/hosts file is owned by root.	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root,	
	# ls -lL /etc/hosts	bin, or sys the file mode is not more permissive than 0644 the permissions do not include a	
		"+"	
38	Verify the /etc/nsswitch.conf file is owned by root.	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root, bin, or sys	
	<pre># ls -l /etc/nsswitch.conf # ls -lL /etc/nsswitch.conf</pre>	the file mode is not more permissive than 0644	
		the permissions do not include a "+"	
39	Verify the /etc/passwd file is owned by root.	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root, bin, or sys	
	<pre># ls -l /etc/passwd # ls -lL /etc/passwd</pre>	the file mode is not more permissive than 0644	
		the permissions do not include a "+"	
40	Verify the /etc/group file is owned by root.	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root, bin, or sys	
	<pre># ls -l /etc/group # ls -lL /etc/group</pre>	the file mode is not more permissive than 0644	
	# LS - LL /etc/group	the permissions do not include a "+"	
41	Check the ownership of the /etc/shadow file.	the file is owned by root the file is group owned by root, bin, or sys	
	# ls -lL /etc/shadow	the file mode is not more permissive than 0400	
		the permissions do not include a "+"	

Test 10 AC-7 Unsuccessful Login Attempts: The information system: a. Enforces a limit of [Assignment: organization-defined number] consecutive invalid access attempts by a user during a [Assignment: organization-defined time period] time period; and b. Automatically [Selection: locks the account/node for an [Assignment: organization-defined time period]; locks the account/node until released by an administrator; delays next login prompt according to [Assignment: organization-defined delay algorithm]] when the maximum number of unsuccessful attempts is exceeded. The control applies regardless of whether the login is done via a local, network, or remote connection. NSS Defined Value a. . . . a maximum of 3 . . .15 minutes b. . . .locks the account/node until unlocked by an administrator, AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
42	Verify RETRIES is set in the login file.	Set to 3.	
	# grep RETRIES /etc/default/login		
43	Check the SLEEPTIME parameter in the /etc/default/login file.	Set to 4. The delay between login prompts following a failed login attempt must be at least 4 seconds.	
	# grep SLEEPTIME /etc/default/login		
44	Use pwck to verify home directory assignments are present. # pwck	any user is assigned a home directory	

Test 11 AC-7 (1) Unsuccessful Login Attempts: The information system automatically locks the account/node until released by an administrator when the maximum number of unsuccessful attempts is exceeded. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

45	Verify the account locks after invalid login attempts.	LOCK_AFTER_RETRIES is set to YES	
	<pre># grep LOCK_AFTER_RETRIES /etc/security/policy.conf</pre>		

Test 12 AC-8 System Use Notification: The information system: a. Displays an approved system use notification message or banner before granting access to the system that provides privacy and security notices consistent with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and quidance and states that: (i) users are accessing a U.S. Government information system; (ii) system usage may be monitored, recorded, and subject to audit; (iii) unauthorized use of the system is prohibited and subject to criminal and civil penalties; and (iv) use of the system indicates consent to monitoring and recording; b. Retains the notification message or banner on the screen until users take explicit actions to log on to or further access the information system; and c. For publicly accessible systems: (i) displays the system use information when appropriate, before granting further access; (ii) displays references, if any, to monitoring, recording, or auditing that are consistent with privacy accommodations for such systems that generally prohibit those activities; and (iii) includes in the notice given to public users of the information system, a description of the authorized uses of the system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
46	Access the system console and make a logon attempt. Check for either of the following login banners based on the character limitations imposed by the system. An exact match is required.	The following banner is displayed: "You are accessing a U.S. Government (USG) Information System (IS) that is provided for USG-	
		authorized use only. By using this IS (which includes any device attached to this IS), you consent to the following conditions:	
		-The USG routinely intercepts and monitors communications on this IS for purposes including, but not limited to, penetration testing, COMSEC monitoring, network operations and defense, personnel misconduct (PM), law enforcement (LE), and counterintelligence (CI) investigations.	
		-At any time, the USG may inspect and seize data stored on this IS.	
		-Communications using, or data stored on, this IS are not private, are subject to routine monitoring, interception, and search, and may be disclosed or used for any USG-authorized purpose.	
		-This IS includes security measures (e.g., authentication and access controls) to protect USG interestsnot for your personal benefit or privacy.	
		-Notwithstanding the above, using this IS does not constitute consent to PM, LE or CI investigative searching or monitoring of the content of privileged communications, or work product, related to personal representation or services by attorneys,	
		psychotherapists, or clergy, and their assistants. Such communications and work product are private and confidential. See User Agreement for details. "	

Test 13 AC-9 Previous Logon (Access) Notification: The information system notifies the user, upon successful logon (access), of the date and time of the last logon (access). NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
47	Determine if the system displays the date and time of the last successful login upon logging in. This can be accomplished by logging into the system and verifying whether or not the necessary information is displayed.	The system does provide this information upon login.	
	<pre># grep -i PrintLastLog /etc/ssh/sshd_config</pre>		
perio sessi authe	em by initiating a session lock after [Assol] of inactivity or upon receiving a requence to the lock until the user reestablishes accontication procedures. NSS Defined Value and Value []	uest from a user; and b. Retains the ess using established identification a	
48	<pre>Examine the dtsession timeout variable setting: # cat /etc/dt/config/C/sys.resources grep -i dtsession grep -i lockTimeout</pre>	The dtsession timeout is 30.	
49	Examine the Open Windows timeout settings, both global and for every user. # cat /usr/openwin/lib/app-defaults/XScreenS aver egrep -i '*(lock timeout):'	The global Open Windows timeout is 30 minutes.	
activ	15 AC-11 (1) Session Lock: The informatio vated on a device with a display screen, passociated display, hiding what was previous []	places a publicly viewable pattern ont	0
50	<pre># cut -d: -f6 /etc/passwd xargs -iX egrep -i '^(lock timeout):'</pre>	The Open Windows timeout is 30 minutes.	

Test 16 AC-14 Permitted Actions Without Identification Or Authentication: The organization: a. Identifies specific user actions that can be performed on the information system without identification or authentication; and b. Documents and provides supporting rationale in the security plan for the information system, user actions not requiring identification and authentication. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

X/.xscreensaver

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
51	Determine if a publicly-viewable pattern is displayed during a session lock. Acceptable checks for settings.	The saverTimeout value should be 30. The saverList value of StartDtscreenBlank is an acceptable	
		screensaver.	
	<pre># grep -i dtsession /etc/dt/config/C/sys.resources egrep -i "saverList saverTimeout"</pre>		
orgar only	17 AC-14 (1) Permitted Actions Without Inization permits actions to be performed to the extent necessary to accomplish mies [], AF Defined Value []	without identification and authenticat	
52	Check if the anon option is set correctly for exported file systems.	The 'anon=' option is set to -1 or an equivalent (60001, 60002, 65534, or 65535).	
	List exported file systems.		
	# exportfs -v OR		
	OK		
acces	# more /etc/dfs/sharetab 18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: ss to the information system; b. Establis	hes usage restrictions and implementat	ion
acces guida acces syste	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization:	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to	ion
acces guida acces syste	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: ss to the information system; b. Establis ance for each allowed remote access metho ss to the information system; d. Authoriz em prior to connection; and e. Enforces re	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to	ion
acces guida acces syste infor 53	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: ss to the information system; b. Establishance for each allowed remote access methods to the information system; d. Authorizem prior to connection; and e. Enforces remation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to Defined Value [] Remote access is documented in policy and procedures tion employs automated mechanisms to	the
acces guida acces syste infor 53	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: ss to the information system; b. Establishance for each allowed remote access methods to the information system; d. Authorizem prior to connection; and e. Enforces remation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Review remote access authorization policy and procedures. 19 AC-17 (1) Remote Access: The organizalitate the monitoring and control of remo	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to Defined Value [] Remote access is documented in policy and procedures tion employs automated mechanisms to	the
acces guida acces syste infor 53 Test facil AF De	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: as to the information system; b. Establishance for each allowed remote access methods to the information system; d. Authorizem prior to connection; and e. Enforces remation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Review remote access authorization policy and procedures. 19 AC-17 (1) Remote Access: The organization and control of remote fined Value [] Determine if auditing is enabled.	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to Defined Value [] Remote access is documented in policy and procedures tion employs automated mechanisms to te access methods. NSS Defined Value [the
acces guida acces syste infor 53 Test facil AF De	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: as to the information system; b. Establishance for each allowed remote access methods to the information system; d. Authorizem prior to connection; and e. Enforces remation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Review remote access authorization policy and procedures. 19 AC-17 (1) Remote Access: The organizalitate the monitoring and control of removefined Value [] Determine if auditing is enabled. # ps -ef grep auditd Check /etc/syslog.conf and verify the auth facility is logging both the notice and info level messages by using one of the procedures below. # grep "auth.notice" /etc/syslog.conf	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to Defined Value [] Remote access is documented in policy and procedures tion employs automated mechanisms to te access methods. NSS Defined Value [the auditd process is found auth.* is found, and either	the
acces guida acces syste infor 53 Test facil AF De	18 AC-17 Remote Access: The organization: as to the information system; b. Establishance for each allowed remote access methods to the information system; d. Authorizem prior to connection; and e. Enforces remation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Review remote access authorization policy and procedures. 19 AC-17 (1) Remote Access: The organization and control of remote the monitoring and control of remote value [] Determine if auditing is enabled. # ps -ef grep auditd Check /etc/syslog.conf and verify the auth facility is logging both the notice and info level messages by using one of the procedures below.	hes usage restrictions and implementat d; c. Monitors for unauthorized remote es remote access to the information equirements for remote connections to Defined Value [] Remote access is documented in policy and procedures tion employs automated mechanisms to te access methods. NSS Defined Value [the auditd process is found auth.* is found, and either	the

The system's access control program must log each system access attempt. # more /etc/syslog.conf Test 20 AC-17 (2) Remote Access: The organization uses cryptograconfidentiality and integrity of remote access sessions. NSS Def Defined Value [] 57 # svcs network/shell The service is dirunning. # svcs rlogin 59 Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed ciphers. # grep -i ciphers /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' 60 Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' 61 Check if the system is using NSS LDAP. Lines returned.	nments P/F
Test 20 AC-17 (2) Remote Access: The organization uses cryptograc confidentiality and integrity of remote access sessions. NSS Defined Value [] 57 # svcs network/shell The service is di running. # svcs rlogin 59 Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed ciphers. # grep -i ciphers /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' 60 Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'	red to log events
confidentiality and integrity of remote access sessions. NSS Defined Value [] 57 # svcs network/shell	
Determine if the rlogind service is running. # svcs rlogin Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed ciphers. # grep -i ciphers /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'	
running. # svcs rlogin Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed ciphers. # grep -i ciphers /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'	sabled.
allowed ciphers. # grep -i ciphers /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#' Check the SSH daemon configuration for allowed MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'	sabled.
allowed MACs. hmac-sha1 MACs. # grep -i macs /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'	
grep -v '^#'	list contains
61 Check if the system is using NSS LDAP. Lines returned.	
<pre># grep -v '^#' /etc/nsswitch.conf grep ldap</pre>	
62 If lines returned in previous test; Verify TLS is used for client authentications to the server The authenticatio begin with "tls:"	n methods used
# grep "NS_LDAP_AUTH=" /var/ldap/ldap_client_file The TLS connectio approved cryptogr	I
Retrieve the list of LDAP servers. # grep "NS_LDAP_SERVERS=" /var/ldap/client_file	
Use the certutil to verify the cipher(s) used for every server.	
<pre># certutil -L -n < host nickname > - d /var/ldap</pre>	
Test 21 AC-17 (3) Remote Access: The information system routes a through a limited number of managed access control points. NSS Defined Value []	
Check the SSH daemon configuration for listening network addresses. Configuration ret returned Listen c	onfiguration
<pre># grep -i Listen /etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -v '^#'</pre> contains addresse management traffi	s designated for

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
privi for c	22 AC-17 (4) Remote Access: The organizate leged commands and access to security-recompelling operational needs and documents tity plan for the information system. NSS	levant information via remote access o s the rationale for such access in the	:
64	Verify no auxiliary consoles are defined.	Output is null.	
	# consadm -p		
acces relev measu funct Netwo	23 AC-17 (7) Remote Access: The organization of the sign of the si	ist of security functions and security anization-defined additional security [], AF Defined Valueprivileged Secure Shell [SSH], Virtual Priva	
	other encrypted channel with blocking mod	de enabled	
65	Review remote access policies and procedures	privileged functions and security relevant information Secure Shell [SSH], Virtual Private Networking [VPN]	
		other encrypted channel with blocking mode enabled	
wirel [], A	24 AC-18 (1) Wireless Access Restrictions less access to the system using authentical F Defined Value []	ation and encryption. NSS Defined Valu	e
66	Review remote access authorization policy and procedures.	No wireless access allowed.	
use o	25 AC-19 (1) Access Control For Mobile Do of writable, removable media in organizat: e [], AF Defined Value []		
67	Review remote access control for mobile devices policy and procedures.	No mobile devices allowed.	
authorsyste the or the esecuragree	26 AC-20 (1) Use Of External Information rized individuals to use an external information or to process, store, or transmit organization: (a) Can verify the implementation as specified in the organization; or (b) Has approved information ments with the organizational entity hosted Value [], AF Defined Value []	ormation system to access the informat nization-controlled information only w tation of required security controls o ization's information security policy n system connection or processing	hen n and
68	Review use of external IS policy and procedures.	No external IS allowed.	
syste shari	27 AC-21 (1) User-Based Collaboration And em employs automated mechanisms to enable eng decisions based on access authorization cictions on information to be shared. NSS	authorized users to make information- ons of sharing partners and access	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
69	Review user-based collaboration and information sharing	There are no automated systems for information sharing.	

Test 28 AU-2 Auditable Events: The organization: a. Determines, based on a risk assessment and mission/business needs, that the information system must be capable of auditing the following events: [Assignment: organization-defined list of auditable events; ... d. Determines, based on current threat information and ongoing assessment of risk, that the following events are to be audited within the information system: [Assignment: organization-defined subset of the auditable events defined in AU-2 to be audited along with the frequency of (or situation requiring) auditing for each identified event. NSS Defined Value a. (a) Successful and unsuccessful attempts to access, modify, or delete security objects, (b) Successful and unsuccessful logon attempts, (c) Privileged activities or other system level access, (d) Starting and ending time for user access to the system, (e) Concurrent logons from different workstations, (f) Successful and unsuccessful accesses to objects, (g) All program initiations, (h) All direct access to the information system. d. All organizations must define a list of audited events in the policy for their organization defined in accordance with AU-1., AF Defined Value []

70	Determine if successful logons are being logged. # last more	Commands return successful and unsuccessful logins.	
	Determine if unsuccessful logons are being logged. # more /var/adm/loginlog	Entries in syslog for the auth service.	
	Check the syslog daemon configuration for authentication logging. # egrep "auth\.(info debug)" /etc/syslog.conf		
71	Check the following log files to determine if access to the root account is being logged. Try to su - and enter an incorrect password, then # more /var/adm/sulog	root login accounts being logged.	
72	Determine if auditing is enabled. # ps -ef grep auditd	The auditd process is found	
73	Check the system audit configuration to determine if failed attempts to access files and programs are audited. # more /etc/security/audit_control	flags -fr or fr are configured.	
74	<pre># grep flags /etc/security/audit_control</pre>	flags fd or +fd and -fd are configured.	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
75	Check the system's audit configuration.	The lo flag , and lo naflag is set, and both the +lo and -lo flags (and naflags) are set	
	<pre># grep lo /etc/security/audit_control</pre>		
76	Check the system's audit configuration.	flags fm or +fm and -fm are configured.	
	<pre># grep flags /etc/security/audit_control</pre>		
77	Check /etc/security/audit_control file.	The as element is not missing from the flags line.	
	<pre># grep flags /etc/security/audit_control</pre>		
78	# ls -lL /var/cron/log	The file exists, and is newer than the last cron job.	
79	<pre># more /etc/default/cron</pre>	a CRONLOG=YES line does exist	
80	In the global zone; Determine if the system is configured to log martian packets. Examine the IPF rules on the system.	There must be rules logging inbound traffic containing invalid source addresses, which minimally include the system's own addresses and broadcast addresses for attached subnets.	
	Procedure:		
	# ipfstat -i		
81	Check /etc/syslog.conf and verify the auth facility is logging both the notice and info level messages by using one of the procedures below.	auth.* is found, and either auth.notice or auth.info is found	
	<pre># grep "auth.notice" /etc/syslog.conf # grep "auth.info" /etc/syslog.conf OR</pre>		
	# grep 'auth.*' /etc/syslog.conf		
82	Check the syslog configuration file for mail.crit logging configuration.	Line similar to one of the following exists;	
	Procedure:	mail.crit /var/adm/messages	
	# more /etc/syslog.conf	*.crit /var/log/messages	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
83	Normally, TCPD logs to the mail facility in /etc/syslog.conf. Determine if syslog is configured to log events by TCPD.	entries would indicate mail alerts are being logged	
	Procedure:		
	<pre># more /etc/syslog.conf</pre>		
	Look for entries similar to the following:		
	mail.debug /var/adm/maillog		
	mail.none /var/adm/maillog		
	mail.* /var/log/mail		
	auth.info /var/log/messages		
84	<pre># more /etc/security/audit_user</pre>	If /etc/security/audit_user has entries other than root, ensure the users defined are audited with the same flags as all users as defined in /etc/security/audit_control file.	
85	To enable NFS server logging the log option must be applied to all exported file systems in the /etc/dfs/dfstab. Perform the following to verify NFS is enabled.	Each line should contain a log entry to indicate logging is enabled.	
	# share		
86	NFS version 4 does not support server logging. Verify NFS_SERVER_VERSMAX in /etc/default/nfs.	NFS_SERVER_VERSMAX is present and set to value 2 or 3	
	<pre># grep NFS_SERVER_VERSMAX /etc/default/nfs</pre>		
funct	29 AU-2 (4) Auditable Events: The organizations in the list of events to be audited []		
87	Review auditable events policies and procedures	include execution of privileged functions in the list of events to be audited by the information system	

event/action, entity that initiated the event/action, and entity that completed the event/action . . .

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
that occur sourc	30 AU-3 Content Of Audit Records: The introduction sufficient information to, at a record, when (date and time) the event occur is of the event, the outcome (success or fay user/subject associated with the event	minimum, establish what type of event rred, where the event occurred, the failure) of the event, and the identit	: y
88	Verify the default value of the inet service property tcp_trace.	The tcp_trace inet service property is set or is set to TRUE	
	<pre># inetadm -p grep tcp_trace</pre>		
89	Verify that all enabled inetd-managed processes have the tcp_trace inet service property set to the default value or TRUE.	Any enabled inetd-managed processes have the tcp_trace inet service property set to TRUE	
	<pre># inetadm grep enabled awk '{print \$NF}' xargs inetadm -l more</pre>		
90	Verify the FTP daemon is invoked with the -l option by SMF.	The exec name-value pair includes the -l option for in.ftpd	
	# inetadm -l ftp grep in.ftpd		
[Assi recor [], A termi	31 AU-3 (1) Content Of Audit Records: The gnment: organization-defined additional, rds for audit events identified by type, as Defined Value at a minimum, users and or workstation ID, remote access, such that initiated the event/action, and entered the content of the audit records	more detailed information] in the aud location, or subject. NSS Defined Valu id, time, date, type of event/action, ccess or failure of the event/action,	ie

Test 32 AU-3 (2) Content Of Audit Records: The organization centrally manages the content of audit records generated by [Assignment: organization-defined information system components]. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value . . . all information systems to the maximum extent possible.

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
92	Audit records may be sent to a remote server in two ways, via an NFS mount of the audit directory, or via the audit_syslog plugin. NFS: Check the "dir" parameter in /etc/security/audit_control. SYSLOG: Check the "plugin" parameter in /etc/security/audit_control. Confirm that the audit_syslog.so* plugin is listed with "p_flags=all". # grep audit_syslog.so /etc/security/audit_control Check that syslogd is sending messages to a remote server (GEN005450): # grep '@' /etc/syslog.conf grep -v '^#'	NFS: The directory is on an NFS mount to a remote server SYSLOG: Both auditd is configured to send audit records to syslog, and syslogd is configured to send messages to a remote server.	
93	Check the syslog configuration file for remote syslog servers. # grep '@' /etc/syslog.conf grep -v '^#'	A line is returned.	
capac	33 AU-4 Audit Storage Capacity: The organity and configures auditing to reduce the	e likelihood of such capacity being	je
94	Review audit storage capacity policy and procedures.	Storage capacity is allocated	
desig b. Ta to be gener	34 AU-5 Response To Audit Processing Fairnated organizational officials in the evokes the following additional actions: [As taken (e.g., shut down information systemating audit records)]. NSS Defined Value mation system unless an alternative audit	ent of an audit processing failure; an ssignment: organization-defined action em, overwrite oldest audit records, st [], AF Defined Value b. shut down	ıd ıs
95	Verify the presence of an audit_warn entry in /etc/mail/aliases. # grep audit_warn /etc/mail/aliases	an audit_warn entry in /etc/mail/aliases	
Test	35 AU-5 (1) Response To Audit Processing	Eailures: The information system	
nrovi	dos a warning whom allocated audit record		

provides a warning when allocated audit record storage volume reaches [Assignment: organization-defined percentage] of maximum audit record storage capacity. NSS Defined

Value . . . a maximum of 75 percent, AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
96	Verify the presence of an audit_warn entry in /etc/mail/aliases.	an audit_warn entry in /etc/mail/aliases	
	<pre># grep audit_warn /etc/mail/aliases</pre>	The minfree parameter is set	
	Verify the minfree parameter in /etc/security/audit_control.		
	<pre># egrep '^minfree:' /etc/security/audit_control</pre>		
	36 AU-7 Audit Reduction And Report Gener reduction and report generation capabil []		an
97	Review audit reduction and report generation	provide an audit reduction and report generation capability	
provi based	37 AU-7 (1) Audit Reduction And Report G ides the capability to automatically prod d on selectable event criteria. NSS Defir	ess audit records for events of intere ned Value [], AF Defined Value []	st
98	Review audit reduction and report generation	provide the capability to automatically process audit records for events of interest based on selectable event criteria	
	38 AU-8 Time Stamps: The information systate time stamps for audit records. NSS D		
99	# date	Time is set to GMT	
syste organ every	39 AU-8 (1) Time Stamps: The information em clocks [Assignment: organization-definization-defined authoritative time source 24 hours, AF Defined Value an orgoing that complies with the provisions of I	ned frequency] with [Assignment: ce]. NSS Defined Value at least panization defined authoritative time	ion
100	Check the system for a running NTP daemon or the root crontab for an ntpdate entry.	NTP is running inside the enclave. To check outside the enclave;	
	<pre># svcs ntp grep online or # crontab -l grep -v "^#" grep ntpdate</pre>	Check the NTP daemon configuration. # grep '^server' /etc/inet/ntp.conf	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
101	If NTP is running confirm the servers and peers or multicast client (as applicable) are local or an authoritative U.S. DoD source.	a local/authoritative (U.S. DoD source) time-server is used, at least two external NTP servers listed	
	For the NTP daemon		
	<pre># more /etc/inet/ntp.conf</pre>		
	For the ntpdate command:		
	# crontab -l grep -v "^#" grep ntpdate		
102	Check the NTP daemon configuration for	More than two servers or external	
	at least two external servers.	reference clocks (127.127.x.x other than 127.127.1.0 or 127.127.1.1)	
	<pre># grep '^server' /etc/inet/ntp.conf egrep -v '(127.127.1.1 127.127.1.0)'</pre>	are listed	
infor	40 AU-9 Protection Of Audit Information: mation and audit tools from unauthorized med Value [], AF Defined Value []		
103	Perform the following to determine the location of audit logs and then check	audit log file is owned by root	
	<pre>the ownership. # more /etc/security/audit_control</pre>	audit log directory has a mode not	
	# ls -lLa <audit dir="" log=""></audit>	more permissive than 0750, or any audit log file has a mode not more permissive than 0640	
104	# ls -lLd <audit dir="" log=""></audit>	audit log file is group-owned by root, bin, or sys	
105	Check the system audit log files for extended ACLs.	the permissions should not include a "+", indicating the file has an	
	# ls -la [audit log dir]	extended ACL	
106	Verify the audit tool executables are owned by root.	any listed file is owned by root	
	<pre># ls -l /usr/sbin/auditd /usr/sbin/audit /usr/sbin/bsmrecord /usr/sbin/auditreduce /usr/sbin/praudit /usr/sbin/auditconfig</pre>		
107	Verify the audit tool executables are group-owned by root, bin, or sys.	any listed file is group-owned by root, bin, or sys	
	<pre># ls -lL /usr/sbin/auditd /usr/sbin/audit /usr/sbin/bsmrecord /usr/sbin/auditreduce /usr/sbin/praudit /usr/sbin/auditconfig</pre>		

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
108	Check the mode of audit tool executables. # ls -l /usr/sbin/auditd /usr/sbin/audit /usr/sbin/bsmrecord /usr/sbin/auditreduce /usr/sbin/praudit /usr/sbin/auditconfig	any listed file has a mode not more permissive than 0750	
109	Check the permissions of audit tool executables. # ls -l /usr/sbin/auditd /usr/sbin/audit /usr/sbin/bsmrecord /usr/sbin/auditreduce /usr/sbin/praudit /usr/sbin/auditconfig	the permissions should not include a "+", indicating the file has an extended ACL	
audit media	41 AU-9 (2) Protection Of Audit Informat: records [Assignment: organization-define than the system being audited. NSS Defined Value []	ed frequency] onto a different system	or AF
110	Review audit storage capacity policy and procedures.	not less than weekly	
	42 AU-10 Non-Repudiation: The information ly denying having performed a particular		
111	Review non-repudiation policies and procedures		
valid Value class	43 AU-10 (5) Non-Repudiation: The organizated; NSA-approved] cryptography to imple [], AF Defined Value FIPS-validated or ification of the information system)130 Appendix 2.	ement digital signatures. NSS Defined r NSA-approved (as appropriate for the	
112	Review non-repudiation policies and procedures	FIPS-validated or NSA- approved (as appropriate for the classification of the information system) IAW 5 USC 552a (i) (3), OMB M 04-04, and A-130 Appendix 2.	
gener organ organ speci audit	44 AU-12 Audit Generation: The information capability for the list of auditabization-defined information system composizational personnel to select which audific components of the system; and c. General ed events defined in AU-2 with the content all information system and network comp	le events defined in AU-2 at [Assignmenents]; b. Allows designated table events are to be audited by erates audit records for the list of the as defined in AU-3. NSS Defined Val	
113	Determine if auditing is enabled. # ps -ef grep auditd	auditd process is found	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
organ defin polic coord proce autho NSS D	45 CA-1 Security Assessment And Authorization develops, disseminates, and reviewed frequency]: a. Formal, documented securies that address purpose, scope, roles, interest in a security of the security of th	ews/updates [Assignment: organization- urity assessment and authorization responsibilities, management commitmer nd compliance; and b. Formal, document f the security assessment and y assessment and authorization control	it, ed	
114	Review Security Assessment And Authorization Policies And Procedures	at least annually if not otherwise defined in formal organizational policy		
Test 46 CA-2 Security Assessments: The organization: a. Develops a security assessment plan that describes the scope of the assessment including: - Security controls and control enhancements under assessment; - Assessment procedures to be used to determine security control effectiveness; and - Assessment environment, assessment team, and assessment roles and responsibilities; b. Assesses the security controls in the information system [Assignment: organization-defined frequency] to determine the extent to which the controls are implemented correctly, operating as intended, and producing the desired outcome with respect to meeting the security requirements for the system.; c. Produces a security assessment report that documents the results of the assessment; and d. Provides the results of the security control assessment, in writing, to the authorizing official or authorizing official designated representative. NSS Defined Value b at least annually, AF Defined Value []				
115	Review Security Assessment And Authorization Policies And Procedures	at least annually		
asses	47 CA-2 (1) Security Assessments: The organization assessment team to conduct an assemation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF	essment of the security controls in th	ie	
116	Review Security Assessment And Authorization Policies And Procedures	The organization employs an independent assessor or assessment team to conduct an assessment of the security controls in the information system		
Test 48 CA-6 Security Authorization: The organization: a. Assigns a senior-level executive or manager to the role of authorizing official for the information system; b. Ensures that the authorizing official authorizes the information system for processing before commencing operations; and c. Updates the security authorization [Assignment: organization-defined frequency] or when there is a significant change to the system. NSS Defined Value c at least every three (3) years, when significant security breaches occur, whenever there is a significant change to the system, or to the environment in which the system operates., AF Defined Value []				
117	Review Security Assessment And Authorization Policies And Procedures	at least every three (3) years, when significant security breaches occur, whenever there is a significant change to the system, or to the environment in which the system operates.		

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
asses	Test 49 CA-7 (1) Continuous Monitoring: The organization employs an independent assessor or assessment team to monitor the security controls in the information system on an ongoing basis. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
118	Review continuous monitoring policies and procedures	The organization employs an independent assessor or assessment team to monitor the security controls in the information system on an ongoing basis			
Test 50 CM-2 (5) Baseline Configuration: The organization: (a) Develops and maintains [Assignment: organization-defined list of software programs authorized to execute on the information system]; and (b) Employs a deny-all, permit-by-exception authorization policy to identify software allowed to execute on the information system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value (a) a list of software authorized to execute on the information system which includes only that software evaluated and approved by the ISSO/ISSM with the local CCB;					
119	Review baseline configuration policies and procedures	a list of software authorized to execute on the information system which includes only that software evaluated and approved by the ISSO/ISSM with the local CCB			
manda the i check requi appro compo and d organ	51 CM-6 Configuration Settings: The organe tory configuration settings for information formation system using [Assignment: organists] that reflect the most restrictive rements; b. Implements the configuration was exceptions from the mandatory configurants within the information system based. Monitors and controls changes to the continuation is a control of the continuation of the con	ion technology products employed within inization-defined security configuration mode consistent with operational settings; c. Identifies, documents, auration settings for individual on explicit operational requirements on figuration settings in accordance with the settined value [], AF Defined Value a	n on nd ; th		
120	NOTE: The following commands must be run in the BASH shell.	the system and user default umask is 077			
	Check global configuration: # find /etc -type f xargs grep -i umask	Note: If the default umask is 000 or allows for the creation of world writable files this becomes a CAT I finding.			
	Check local initialization files: # cut -d: -f1 /etc/passwd xargs -n1				
	-iUSER sh -c "grep umask ~USER/.*"				

Test 52 CM-7 (3) Least Functionality: The organization ensures compliance with [Assignment: organization-defined registration requirements for ports, protocols, and services]. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value . . . networking protocols IAW IC and DoD Ports, Protocols and Services guidance

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
122	Review least functionality policies and procedures	networking protocols IAW IC and DoD Ports, Protocols and Services guidance	
autom addit Disab organ	53 CM-8 (3) Information System Component ated mechanisms [Assignment: organization of unauthorized components/devices illustrational officials. NSS Defined Value [nuously	n-defined frequency] to detect the nto the information system; and (b) vices or notifies designated	loys
123	Review Information System Component Inventory policies and procedures	continuously	
syste	54 CP-10 (2) Information System Recovery m implements transaction recovery for sys ed Value [], AF Defined Value []		
124	Logging should be enabled for those types of files systems that do not turn on logging by default.	if the root file system has the 'logging' option set	
	# mount -v	the 'nolog' option is NOT set on the root file system	
125	Verify local file systems use journaling or another mechanism ensuring file system consistency.	No mount listed	
	Procedure: # mount -v grep '^/dev/' egrep -v '(logging vxfs zfs devfs)' grep - v /dev/fd		
syste	55 IA-2 Identification And Authentication uniquely identifies and authenticates half of organizational users). NSS Define	organizational users (or processes act	
126	Check the system for duplicate account names. Example: # logins -u sort uniq -c awk '\$1 > 1 {print \$2}'	No duplicates	
127	Perform the following to ensure there are no duplicate UIDs. # logins -d	No duplicate UIDs are found	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
128	Check passwd and group files for non-root user ids and group ids with a GID of 0.	Confirm the only account with a group id of 0 is root.	
	# more /etc/passwd		
	# more /etc/group		
	OR		
	# awk -F: '\$4 == 0' /etc/passwd		
	# awk -F: '\$3 == 0' /etc/group		
infor accou	56 IA-2 (1) Identification And Authentica mation system uses multifactor authentica ints. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Va	ation for network access to privileged lue []	·
129	Review identification and authentication for organizational users policies and procedures	uses multifactor authentication for network access to privileged accounts	
infor	57 IA-2 (2) Identification And Authentical mation system uses multifactor authentical leged accounts. NSS Defined Value [], AF	ation for network access to non-	<u> </u>
130	authentication for organizational users policies and procedures	authentication for network access to non-privileged accounts	
infor	58 IA-2 (3) Identification And Authentica mation system uses multifactor authentica ints. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Va	ation for local access to privileged	
131	Review identification and authentication for organizational users policies and procedures	uses multifactor authentication for local access to privileged accounts	
infor	59 IA-2 (4) Identification And Authentica mation system uses multifactor authentica ints. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Va	ation for local access to non-privileg	ed
132	Consult documentation to determine if the system is capable of CAC, PIV compliant hardware token, or Alternate Logon Token (ALT) for authentication.	Interview the system administrator (SA) to determine if all accounts not exempted by policy are using multi factor authentication. Nonexempt accounts are using multifactor authentication.	
infor authe	60 IA-2 (8) Identification And Authentica mation system uses [Assignment: organizatentication mechanisms] for network access [], AF Defined Value SSH/TLS based	tion-defined replay resistant to privileged accounts. NSS Defined	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
133	Review identification and authentication for organizational users policies and procedures	SSH/TLS based access or equivalent			
infor authe	61 IA-2 (9) Identification And Authentica mation system uses [Assignment: organiza ntication mechanisms] for network access [], AF Defined Value SSH/TLS based	tion-defined replay resistant to non-privileged accounts. NSS Defir	ned		
134	Review identification and authentication for organizational users policies and procedures	SSH/TLS based access or equivalent			
ident types	62 IA-3 Device Identification And Authentifies and authenticates [Assignment: organized of devices] before establishing a connected endpoint devices, AF Define	anization-defined list of specific and ction. NSS Defined Value all			
135	Review device level identification and authentication policies and procedures	all network connected endpoint devices			
authe using	63 IA-3 (1) Device Identification And Authoriticates devices before establishing remobilished bidirectional authentication between developed Value [], AF Defined Value []	ote and wireless network connections			
136	Review device level identification and authentication policies and procedures				
authe authe	Test 64 IA-3 (2) Device Identification And Authentication: The information system authenticates devices before establishing network connections using bidirectional authentication between devices that is cryptographically based. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
137	Review device level identification and authentication policies and procedures				
stand (DHCP	Test 65 IA-3 (3) Device Identification And Authentication: The organization standardizes, with regard to dynamic address allocation, Dynamic Host Control Protocol (DHCP) lease information and the time assigned to devices, and audits lease information when assigned to a device. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
138	Review device level identification and authentication policies and procedures				
uniqu ident	Test 66 IA-4 (4) Identifier Management: The organization manages user identifiers by uniquely identifying the user as [Assignment: organization-defined characteristic identifying user status]. NSS Defined Value A contractor or government employee and citizenship, AF Defined Value []				
139	Review identifier management policies and procedures	A contractor or government employee and citizenship			

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
authe defin lette requi numbe minim for l [Assi sensi speci minim	67 IA-5 (1) Authenticator Management: The entication: (a) Enforces minimum password led requirements for case sensitivity, nurses, lower case letters, numbers, and spectrements for each type] (b) Enforces at lear of changed characters] when new password and maximum lifetime restrictions of lifetime minimum, lifetime maximum]; and lifetime minimum, lifetime maximum]; and lifetime sensitive, 8- character mix of upper case letter all characters, including at least one of lum and 180 days maximum (e) a minimum of to one-time use passwords., AF Defined Notes and land land land land land land land	complexity of [Assignment: organization ber of characters, mix of upper case cial characters, including minimum east a [Assignment: organization-defined are created; (d) Enforces passwo [Assignment: organization-defined numb (e) Prohibits password reuse for erations. NSS Defined Value (a) a case ters, lower case letters, numbers, and each (b) at least four (d) 24 hours 10 NOTE: The above requirements do no	on- ed erd ers
140	Check the minimum time period between password changes for each user account is 1 day or greater. # awk -F: '\$4 < 1 {print \$1}' /etc/shadow	Results returned are associated with system accounts.	
141	Check the system password length setting. # grep PASSLENGTH /etc/default/passwd	PASSLENGTH is set to a minimum of 10	
142	<pre>Verify no password hash in /etc/passwd or /etc/shadow begins with a character other than an underscore (_) or dollar sign (\$). # cut -d ':' -f2 /etc/passwd egrep - v '^[*!\$_]' # cut -d ':' -f2 /etc/shadow egrep -</pre>	No unlocked password hash is present without an initial underscore (_) or dollar sign (\$) character	
143	<pre>v '^[*!\$_]' Determine if any password hashes stored on the system were not generated using a FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithm. # cut -d ':' -f2 /etc/passwd # cut -d ':' -f2 /etc/shadow Verify that FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithms are</pre>	password hashes are present beginning with \$5\$ or \$6\$ FIPS 140-2 approved cryptographic hashing algorithms are available.	
144	available. # egrep '^[56]' /etc/security/crypt.conf Check the MINUPPER setting. # egrep MINUPPER /etc/default/passwd	MINUPPER is set to 1 or more	

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Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
145	Check the MINDIGIT setting.	the MINDIGIT setting is 1 or more	
	# grep MINDIGIT /etc/default/passwd		
146	Check the MINSPECIAL setting.	the MINSPECIAL setting is 1 or more	
	# grep MINSPECIAL /etc/default/passwd		
147	Ask the SA if there are any automated processing accounts on the system. If there are automated processing accounts on the system, ask the SA if the passwords for those automated accounts are changed at least once a year.	Automated processing accounts are changed once per year.	
148	Check /etc/default/passwd to verify the MINDIFF setting.	Set to at least 10 characters	
	# grep MINDIFF /etc/default/passwd		
149	Check the HISTORY setting.	HISTORY is set to a minimum of 10	
	# grep HISTORY /etc/default/passwd		
150	Determine if root has logged in over an unencrypted network connection.	Root ONLY logs in over the network and with SSHD	
	First, determine if root has logged in over a network.		
	Procedure:		
	<pre># last grep "^root " egrep -v "reboot console" more</pre>		
	Next, determine if the SSH daemon is running.		
	Procedure:		
	# ps -ef grep sshd		
151	Check the system for the existence of any .netrc files.	No .netrc files exists	
	# find / -name .netrc		
152	Determine if the telnet daemon is running.	Not enabled	
	# svcs telnet		
 		· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L

Test 68 IA-5 (2) Authenticator Management: The information system, for PKI-based authentication: (a) Validates certificates by constructing a certification path with status information to an accepted trust anchor; (b) Enforces authorized access to the corresponding private key; and (c) Maps the authenticated identity to the user account. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

153 This system does not utilize PKI-base authentication

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
stati	Test 69 IA-5 (7) Authenticator Management: The organization ensures that unencrypted static authenticators are not embedded in applications or access scripts or stored on function keys. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
154	Review the software and script approval process	The software approval process utilizes an automated mechanism that looks for likely embedded authenticators in the source code or in scripts.			
authe infor	Test 70 IA-6 Authenticator Feedback: The information system obscures feedback of authentication information during the authentication process to protect the information from possible exploitation/use by unauthorized individuals. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
155	Log out of the system	User is logged out			
156	Log into the system	When entering the password into the system, there should be no feedback (i.e. no asterisks representing the number of characters entered)			
mecha appli stand	Test 71 IA-7 Cryptographic Module Authentication: The information system uses mechanisms for authentication to a cryptographic module that meet the requirements of applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and guidance for such authentication. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
157	Verify the traditional UNIX crypt algorithm is deprecated. # egrep CRYPT_ALGORITHMS_DEPRECATE /etc/security/policy.conf	CRYPT_ALGORITHMS_DEPRECATE is set or includes "unix"			
158	Verify new password hashes are generated using either the SHA-256 or SHA-512 cryptographic hashing algorithm. # egrep CRYPT_DEFAULT /etc/security/policy.conf	CRYPT_DEFAULT is set or is equal to 5 or 6			

Step Step Description Exp	pected Results/Comments	P/F
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Test 72 PL-2 System Security Plan: The organization: a. Develops a security plan for the information system that: - Is consistent with the organization's enterprise architecture; - Explicitly defines the authorization boundary for the system; - Describes the operational context of the information system in terms of missions and business processes; - Provides the security categorization of the information system including supporting rationale; - Describes the operational environment for the information system; - Describes relationships with or connections to other information systems; - Provides an overview of the security requirements for the system; - Describes the security controls in place or planned for meeting those requirements including a rationale for the tailoring and supplementation decisions; and - Is reviewed and approved by the authorizing official or designated representative prior to plan implementation; b. Reviews the security plan for the information system [Assignment: organization-defined frequency]; and c. Updates the plan to address changes to the information system/environment of operation or problems identified during plan implementation or security control assessments. NSS Defined Value b. . . at least annually or when required due to system modifications, AF Defined Value []

at le	ast annually or when required due to sys	tem modifications, AF Defined Value []
159	Review the System Security Plan	A System Security Plan exists and it:
		- Is consistent with the organization's enterprise architecture;
		- Explicitly defines the authorization boundary for the system;
		- Describes the operational context of the information system in terms of missions and business processes;
		- Provides the security categorization of the information system including supporting rationale;
		- Describes the operational environment for the information system;
		- Describes relationships with or connections to other information systems;
		- Provides an overview of the security requirements for the system;
		- Describes the security controls in place or planned for meeting those requirements including a rationale for the tailoring and supplementation decisions; and
		- Is reviewed and approved by the authorizing official or designated representative prior to plan implementation;

		T		
Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
Test 73 PL-2 (1) System Security Plan: The organization: (a) Develops a security Concept of Operations (CONOPS) for the information system containing, at a minimum: (i) the purpose of the system; (ii) a description of the system architecture; (iii) the security authorization schedule; and (iv) the security categorization and associated factors considered in determining the categorization; and (b) Reviews and updates the CONOPS [Assignment: organization-defined frequency]. NSS Defined Value (b) annually or as required due to system modifications, AF Defined Value []				
160	Review System Security Plan policies and procedures	annually or as required due to system modifications		
Test 74 PL-2 (2) System Security Plan: The organization develops a functional architecture for the information system that identifies and maintains: (a) External interfaces, the information being exchanged across the interfaces, and the protection mechanisms associated with each interface; (b) User roles and the access privileges assigned to each role; (c) Unique security requirements; (d) Types of information processed, stored, or transmitted by the information system and any specific protection needs in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and guidance; and (e) Restoration priority of information or information system services. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
161	Review System Security Plan policies and procedures	Functional architecture		
direct cated informand and a	information system in accordance with apportives, policies, regulations, standards, gorization results (including supporting rmation system; and c. Ensures the securi-approved by the authorizing official or a securative. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined	and guidance; b. Documents the securi rationale) in the security plan for th ty categorization decision is reviewed uthorizing official designated	ty e	
162	Complete the Discovery Meeting	med value []		

Step **Step Description Expected Results/Comments** P/F Test 76 SA-2 Allocation Of Resources: The organization: a. Includes a determination of information security requirements for the information system in mission/business process planning; b. Determines, documents, and allocates the resources required to protect the information system as part of its capital planning and investment control process; and c. Establishes a discrete line item for information security in organizational programming and budgeting documentation. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] Review allocation of resources Test 77 SA-3 Life Cycle Support: The organization: a. Manages the information system using a system development life cycle methodology that includes information security considerations; b. Defines and documents information system security roles and responsibilities throughout the system development life cycle; and c. Identifies individuals having information system security roles and responsibilities. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] Review life cycle support 164 Test 78 SA-4 Acquisitions: The organization includes the following requirements and/or specifications, explicitly or by reference, in information system acquisition contracts based on an assessment of risk and in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, and standards: a. Security functional requirements/specifications; b. Security-related documentation requirements; and c. Developmental and evaluation-related assurance requirements. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] Included, but not limited to, in Review acquisitions policies and 165 procedures the list of artifacts are; - Security Plan (SP) or System Security Authorization Agreement (SSAA) with Attachment 11s - Trusted Facility Manuals (TFM) - Software Version Description Documents (SVDD) - Security Features Users Guides (SFUG) - Initial Equipment Inventory with Hostnames and IP Addresses included - Diagrams/Drawings - Site Preparation Requirements and Installation Plans (SPRIP) Test 79 SA-4 (6) Acquisitions: The organization: (a) Employs only government off-theshelf (GOTS) or commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) information assurance (IA) and IAenabled information technology products that composes an NSA-approved solution to protect classified information when the networks used to transmit the information are at a lower classification level than the information being transmitted; and (b) Ensures that these products have been evaluated and/or validated by the NSA or in accordance with NSA-approved procedures. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] Review acquisitions policies and 166 procedures

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
Test as re for t opera featu admin makes that use t infor manne infor docum	80 SA-5 Information System Documentation equired, and makes available to authorized the information system that describes: - Station of the information system; - Effects res/functions; and - Known vulnerabilition istrative (i.e., privileged) functions; a available to authorized personnel, user describes: - User-accessible security feathers functions; - Method the security features/functions; - Method the system, which enables individuals er; and - User responsibilities in maintain the system; and c. Documents attempts mentation when such documentation is either the solution of the system; and c. Documents attempts mentation when such documentation is either the system; and c. Documents attempts mentation when such documentation is either the system; and c. Documents attempts mentation when such documentation is either the system; and c. Documents attempts mentation when such documentation is either the system.	The organization: a. Obtains, protect of personnel, administrator documentation of secure configuration, installation, and ive use and maintenance of security es regarding configuration and use of and b. Obtains, protects as required, documentation for the information system of the information system for user interaction with the to use the system in a more secure ining the security of the information to obtain information system	and tem		
167	Review information system documentation				
as re docum emplo	Test 81 SA-5 (1) Information System Documentation: The organization obtains, protects as required, and makes available to authorized personnel, vendor/manufacturer documentation that describes the functional properties of the security controls employed within the information system with sufficient detail to permit analysis and testing. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
168	Review information system documentation				
as re docum infor	Test 82 SA-5 (2) Information System Documentation: The organization obtains, protects as required, and makes available to authorized personnel, vendor/manufacturer documentation that describes the security-relevant external interfaces to the information system with sufficient detail to permit analysis and testing. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
169	Review information system documentation				
assoc Emplo quant the u used	Test 83 SA-6 Software Usage Restrictions: The organization: a. Uses software and associated documentation in accordance with contract agreements and copyright laws; b. Employs tracking systems for software and associated documentation protected by quantity licenses to control copying and distribution; and c. Controls and documents the use of peer-to-peer file sharing technology to ensure that this capability is not used for the unauthorized distribution, display, performance, or reproduction of copyrighted work. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
170	Review software usage restrictions				
syste imple	Test 84 SA-8 Security Engineering Principles: The organization applies information system security engineering principles in the specification, design, development, implementation, and modification of the information system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
171	Review security engineering principles				

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
provi infor accor regul and u servi	85 SA-9 External Information System Servicers of external information system servicers of external information system servicemation security requirements and employ ardance with applicable federal laws, Executations, standards, and guidance; b. Definer roles and responsibilities with regardices; and c. Monitors security control condefined Value []	ices comply with organizational appropriate security controls in utive Orders, directives, policies, nes and documents government oversighed to external information system	t
172	Review external information system services		
an or dedic outso organ	86 SA-9 (1) External Information System S rganizational assessment of risk prior to cated information security services; and lourcing of dedicated information security nization-defined senior organizational of rmation Officer, AF Defined Value []	the acquisition or outsourcing of b. Ensures that the acquisition or services is approved by [Assignment:	cts
173	Review external information system services	Chief Information Officer	
infor infor contr chang flaws	87 SA-10 Developer Configuration Managemermation system developers/integrators: a. rmation system design, development, impler rol changes to the information system; c. ges; d. Document approved changes to the sand flaw resolution. NSS Defined Value	Perform configuration management dur mentation, and operation; b. Manage a Implement only organization-approved information system; and e. Track secu	nd
174	Review developer configuration management		
infor facil	88 SA-10 (1) Developer Configuration Mana rmation system developers/integrators pro- litate organizational verification of sof- ned Value [], AF Defined Value []	vide an integrity check of software to	
175	Check the root crontab (crontab -l) for the presence of a package check command, such as, pkgchk -n.	cron job is found	
syste (incl plan; defic Docum	89 SA-11 Developer Security Testing: The em developers/integrators, in consultation luding security engineers): a. Create and by	n with associated security personnel implement a security test and evaluation process to correct weaknesses and esting and evaluation process; and c.evaluation and flaw remediation	
176	Review developer security testing	the required security controls are implemented correctly, operating as intended, enforcing the desired security policy, and meeting established security requirements	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
threa again infor	90 SA-12 Supply Chain Protection: The orgits by employing: [Assignment: organizationst supply chain threats] as part of a commation security strategy. NSS Defined Value 505, Supply Chain Risk Management.,	on-defined list of measures to protect mprehensive, defense-in-breadth lue Measures in accordance with CNSS			
177	Review supply chain protection	Measures in accordance with CNSS Directive 505, Supply Chain Risk Management.			
revie	91 SA-12 (2) Supply Chain Protection: The work of suppliers prior to entering into commation system hardware, software, firmwanded Value []	ntractual agreements to acquire			
178	Review supply chain protection	Supplier review may include analysis of supplier processes used to design, develop, test, implement, verify, deliver, and support information systems, system components, and information system services; and assessment of supplier training and experience in developing systems, components, or services with the required security capability.			
funct	92 SC-2 Application Partitioning: The intionality (including user interface servicionality. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined	ces) from information system managemen	t		
179	Review application partitioning policies and procedures	user functionality is limited by group permission assignment			
prese	93 SC-2 (1) Application Partitioning: The ntation of information system management peneral (i.e., non-privileged) users. NSS	-related functionality at an interface			
180	Review application partitioning policies and procedures	user must enter privileged (.priv) credentials to access management functions of the system			
unaut	Test 94 SC-4 Information In Shared Resources: The information system prevents unauthorized and unintended information transfer via shared system resources. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
181	Review information in shared resources				
limit organ for c resou	95 SC-5 Denial Of Service Protection: The sthe effects of the following types of dization-defined list of types of denial current list]. NSS Defined Value Consumptions, destruction or alteration of configuration or alteration of network components	denial of service attacks: [Assignment of service attacks or reference to sou ion of scarce, limited, or non-renewab guration information, physical	: rce		

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
182	Review denial of service protection	Consumption of scarce, limited, or non-renewable resources, destruction or alteration of configuration information, physical destruction or alteration of network components	
abili	96 SC-5 (1) Denial Of Service Protection ty of users to launch denial of service a tworks. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined	attacks against other information syst	
183	Review denial of service protection		
commu withi throu accor	97 SC-7 Boundary Protection: The informa- nications at the external boundary of the n the system; and b. Connects to externa- gh managed interfaces consisting of bound dance with an organizational security are ed Value []	e system and at key internal boundarie l networks or information systems only dary protection devices arranged in	
184	# svcs network/ipfilter	ipfilter service is listed	
acces	98 SC-7 (1) Boundary Protection: The organished information system components to so cal network interfaces. NSS Defined Value	eparate sub-networks with separate	.y
185	Review boundary protection		
into	99 SC-7 (2) Boundary Protection: The info the organizations internal networks exce faces employing boundary protection device []	pt as appropriately mediated by manage	
186	Review boundary protection		
point	100 SC-7 (3) Boundary Protection: The org s to the information system to allow for utbound communications and network traff: []	more comprehensive monitoring of inbo	
187	# ipfstat -i	block in log quick on <network interface=""> from any to any</network>	
inter polic the c each durat organ are n	101 SC-7 (4) Boundary Protection: The organize for each external telecommunication y for each managed interface; (c) Employs onfidentiality and integrity of the information to the traffic flow policy with ion of that need; (e) Reviews exceptions ization-defined frequency] and (f) Remove o longer supported by an explicit mission least every 6 months, AF Defined Value	service; (b) Establishes a traffic flas security controls as needed to prote rmation being transmitted; (d) Documer has supporting mission/business need a to the traffic flow policy [Assignmer es traffic flow policy exceptions that n/business need. NSS Defined Value (e)	ect its ind it:
188	Review boundary protection policies and procedures	at least every 6 months	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
denie	102 SC-7 (5) Boundary Protection: The int s network traffic by default and allows of permit by exception). NSS Defined Value	network traffic by exception (i.e., de	
189	The system is in the global zone; Check the firewall rules for a default deny rule. # ipfstat -i	An example of a default deny rule is: block in log quick on ne3 from any to any. a default deny rule exists	
190			
that outsi	103 SC-7 (7) Boundary Protection: The in- have established a non-remote connection de of that communications path with reso [], AF Defined Value []	with the system from communicating	
191	Review boundary protection		
inter commu Offic	ed external networks] through authentical faces of boundary protection devices. NSS nications traffic, except traffic specifial or organizational policy (2) . ization, AF Defined Value [] Review boundary protection scheme	S Defined Value (1) all internal ically exempted by the Authorizing	
192	policies and procedures	traffic, except traffic specifically exempted by the Authorizing Official or organizational policy networks outside the control of the organization	
commu and r SC-7 conne defin	105 SC-7 (11) Boundary Protection: The in nications to ensure that the communication outed to an authorized destination. NSS I (14) Boundary Protection: The organization across the boundary protections in ed list of managed interfaces]. NSS Defin	Information system checks incoming cons are coming from an authorized sour Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] con protects against unauthorized physimplemented at [Assignment: organization of the value of the constant of the value of the constant of the value of	ical on-
and c 193	ontrolled interfaces., AF Defined Value Read system Interface Control Document	cross domain solutions and	
	and interview system administrators	controlled interfaces	
194	# ipfstat -io	Only approved incoming routes should be present	
bound	106 SC-7 (12) Boundary Protection: The in ary protection mechanisms for servers, we ed Value [], AF Defined Value []		ed

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
195	The system is in the global zone; Determine if the system is using a local firewall.	Local firewall is used	
	# svcs network/ipfilter		
organ compo subne AF De	107 SC-7 (13) Boundary Protection: The orization defined key information security ments] from other internal information systs with managed interfaces to other portifined Value at a minimum, vulnerable servers, and Computer Network Defense (tools, mechanisms, and support ystem components via physically separa ions of the system. NSS Defined Value ility scanning tools, audit log server	[],
196	Review boundary protection		
speci	109 SC-7 (18) Boundary Protection: The infic system components (or devices) components [], AF Defined Value []	nformation system prevents discovery o sing a managed interface. NSS Defined	f
197	Review boundary protection		
	110 SC-8 Transmission Integrity: The infomitted information. NSS Defined Value []		of
198	Review the system Interface control document (ICD)	Check for use of protocols that ensure integrity of transmissions (i.e. TCP which everyone uses)	
	111 SC-9 Transmission Confidentiality: T dentiality of transmitted information. N		[]
199	Review the system Interface control document (ICD)	Check for use of secure protocols in the ICD. The use of unsecured protocols is a finding.	
mecha unles measu	112 SC-9 (1) Transmission Confidentiality nisms to prevent unauthorized disclosure s otherwise protected by [Assignment: organisms]. NSS Defined Value A protected distracted for open storage., AF Defined	of information during transmission ganization-defined alternative physica ribution system or in a controlled acc	ı
200	Review the system Interface control document (ICD)	Check for use of secure protocols in the ICD. The use of unsecured protocols is a finding.	
confi	113 SC-9 (2) Transmission Confidentiality dentiality of information during aggregation for transmission. NSS Defined Value	tion, packaging, and transformation in	
201	Review the system Interface control document (ICD)	Check for use of secure protocols in the ICD. The use of unsecured protocols is a finding.	
conne [Assi	114 SC-10 Network Disconnect: The information associated with a communications segnment: organization-defined time period ore than 1 hour, AF Defined Value []	ession at the end of the session or af	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
202	Review network disconnect policies and procedures	not more than 1 hour			
commu syste infor Defin	Test 115 SC-11 Trusted Path: The information system establishes a trusted communications path between the user and the following security functions of the system: [Assignment: organization-defined security functions to include at a minimum, information system authentication and reauthentication]. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value at a minimum, information system authentication and reauthentication.				
203	Review trusted path policies and procedures	at a minimum, information system authentication and reauthentication			
crypt feder	116 SC-13 Use Of Cryptography: The informographic protections using cryptographic al laws, Executive Orders, directives, ponce. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Va	modules that comply with applicable olicies, regulations, standards, and			
204	Review use of cryptography				
valid from	Test 117 SC-13 (3) Use Of Cryptography: The organization employs, at a minimum, FIPS-validated cryptography to protect information when such information must be separated from individuals who have the necessary clearances yet lack the necessary access approvals. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
205	Review use of cryptography				
integ	118 SC-14 Public Access Protections: The rity and availability of publicly availaled Value [], AF Defined Value []				
206	Review public access protections				
remot [Assi allow the d Suite	Test 119 SC-15 Collaborative Computing Devices: The information system: a. Prohibits remote activation of collaborative computing devices with the following exceptions: [Assignment: organization-defined exceptions where remote activation is to be allowed]; and b. Provides an explicit indication of use to users physically present at the devices. NSS Defined Value a. Remote activation of centrally managed dedicated VTC Suites located in approved VTC locations, AF Defined Value []				
207	Review collaborative computing devices policies and procedures	Remote activation of centrally managed dedicated VTC Suites located in approved VTC locations			
physi	Test 120 SC-15 (1) Collaborative Computing Devices: The information system provides physical disconnect of collaborative computing devices in a manner that supports ease of use. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				
208	Review collaborative computing devices				
suppo messa	Test 121 SC-15 (2) Collaborative Computing Devices: The information system or supporting environment blocks both inbound and outbound traffic between instant messaging clients that are independently configured by end users and external service providers. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []				

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
209	If an Instant Messaging client is installed, ask the SA if it has access to any public domain IM servers.	No public domain access	

Test 122 SC-15 (3) Collaborative Computing Devices: The organization disables or removes collaborative computing devices from information systems in [Assignment: organization-defined secure work areas]. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value . . areas not approved for collaborative computing devices.

210	Review collaborative computing devices	areas not approved for	
	policies and procedures	collaborative computing devices.	

Test 123 SC-17 Public Key Infrastructure Certificates: The organization issues public key certificates under an [Assignment: organization defined certificate policy] or obtains public key certificates under an appropriate certificate policy from an approved service provider. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value . . . DNI or DoD certificate policy, as appropriate

211	Review public key infrastructure	
	certificates	

Test 124 SC-18 Mobile Code: The organization: a. Defines acceptable and unacceptable mobile code and mobile code technologies; b. Establishes usage restrictions and implementation guidance for acceptable mobile code and mobile code technologies; and c. Authorizes, monitors, and controls the use of mobile code within the information system. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

212	Review mobile code	No mobile code	
	VEATEM HIDDITE COME	INO IIIODI LE COGE	i

Test 125 SC-18 (1) Mobile Code: The information system implements detection and inspection mechanisms to identify unauthorized mobile code and takes corrective actions, when necessary. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []

actio	ns, when necessary. NSS Defined Value [],	AF Defined Value []	
213	Review mobile code	No mobile code	

Test 126 SC-18 (2) Mobile Code: The organization ensures the acquisition, development, and/or use of mobile code to be deployed in information systems meets [Assignment: organization-defined mobile code requirements]. NSS Defined Value (a) Emerging mobile code technologies that have not undergone a risk assessment and been assigned to a Risk Category by the CIO are not used.

- (b) Category 1 mobile code is signed with a code signing certificate; use of unsigned Category 1 mobile code is prohibited; use of Category 1 mobile code technologies that cannot block or disable unsigned mobile code (e.g., Windows Scripting Host) is prohibited.
- (c) Category 2 mobile code which executes in a constrained environment without access to system resources (e.g., Windows registry, file system, system parameters, and network connections to other than the originating host) may be used.
- (d) Category 2 mobile code that does not execute in a constrained environment may be used when obtained from a trusted source over an assured channel (e.g., SIPRNet, SSL connection, S/MIME, code is signed with an approved code signing certificate).
- (e) Category 3 (mobile code having limited functionality, with no capability for unmediated access to the services and resources of a computing platform) mobile code may be used., AF Defined Value []

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
214	Review mobile code	(a) Emerging mobile code technologies that have not undergone a risk assessment and been assigned to a Risk Category by the CIO are not used.	
		(b) Category 1 mobile code is signed with a code signing certificate; use of unsigned Category 1 mobile code is prohibited; use of Category 1 mobile code technologies that cannot block or disable unsigned mobile code (e.g., Windows Scripting Host) is prohibited.	
		(c) Category 2 mobile code which executes in a constrained environment without access to system resources (e.g., Windows registry, file system, system parameters, and network connections to other than the originating host) may be used.	
		(d) Category 2 mobile code that does not execute in a constrained environment may be used when obtained from a trusted source over an assured channel (e.g., SIPRNet, SSL connection, S/MIME, code is signed with an approved code signing certificate).	
		(e) Category 3 (mobile code having limited functionality, with no capability for unmediated access to the services and resources of a computing platform) mobile code may be used.	
	127 SC-18 (3) Mobile Code: The information of prohibited mobile code. NSS Defi		l.
215	Review mobile code		
execu	128 SC-18 (4) Mobile Code: The information of mobile code in [Assignment: organization-defined value e-mail prompting	nization-defined software applications d actions] prior to executing the code	
216	Review mobile code	e-mail	
		prompting the user	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
resti techr malic	129 SC-19 Voice Over Internet Protocol: rictions and implementation guidance for nologies based on the potential to cause ciously; b. Authorizes, monitors, and conrmation system. NSS Defined Value [], AF	Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) damage to the information system if us trols the use of VoIP within the	
217	Review voice over Internet Protocol		
infor	130 SC-20 Secure Name / Address Resolution rmation system provides additional data o authoritative data the system returns in ies. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Val	rigin and integrity artifacts along wi response to name/address resolution	
218	Review Secure Name / Address Resolution Service (Authoritative Source) policies and procedures	Known IP address resolves to expected URL	
names (if t	information system, when operating as par space, provides the means to indicate the the child supports secure resolution servet among parent and child domains. NSS Define Review Secure Name / Address Resolution Service (Authoritative Source) policies and procedures	security status of child subspaces an ices) enable verification of a chain o	
inteq from	lver): The information system performs da grity verification on the name/address re authoritative sources when requested by ned Value [] Review Secure Name / Address Resolution Service (Authoritative	solution responses the system receives	
Reso integ	Source) policies and procedures 133 SC-21 (1) Secure Name / Address Resolver): The information system performs dagrity verification on all resolution respicitly request this service. NSS Defined Review Secure Name / Address	ta origin authentication and data onses whether or not local clients	
221	Resolution Service (Authoritative Source) policies and procedures	expected URL	
The i	134 SC-22 Architecture And Provisioning information systems that collectively prorganization are fault-tolerant and implem Defined Value []	vide name/address resolution service f	or
222	Review Architecture And Provisioning For Name / Address Resolution Service		
	135 SC-23 Session Authenticity: The infoect the authenticity of communications se		ed

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
223	Review Session Authenticity			
ident	136 SC-23 (1) Session Authenticity: The ifiers upon user logout or other session ed Value []			
224	Review Session Authenticity	Successful login and logout of session with no information remaining in the login box		
obser	137 SC-23 (2) Session Authenticity: The s vable logout capability whenever authents . NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value	ication is used to gain access to web		
225	Review Session Authenticity	System does not have the capability to access web pages.		
sessi	138 SC-23 (3) Session Authenticity: The son identifier for each session and recogn m-generated. NSS Defined Value [], AF Def	nizes only session identifiers that ar	е	
226	Review Session Authenticity			
sessi NSS D lengt	139 SC-23 (4) Session Authenticity: The son identifiers with [Assignment: organization of the control of the co	ation-defined randomness requirements]		
227	and procedures	identifier length of at least 128 bits		
organ failu failu failu to op	Test 140 SC-24 Fail In Known State: The information system fails to a [Assignment: organization-defined known-state] for [Assignment: organization-defined types of failures] preserving [Assignment: organization-defined system state information] in failure. NSS Defined Value (1) known secure state (2) all types of failures (3) information necessary to determine cause of failure and to return to operations with least disruption to mission/ business processes, AF Defined Value []			
228	Review fail in known state policies and procedures	(1) known secure state (2) all types of failures (3) information necessary to determine cause of failure and to return to operations with least disruption to mission/ business processes		
	141 SC-28 Protection Of Information At Red dentiality and integrity of information a []			
229	Ask the SA if a root kit check tool is run on the system weekly.	A root kit check is run weekly.		
infor	142 SC-32 Information System Partitioning mation system into components residing in onments) as deemed necessary. NSS Defined	n separate physical domains (or		

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
230	Determine if the /export/home path is a separate file system.	result is returned, /export/home is a separate file system	
	# grep /export/home /etc/vfstab	not applicable if ZFS is used for home directories	
231	Determine the audit log data path. # grep "^dir:" /etc/security/audit_control Determine if the audit log data path is a separate filesystem. # grep <audit data="" path=""> /etc/vfstab</audit>	result is returned, the audit data path is on a separate filesystem	
232	Determine if the /tmp path is a separate file system. # grep /tmp /etc/vfstab	result is returned, /tmp is on a separate file system OR /tmp is mounted on a memory or swap based file system	
233	Ask the SA if this is an NMS server. If it is an NMS server, then ask what other applications run on it.	If NMS, ONLY used for network management software and DBMS software used only for the storage and inquiry of NMS data	
234	Ask the SA if the system is a designated router. If yes, Check the system for non-routing network services. Procedure: # netstat -a grep -i listen # ps -ef	No non-routing services, including Web servers, file servers, DNS servers, or applications servers, but excluding management services, such as SSH and SNMP, are running on the system	
235	Ask the SA if the system boots from removable media. If so, ask if the boot media is stored in a secure container when not in use.	Media stored in a secure container	
236	Review the system architecture, drawings and system documentation.	The system is separated into physically separate domains where appropriate and the information system utilizes logical separation via zones for additional separation within the system.	
updat	143 SI-3 (2) Malicious Code Protection: es malicious code protection mechanisms ed Value [], AF Defined Value []	The information system automatically (including signature definitions). NSS	
237	# cd <virus definition="" folder=""></virus>		
		•	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
238	# ls -la clean.dat names.dat scan.dat	The dat files are newer than 7 days old		
privi	144 SI-3 (3) Malicious Code Protection: leged users from circumventing malicious ed Value [], AF Defined Value []			
239	Review Malicious Code Protection			
intro	145 SI-3 (5) Malicious Code Protection: duce removable media into the informationed Value []		to	
240	Interview site personnel and review local site policies to determine what policy and countermeasures are in place to prevent users from using removable media on the system	Site policy explicitly denies the use of removable media on the system.		
strat essen speci of in risk Natio credi infor Execu Defin SI-4 indiv using	the information system in accordance with [Assignment: organization-defined monitoring objectives] and detects information system attacks; c. Deploys monitoring devices: (i) strategically within the information system to collect organization-determined essential information; and (ii) at ad hoc locations within the system to track specific types of transactions of interest to the organization; d. Heightens the level of information system monitoring activity whenever there is an indication of increased risk to organizational operations and assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation based on law enforcement information, intelligence information, or other credible sources of information; and e. Obtains legal opinion with regard to information system monitoring activities in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, or regulations. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value a. IC IRC and AF ISR IRC objectives SI-4 (1) Information System Monitoring: The organization interconnects and configures individual intrusion detection tools into a system-wide intrusion detection system using common protocols. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value [] SI-4 (2) Information System Monitoring: The organization employs automated tools to support near real-time analysis of events. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []			
241	# ps -ef grep <hbss agent=""></hbss>	The service should be present.		
inbou	Test 149 SI-4 (4) Information System Monitoring: The information system monitors inbound and outbound communications for unusual or unauthorized activities or conditions. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []			
242	Review Information System Monitoring			
real- occur Value mecha	150 SI-4 (5) Information System Monitoring time alerts when the following indication: [Assignment: organization-defined lister], AF Defined Value audit records nisms, intrusion detection or prevention nisms such as firewalls, gateways, and records and records or prevention or	ns of compromise or potential compromi of compromise indicators]. NSS Define s, alerts from malicious code detection mechanisms, boundary protection	.se ed	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F
243	Review information system monitoring policies and procedures	audit records, alerts from malicious code detection mechanisms, intrusion detection or prevention mechanisms, boundary protection mechanisms such as firewalls, gateways, and routers.	
privi	151 SI-4 (6) Information System Monitori leged users from circumventing intrusion Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []		
244	Check permissions on IPfilter settings		
245	Check permissions on antivirus settings		
list [], A disru	and/or by role)] of suspicious events an of least-disruptive actions to terminate AF Defined Value 1 incident respons uptive action to terminate suspicious everyidual system. Review information system monitoring	suspicious events]. NSS Defined Value e personnel 2 the least nts as determined appropriate for the (1) incident response	
	policies and procedures	personnel	
		(2) the least disruptive action to terminate suspicious events as determined appropriate for the individual system.	
commu	153 SI-4 (11) Information System Monitor Inications traffic at the external bounda as deemed necessary, at selected interioets, subsystems) to discover anomalies. No Interview (DPOC) network administrators about outbound communications monitoring.	(2) the least disruptive action to terminate suspicious events as determined appropriate for the individual system. ing: The organization analyzes outbourry of the system (i.e., system perimetr points within the system (e.g.,	er)
commu and, subne 247 Test intru	inications traffic at the external bounda as deemed necessary, at selected interio ets, subsystems) to discover anomalies. N Interview (DPOC) network administrators about outbound	(2) the least disruptive action to terminate suspicious events as determined appropriate for the individual system. ing: The organization analyzes outbourry of the system (i.e., system perimetry points within the system (e.g., SS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value The DPOC analyzes outbound communications at the external boundary of the system. ing: The organization employs an secommunications traffic as the traffic	ic (er)
commu and, subne 247 Test intru passe	Inications traffic at the external bounda as deemed necessary, at selected interiors, subsystems) to discover anomalies. No interview (DPOC) network administrators about outbound communications monitoring. 154 SI-4 (15) Information System Monitor usion detection system to monitor wireles	(2) the least disruptive action to terminate suspicious events as determined appropriate for the individual system. ing: The organization analyzes outbourry of the system (i.e., system perimetry points within the system (e.g., SS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value The DPOC analyzes outbound communications at the external boundary of the system. ing: The organization employs an secommunications traffic as the traffic	[]
commu and, subne 247 Test intru passe 248 Test infor	Inications traffic at the external bounda as deemed necessary, at selected interio ets, subsystems) to discover anomalies. No interview (DPOC) network administrators about outbound communications monitoring. 154 SI-4 (15) Information System Monitor is in detection system to monitor wireless from wireless to wireline networks. No interview information system monitoring policies and procedures 155 SI-4 (16) Information System Monitor imation from monitoring tools employed the eve organization-wide situational awarene	(2) the least disruptive action to terminate suspicious events as determined appropriate for the individual system. ing: The organization analyzes outbourry of the system (i.e., system perimetry points within the system (e.g., SS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value The DPOC analyzes outbound communications at the external boundary of the system. ing: The organization employs an scommunications traffic as the traffic S Defined Value [], AF Defined Value No wireless networks deployed. ing: The organization correlates roughout the information system to	[]

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
Test corre organ appro perio down; when	Test 156 SI-6 Security Functionality Verification: The information system verifies the correct operation of security functions [Selection (one or more): [Assignment: organization-defined system transitional states]; upon command by user with appropriate privilege; periodically every [Assignment: organization-defined time-period]] and [Selection (one or more): notifies system administrator; shuts the system down; restarts the system; [Assignment: organization-defined alternative action(s)]] when anomalies are discovered. NSS Defined Value 3 notifies system administrator, AF Defined Value 1 upon system startup and/or restart 2 at least every 90 days			
250	Check virus scanning and review security functionality verification policies and procedures	<pre>(1) upon system startup and/or restart (2) at least every 90 days (3) notifies system administrator</pre>		
251	# ipfstat -io			
252	<pre># more /etc/security/audit_startup</pre>	"/usr/sbin/auditconfig -setpolicy +ahlt" should be present to cause shutdown of the system in the event of audits being full		
autom	verification Test 158 SI-6 (3) Security Functionality Verification: The information system provides automated support for the management of distributed security testing. NSS Defined			
Value 254	Review security functionality			
at in compu trans commo defin	Test 159 SI-8 Spam Protection: The organization: a. Employs spam protection mechanisms at information system entry and exit points and at workstations, servers, or mobile computing devices on the network to detect and take action on unsolicited messages transported by electronic mail, electronic mail attachments, web accesses, or other common means; and b. Updates spam protection mechanisms (including signature definitions) when new releases are available in accordance with organizational configuration management policy and procedures. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value			
255	# find / -name sendmail.cf	The file should not be found		
	160 SI-8 (1) Spam Protection: The organizations in the Incident NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []		on	
256	(N/A since mail is not used on the system enterprise)	em and throughout the ORGANIZATION		
prote	161 SI-8 (2) Spam Protection: The information mechanisms (including signature de led Value []		ım	

Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F		
257	(N/A since mail is not used on the systenterprise)	em and throughout the ORGANIZATION			
Test 162 SI-9 Information Input Restrictions: The organization restricts the capability to input information to the information system to authorized personnel. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []					
258	Interview site personnel and read through the site access control policy and access control list.	Checks and balances are in place to ensure only authorized personnel have access to the system.			
259	Attempt to access the system without credentials	You cannot access the system without access control credentials.			
Test 163 SI-10 Information Input Validation: The information system checks the validity of information inputs. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []					
260	Review information input validation				
information necessary for corrective actions without revealing [Assignment: organization-defined sensitive or potentially harmful information] in error logs and administrative messages that could be exploited by adversaries; and c. Reveals error messages only to authorized personnel. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value b sensitive or potentially harmful information					
		rw-r for all files and directories in these directories. If the permissions include a "+", then the file has an extended ACL. If an extended ACL exists, verify	•		
		with the SA that it is required to support the software.			
Test 165 SI-12 Information Output Handling And Retention: The organization handles and retains both information within and output from the information system in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and operational requirements. NSS Defined Value [], AF Defined Value []					
262	Review information output handling and retention policies and procedures	organization handles and retains both information within and output from the information system in accordance with applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards, and operational requirements			

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Step	Step Description	Expected Results/Comments	P/F	
Notes:				

4.2 Reporting

A final After Action Report (AAR) will be provided to all [ORGANIZATIONAL] stakeholders within 30 days of completion of demonstration execution.