

In this practice Packet Tracer Skills Based Assessment, you will:

- · configure basic device hardening and secure network management
- configure port security and disable unused switch ports
- configure an IOS IPS
- configure a Zone-based Policy Firewall (ZPF) to implement security policies

Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	DNS server
Internet	S0/0/0	209.165.200.225	255.255.255.252	n/a	
	S0/0/1	192.31.7.1	255.255.255.252	n/a	
	G0/0	192.135.250.1	255.255.255.0	n/a	
Public Svr	NIC	192.135.250.5	255.255.255.0	192.135.250.1	
External	S0/0/0	S0/0/0	255.255.255.252	n/a	
	G0/0	192.31.7.62	255.255.255.224	n/a	
External Web Svr	NIC	192.31.7.35	255.255.255.224	192.31.7.62	192.135.250.5

External User	NIC	192.31.7.33	255.255.255.224	192.31.7.62	192.135.250.5
CORP	S0/0/0	209.165.200.226	255.255.255.252	n/a	
	S0/0/1	209.165.200.254	255.255.255.252	n/a	
Internal	S0/0/1	209.165.200.253	255.255.255.252	n/a	
	G0/0	10.1.1.254	255.255.255.0	n/a	
	G0/1.10	172.16.10.254	255.255.255.0	n/a	
	G0/1.25	172.16.25.254	255.255.255.0	n/a	
	G0/1.99	172.16.99.1	255.255.255.0	n/a	
DMZ DNS Svr	NIC	10.1.1.5	255.255.255.0	10.1.1.254	192.135.250.5
DMZ Web Svr	NIC	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.0	10.1.1.254	10.1.1.5
PC0	NIC	172.16.10.5	255.255.255.0	172.16.10.254	10.1.1.5
PC1	NIC	172.16.10.10	255.255.255.0	172.16.10.254	10.1.1.5
AAA/NTP/ Syslog Svr	NIC	172.16.25.2	255.255.255.0	172.16.25.254	10.1.1.5
PC2	NIC	172.16.10.15	255.255.255.0	172.16.10.254	10.1.1.5
Net Admin	NIC	172.16.25.5	255.255.255.0	172.16.25.254	10.1.1.5

Note: Appropriate verification procedures should be taken after each configuration task to ensure that it has been properly implemented.

Step 1: Configure Basic Device Hardening for the CORP and the Internal Routers.

- 1. Configure the CORP and the Internal routers to only accept passwords with a minimum length of 10 characters.
- 2. Configure an encrypted privileged level password of ciscoclass.
- 3. Enable password encryption for all clear text passwords in the configuration file.
- 4. Configure the console port and all vty lines with the following requirements:**Note:** Both the CORP and the Internal routers are already configured with the username **CORPADMIN** and password **Ciscoccnas**.

- Use the local database for login.
- Disconnect after being idle for 20 minutes.
- 5. Disable the CDP protocol on the CORP router on the link to the Internet router.

Step 2: Configure Secure Network Management for the CORP Router.

Configure the IOS login enhancement for all vty lines with the following requirements:

- Disable logins for 30 seconds after 3 failed login attempts within 60 seconds.

Step 3: Configure Secure Network Management for the Internal Router.

- 1. Configure the Internal router:
- as an NTP client to the AAA/NTP/Syslog server
- to update the router calendar (hardware clock) from the NTP time source
- to timestamp log messages
- to send logging messages to the AAA/NTP/Syslog server
- 2. Configure the IOS login enhancement for all vty lines with the following requirements:
- Disable logins for 30 seconds after 3 failed login attempts within 60 seconds.
- Log any failed or successful login to the syslog server.
- 3. Configure the Internal router to accept SSH connections. Use the following guidelines:Note: Internal is already configured with the username **SSHAccess** and the secret password ciscosshaccess.
- The domain name is theccnas.com.
- RSA encryption key pair using a modulus of 1024
- SSH version 2, timeout of 90 seconds, and 2 authentication retries
- All vty lines accept only SSH connections.
- 4. Configure the Internal router with server-based AAA authentication and verify its functionality:Note: The AAA server is already configured with RADIUS service, a username **CORPSYS**, and the password **LetSysIn**.
- The key to connect to the RADIUS server is corpradius.
- AAA authentication uses the RADIUS server as the default for console line and vty lines access.
- The local database is used as the backup if the RADIUS server connection cannot be established.

Step 4: Configure ACLs on the Internal Router to Implement Secure Management Access.

Create ACL 12 to implement the security policy regarding the access to the vty lines:

Only users logged on to the Net Admin PC are allowed access to the vty lines.

Step 5: Configure Device Hardening for Switch1 and Switch4

1. Access Switch1 and Switch4 with username **CORPADMIN**, password **Ciscoccnas**, and the enable secret password of **ciscoclass**.

- 2. Configure Switch1 to protect against STP attacks.
- Configure PortFast on FastEthernet ports 0/1 to 0/22.
- Enable BPDU guard on FastEthernet ports 0/1 to 0/22.
- 3. Configure Switch1 port security and disable unused ports.
- Set the maximum number of learned MAC addresses to 2 on FastEthernet ports 0/1 to 0/22. Allow the MAC address to be learned dynamically and to be retained in the running-config. Shutdown the port if a violation occurs.
- Disable unused ports (Fa0/2-4, Fa0/6-10, Fa0/13-22).
- 4. Configure the trunk link on Fa0/23 and Fa0/24 on both Switch1 and Switch4
- Disable DTP negotiation on the trunking ports.
- Set the native VLAN as VLAN 50 for the trunk links.

Step 6: Configure an IOS IPS on the Internal Router.

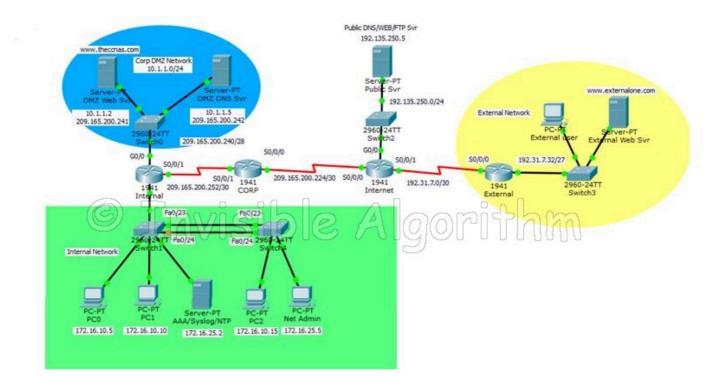
- 1. On the Internal router, if asked to login, then login as **CORPSYS** with password **LetSysIn**. The enable secret password is **ciscoclass**.
- 2. Use the IPS signature storage location at flash:.
- 3. Create an IPS rule named corpips.
- 4. Configure the IOS IPS to use the signature categories. Retire the all signature category and unretire the **ios_ips basic** category.
- 5. Apply the IPS rule to the Gi0/0 interface in the out direction.
- 6. Modify the **ios_ips basic** category. Unretire the **echo request** signature (signature 2004, subsig 0); enable the signature; modify the signature **event-action** to produce an alert and deny packets that match the signature.
- 7. Verify that IPS is working properly. Net Admin in the internal network cannot ping DMZ Web Svr. DMZ Web Svr, however, can ping Net Admin.

Step 7: Configure ZPF on the CORP Router.

- 1. Access the CORP router with username **CORPADMIN**, password **Ciscoccnas**, and the enable secret password of **ciscoclass**.
- 2. Create the firewall zones.
- Create an internal zone named CORP-INSIDE.
- Create an external zone named INTERNET.
- 3. Define a traffic class to allow traffic from the Internal network to access services in the Internet.
- Create a class map using the option of class map type inspect with the match-any keyword. Name the class map INSIDE_PROTOCOLS.
- Match the protocols, http, tcp, udp, icmp, dns (Please note, the order of match statements is significant only because of the scoring need in Packet Tracer.)
- 4. Specify firewall policies to allow internal hosts to access Internet.
- Create a policy map named INSIDE_TO_INTERNET.
- Use the INSIDE_PROTOCOLS class map.
- Specify the action of inspect for this policy map.

- 5. Define a traffic class to allow traffic from the Internet to access services in the DMZ network.
- Create a class map using the option of **class map type inspect** with the match-any keyword. Name the class map DMZ_WEB.
- Match the protocols, http and dns (Please note, the order of match statements is significant only because of the scoring need in Packet Tracer.)
- 6. Specify firewall policy to allow Internet traffic to access DMZ services.
- Create a policy map named INTERNET_TO_DMZWEB.
- Use the DMZ_WEB class map.
- Specify the action of pass for this policy map.
- 7. Apply the firewall.
- Create a pair of zones named IN_TO_OUT_ZONE with the source as CORP-INSIDE and destination as INTERNET.
- Specify the policy map **INSIDE_TO_INTERNET** for handling the traffic between the two zones.
- Create a pair of zones named **INTERNET_TO_DMZ_ZONE** with the source as INTERNET and destination as CORP-INSIDE.
- Assign interfaces to the appropriate security zones.
- 8. Verify the ZPF configuration.
- The External user can access the URLs http://www.theccnas.com and http://www.externalone.com.
- The External user cannot ping the DMZ Web Svr.
- The PCs in the internal network can ping and access the External Web Svr URL.

**** End Of Question ****



ROUTER CORP

enable
configure terminal

```
security passwords min-length 10
enable secret ciscoclass
service password-encryption
line console 0
login local
exec-timeout 20 0
line vty 0 15
login local
exec-timeout 20 0
exit
interface serial0/0/0
no cdp enable
login block-for 30 attempts 3 within 60
zone security CORP-INSIDE
exit
zone security INTERNET
exit
class-map type inspect match-any INSIDE_PROTOCOLS
match protocol http
match protocol tcp
match protocol udp
match protocol icmp
match protocol dns
policy-map type inspect INSIDE_TO_INTERNET
class type inspect INSIDE_PROTOCOLS
inspect
exit
exit
class-map type inspect match-any DMZ_WEB
match protocol http
match protocol dns
exit
policy-map type inspect INTERNET_TO_DMZWEB
class type inspect DMZ_WEB
pass
exit
exit
zone-pair security IN_TO_OUT_ZONE source CORP-INSIDE destination INTERNET
service-policy type inspect INSIDE_TO_INTERNET
exit
zone-pair security INTERNET_TO_DMZ_ZONE source INTERNET destination CORP-INS]
service-policy type inspect INTERNET_TO_DMZWEB
exit
interface serial0/0/0
zone-member security INTERNET
exit
interface serial0/0/1
zone-member security CORP-INSIDE
exit
```

Router INTERNAL

```
enable
configure terminal
security passwords min-length 10
enable secret ciscoclass
service password-encryption
login on-failure log
login on-success log
line console 0
login local
exec-timeout 20 0
line vty 0 15
login local
exec-timeout 20 0
exit
interface serial0/0/0
no cdp enable
login block-for 30 attempts 3 within 60
ntp server 172.16.25.2 key 0
ntp update-calendar
service timestamps log datetime msec
logging host 172.16.25.2
ip domain-name theccnas.com
crypto key generate rsa
1024
ip ssh version 2
ip ssh time-out 90
ip ssh authentication-retries 2
line vty 0 4
transport input ssh
exit
line vty 5 15
transport input ssh
exit
aaa new-model
Radius-server host 172.16.25.2 key corpradius
aaa authentication login default group radius local
aaa authorization exec default local
line vty 0 4
login authentication default
line vtv 5 15
login authentication default
line con 0
login authentication default
exit
access-list 12 permit host 172.16.25.5
line vty 0 15
access-class 12 in
exit
```

```
ip ips config location flash:
ip ips name corpips
ip ips signature-category
category all
retired true
exit
category ios_ips basic
retired false
exit
exit
interface Gi0/0
ip ips corpips out
exit
ip ips signature-definition
signature 2004 0
status
retired false
enable true
exit
engine
event-action produce-alert
event-action deny-packet-inline
exit
exit
exit
exit
```

Switch1 Config

```
configure terminal
interface range fastEthernet0/1-22
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
switchport port-security
switchport port-security violation shutdown
switchport port-security mac-address sticky
switchport port-security maximum 2
exit
interface range fastethernet 0/2-4
shutdown
interface range fastethernet 0/6-10
shutdown
interface range fastethernet 0/13-22
shutdown
exit
interface range fa0/23-24
switchport nonegotiate
switchport trunk native vlan 50
```

Switch 4

configure terminal interface range fa0/23-24 switchport mode trunk switchport nonegotiate switchport trunk native vlan 50