

Lifecycle Methods

Component Mount

A React component *mounts* when it renders to the DOM for the first time. If it's already mounted, a component can be rendered again if it needs to change its appearance or content.

Unmounting Lifecycle Method

React supports one unmounting lifecycle method, componentWillUnmount, which will be called right before a component is removed from the DOM.

componentWillUnmount() is used to do any necessary cleanup (canceling any timers or intervals, for example) before the component disappears.

Note that the this.setState() method should not be called inside componentWillUnmount() because the component will not be re-rendered.

Component Mounting Phase

A component "mounts" when it renders for the first time. When a component mounts, it automatically calls these three methods, in the order of:

- constructor()
- 2. render()
- 3. componentDidUpdate()

Lifecycle Phases

There are three categories of lifecycle methods: mounting, updating, and unmounting.

A component "mounts" when it renders for the first time. This is when mounting lifecycle methods get called

The first time that a component instance renders, it does not update. Starting with the second render, a component updates every time that it renders. A component's unmounting period occurs when the component is removed from the DOM. This could happen if the DOM is rerendered without the component, or if the user navigates to a different website or closes their web browser.

```
componentWillUnmount(prevProps,
prevState) {
    clearInterval(this.interval);
}
```

Mounting Lifecycle Methods

React supports three mounting lifecycle methods for component classes: componentWillMount(), render(), and componentDidMount(). componentWillMount() will be called first followed by the render() method and finally the componentDidMount() method.

Updating Lifecycle Method

When a component updates, shouldComponentUpdate() gets called after componentWillReceiveProps(), but still before the rendering begins. It automatically receives two arguments: nextProps and nextState.

shouldComponentUpdate() should return either true or false. The best way to use this method is to have it return false only under certain conditions. If those conditions are met, then your component will not update.

```
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```

```
shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps,
nextState) {
   if ((this.props.text == nextProps.text)
&&
        (this.state.subtext ==
nextState.subtext)) {
        return false;
    } else {
        return true;
    }
}
```