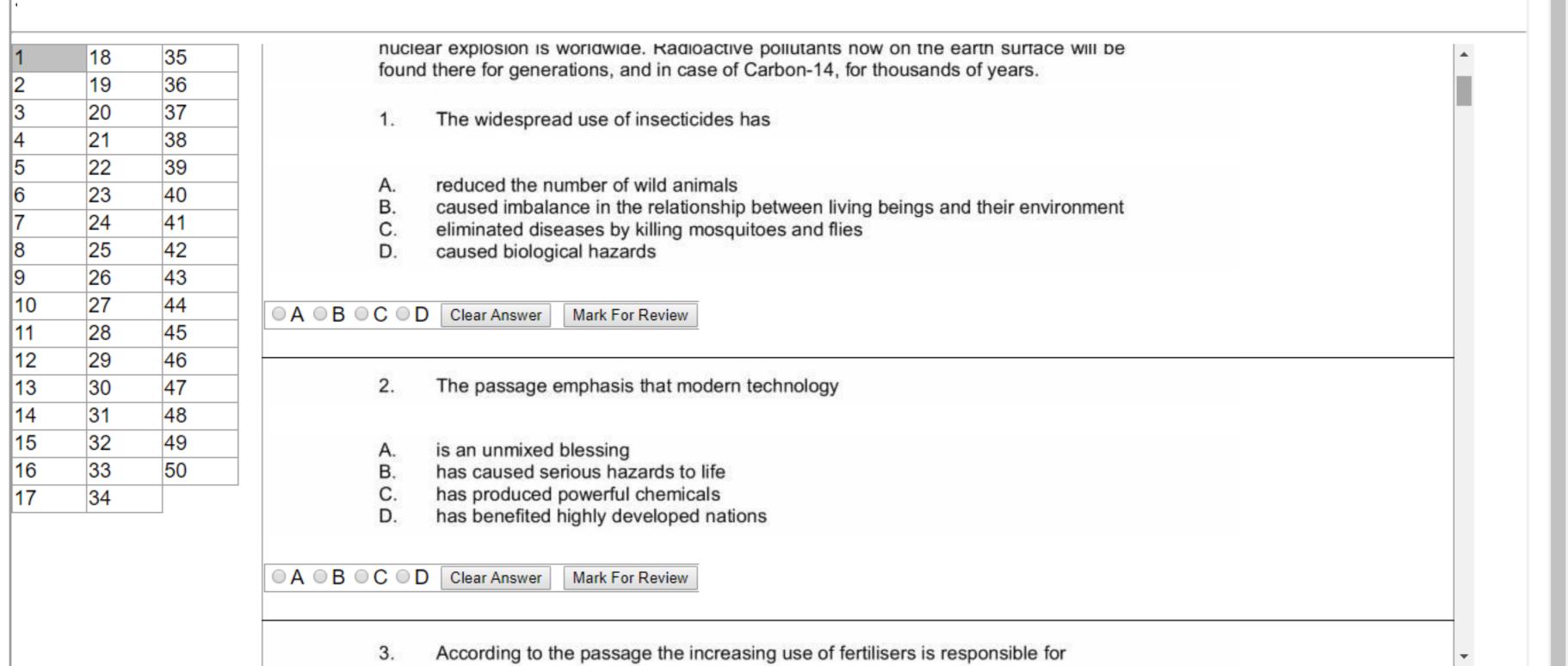
1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	

(Q1-Q5) The assault on the purity of the environment is the price that we pay for many of the benefits of modern technology. For the advantage of automotive transportation, we pay a price in smog-induced diseases; for the powerful effects of new insecticides, we pay a price in dwindling wildlife and disturbances in the relation of living things and their surroundings; for nuclear power, we risk the biological hazards of radiation. By increasing agricultural production with fertilizers, we worsen water population.

The highly developed nations of the world are not only the immediate beneficiaries of the good that technology can do, that are also the first victims of environmental diseases that technology breeds. In the past, the environmental effects which accompanied technological progress were restricted to a small and relatively short time. Modern air pollutants cover vast areas of continents: Radioactive fallout from the nuclear explosion is worldwide. Radioactive pollutants now on the earth surface will be found there for generations, and in case of Carbon-14, for thousands of years.

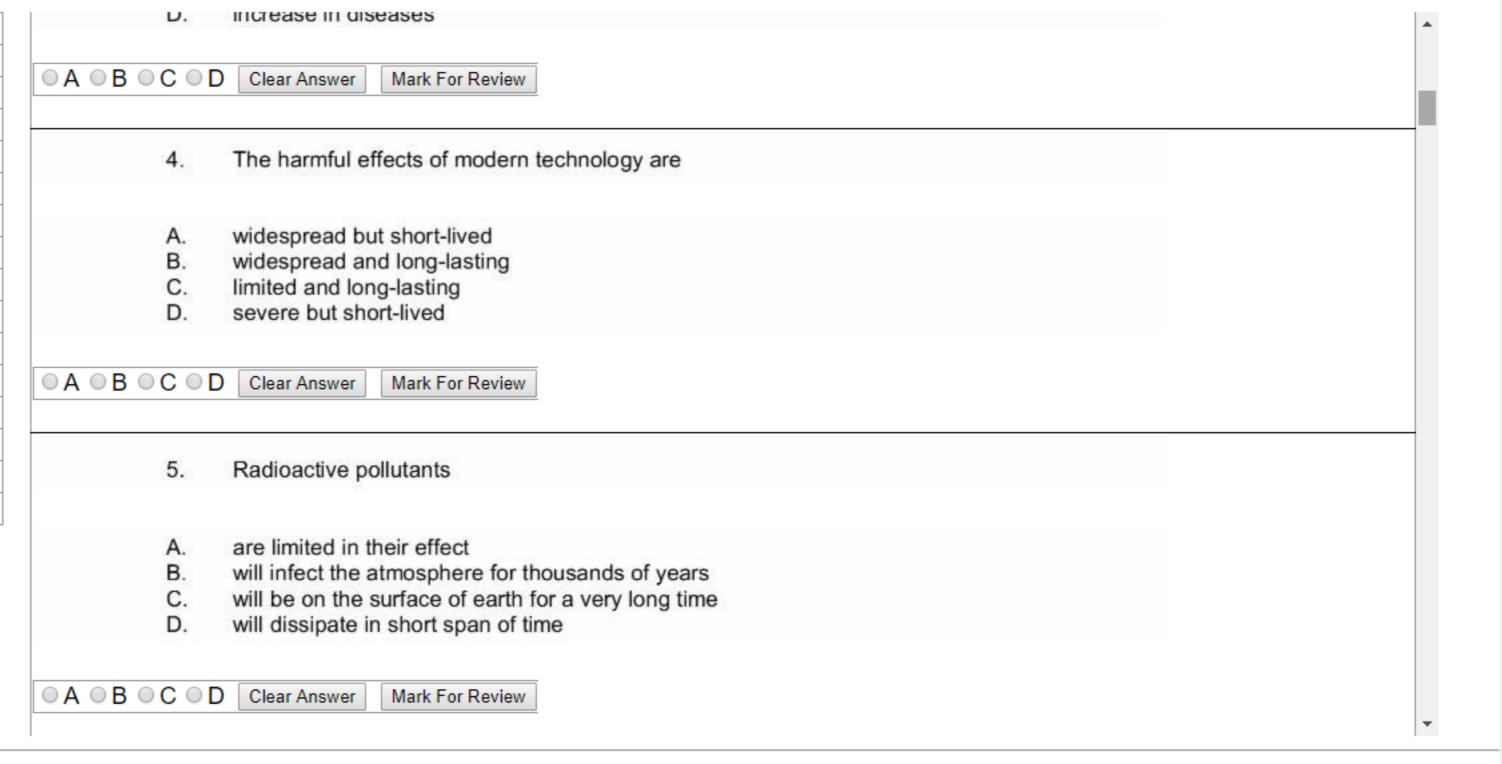
- The widespread use of insecticides has
- A. reduced the number of wild animals
- B. caused imbalance in the relationship between living beings and their environment
- eliminated diseases by killing mosquitoes and flies
- D. caused biological hazards

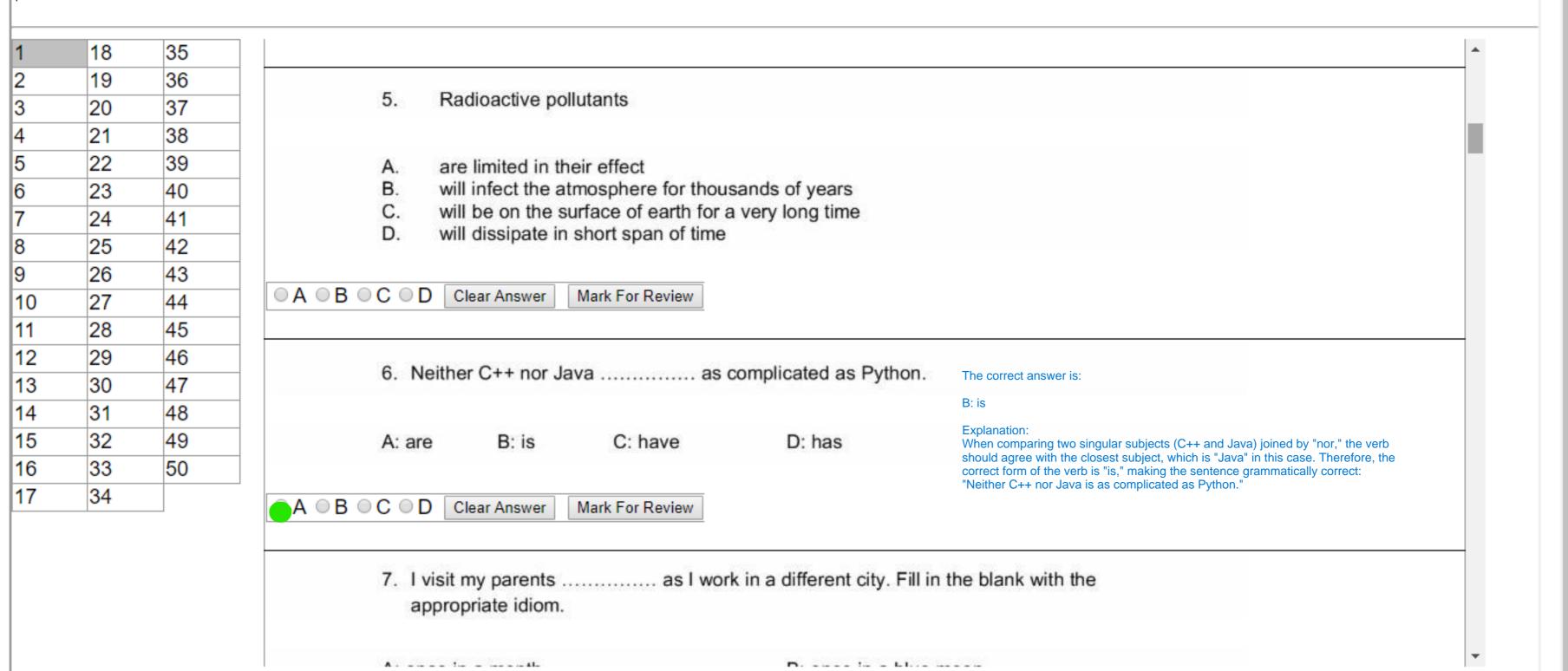


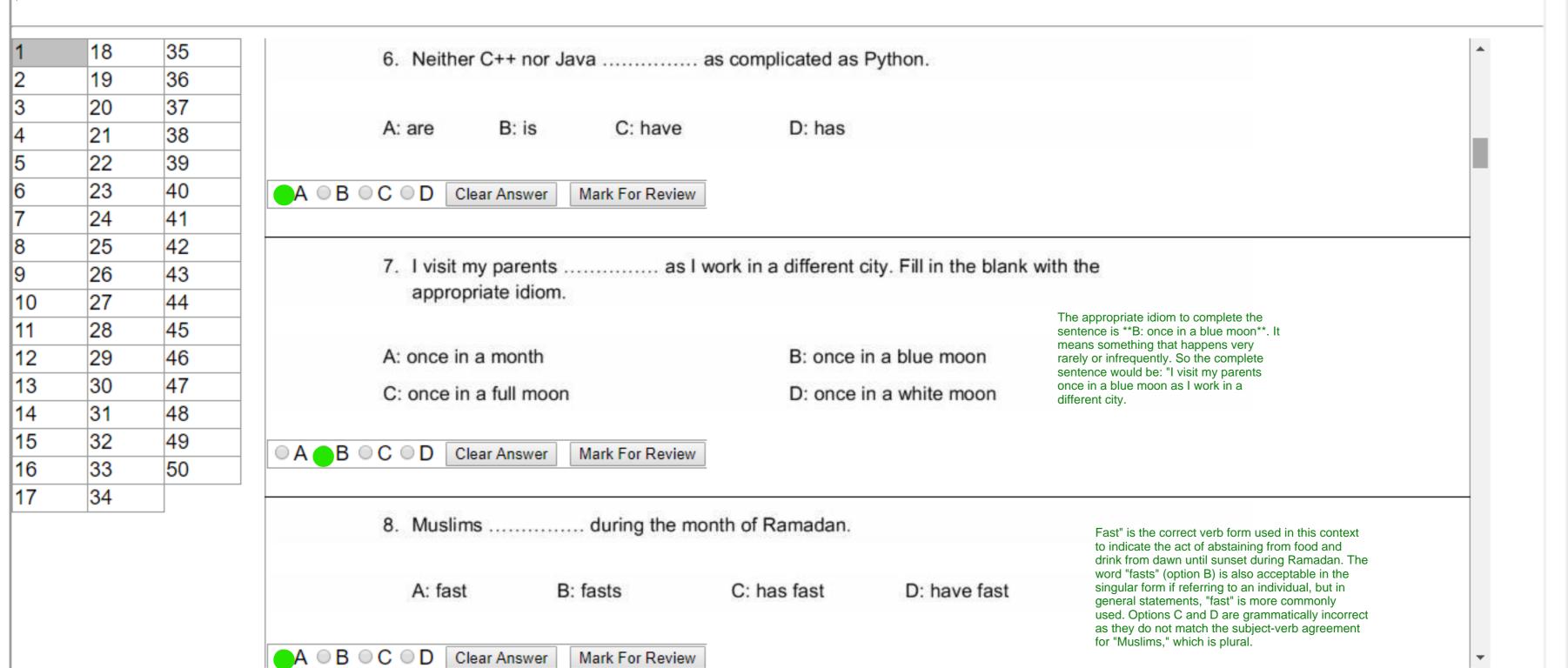


1	18	35	C. has produced powerful chemicals	
2	19	36	D. has benefited highly developed nations	
3	20	37		
4	21	38	O A O B O C O D Clear Answer Mark For Review	
5	22	39	Mark For Review	
6	23	40		
7	24	41	 According to the passage the increasing use of fertilisers is responsible for 	
3	25	42		
9	26	43	A shundanes of food	
10	27	44	abundance of food B. disturbance in the ecological system	
11	28	45	C. water pollution	
12	29	46	D. increase in diseases	
13	30	47		
4	31	48	OAOBOCOD Clear Answer Mark For Review	
15	32	49		
16	33	50	The harmful effects of modern technology are	
17	34		4. The namual enects of modern technology are	
			A. widespread but short-lived	
			B. widespread and long-lasting	
			C. limited and long-lasting	
			D. severe but short-lived	

1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	
		-

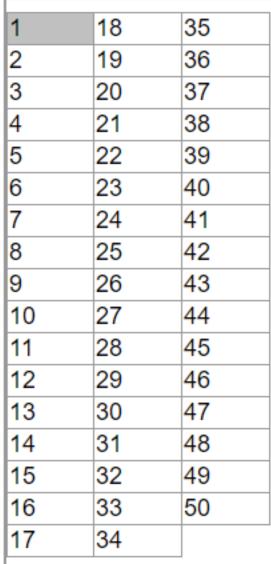


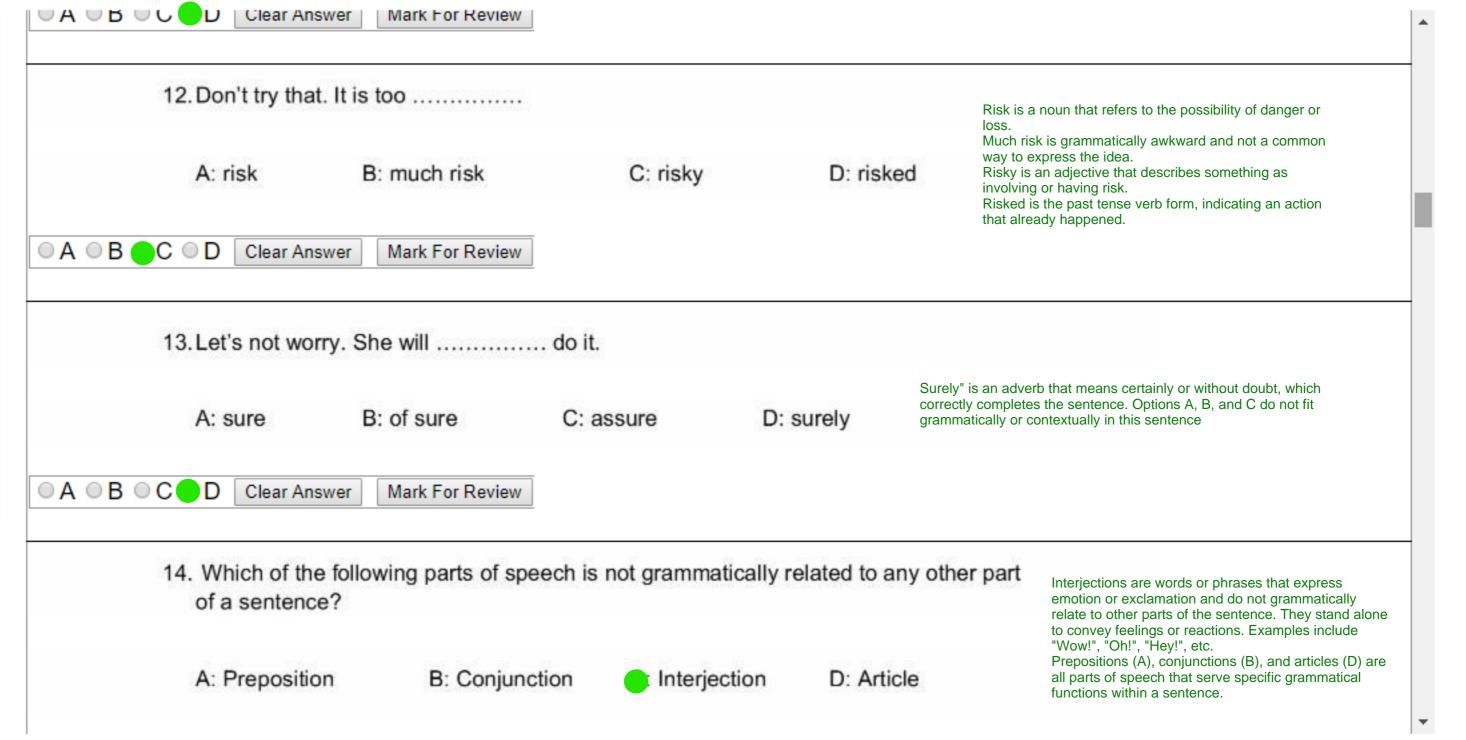




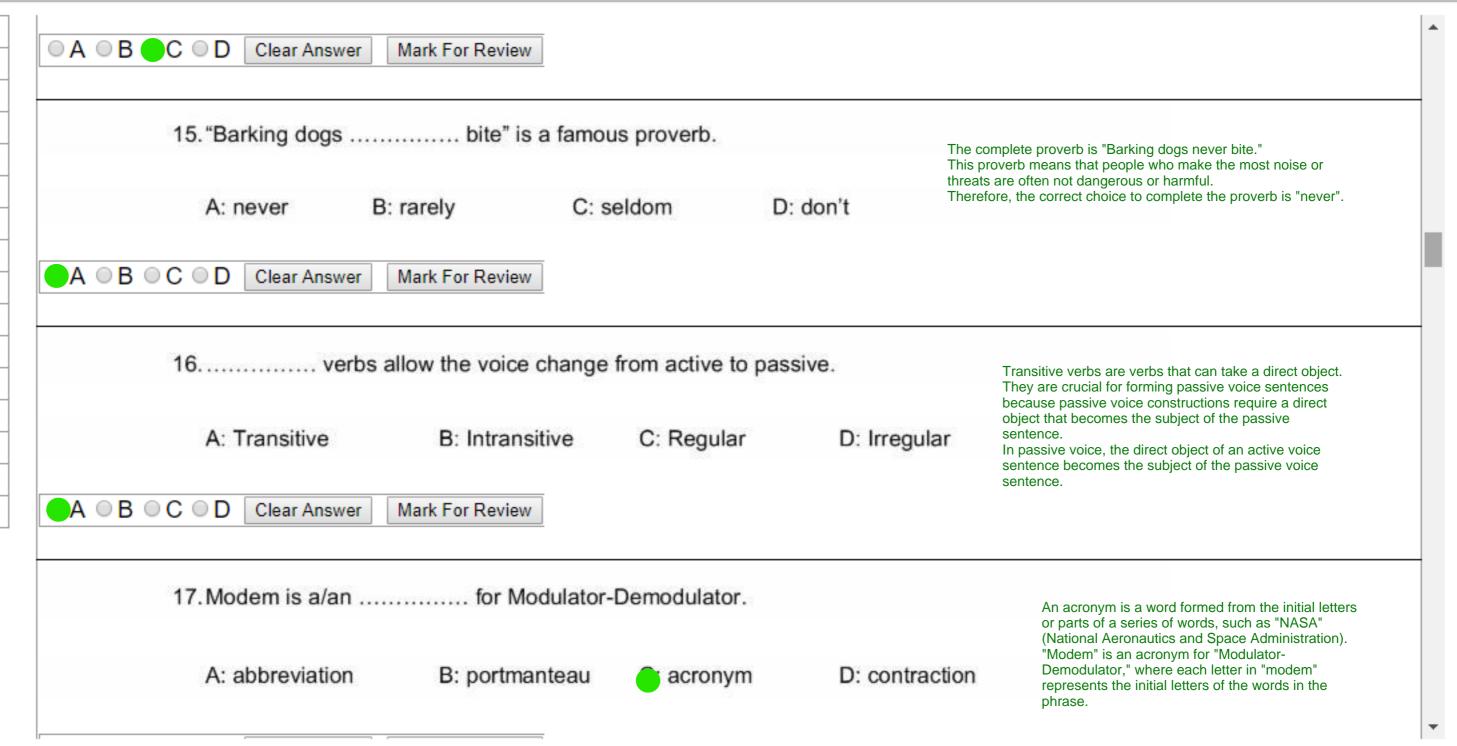
1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	

A: learn B O C O D Clear An	B: learned	C: learning	D: learnt	Explanation: - "Learned" is the past participle form of the verb "learn." In this sentence, it is used with the auxiliary verb "have" to form the present perfect tense, indicating that the action of learning lessons occurred in the past and has relevance to the present. Options A, C, and D are not correct in this context grammatically.
10. The meter is	s not showing the	fare.		
A: right	B: rite	C: write	D: wright	"Right" in this context means correct or accurate, which is appropriate for describing the fare displayed on a meter. Options B, C, and D are incorrect as they do not convey the intended meaning in this sentence.
B C D Clear An	nswer Mark For Review			
schedule and the second state of	a dictionary and o	check the meaning o	refer	up" is a phrasal verb that means to search for information in a ence book or database. It is commonly used when searching formation in a dictionary. Options A, B, and C do not fit as well
11.Look			IOLIII	s context compared to "look up.

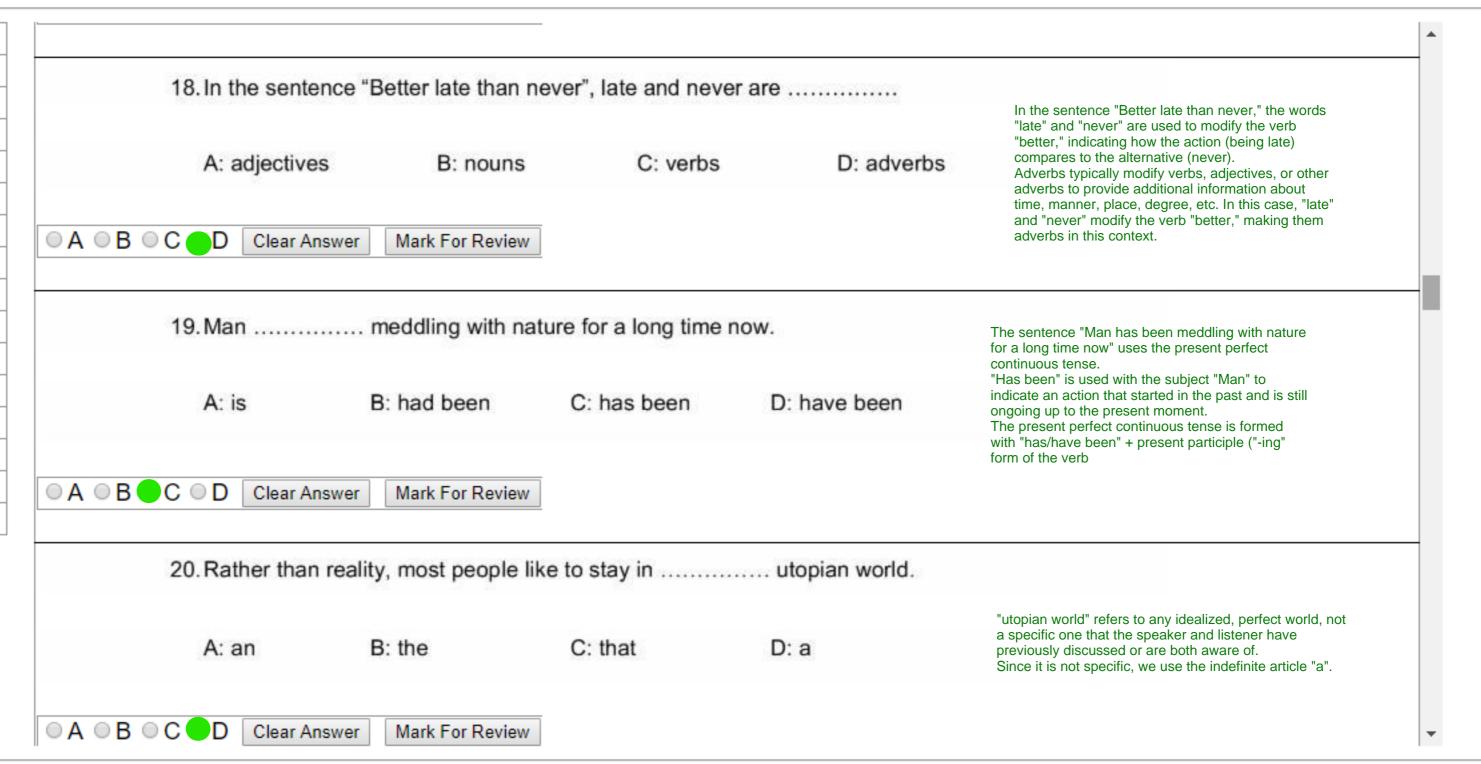




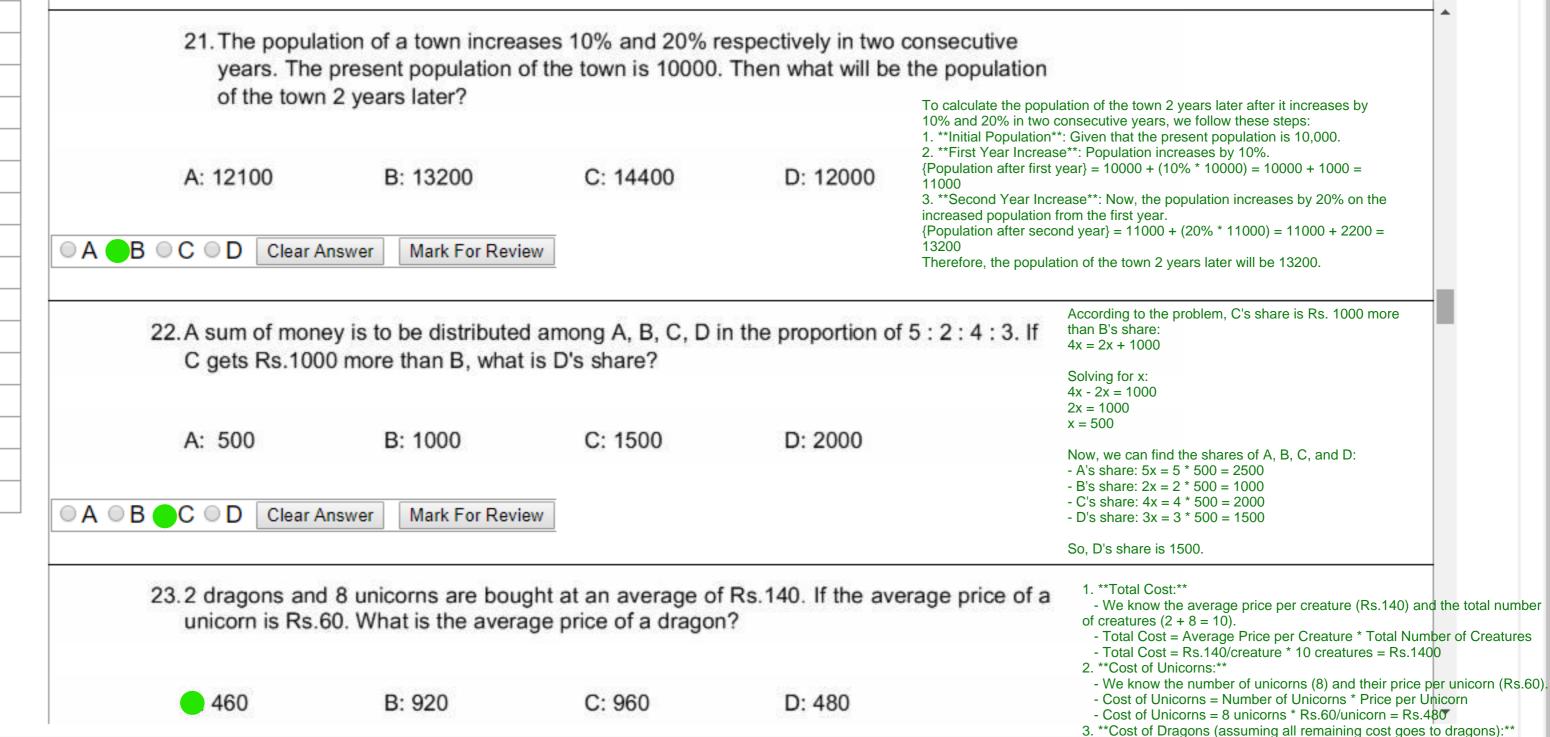
1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	



1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	
		-

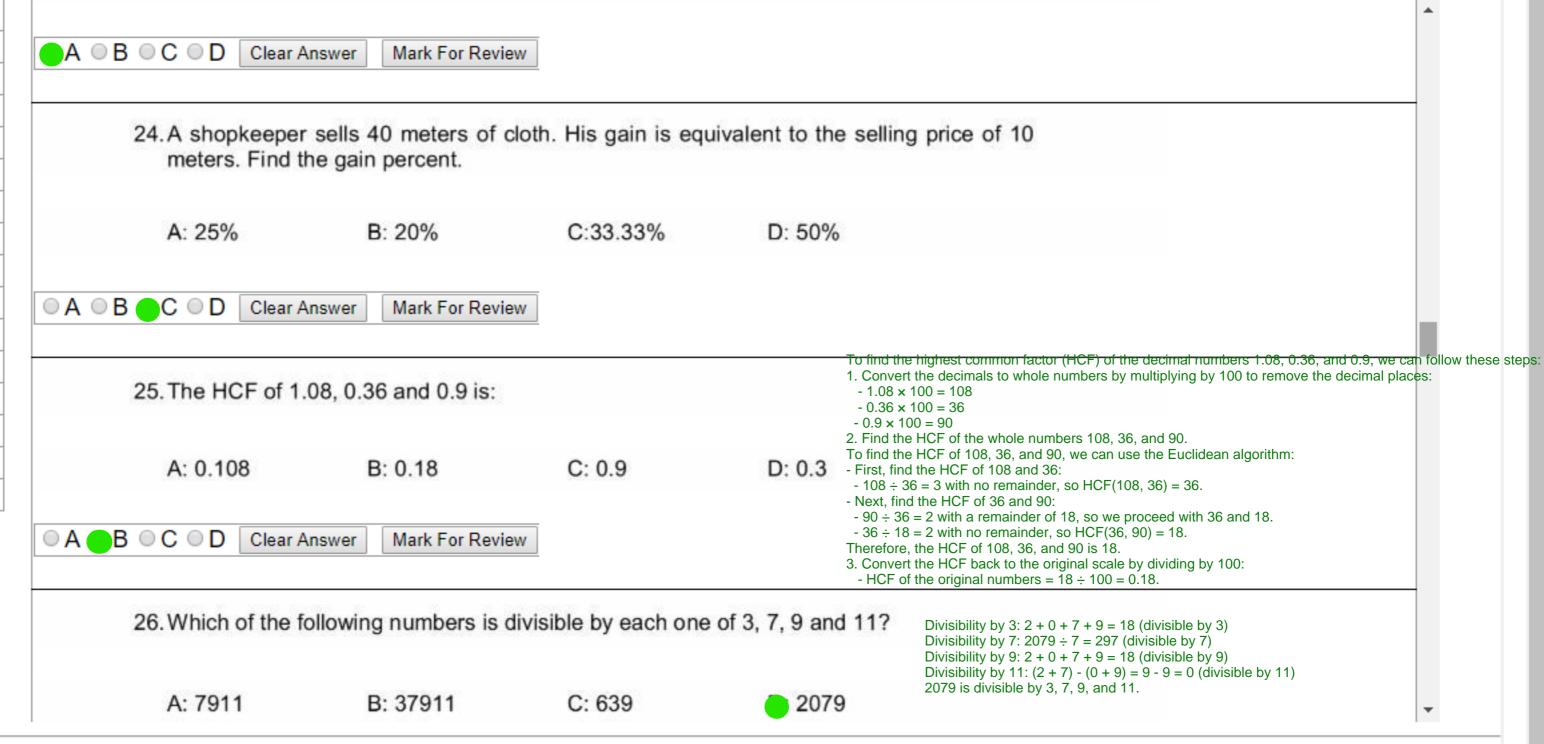


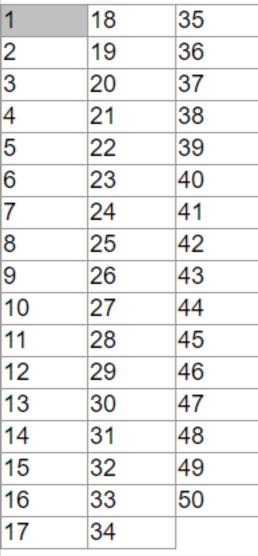
1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	

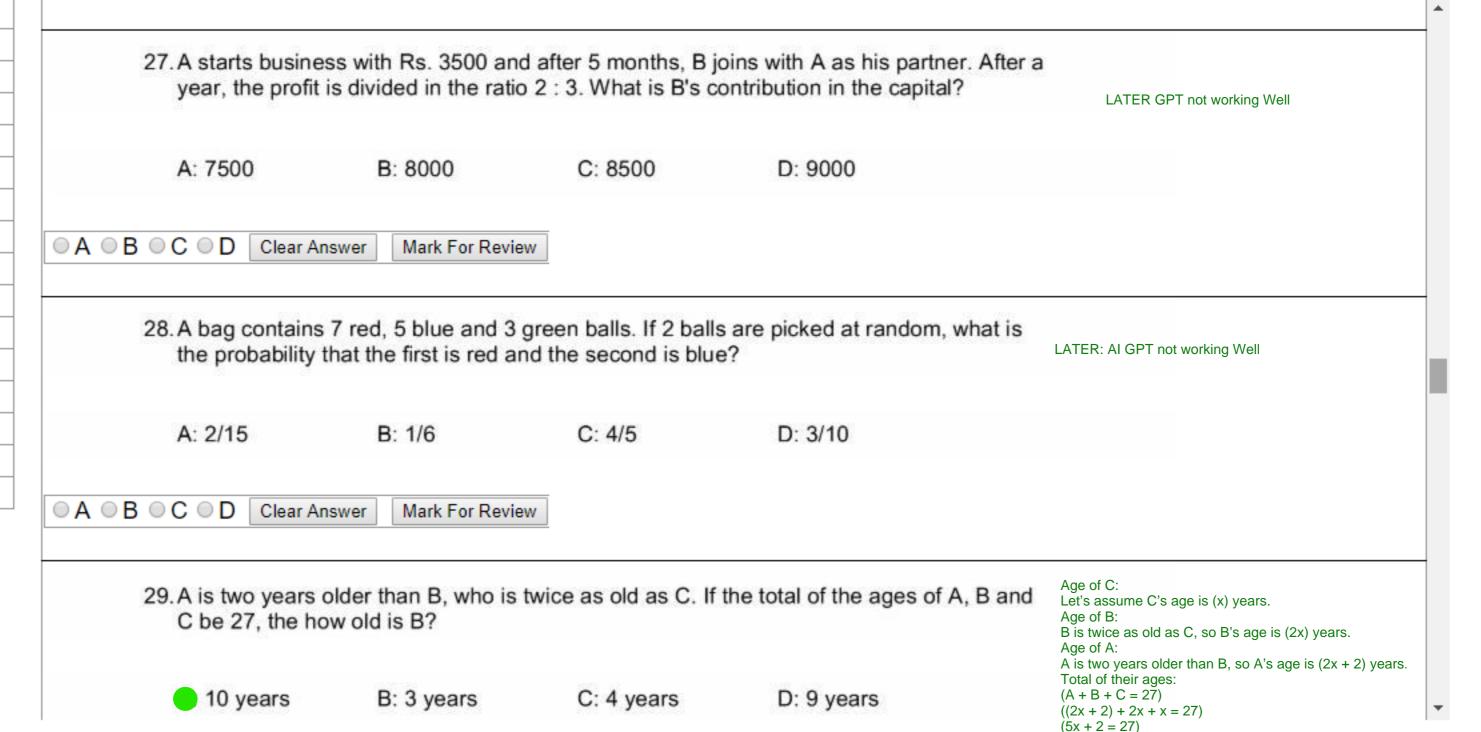


- Total cost Cost of unicorns = Cost of dragons
- Cost of Dragons = Rs.1400 (total cost) Rs.480 (cost of unicorns) =
- 4. **Average Price of a Dragon:**
- We know the total cost spent on dragons (Rs.920) and the number of dragons (2).
- Average Price of a Dragon = Total Cost of Dragons / Number of Dragons
- Average Price of a Dragon = Rs.920 / 2 dragons = Rs.460

1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39
6	23	40
7	24	41
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	





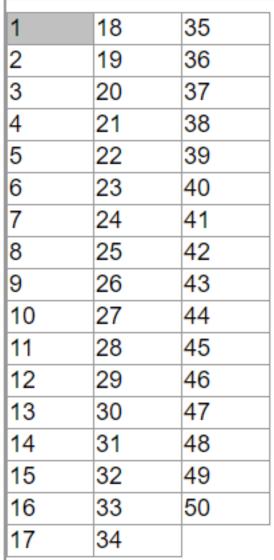


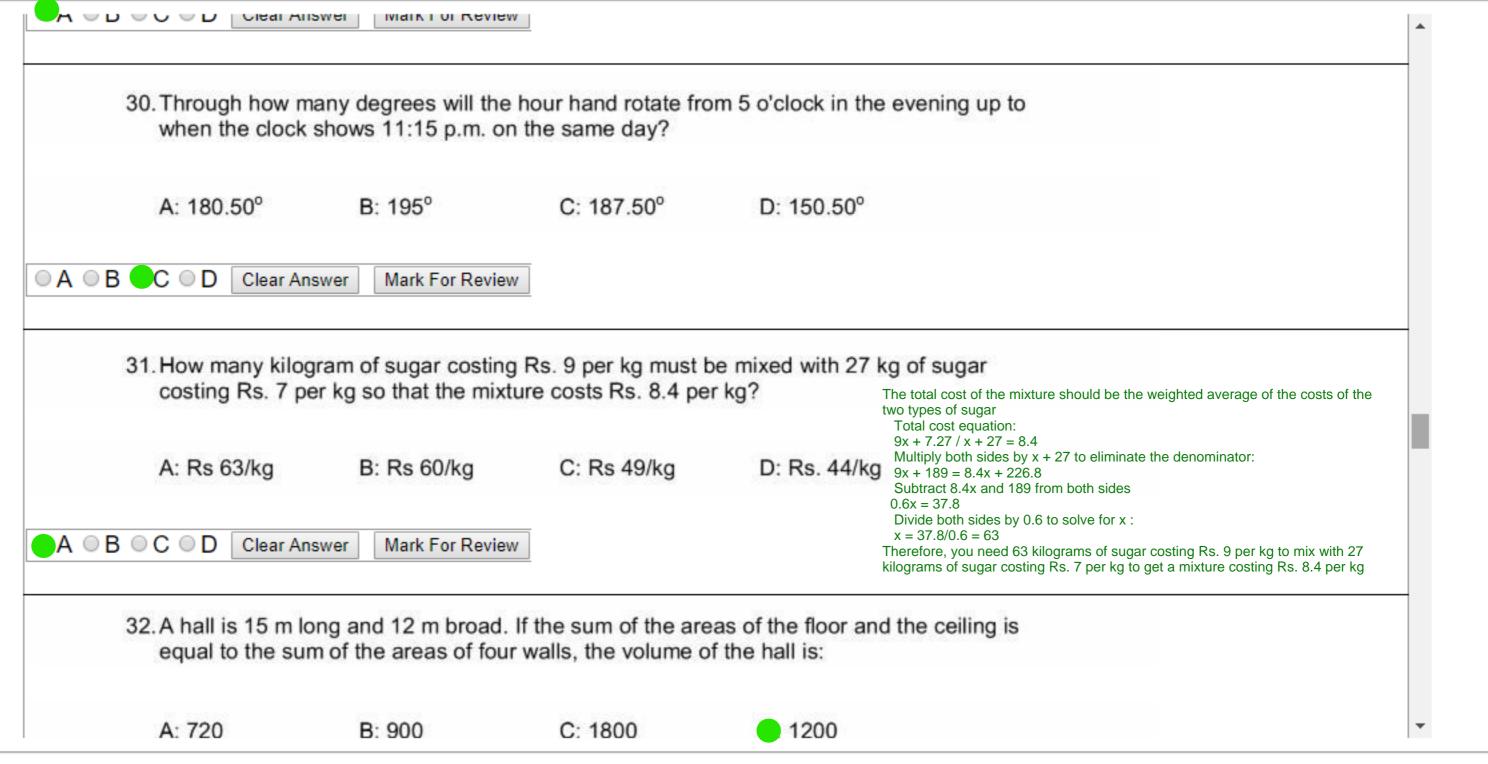
Examination Instruction Download Response Sheet

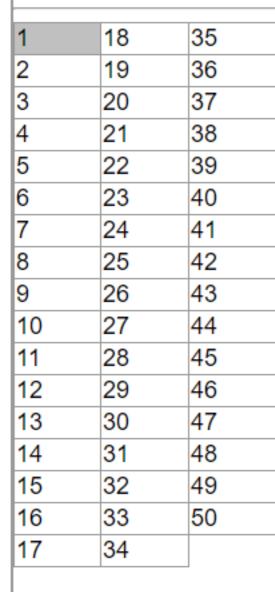
(x = 5)Age of B: B's age = (2x = 2)

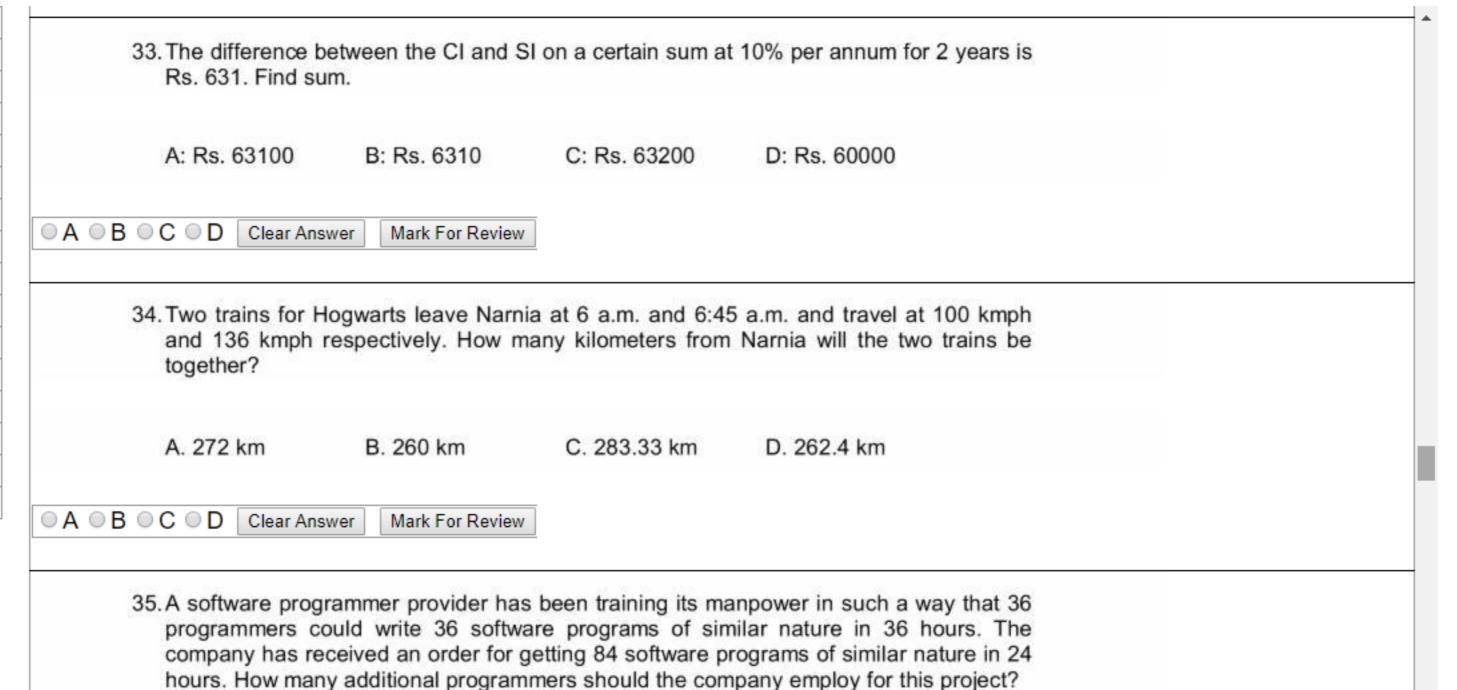
(5x = 25)

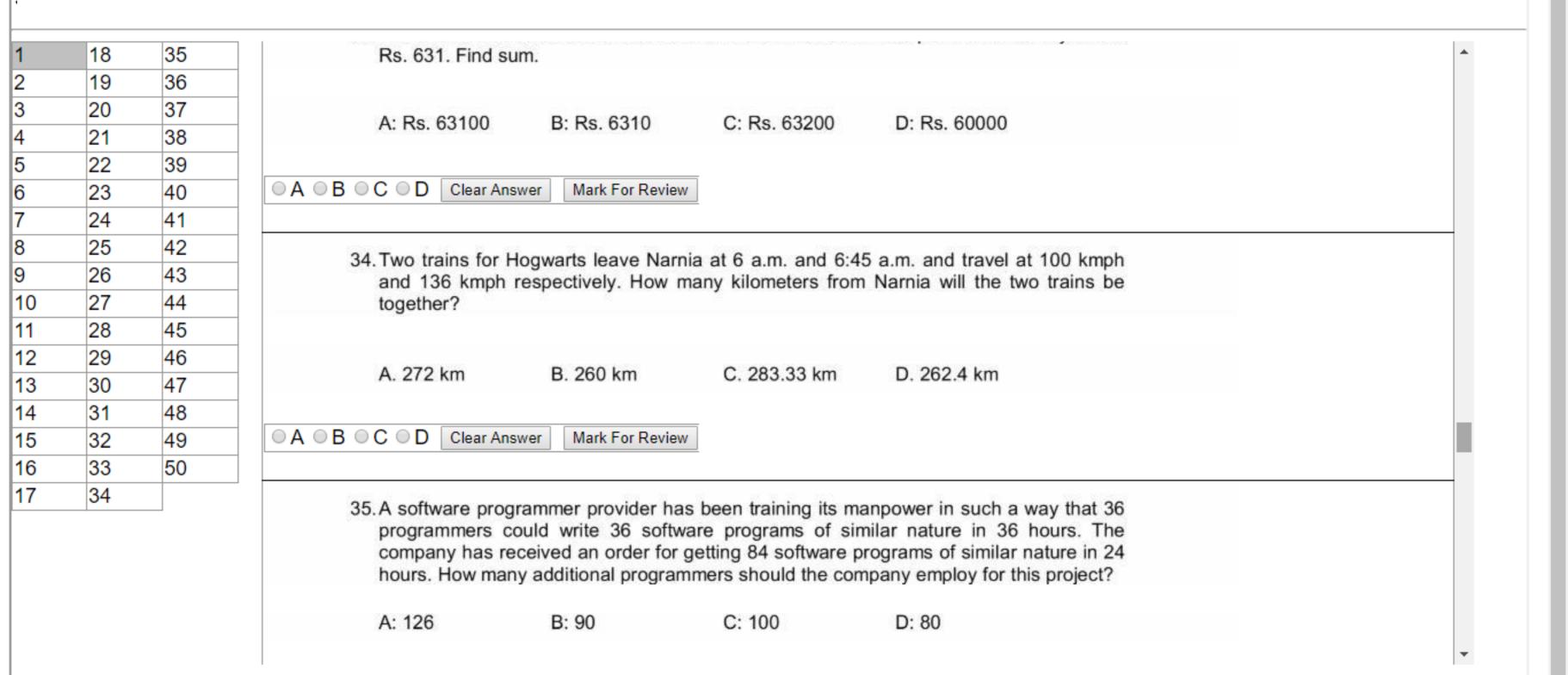
B's age = (2x = 2 . 5 = 10) years.

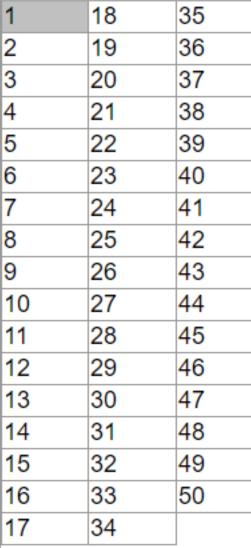


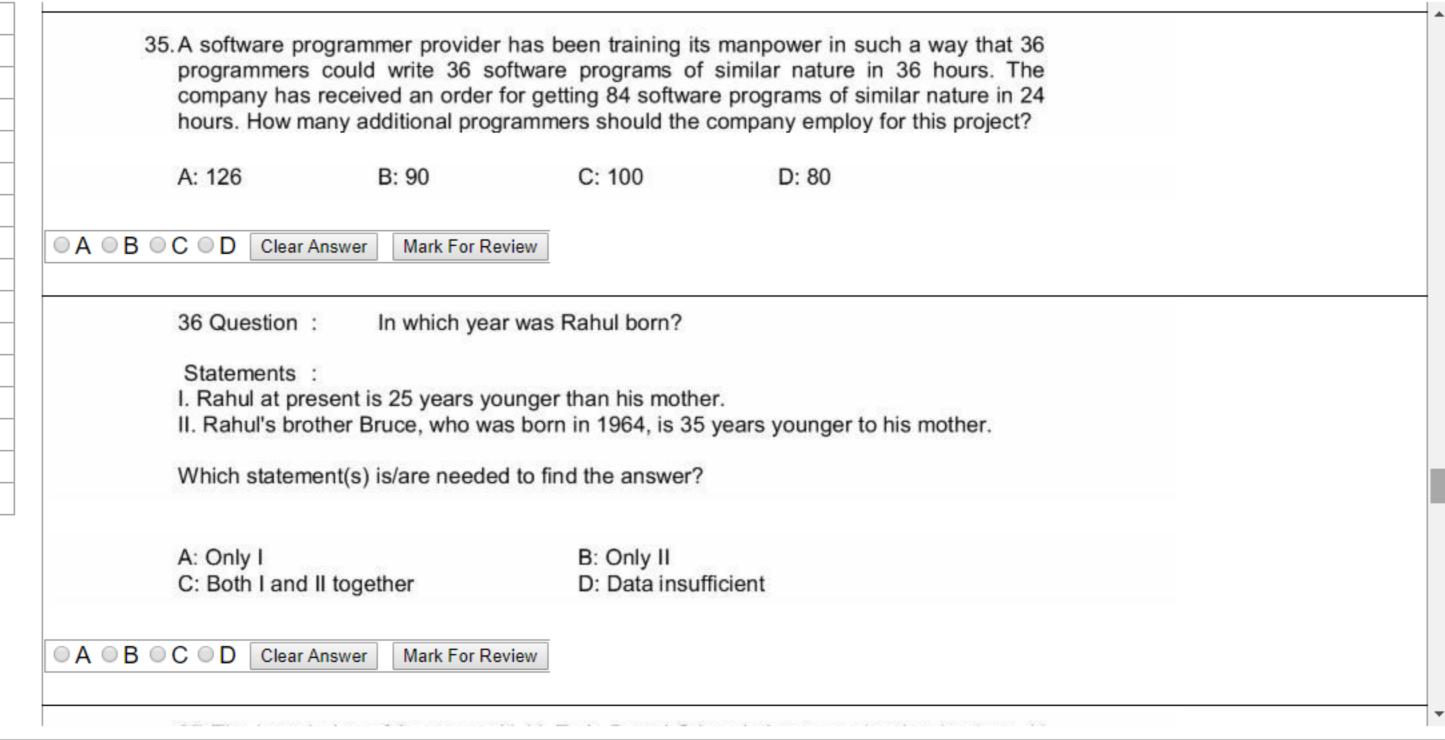


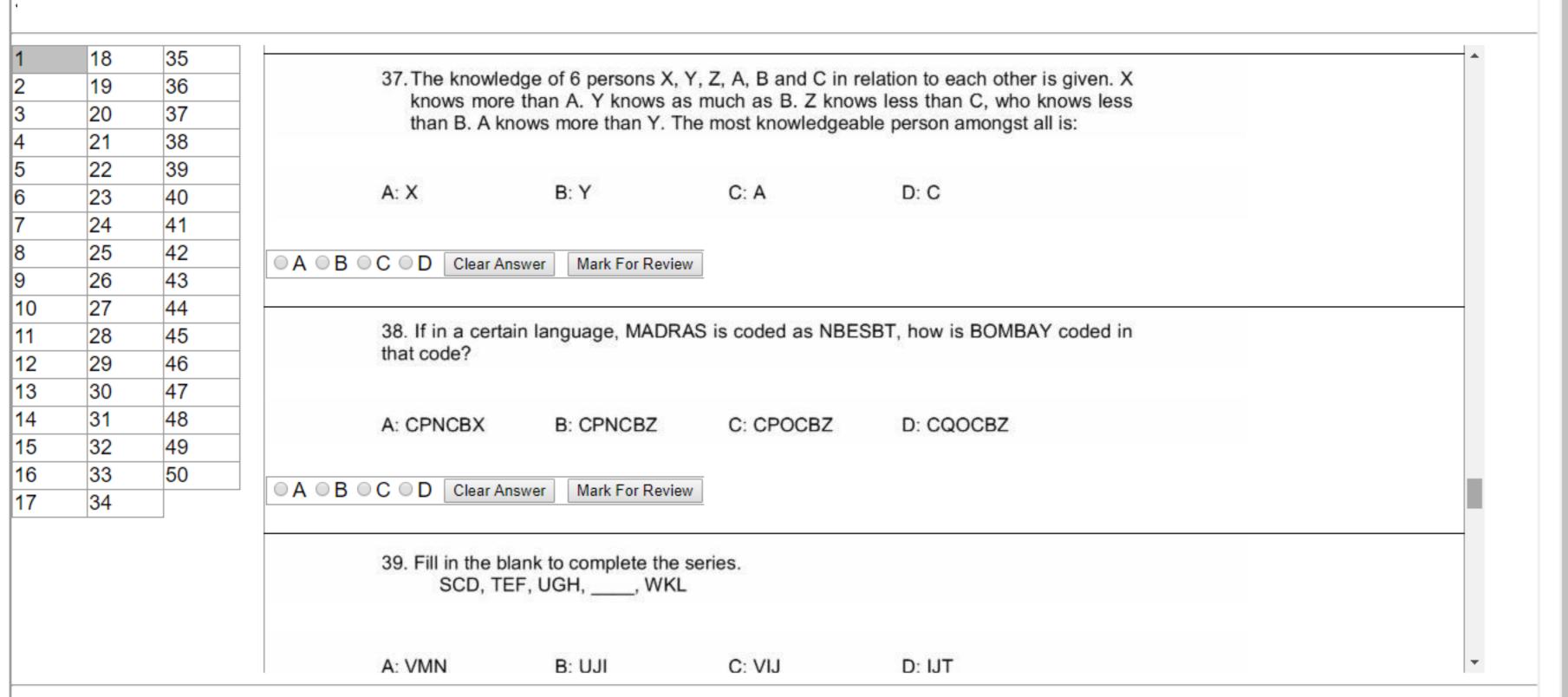


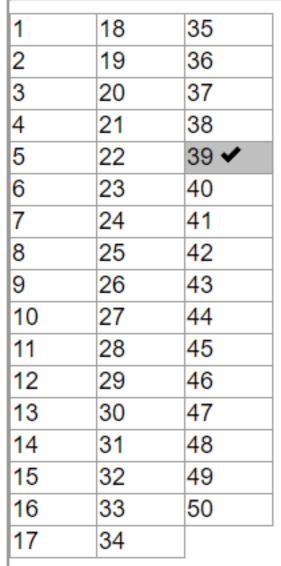






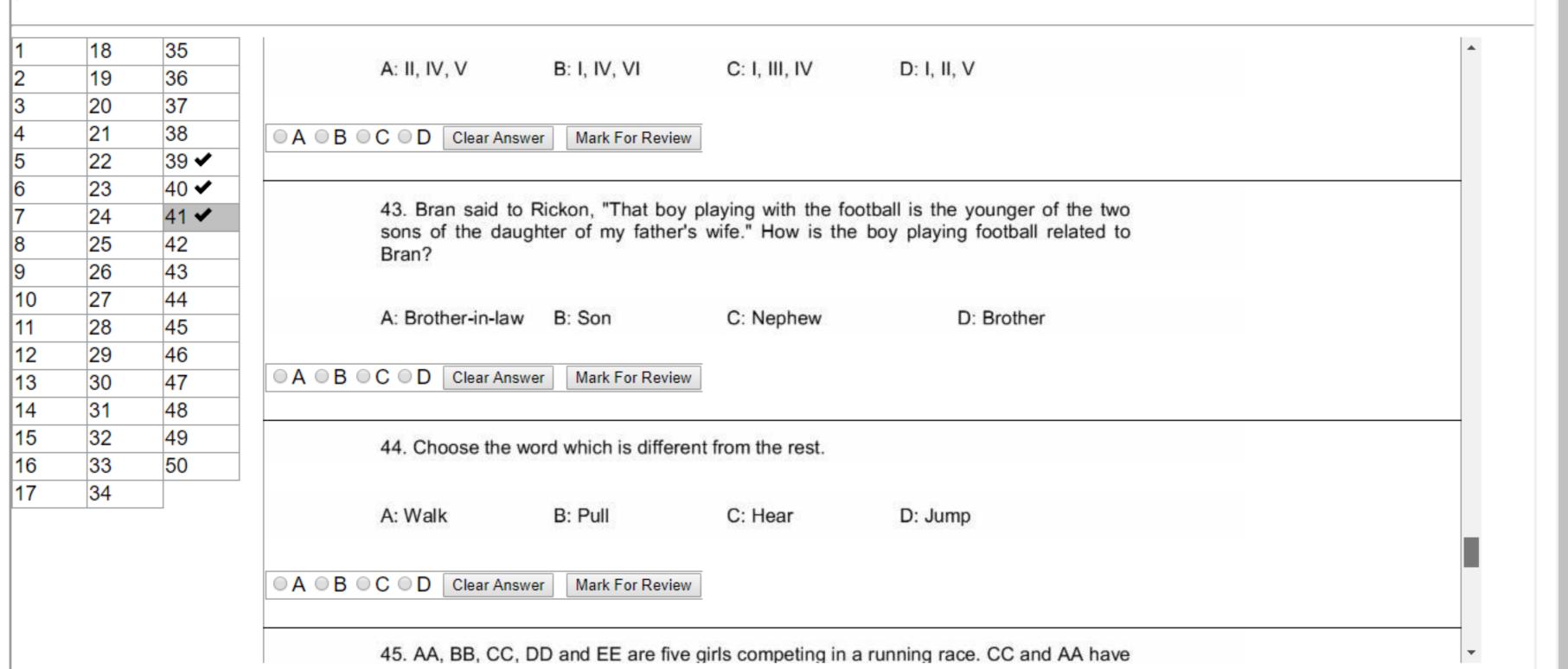


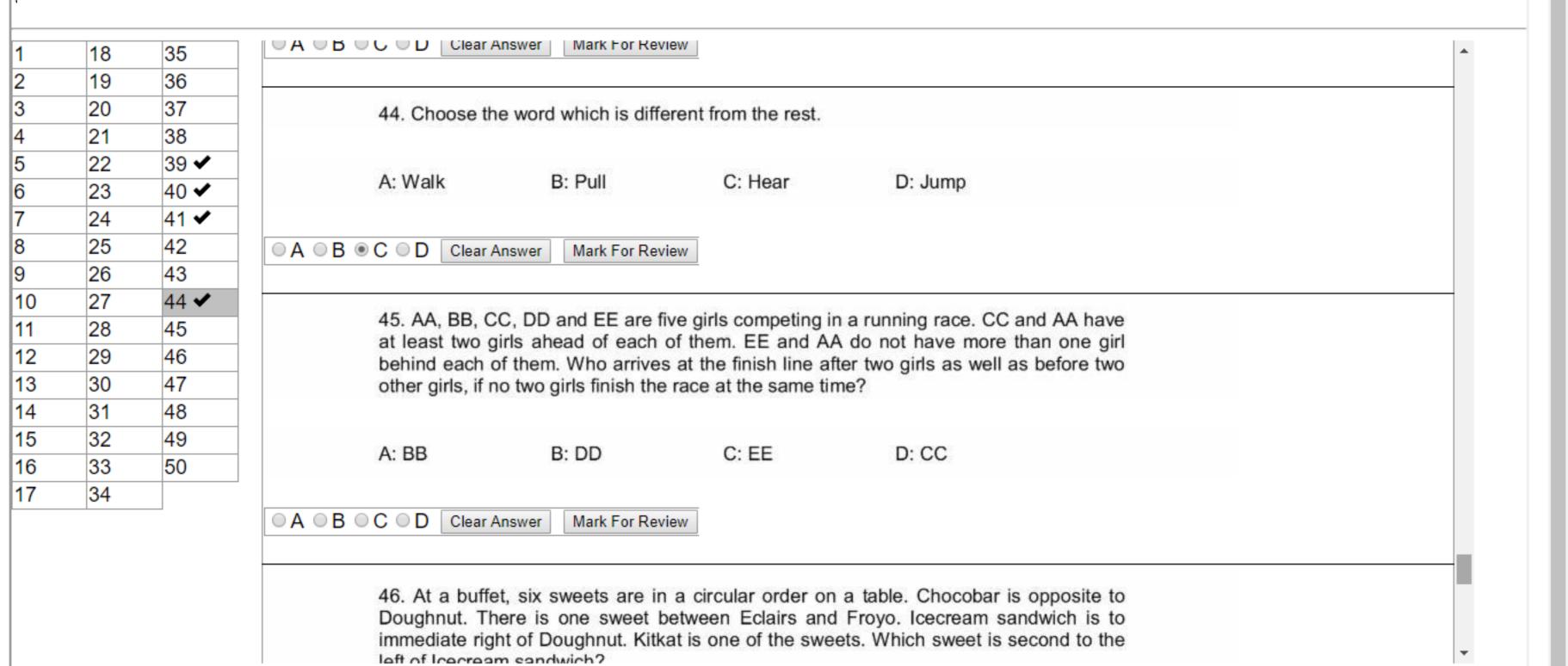




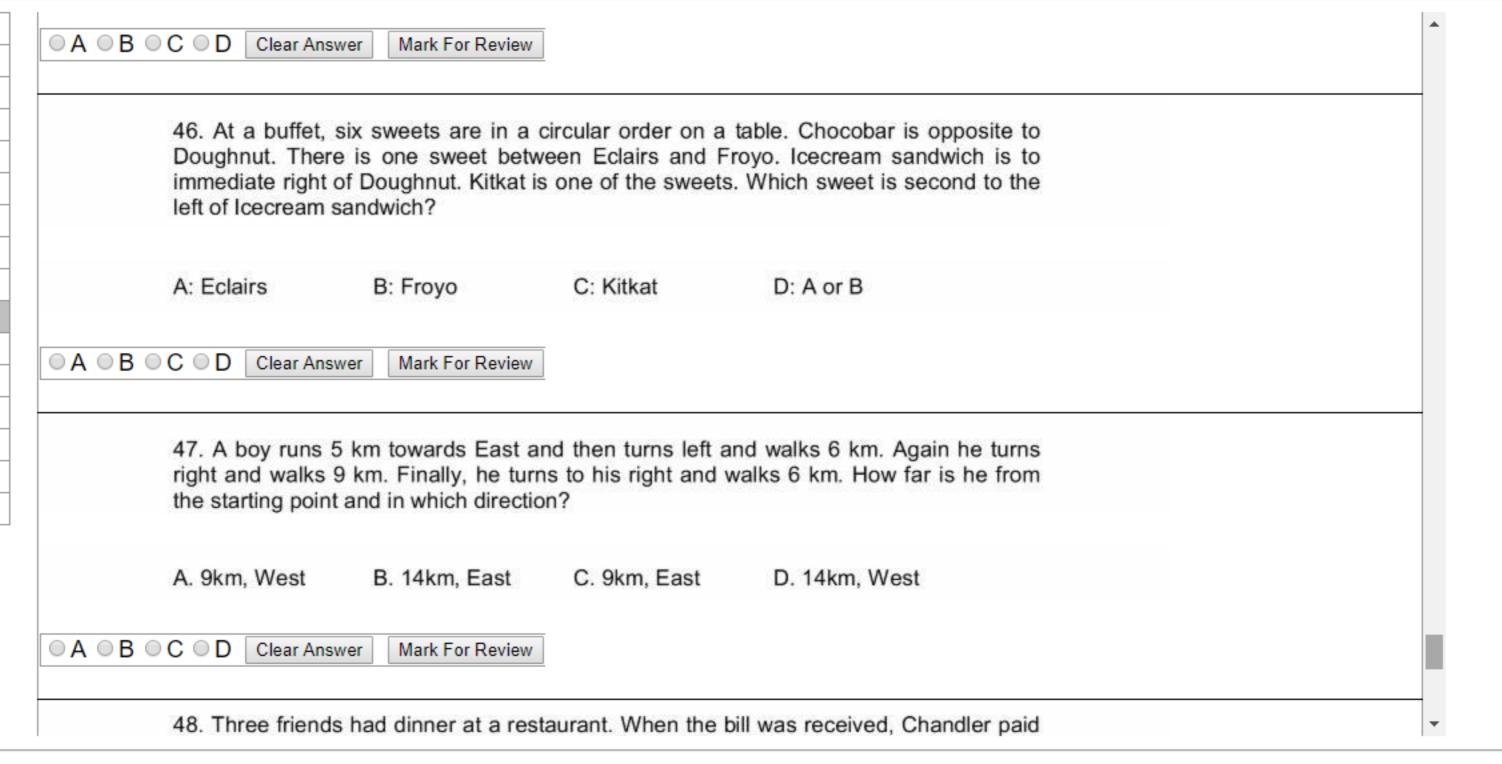
40. Fill in the blank to complete the series. 9, 3, 1, (1/3), _____ A: 1/6 C: 1/4 B: 1/12 D: 1/9 O A O B O C O D Clear Answer Mark For Review 41. By using which mathematical operations will the expression "36 ? 12 ? 18 ? 54" become correct? A: x, /, =B: /, x, = C: x, +, = D: +, -, = ○ A ○ B ○ C ○ D Clear Answer Mark For Review 42. Choose the set in which the statements are logically related. I. X and Y are siblings. II. X and Y do not quarrel. III. Siblings are known to quarrel often.

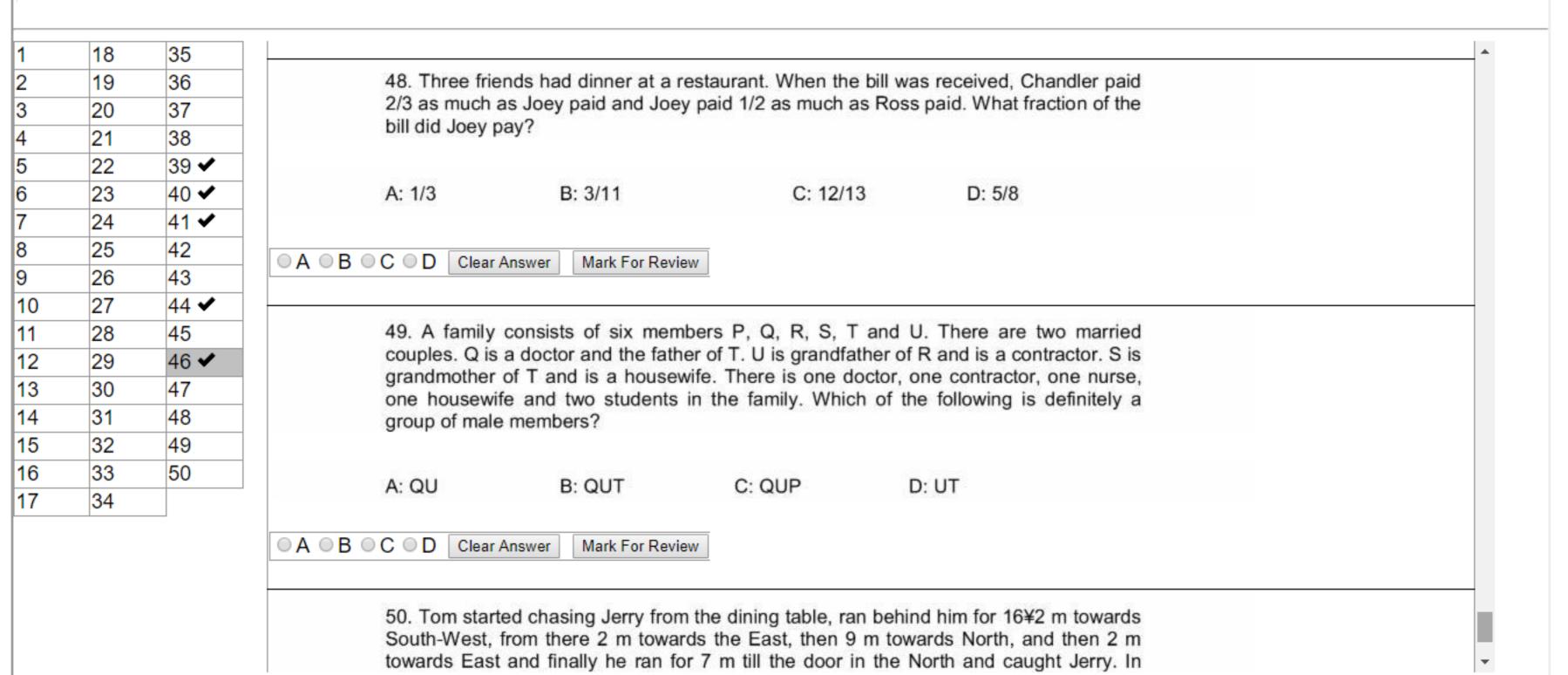
IV. X and Y quarrel often.





1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39 🗸
6	23	40 🗸
7	24	41 🗸
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44 🗸
11	28	45
12	29	46
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	





1	18	35
2	19	36
3	20	37
4	21	38
5	22	39 🗸
6	23	40 🗸
7	24	41 🗸
8	25	42
9	26	43
10	27	44 🗸
11	28	45
12	29	46 🗸
13	30	47
14	31	48
15	32	49
16	33	50
17	34	

