REST – Theory vs Practice

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About the Speakers

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 - Architect, Yahoo!
 - Web services standards/practices at Yahoo!
 - Built web portals, and web/WS services (SOAP kind) frameworks (BEA Systems)
- Mike Amundsen
 - Independent Consultant
 - .NET
 - Long-time RESTafarian

RESTful Web Services Cookbook

O'Reilly, March 2010

Objectives

- REST is set of constraints and not rules
- Knowingly relax constraints
- Work with the plumbing
- Apply sound software engineering

REST as Explained

- Identify resources
- 2. Give a URI to every resource
- 3. Design representations for resources
- 4. Operate using a uniform interface
- 5. Use hypermedia as the engine of application state

Address Book 1.0

Build a RESTful address book

```
GET /user/subbu/address/{id}
Host: ex.org
```

200 OK ...

PUT /user/subbu/address/{id}

Host: ex.org
If-Match: xyz

200 OK ...

DELETE /user/subbu/address/{id}

Host: ex.org If-Match: xyz

200 OK ...

POST /user/subbu/address-book Host: ex.org

201 Created ...

Address Resource

Address Collection Resource

```
<address>
  <link rel="http://ex.org/rel/person"</pre>
    href="http://ex.org/mike"/>
  <street>...</street>
  <city>...</city>
</address>
<address-book>
  <link rel="http://ex.org/rel/owner"</pre>
    href="http://ex.org/subbu"/>
  <link rel="next"</pre>
    href="http://ex.org/subbu/address-book?p=2/"/>
  <address>...</address>
  <address>...</address>
</address-book>
```

10/06/2009 8



200 OK ...

PUT /user/subbu/address/{id}

Host: ex.org
If-Match: xyz

200 OK ...

DELETE /user/subbu/address/{id}
Host: ex.
If-Match: Value of the subbu/address of the subbu/a

200 OK ...

POST /user/subbu/address-book Host: ex.org

201 Created ...



Address Resource

Address Collection Resource

```
4 Representations
<address>
  link rel="
    href="http://ex.org/subbu"/>
  <street>...</street>
  <city>...</city>
</address>
<address-book>
 <link rel="se</pre>
   href="http:
               5 Application state ***/>
 k rel="
   href="http://ex.org/subbu/address-book?p=2/"/>
  <address>...</address>
  <address>...</address>
</address-book>
```

Stateless Interactions

Uniform Interface Self-Describing

Visibility

HTTP goodies – caching, optimistic concurrency, conneg, monitoring, analytics + others

Address Book 1.1

[UC] Support address book sync for mobile users

GET /user/subbu/address-book

Address Collection Resource

For each address in the collection Compare local copy

PUT if different

DELETE if missing

Address Resource

POST if new

Address Collection Resource Visibility

Separation of concerns

Network efficiency

Better Merge

```
POST /user/subbu/address-book/merge
Host: ex.org
Content-Length: xxx
Content-Type: application/xml;charset=UTF-8

<address-book>
    <address>...</address>
    <address>...</address>
    <address>...</address>
    <address>book>
<address-book>
```

```
303 See Other Location: http://ex.org/user/subbu/address-book
```

POST /user/subbu/address-book/merge

- ? Reduced visibility
- Better separation of concerns
- Efficient network use

Location: http://ex.org/user/subbu/address-book

10/06/2009 16

Protocol-level Visibility

Separation of Concerns

Tradeoffs

Network Efficiency

Infrastructure support

Atomicity and Concurrency



1. Everything at the end of a URI is a resource

```
Some "things"
```

```
"person", "address book"
```

and some non-"things"

```
"merge address book", "reserve", "cancel", "compute distance", "reimage the virtual machine"
```

2. Use POST when in doubt

GET Safe + Idempotent

PUT Unsafe + Idempotent

DELETE Unsafe + Idempotent

POST Unsafe + Non-Idempotent

All bets are off with POST POST limits damage

3. Don't tunnel using POST

POST /address-book

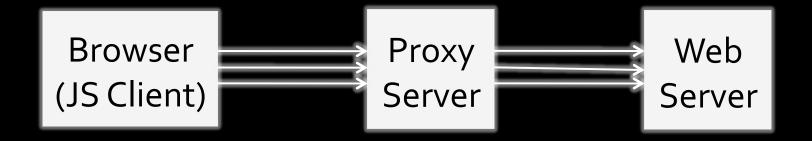
Merge an address book?

Fix duplicates?

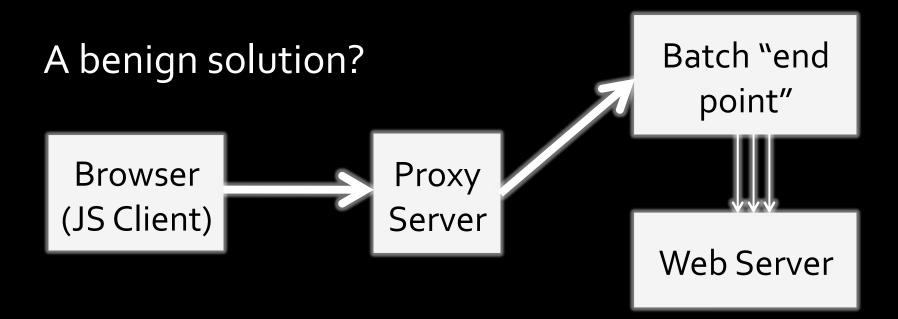
Or something else?

Tunneling = Back to dark ages

This is not a "pedantic" point of view

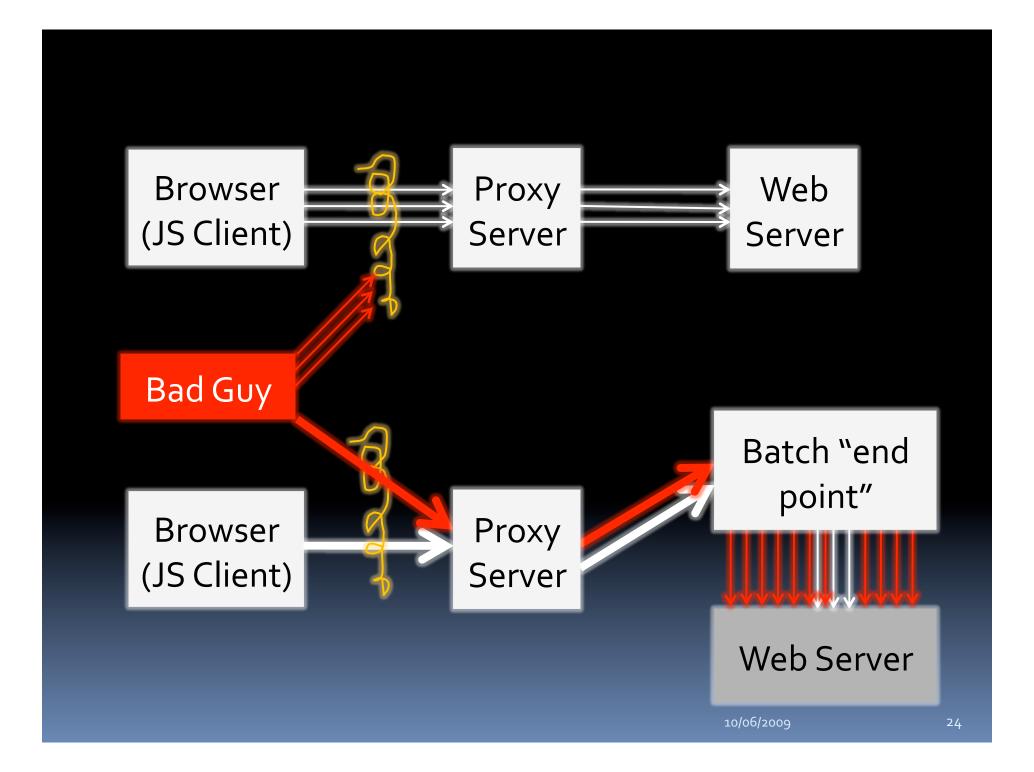


Dev: "We should find a way to make REST 'faster' and/or provide batching support"



```
POST /batch
Host: ex.org
Content-Length: xxx
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=UTF-8

<batch>
    <request method="PUT" uri="/addr">...</request>
    <request method="GET" uri="/poi">...</request>
    <request method="GET" uri="/deals">...</request>
    </batch>
```



POST /batch

Host: ex.org

Content-Length: xxx

Content-Type: application/xml;charset=UTF-8

<batch>...</batch>



Create application specific resources with distinct URIs

POST /updateAddressGetPoiDeals

Host: ex.org

Content-Length: xxx

Content-Type: application/xml;charset=UTF-8

<address>

</address>



4. Be creative with URIs

Fixed and known URIs (Cool URIs)

http://ex.org/user/subbu

Resources with many URIs

```
http://ex.org/user/1234/profile;t=3231231dasd
http://ex.org/user/1234/profile;t=3da8432stgs
```

Ephemeral URIs (Uncool URIs)

```
http://ex.org/act/4567/status;t=rfdsf3adsd23das
http://ex.org/act/transfer?
f=12&t=32&sig=a359d72d424cbd913686435bc6e7e372
```

10/06/2009 26

5. IDs are not bad, but URIs are better

How much "hyper" media? Should you care?

Separation of concerns

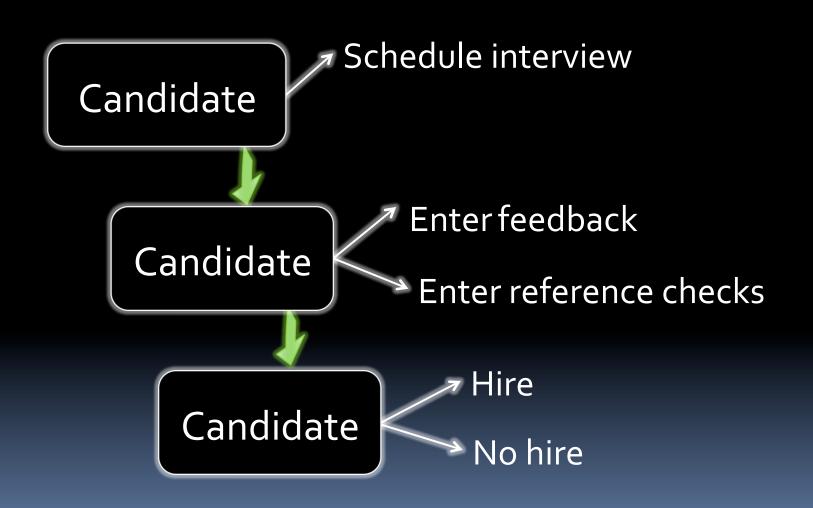
Loose coupling

Performance

App complexity

```
<album>
  <photo id="1234">...</photo>
                                        Bad?
  <photo id="5678">...</photo>
</album>
<album xml:base="http://ex.org">
  <photo>
   k href="/photo/1234"/>...
  </photo>
                                        Good?
  <photo>
   k href="/photo/5678"/>...
  </photo>
</album>
```

10/06/2009 28



```
GET /transfer/token?from=1234&to=5678
Host: ex.org
```

URI decoupling

Application flow

Opaque application state

6. Managing concurrency

GET /subbu/address/1

```
200 OK
```

Date: Mon, 28 Sep 2009 14:30:53 GMT

Etag: "8cf498a1ca3ceb67fe50d401d4759e34"

Last-Modified: Mon, 28 Sep 2009 01:30:53 GMT

Cache-Control: public,max-age=3600

<address>...</address>

PUT /subbu/address/1

If-Unmodified-Since: Mon, 28 Sep 2009 14:30:53 GMT

If-Match: "8cf498a1ca3ceb67fe50d401d4759e34"

412 Precondition Failed

GET /acct/1234

```
200 OK
ETag: "f091aae21b44c71:6b9"
Content-Type: application/xml;charset=UTF-8
<account>
    ...
</address>
```

GET /acct/5678

. . .

POST /transfer

Host: ex.org

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

amount=1000&from=1234&to=5678...

GET /acct/1234

200 OK

ETag: "f091aae21b44c71:6b9"

Content-Type: application/xml;charset=UTF-8

<account>

• • •

</address>

GET /acct/5678



No concurrency control

. . .

POST /transfer

Host: ex.org

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

amount=1000&from=1234&to=5678...

```
GET /transfer/token?from=1234&to=5678
Host: ex.org
```

```
201 Created
Location: http://ex.org/transfer/1234
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=UTF-8
<transfer>
  <created>2009-09-30T15:00:00Z</created>
 <from>
  <balance>...
 </from>
  <to>
                            Concurrency control
    <balance>...</balan
  </to>
 </transfer>
```

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

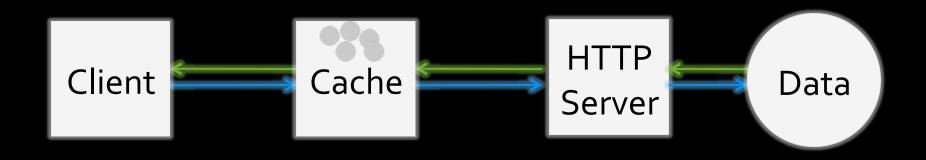
POST /transfer/token;9ihrdsadas

Host: ex.org

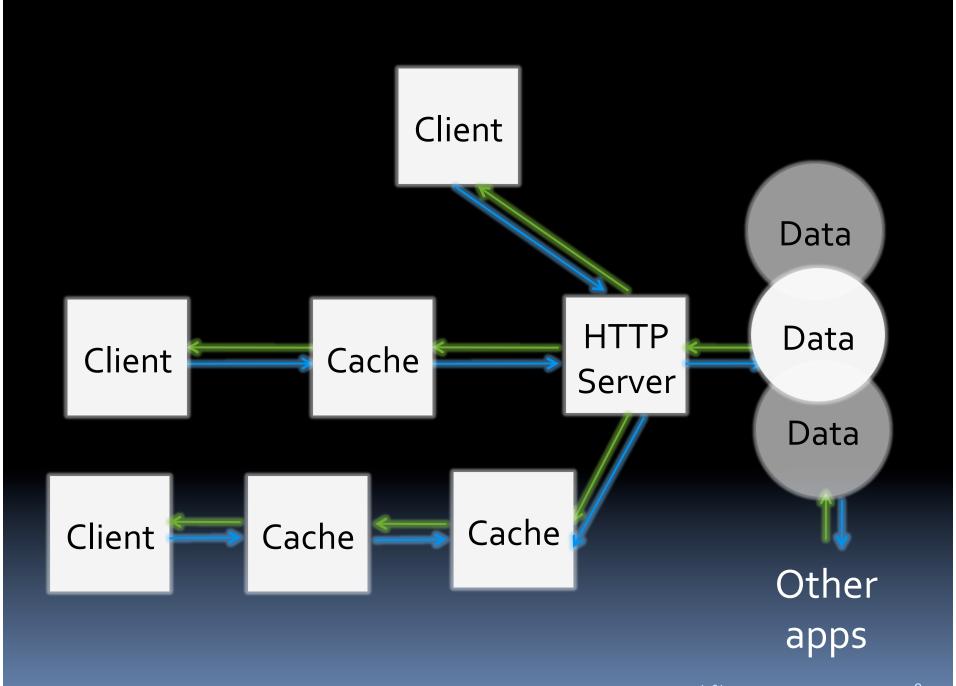
amount=1000

10/06/2009 36

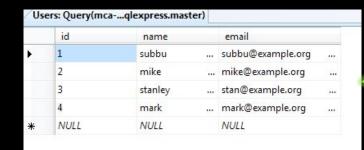
7. Caching is not perfect

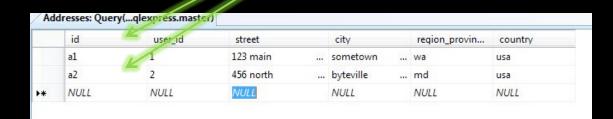


Ideal – perfectly visible



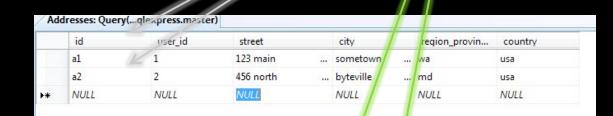
Every row is a resource



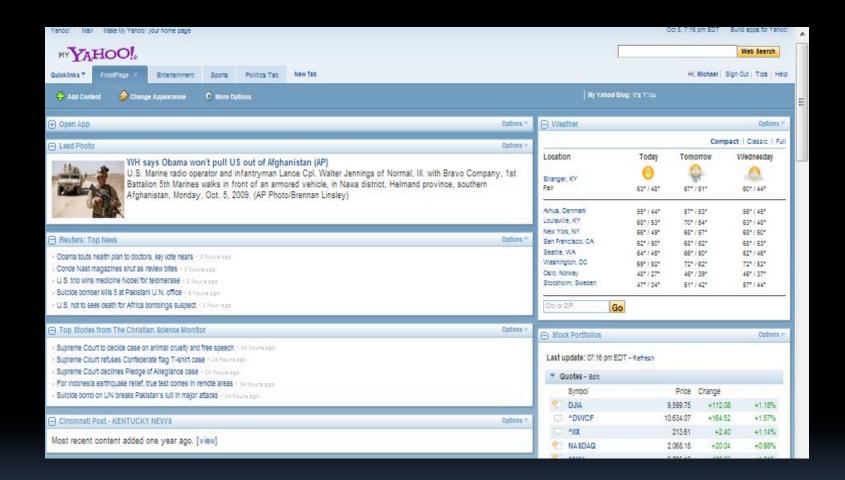


Overlapping data

	id	name		email			
•	1	subbu		subbu@example.org			
	2	mike		mike@example.org			
	3	stanley		stan@example.org			
	4	mark		mark@example.org			
*	NULL	NULL		NULL			



-3000		· · ·					
	id	name	email	street	city	region_provin	country
	1	subbu	subbu@example.org	123 main	 sometown	 wa	usa
	2	mike	mike@example.org	456 north	 byteville	 md	usa
k	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL



Some resources are like home pages

No conditional reads

Accept staleness

No writes on overlapping resources

Conclusion

- Focus on tradeoffs
- Relax constraints judiciously, but not accidentally or by ignorance
- Put HTTP and its plumbing to good use