```
!pip install PyDrive
    Requirement already satisfied: PyDrive in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1.3.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: google-api-python-client>=1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from PyDri
    Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML>=3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from PyDrive) (3.13)
    Requirement already satisfied: oauth2client>=4.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from PyDrive) (4.1.3
    Requirement already satisfied: six<2dev,>=1.6.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from google-api-python-
    Requirement already satisfied: httplib2<1dev,>=0.9.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from google-api-py
    Requirement already satisfied: uritemplate<4dev,>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from google-api
    Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1>=0.1.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from oauth2client>=4.0.0->
    Requirement already satisfied: rsa>=3.1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from oauth2client>=4.0.0->PyD
    Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from oauth2client>
import os
from pydrive.auth import GoogleAuth
from pydrive.drive import GoogleDrive
from google.colab import auth
from oauth2client.client import GoogleCredentials
auth.authenticate user()
gauth = GoogleAuth()
gauth.credentials = GoogleCredentials.get application default()
drive = GoogleDrive(gauth)
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive', force remount=True)
    Mounted at /content/gdrive
%cd "gdrive/My Drive/project"
    /content/gdrive/My Drive/project
!ls
!python
С→
```

```
data
               glove.6B.100d.txt
                                   mltools
                                                      pre-trained
data loader.py glove6b100dtxt.zip models
                                                      pycache
embeddings.h5
               history cnn.eps
                                   nblr-svm
                                                      rnn
figure
               labm
                                   n words clean.eps wiki.en.vec
Python 3.6.7 (default, Oct 22 2018, 11:32:17)
[GCC 8.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import nltk
>>> nltk.download('wordnet')
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
            Unzipping corpora/wordnet.zip.
[nltk data]
True
>>> nltk.download('stopwords')
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
            Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
[nltk data]
```

## ▼ Import Data

```
import pandas as pd
import h5py
import numpy as np
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import string
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
import data loader
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
%matplotlib inline
plt.set cmap('RdYlBu')
    Using TensorFlow backend.
     <Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>
train, valid = data loader.load train data('data/train.csv')
test = data loader.load test data('data/test.csv', 'data/test labels.csv')
list classes = ["toxic", "severe toxic", "obscene", "threat", "insult", "identity hate"]
```

```
train_y = train[list_classes].values
valid_y = valid[list_classes].values
test_y = test[list_classes].values

train = train.fillna('')
valid = valid.fillna('')
test = test.fillna('')
```

# **▼** Data Exploration

```
print(train.shape)
print(valid.shape)
print(test.shape)
    (143645, 8)
    (15926, 8)
    (63978, 8)
print(train.dtypes)
                       object
    id
                       object
     comment text
                        int64
    toxic
    severe toxic
                        int64
                        int64
     obscene
    threat
                        int64
    insult
                        int64
    identity_hate
                        int64
    dtype: object
print(train[0:5])
C→
```

```
id ... identity hate
    130060 b7bf5a6846bd456a ...
print(test[0:5])
Г⇒
                       id ... identity hate
        0001ea8717f6de06 ...
                                            0
        000247e83dcc1211 ...
    11 0002f87b16116a7f ...
    13 0003e1cccfd5a40a ...
    14 00059ace3e3e9a53 ...
     [5 rows x 8 columns]
# counting frequency of occurence of multi-labelled data
ct0.ct1.ct2 = 0.0.0
label = train[['toxic', 'severe toxic', 'obscene', 'threat', 'insult', 'identity hate']]
label = label.as matrix()
for i in range(label.shape[0]):
   ct = np.count nonzero(label[i])
    if ct:
       ct1 = ct1+1
    else:
       ct0 = ct0+1
   if ct>1:
       ct2 = ct2+1
print("Train samples with no label:", ct0)
print("Train samples with atleast one label:", ct1)
print("Train samples with 2 or more labels", ct2)
Train samples with no label: 129006
    Train samples with atleast one label: 14639
    Train samples with 2 or more labels 8941
# Explore the vocabulary
import collections
from tgdm import tgdm
x train = train.comment text.copy()
# Create a counter object for each dataset
word counter = collections.Counter([word for sentence in tqdm(x train, total=len(x train)) \
                                                            for word in sentence.split()])
print('{} words.'.format(len([word for sentence in x train for word in sentence.split()])))
```

С→

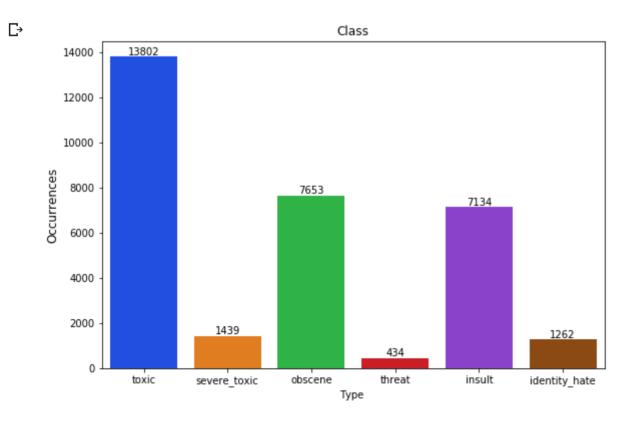
```
print('{} unique words.'.format(len(word_counter)))
print('10 Most common words in the dataset:')
print('"' + '" "'.join(list(zip(*word_counter.most_common(10)))[0]) + '"')

$\times \frac{100\% \left| \textbf{143645} \left| 143645/143645 \left| [00:01<00:00, 93796.01it/s] \\
9655027 words.
496117 unique words.
10 Most common words in the dataset:
"the" "to" "of" "and" "a" "I" "is" "you" "that" "in"</pre>
```

One problem here is that we are counting uppercase words as different from lower case words and a bunch of other symbols that aren't really useful for our goal. A data cleanup will be done in the next step.

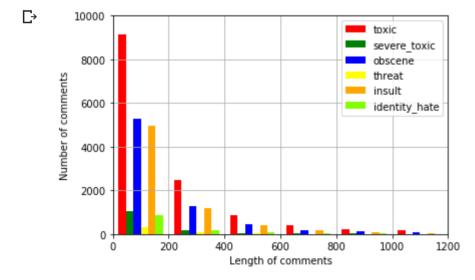
```
# visualizing the comment size
comment = train['comment_text']
comment = comment.as_matrix()
x = [len(comment[i]) for i in range(comment.shape[0])]
print('average length of comment: {:.3f}'.format(sum(x)/len(x)))
bins = [1,200,400,600,800,1000,1200]
plt.hist(x, bins=bins)
plt.xlabel('Length of comments')
plt.ylabel('Number of comments')
plt.axis([0, 1200, 0, 90000])
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

```
import seaborn as sns
# visualizing the no. of comments of each category
palette= sns.color palette("bright")
x=train.iloc[:,2:].sum()
plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
ax= sns.barplot(x.index, x.values, palette=palette)
plt.title("Class")
plt.ylabel('Occurrences', fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel('Type ')
rects = ax.patches
xlabels = x.values
for rect, lbl in zip(rects, xlabels):
    height = rect.get height()
    ax.text(rect.get \bar{x}() + rect.get width()/2, height + 10, lbl,
            ha='center', va='bottom')
plt.show()
```



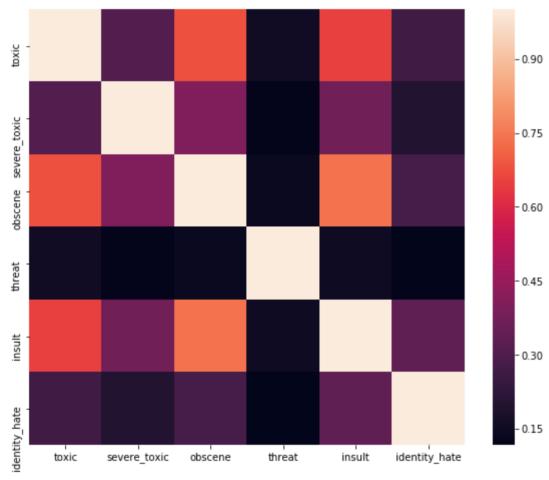
# No. of comments of each type grouped by lengths

```
y = np.zeros(label.shape)
for ix in range(comment.shape[0]):
    1 = len(comment[ix])
    if label[ix][0] :
        y[ix][0] = 1
    if label[ix][1] :
        y[ix][1] = 1
    if label[ix][2] :
        y[ix][2] = 1
    if label[ix][3]:
        y[ix][3] = 1
    if label[ix][4] :
        y[ix][4] = 1
    if label[ix][5]:
        y[ix][5] = 1
labelsplt = ['toxic','severe toxic','obscene','threat','insult','identity hate']
color = ['red', 'green', 'blue', 'yellow', 'orange', 'chartreuse']
plt.hist(y,bins = bins,label = labelsplt,color = color)
plt.axis([0, 1200, 0, 10000])
plt.xlabel('Length of comments')
plt.ylabel('Number of comments')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
# correlation matrix between features
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 8))
corr = train.corr()
```

## <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fb89c89b860>



# **→** Prepare the Data

## Cleaning the data

```
"""this function receives comments and returns clean word-list
  split words by witespace, remove punctuations, change letters to lower case,
 remove words that are not alphanumeric, remove 1-letter words
def pre process(word text):
    tokens = word text.split()
    table = str.maketrans({kev: None for kev in string.punctuation})
    tokens = [token.translate(table) for token in tokens]
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if token.isalpha()]
    tokens = [token.lower() for token in tokens]
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if token not in stop words]
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if len(token) > 1]
    lem = WordNetLemmatizer()
    tokens = [lem.lemmatize(token, "v") for token in tokens]
    sentence = ' '.join(tokens)
    return sentence
"""clean comment text from the trainning set and testing set"""
train comment text = train.comment text.copy()
valid comment text = valid.comment text.copy()
test comment text = test.comment text.copy()
train text processed = [pre process(comment) for comment in train comment text]
valid text processed = [pre process(comment) for comment in valid comment text]
test text processed = [pre process(comment) for comment in test comment text]
print('The 0th comment text in unprocessed training set:')
print(train comment text.iloc[0])
print('\n')
print('The 0th comment text in clean training set:')
print(train text processed[0])
print('\n')
print('The 0th comment text in unprocessed validation set:')
print(valid comment text.iloc[0])
print('\n')
print('The Oth comment text in clean validation set:')
print(valid text processed[0])
print('\n')
print('The Oth comment text in unprocessed test set:')
print(test comment text.iloc[0])
print('\n')
print('The Oth comment text in clean test set:')
print(test text processed[0])
```

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```
The 0th comment text in unprocessed training set:
     Oppose. WP: MOSTM, the quideline covering trademarks and brands, explicitly states not to do this. We don't need a
    The 0th comment text in clean training set:
    oppose wpmostm quideline cover trademark brand explicitly state dont need article title like realtor time etc desp
    The 0th comment text in unprocessed validation set:
    Risk factors
    The role of chlamydia should be discussed, as with the increasing ectopic pregnancy rate with the increasing chlam
    The 0th comment text in clean validation set:
    risk factor role chlamydia discuss increase ectopic pregnancy rate increase chlamydia incidence iuds also link inc
    The 0th comment text in unprocessed test set:
    Thank you for understanding. I think very highly of you and would not revert without discussion.
    The 0th comment text in clean test set:
df train = pd.DataFrame(data={"comment text": train text processed})
df train.to csv("data/cleaned train.csv", sep=',',index=False)
df valid = pd.DataFrame(data={"comment text": valid text processed})
df valid.to csv("data/cleaned valid.csv", sep=',',index=False)
df test = pd.DataFrame(data={"comment text": test text processed})
df test.to csv("data/cleaned test.csv", sep=',',index=False)
```

### ▼ Tokenizing and embedding

#### **▼** Tokenizing

```
embedding dim = 300
```

Гэ

```
# Tokenize and Pad
# Create tokenizer
tokenizer = Tokenizer()
# Fit and run tokenizer
tokenizer.fit on texts(train text processed + valid text processed + test text brocessed)
tokenized train = tokenizer.texts to sequences(train text processed)
tokenized valid = tokenizer.texts to sequences(valid text processed)
tokenized test = tokenizer.texts to sequences(test text processed)
word index = tokenizer.word index
# Extract variables
vocab size = len(word index)
print('Vocab size: {}'.format(vocab size))
longest = max(len(seg) for seg in tokenized train)
print("Longest comment size: {}".format(longest))
average = np.mean([len(seq) for seq in tokenized train])
print("Average comment size: {}".format(average))
stdev = np.std([len(seq) for seq in tokenized train])
print("Stdev of comment size: {}".format(stdev))
max len = int(average + stdev * 3)
print('Max comment size: {}'.format(max len))
print()
# Pad sequences
processed X train = pad sequences(tokenized train, maxlen=max len, padding='post', truncating='post')
processed X valid = pad sequences(tokenized valid, maxlen=max len, padding='post', truncating='post')
processed X test = pad sequences(tokenized test, maxlen=max len, padding='post', truncating='post')
# Sample tokenization
for sample i, (sent, token sent) in enumerate(zip(train text processed[:2], tokenized train[:2])):
    print('Sequence {}'.format(sample i + 1))
    print(' Input: {}'.format(sent))
    print(' Output: {}'.format(token sent))
```

```
Vocab size: 287514

Longest comment size: 1250
```

#### **▼** Embedding - Fasttext

```
embedding dim = 300
# Get embeddings
embeddings index = {}
f = open('wiki.en.vec', encoding="utf8")
for line in f:
    values = line.rstrip().rsplit(' ', embedding dim)
    word = values[0]
    coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
    embeddings index[word] = coefs
f.close()
print('Found {} word vectors.'.format(len(embeddings index)))
    Found 2519371 word vectors.
# Build embedding matrix
embedding matrix = np.zeros((len(word index) + 1, embedding dim))
for word, i in word index.items():
    embedding vector = embeddings_index.get(word)
    if embedding vector is not None:
        # Words not found in embedding index will be all-zeros.
        embedding matrix[i] = embedding vector
# Save embeddings
with h5py.File('embeddings.h5', 'w') as hf:
    hf.create dataset("fasttext", data=embedding matrix)
```

# Creating model and training model

```
# Load embeddings
with h5py.File('embeddings.h5', 'r') as hf:
    embedding matrix = hf['fasttext'][:]
```

#### **▼ RNN with LSTM**

#### Creating Model

```
#### RNN with LSTM
import keras.backend
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D
from keras.layers import Dropout, GlobalMaxPooling1D, BatchNormalization
from keras.layers import Bidirectional
from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding
from keras.optimizers import Nadam
from keras.layers.recurrent import LSTM
# Initate model
model = Sequential()
# Add Embedding layer
model.add(Embedding(vocab size + 1, embedding dim, weights=[embedding matrix], input length=max len, trainable=True))
# Add Recurrent layer
model.add(LSTM(60, return sequences=True, name='lstm layer'))
model.add(Conv1D(filters=128, kernel size=5, padding='same', activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling1D(3))
model.add(GlobalMaxPooling1D())
model.add(BatchNormalization())
# Add fully connected layers
model.add(Dense(50, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.3))
model.add(Dense(6, activation='sigmoid'))
# Summarize the model
model.summary()
```

С→

WARNING: Logging before flag parsing goes to stderr.
W0614 02:38:38.917062 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:38.961061 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:38.967788 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:38.978593 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:38.979368 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:44.129183 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera
W0614 02:38:44.494319 139681009899392 deprecation.py:506] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backen
Instructions for updating:
Please use `rate` instead of `keep prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep\_prob`.

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None,	189, 300)	86254500
lstm_layer (LSTM)	(None,	189, 60)	86640
convld_1 (ConvlD)	(None,	189, 128)	38528
max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPooling1	(None,	63, 128)	0
<pre>global_max_pooling1d_1 (Glob</pre>	(None,	128)	0
batch_normalization_1 (Batch	(None,	128)	512
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	50)	6450
dropout 1 (Dropout)	(None	501	n

Using binary crossentropy as the loss function and clipping gradients to avoid any explosions.

def loss(y\_true, y\_pred):
 return keras.backend.binary\_crossentropy(y\_true, y\_pred)

lr = .0001
model.compile(loss=loss, optimizer=Nadam(lr=lr, clipnorm=1.0),

```
metrics=['binary_accuracy'])
```

W0614 02:38:44.555711 139681009899392 deprecation\_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/kera

W0614 02:38:44.567229 139681009899392 deprecation.py:323] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/p
Instructions for updating:
Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

#### ▼ Training Model

```
# Evaluation Metric
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
from keras.callbacks import Callback
class RocAucEvaluation(Callback):
   def init (self, filepath, validation data=(), test data=(), interval=1, max epoch = 100):
       super(Callback, self). init ()
       # Initialize state variables
       print("After init")
       self.interval = interval
       self.filepath = filepath
        self.stopped epoch = max epoch
        self.best = \overline{0}
       self.X val, self.y val = validation data
        self.y pred = np.zeros(self.y val.shape)
        self.X test, self.y test = test data
       self.y test pred = np.zeros(self.y test.shape)
   def on epoch end(self, epoch, logs={}):
       print("Epoch end")
       if epoch % self.interval == 0:
           y pred = self.model.predict proba(self.X val, verbose=0)
            current = roc auc score(self.y val, y pred)
            logs['roc auc val'] = current
            y test pred = self.model.predict proba(self.X test, verbose=0)
            current test = roc auc score(self.y test, y test pred)
            print("Test: {:.5f} Val:{:.5f}".format(current test, current))
            if current > self.best: #save model
                print(" - AUC - improved from {:.5f} to {:.5f}".format(self.best, current))
                self.best = current
                self.y pred = y pred
                self.stopped epoch = epoch+1
                self.model.save(self.filepath, overwrite=True)
```

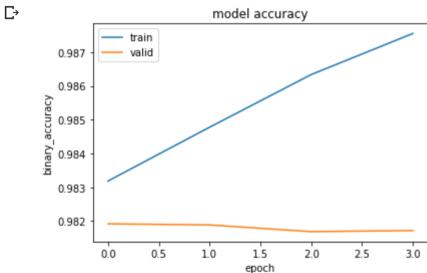
```
else:
           print(" - AUC - did not improve")
# Training
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint
print("Starting to train model...")
file path = 'rnn/rnn model best.hdf5'
RocAuc checkpoint = RocAucEvaluation(filepath=file path, validation data=(processed X valid, valid y), test data=(processed X
early stop = EarlyStopping(monitor="roc auc val", mode="max", patience=3)
callbacks list = [RocAuc checkpoint, early stop]
hist = model.fit(processed X train, train y, epochs=5, batch size=64, shuffle=False, validation data=(processed X valid, val
           callbacks = callbacks list, verbose=1)
best score = min(hist.history['val loss'])
print("Final ACC. {}".format(best score))

    Starting to train model...

   After init
   Train on 143645 samples, validate on 15926 samples
   Epoch 1/5
   Epoch end
   Test: 0.97252 Val:0.98014
   - AUC - improved from 0.00000 to 0.98014
   Epoch 2/5
   Epoch end
   Test: 0.97244 Val:0.98004
   - AUC - did not improve
   Epoch 3/5
   Epoch end
   Test: 0.97199 Val:0.97886
   - AUC - did not improve
   Epoch 4/5
   Epoch end
   Test: 0.97009 Val:0.97731
   - AUC - did not improve
   Final ACC. 0.04671059962809759
```

```
evaluation cost = hist.history['val loss']
evaluation accuracy = hist.history['val binary accuracy']
training cost = hist.history['loss']
training accuracy = hist.history['binary accuracy']
np.save("rnn/evaluation cost.npy", evaluation cost)
np.save("rnn/evaluation accuracy.npy", evaluation accuracy)
np.save("rnn/training cost.npy", training cost)
np.save("rnn/training accuracy.npy", training accuracy)
model.load weights('rnn/rnn model best.hdf5')
print("Predicting results...")
test predicts path = "rnn/rnn test predicts.npy"
test pred = model.predict(processed X test, batch size=1024, verbose=1)
np.save(test predicts path, test pred)
   Predicting results...
    # Visualize history of loss
plt.plot(hist.history['loss'])
plt.plot(hist.history['val loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'valid'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
Гэ
```

# # Visualize history of accuracy plt.plot(hist.history['binary\_accuracy']) plt.plot(hist.history['val\_binary\_accuracy']) plt.title('model accuracy') plt.ylabel('binary\_accuracy') plt.xlabel('epoch') plt.legend(['train', 'valid'], loc='upper left') plt.show()



#### **▼** Submission

```
preds_loaded = np.load("rnn/rnn_test_predicts.npy")
predictions = pd.DataFrame(preds_loaded)
sample_submission = pd.read csv("data/sample_submission.csv")
sample_submission[list_classes] = predictions
sample_submission.to_csv("rnn/submission.csv", index=False)

## test roc auc score
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
class_names = ['toxic', 'severe_toxic', 'obscene', 'threat', 'insult', 'identity_hate']
```

```
preds_loaded = np.load("rnn/rnn_test_predicts.npy")
predictions = pd.DataFrame(preds_loaded)
test = data_loader.load_test_data('data/test.csv','data/test_labels.csv')
roc_auc_scores_test = 0
for class_name in class_names:
    score = roc_auc_score(test[class_name], predictions[class_name])
    roc_auc_scores_test += score
    print(score)
print("ROC_AUC_Test_score:", roc_auc_scores_test/6)
```