

4BIT_ADDER

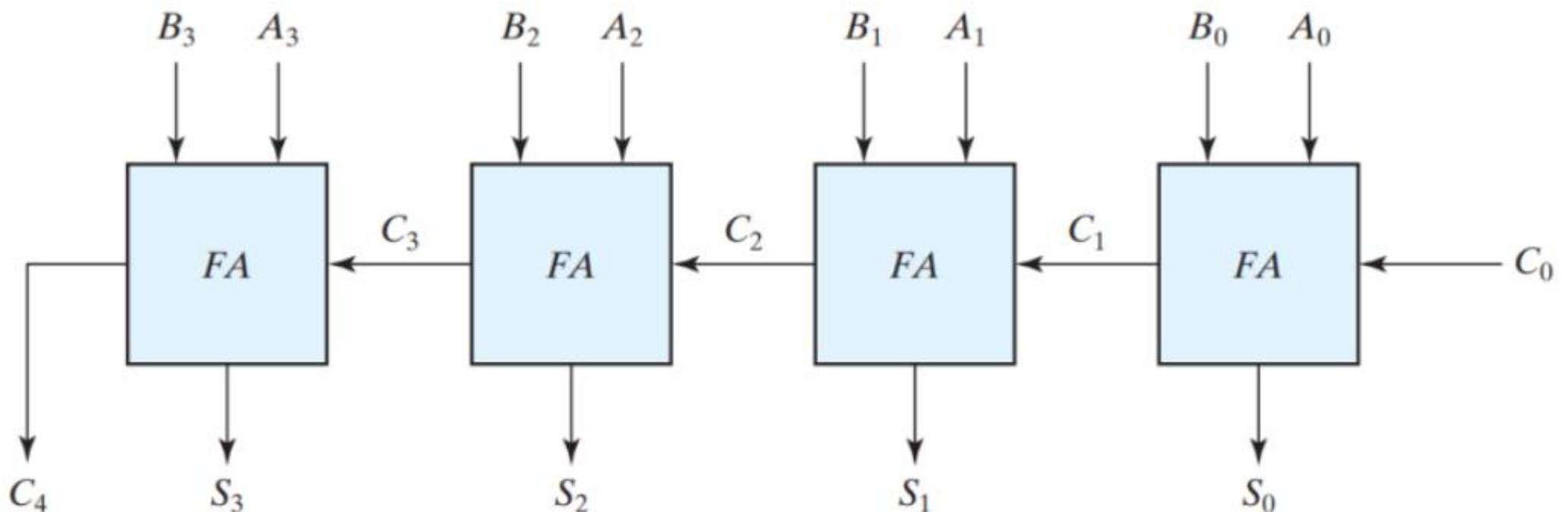
Ph. D. ByoungJin Lee

순서

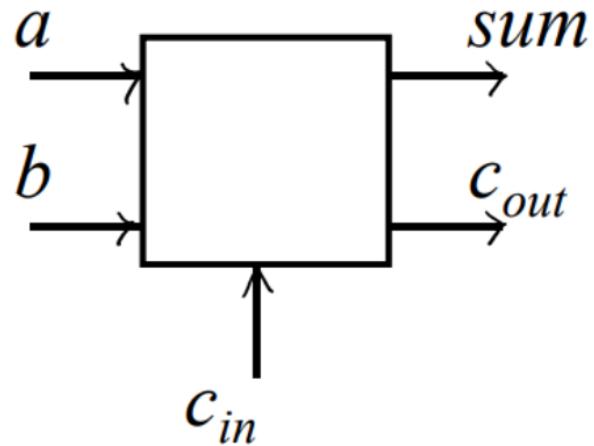
- 4Bit Adder
- Circuit design
- Schematic
- Circuit simulation
- Layout
- DRC, LVS

4Bit Adder

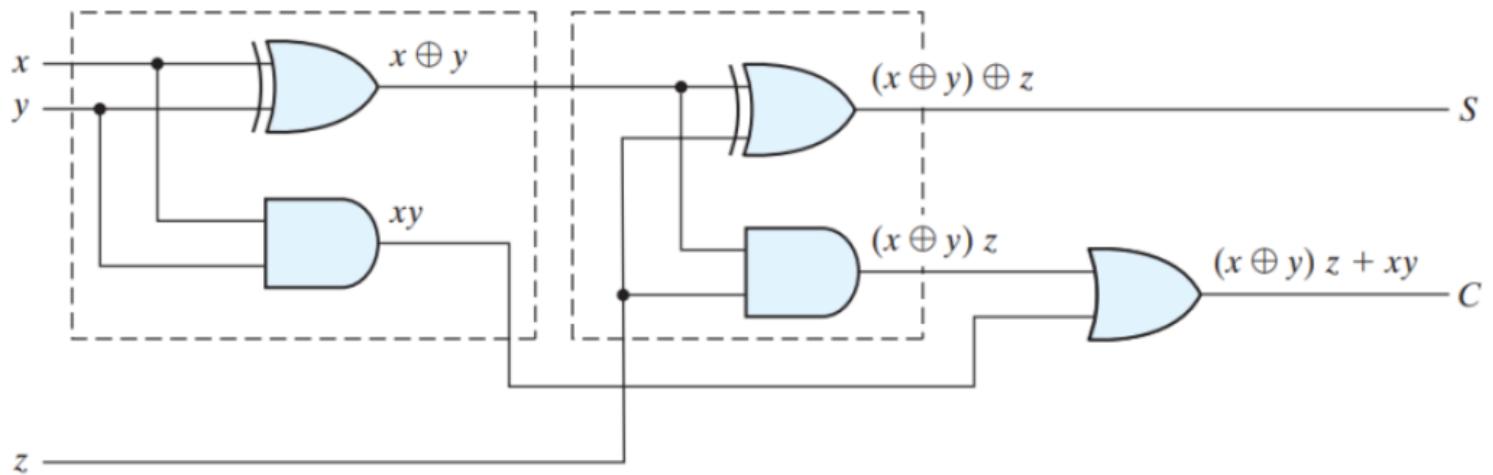
- 4비트 가산기는 4비트인 2개의 입력신호를 더하는 역할을 한다.
- 예를 들어 $1011 + 1100 = 10111$ 이다. 기본적인 4비트 병렬 가산기는 4개의 전가산기로 구성된다. 두 개의 입력 신호로 주어지며, 각 가산기의 캐리 출력은 다음 상위 가산기의 캐리 입력이 된다.



4Bit Adder



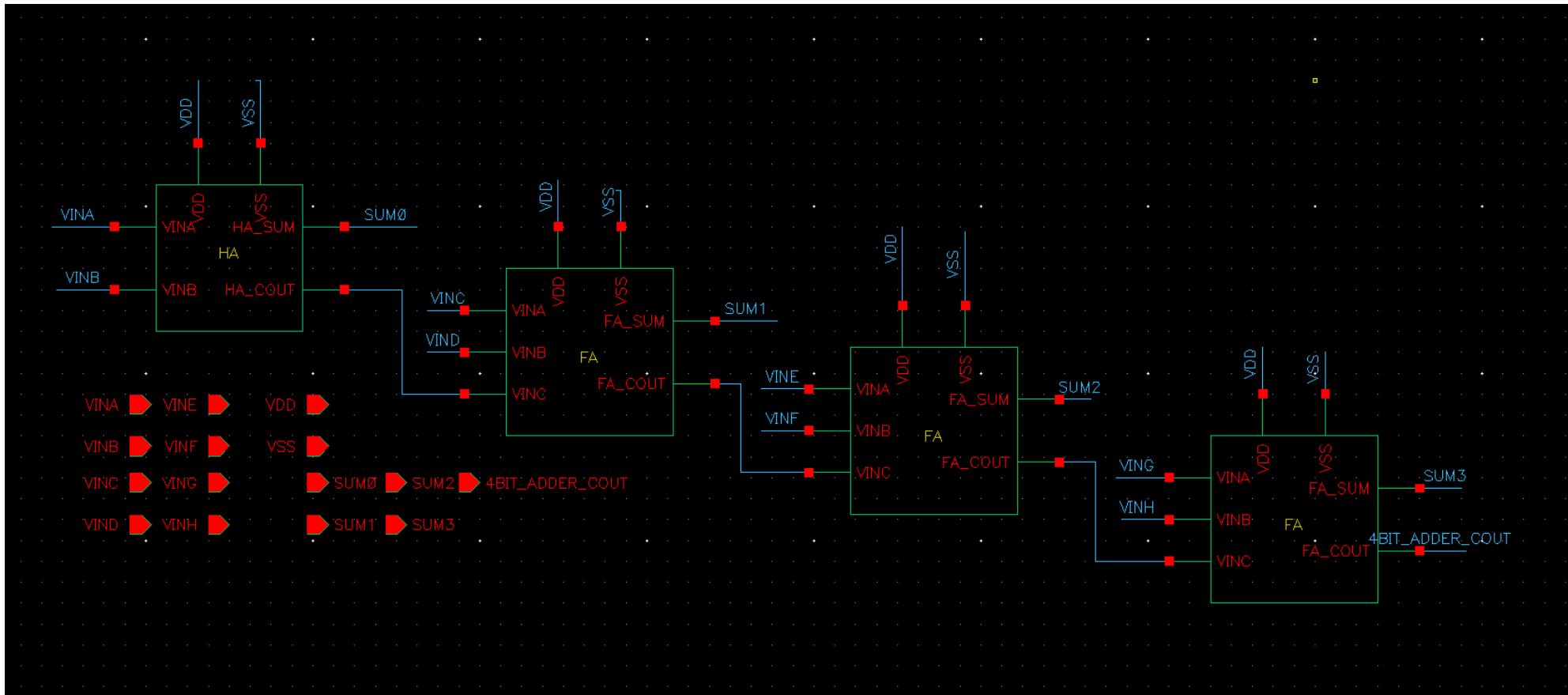
x	y	z	c	s
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1



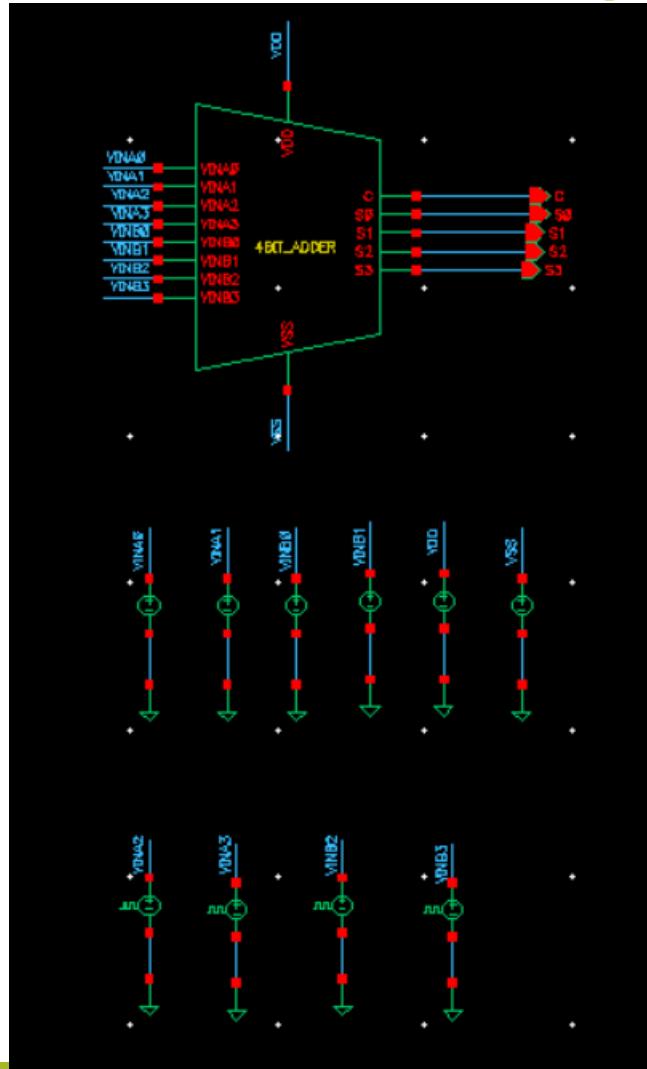
구현 방법

- Half Adder 1개와 Full Adder 3개로 4Bit Adder를 구성하였다.
- 구조가 간단하여 구현이 용이한 장점이 있다.
- Tr. 수
 - Half Adder
 - (Inverter) $3 \times 2 + (2\text{Nand}) 4 \times 4 = 22$
 - Full Adder
 - (Inverter) $7 \times 2 + (2\text{Nand}) 8 \times 4 + (2\text{Nor}) 1 \times 4 = 50$

Schematic



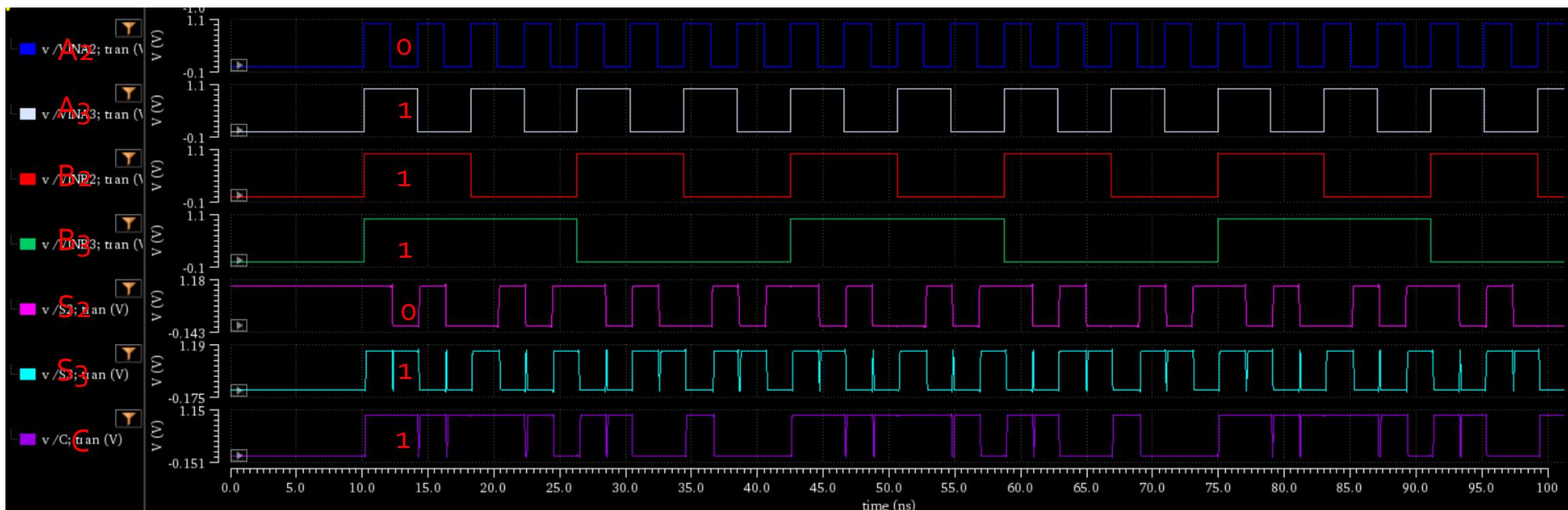
4Bit Adder simulation setup



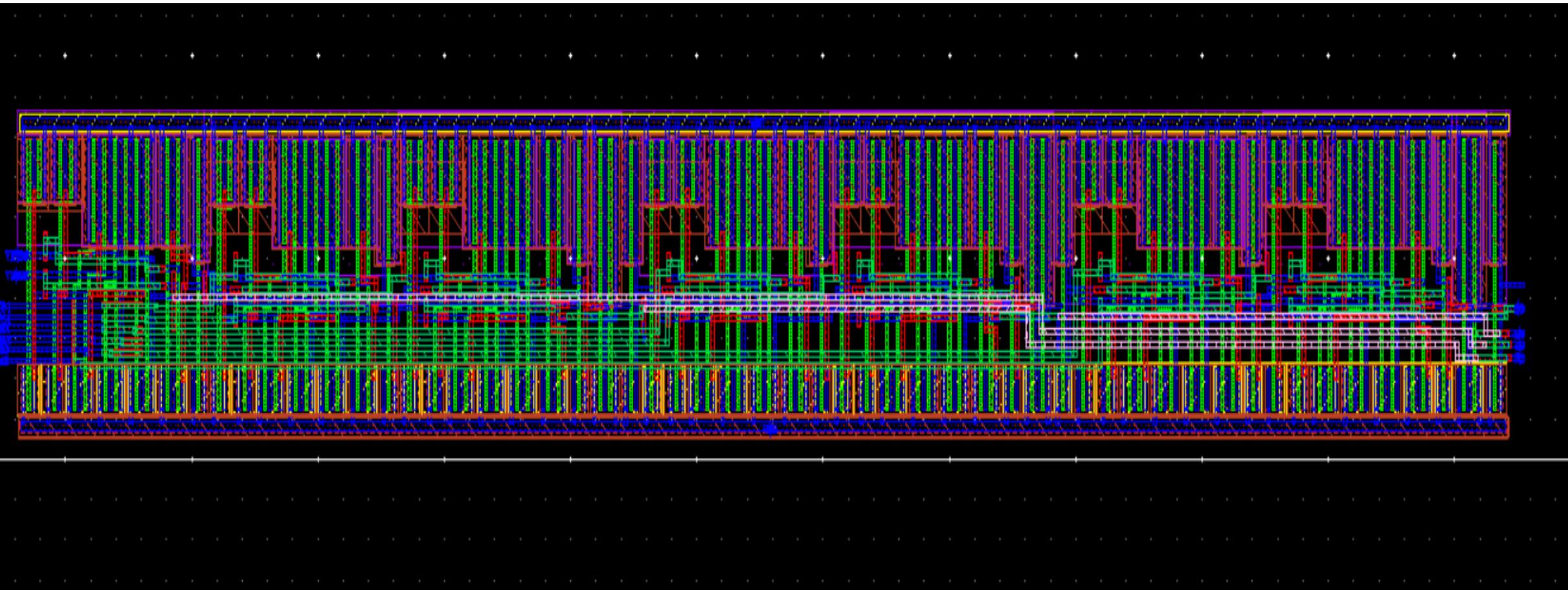
Wave Form



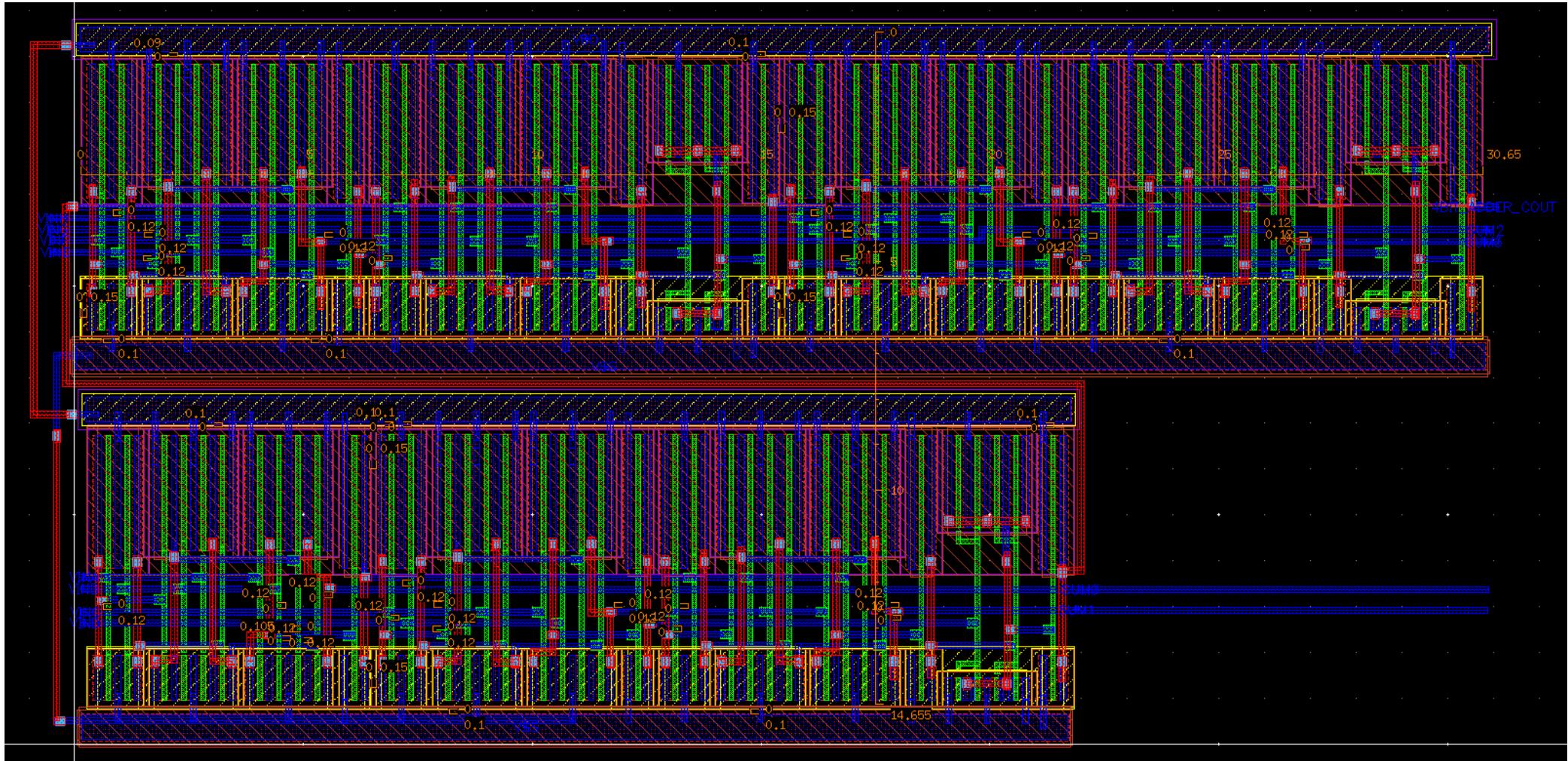
$A_0 + B_0 \rightarrow S_0 = 1$ $A_1 + B_1 \rightarrow S_1 = 0$ ($C_1 = 1$) $A_2 + B_2 + (C_1) \rightarrow S_2 = 0$ ($C_2 = 1$) $A_3 + B_3 + (C_2) \rightarrow S_3 = 1$ ($C = 1$)



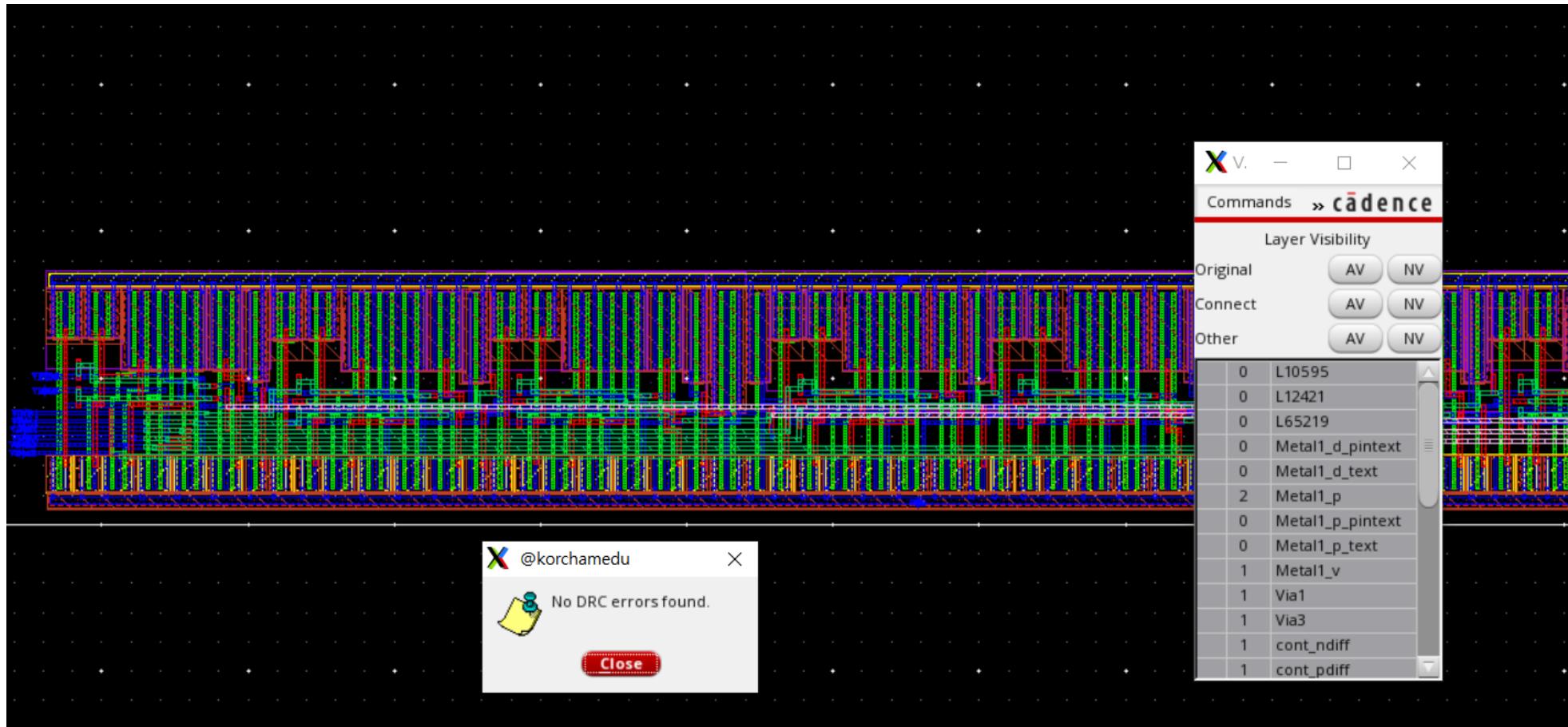
4Bit Adder (Layout)



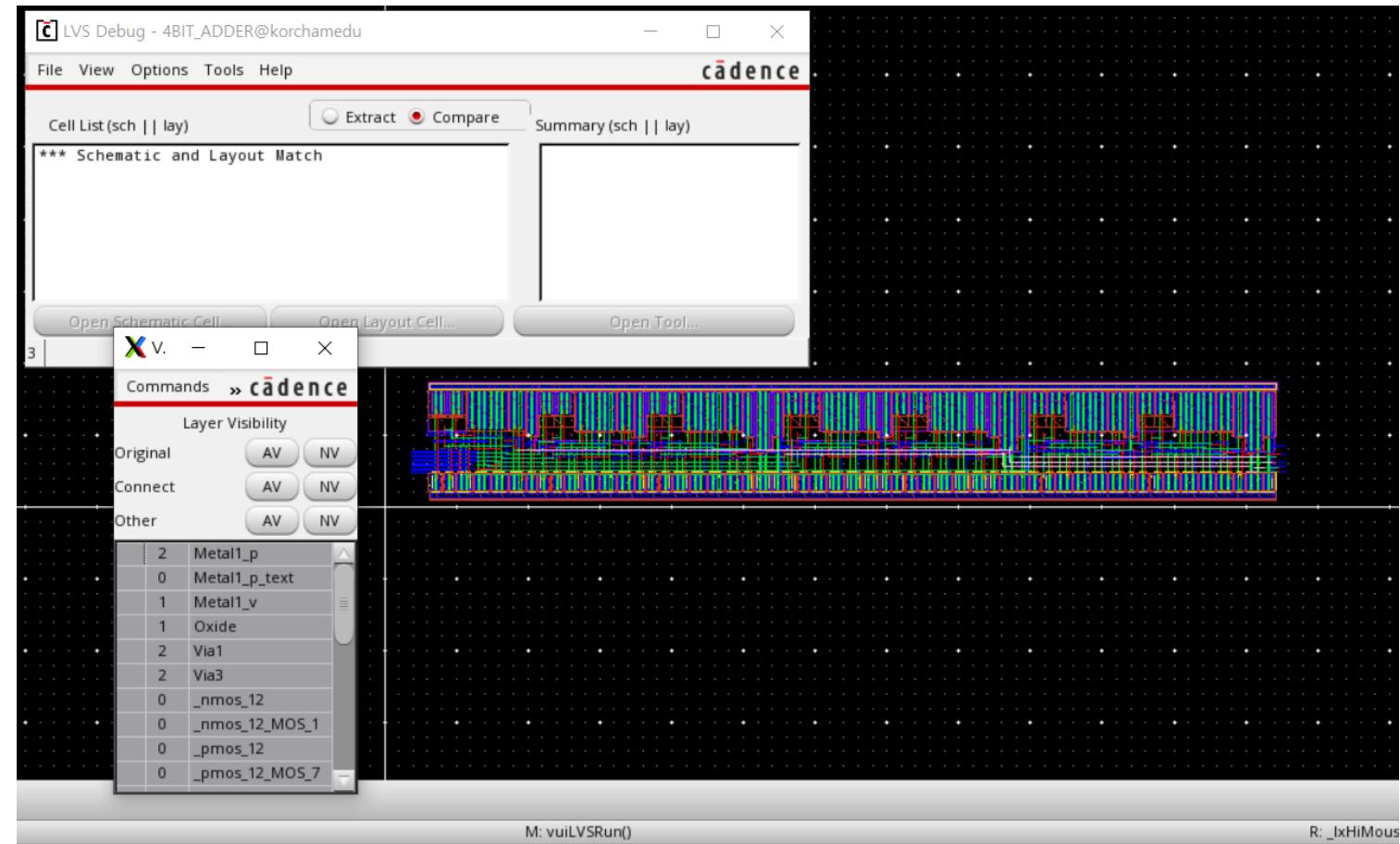
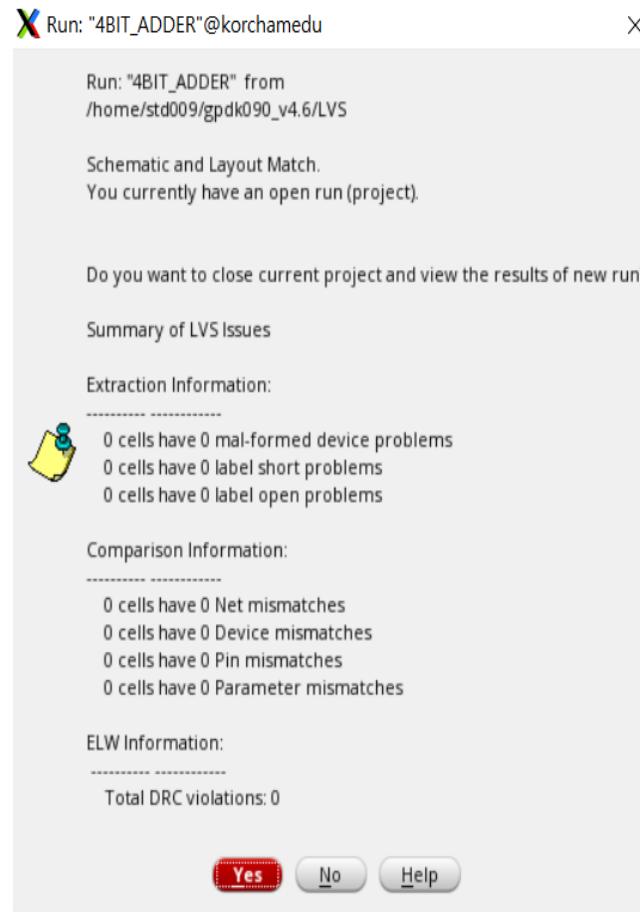
4Bit Adder (Layout)



4Bit Adder (DRC)



4Bit Adder (LVS)



4Bit Adder Size

4Bit Adder	
가로	59.14
세로	8.165