SQL

* SELECT is the clause you use every time you want to query information from a database.
* WHERE is a popular command that lets you filter the results of the query based on conditions that you specify.
* LIKE and BETWEEN are special operators that can be used in a WHERE clause
* AND and OR are special operators that you can use with WHERE to filter the query on two or more conditions.
* ORDER BY lets you sort the results of the query in either ascending or descending order.
* LIMIT lets you specify the maximum number of rows that the query will return. This is especially important in large tables that have thousands or even millions of rows.