Next >

Problem Bank Style Rules Discussion Progress Design Recipes Language Glossary Course > 9a: Generative Recursion > Termination Arguments > Questions 1-3 Ø, Previous **Questions 1-3** ☐ Bookmark this page Question 1 1/1 point (graded) Consider the following: (define (scarpet s)
 (if (<= s CUTOFF)</pre> (square s "outline" "red") (overlay (square s "outline" "red")
(local [(define sub (scarpet (/ s 3)))
(define blk (square (/ s 3) "solid" "white"))] (above (beside sub sub sub) (beside sub blk sub) (beside sub blk sub)))))) What is the base case? C (square s "ouline" "red") (<= s CUTOFF)</pre> C (>= s CUTOFF) C (= s CUTOFF) Similar to stri in the video, the base case is (<= s CUTOFF) by looking at the function definition. Show Answer Answers are displayed within the problem Question 2 1/1 point (graded) What is the reduction step? **(** (/ s 3) C (scarpet (/ s 3)) C (square (/ s 3) "solid" "white") **Explanation** According to the function definition, the next problem is (/s 3), which is the reduction step. Show **1** Answers are displayed within the problem Question 3 1/1 point (graded) What is the argument that repeated application of the reduction step will eventually reach the base case? C Repeated division by 3 will eventually reach the base case C As long as cutoff is > 0, repeated division by 3 will eventually reach the base case • As long as CUTOFF is > 0 and s starts >= 0, repeated division by 3 will eventually reach the base case

 $\, C \,$  As long as CUTOFF is >= 0 and s starts > 0, repeated division by 3 will eventually reach the base case



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