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物理、原理#I5 〆゚゚゚゚゚
 4.7.5.空间的对称性
                             A \in GL(v) := \{ T \in L(v) \mid T : by. \}
                                                       = { T: V→V: lin. bij. }
                             L(A): Map(I;V) \longrightarrow Map(I;V)
                                                    := A(x(t))
                 An Lin. 19 1: 31), L(A) 12 lin. 739, by.
                     ① L(A): Lin.
                                  L(A) (aX+bY) \stackrel{\Leftarrow}{=} a L(A)X+bL(A)Y (t)
\bigoplus Map(I : II) : vac.sp
                                                       ① p.210
                                         L(A)(aX+bY)(t) = A((aX+bY)(t)).
                                                                                     I \xrightarrow{aX+bY} V \xrightarrow{A} V
                                                                                     = A (aX(t)+bY(t)) ( V: vec.sp.
                                                                                   = a A(x(t))+ b A(r(t)) ① A: Lin.
                                                                                   = a(L(A)X)(t) + b(L(A)Y)(t)
                                                                               (aL(A)X + bL(A)Y)(t)
                                                                                                            Map (I); V) : vec.sp.
                             L(A) : surj.
                                          Y \in Map(I:V) \rightarrow {}^{\exists}X \in Map(I:V) s.t. L(A)X = Y
                                                    \chi:\, \mathbb{I} \longrightarrow \mathcal{V}
                                                           w
                                                            t \mapsto \chi(t) := \tilde{A}^{I}(\Upsilon(t))
                                                            (L(A)X)(t) = A(X(t)) = A(A^{-1}(Y(t)))
                                                                                      - Y(t).
                                                          : L(A)X = Y
                                         V
                                                          *
                              L(A) : inj
                                                                                      L(A): Map(I;V) \rightarrow \mathcal{U}
                                          ker L (A) = {0}
                                                                                    f: X \longrightarrow Y

\ker f := \{ 1 \in X \mid f(x) = 0_Y \}
                                               L(A)X - 0 \Rightarrow X = 0 = \{0_X\}
                                                OHap(E:V) <
                                                        A(x(t)) = Q_v(t \in I) \Rightarrow X(t) = Q_v(t \in I)
                                                                A^{-1} > E + 77  A^{-1} > E 
                                                                 . X = 0
                 \forall A,B \in GL(\nabla). L(A)L(B)=L(AB).
                        \bigcirc (L(AB)X)(t) = AB(X(t))
                               = \underbrace{A(B(X(t)))}_{(L(A)L(B)X)(t)} = \underbrace{L(A)(L(B)X)(t)}_{(L(B)X)(t)}
                                                                                                \ddot{\Upsilon}(t) = B(\chi(t))
                                                                       = A(Y(t))
                                                                       = A(B(X(t))).
                5.7.
                                  L: GL(V) - GL (Map(I;V))
                                                               \longmapsto \mathsf{L}(\mathsf{A}) : \mathsf{Map}(\mathbb{T}; \mathcal{V}) \longrightarrow \mathsf{Map}(\mathbb{T}; \mathcal{V}) \; .
                                : lin. bij.
L(A)L(B) = L(AB) 34RTM9, Def 4.2259,
                7X'
                                 Lit GL(V)の Map(I)V) 上での表現。
                と(に,
                                 L(A) L(A^{-1}) = L(AA^{-1}) = L(id_{V}) = id_{Mep(IJV)}
                                 L(A^{-1}) = (L(A))^{-1}.
Def.
                                                       F: V \longrightarrow V.
                         F_A: V \longrightarrow V
                                    \chi \longmapsto F_A(\chi) := A(F(A^-\chi)).
                                : Fの A-g換.
Prop 4.27.
         (1) \quad X \in S_{F}(\mathbb{T}). \Rightarrow L(A) X \in S_{F_{a}}(\mathbb{T})
            ii) L(A) S_F(\mathbb{I}) = S_{F_A}(\mathbb{I}).
 * Prop. o.13.
                  カFatとで運動Xが可、
                   カFのかで運動L(A)Xが可.
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v~) 運動。空间的並行性。

GL (Map (II) V)