## 111 學年度第二學期五專(日語一甲)數學期中考

學號:\_\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名:\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名:\_\_\_\_\_

## 一、單一選擇題(共 70 分,每題 10 分)

1. ( D ) 
$$\sin 30^{\circ} + \cos 30^{\circ} \times \tan 30^{\circ} - \sin 45^{\circ} \times \cos 45^{\circ} = ?$$
 (A)0 (B)1 (C)-1 (D) $\frac{1}{2}$ 

解析: 原式 = 
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

2. ( D ) 
$$\stackrel{\text{#}}{=} \tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$$
,  $\boxed{1} \frac{2\cos \theta - 3\sin \theta}{4\cos \theta + 6\sin \theta} = ?$  (A)  $\frac{-1}{10}$  (B)  $\frac{5}{13}$  (C)  $\frac{13}{5}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

解析:  
所求 = 
$$\frac{\frac{2\cos\theta - 3\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}}{\frac{4\cos\theta + 6\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}} = \frac{2 - 3\tan\theta}{4 + 6\tan\theta} = \frac{2 - 1}{4 + 2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

3. ( 
$$^{\circ}$$
 )  $\sin 210^{\circ} + \cos(-60^{\circ}) + \tan 135^{\circ} = ?$  (A)0 (B)1 (C)-1 (D)2

解析: 
$$\sin 210^\circ = \sin(180^\circ + 30^\circ) = -\sin 30^\circ = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos(-60^{\circ}) = \cos 60^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2}$$

4. ( B ) 
$$\sin 0^{\circ} + \cos 90^{\circ} + \sin 180^{\circ} + \cos 270^{\circ} = ?$$
 (A)  $-1$  (B)0 (C)2 (D)4 解析:原式 =  $0 + 0 + 0 + 0 = 0$ 

5. ( B )  $\triangle ABC$  中,已知  $\sin A : \sin B : \sin C = 3 : 2 : 4$ ,且  $\triangle ABC$  周長為 72,則  $\angle A$  的對應邊長 a 為何? (A)20 (B)24 (C)26 (D)28

解析: 
$$a:b:c=\sin A:\sin B:\sin C=3:2:4\Rightarrow$$
 最大邊為  $a$   $\Rightarrow a=3k \cdot b=2k \cdot c=4k \quad (k>0)$   $\Rightarrow$  周長  $3k+2k+4k=72\Rightarrow k=8$   $\therefore a=3\times 8=24$ 

6. ( A ) 
$$\triangle ABC \Leftrightarrow \angle A = 60^{\circ}, \angle B = 75^{\circ}, a = 2$$
,  $\exists c = ?$  (A)  $\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}$  (B)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  (C)  $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$ 

(D)
$$\sqrt{3}$$
  
解析:  $\angle C = 180^{\circ} - \angle A - \angle B = 45^{\circ}$ 

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{\sin 60^{\circ}} = \frac{c}{\sin 45^{\circ}} \Rightarrow c = \frac{2}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

7. ( D ) 一扇形的圓心角為30°,半徑為 6,則所對的弧長為何? (A)180 (B)30 (C)  $6\pi$  (D)  $\pi$ 

解析: 
$$\theta = 30^\circ = \frac{\pi}{6}$$
  $S = r\theta = 6 \times \frac{\pi}{6} = \pi$ 

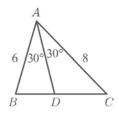
## 二、計算與證明題(共30分,每題10分)

1.  $\triangle ABC$ 中, $\angle A = 60^{\circ}$ 、 $\overline{AB} = 6$ 、 $\overline{AC} = 8$ , $\angle A$ 的內角平分線交 $\overline{BC}$ 於D,則邊長 $\overline{AD}$ 

為\_\_\_\_\_

答案: 24<sub>v</sub>

解析:



 $\triangle ABC$  面積 =  $\triangle ABD$  面積 +  $\triangle ACD$  面積

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \overline{AB} \times \overline{AC} \times \sin 60^{\circ} = \frac{1}{2} \times \overline{AB} \times \overline{AD} \times \sin 30^{\circ} + \frac{1}{2} \times \overline{AC} \times \overline{AD} \times \sin 30^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 8 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times \overline{AD} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times \overline{AD} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 48\sqrt{3} = 6\overline{AD} + 8\overline{AD} \Rightarrow \overline{AD} = \frac{24\sqrt{3}}{7}$$

2. 設 $\theta$ 為銳角,若 $\sin\theta$ + $\cos\theta$ = $\sqrt{2}$ ,試求下列各式的值:

(1) 
$$\sin \theta \cos \theta$$
 (2)  $\tan \theta + \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$  (3)  $\sin \theta - \cos \theta$ 

答案:  $(1)(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 \Rightarrow 1 + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta = 2 \Rightarrow \sin\theta\cos\theta = \frac{1}{2}$ 

(2) 
$$\tan \theta + \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = \frac{1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} = 2$$

(3)  $(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2 = \sin^2 \theta - 2\sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 - 2\sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 - 2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 0$ 

3.  $\triangle ABC$ 中, $\overline{BC} = 7$ 、 $\overline{AC} = 8$ 、 $\overline{AB} = 13$ ,試求最大內角。

## 答案: 大邊對大角⇒最大內角為∠C

由餘弦定理可知

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab} = \frac{7^2 + 8^2 - 13^2}{2 \times 7 \times 8} = \frac{49 + 64 - 169}{112} = \frac{-56}{112} = -\frac{1}{2} \qquad \therefore \angle C = 120^{\circ}$$

