# Ghulam Ishaq Khan Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology Department of Computer Science

### **Course Information**

Course Code: CS 351L

**Course Title:** Artificial Intelligence Lab **Instructor:** Mr. Usama Arshad, PhD CS

**Program:** BS Cybersecurity

Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>

**Reference for Lab Resources:** 

[CS 351L - AI Lab GitHub Repository]

(https://github.com/usamajanjua9/CS-351L---AI-Lab-)

#### Lab Task Details

Lab Task: 04

Lab Title: Supervised Learning - Classification with k-NN and Decision Trees

Assigned Date: 25th September 2024

**Submission Deadline:** 30th September 2024

Task Type: Individual

#### **Submission Instructions**

- Make a public repository on GitHub with following name:
   CS 351L AI Lab GitHub Repository\_Your\_reg\_no.
- Submit each completed lab task on repository and share the link to my email with screenshots of output.

usama.arshad@giki.edu.pk

• File Naming Convention: [YourName] CS351L Lab02.ipynb

**Late Submissions:** Will incur a deduction of marks unless approved in advance by the instructor.

#### **Task Overview**

#### **Scenario:**

You are hired as a data scientist for a university. The university wants to predict whether passengers survived the Titanic disaster based on various factors such as their age, gender, ticket class, and fare paid. You will use the k-NN and Decision Tree algorithms to build models that predict whether a passenger survived.

## Part 1: Data Exploration and Preprocessing

- 1. Explore the Dataset:
- Load the dataset and display the first few rows.
- Visualize the distribution of key features (like `Pclass`, `Age`, `Sex`, etc.).
- Check for any missing values or outliers.
- 2. Data Preprocessing:
- Handle missing values by either filling them (e.g., with median) or removing records with missing data.
- Encode categorical variables like `Sex` and `Embarked` into numerical values.
- Standardize or normalize the numerical features like `Age` and `Fare`.

## Part 2: Implementing k-NN and Decision Trees

- 1. Model Training:
- Split the dataset into training and testing sets (70% training, 30% testing).
- Implement the k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN) algorithm and train the model using the training set.
- Implement a Decision Tree algorithm and train it using the same training set.
- 2. Model Evaluation:
- Use the test set to make predictions for both models.
- Evaluate the performance of each model using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score.
- Compare the results and discuss which model performed better.

#### **Part 3: Visualization**

- 1. Decision Boundaries:
- Create visualizations to display the decision boundaries of both models (k-NN and Decision Tree) using two features from the dataset.
- Plot the data points along with the decision boundaries to show how each model classifies the data.

- 2. Performance Visualization:
- Plot a bar chart showing the performance metrics (accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score) of both models for easy comparison.

## **Dataset Source:**

For this lab, you will use the publicly available Titanic dataset from Kaggle. Download it from the following link: https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data

# **How to Load the Dataset in Python:**

Use the following code to load the dataset:
""python
import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
url = 'https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data'