Quiz 4 - Logistic Regression

- Due Mar 3 at 11:59pm
- Points 18
- Questions 6
- Time Limit 15 Minutes
- Allowed Attempts 2

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
KEPT	Attempt 1	1 minute	18 out of 18
LATEST	Attempt 2	less than 1 minute	0 out of 18
	Attempt 1	1 minute	18 out of 18

Score for this attempt: 0 out of 18

Submitted Mar 2 at 3:59pm

This attempt took less than 1 minute.

::

UnansweredQuestion 1

0 / 3 pts

The function we use to estimate a logistic regression using statsmodels package is logistic().

True

Correct Answer

False

::

UnansweredQuestion 2

0 / 3 pts

Which of the following statement is correct?

The logit is always between 0 and 1

Correct Answer

- The odds of probability 0.5 is 1
- The odds is always between 0 and 1
- The probability is a linear function of independent variables

::

UnansweredQuestion 3

0 / 3 pts

Which of the following statement is NOT correct?
The target variable of logistic regression is categorical variable.
Logistic regression is a method of classification.
Correct Answer
Logistic regression models the absolute value of the target variable.
Logistic regression models a curve between 0 and 1.
UnansweredQuestion 4 0 / 3 pts
Which of the following statement is correct?
The logistic regression we have learned can be directly applied to a variable with more than two categories.
The probability has a linear relationship with independent variables.
The odds has a linear relationship with independent variables.
Correct Answer
The logit has a linear relationship with independent variables.
\parallel
UnansweredQuestion 5
0 / 3 pts
How is the coefficient (beta) of an interval variable X in a logistic regression associated with the predicted values?
With one unit increase in X, the probability increases by e^(beta) units.
Correct Answer
With one unit increase in X, the odds ratio of after vs. before is e^(beta).
With one unit increase in X, the probability increases by beta units.
With one unit increase in X, the odds increase by beta units.
UnansweredQuestion 6
0 / 3 pts

In an analysis of consumer budget compliance (1 - spending under the budget; 0 - spending above the budget), the coefficient of 'student' (yes/no) is 0.65 and p-value is less than 0.01. Which of the following statement is correct?

Correct Answer

The odds of a student consumer complying to budget is e'(0.65) times that of a non-student consumer.
Comparing to a non-student, the odds of a student consumer complying to budget is 65%.
Whether a consumer is a student does not impact their budget compliance.
Comparing to a non-student, a student consumer has 65% chance to comply to budget.

Quiz Score: 0 out of 18

3/2/24, 3:59 PM