

CE308 – Cloud Computing



SafeZoneSentient – A Cloud-Based War Crisis Management System

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SafeZoneSentient – A Cloud-Based War Crisis Management System - Report

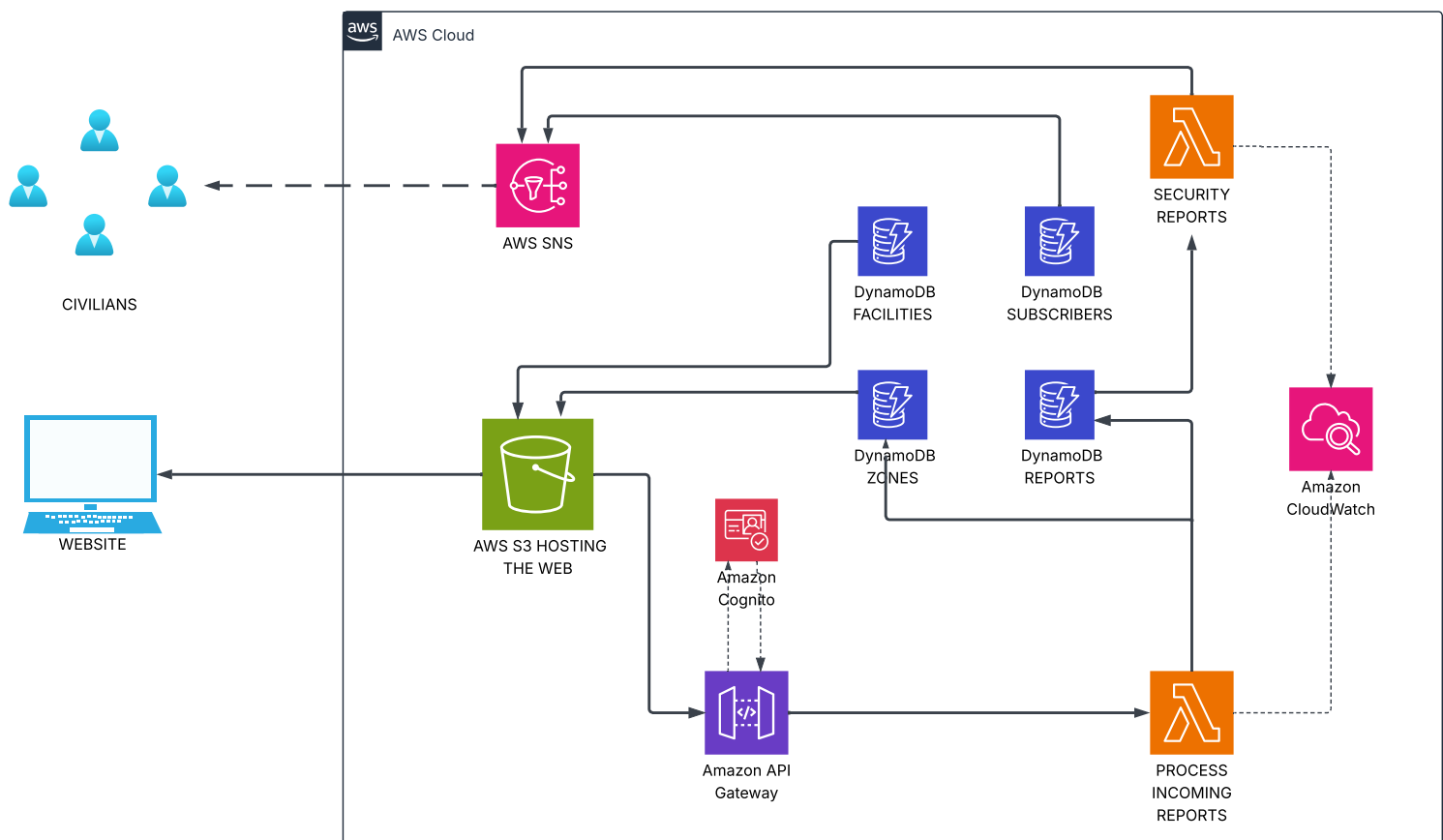
1. Introduction

In high-stakes scenarios like war zones or large-scale disasters, access to real-time, **trustworthy information** can be the difference between safety and chaos.

SafeZoneSentient is a **cloud-native crisis management system** built for such times — offering a public-facing platform to disseminate **verified alerts**, facilitate **civilian reporting**, and assist with **situation awareness** through map-based visualizations and real-time notifications.

Built entirely on **Amazon Web Services (AWS)**, the solution is highly available, **fully serverless**, and designed with **event-driven principles**, making it resilient under unpredictable, large-scale usage.

WORKFLOW DIAGRAM



2. Use Case Summary

SafeZoneSentient was designed under a hypothetical collaboration with **ISPR Pakistan** to act as a digital guardian for civilians. The platform serves the following core roles:

- **Admins (ISPR)** can:
 - Post verified alerts
 - Update zone data
 - Trigger mass alerts
- **Civilians** can:
 - View nearby safe zones, shelters, or danger zones
 - Submit danger or help reports
 - Receive email alerts if they're subscribed
- **All users** interact through:
 - A **real-time, interactive web map**
 - **Form-based reporting**
 - **Email alerts** triggered by new events

3. Cloud-Native Architecture Overview

The platform is composed of several AWS services working in synergy to support live interactivity, security, and scalability:

A. Amazon S3 – Static Website Hosting



- Hosts the **React-based frontend**
- Provides **HTTPS-based secure content delivery**
- Public-read bucket with **cloudfront** support
- **Cross-region replication** for geo-resilience

B. React Frontend & UX



The frontend is built with:

- **React.js** for dynamic UI rendering

- **Leaflet.js** for interactive maps
- **Axios** for API integration
- **Tailwind CSS** for responsive styling

Key Frontend Features:

- Interactive map filters
- Civilian reporting forms
- Admin dashboard with alert push controls
- Real-time zone status visualization

C. Amazon API Gateway – Backend Entry Point



- RESTful APIs for:
 - /alerts, /reports, /zones, /shelters
- Supports:
 - POST from civilians (reports)
 - PUT/POST from admins (alerts)
 - GET for real-time frontend data fetching
- Fully secured with **CORS** and throttling
- Directly integrated with Lambda and DynamoDB

D. Amazon DynamoDB – NoSQL Storage Layer



- Tables:
 - Reports
 - Facilities
 - Zones
 - Shelters
- Key benefits:
 - High throughput with auto-scaling
 - Stream-based event triggering
 - IAM policy-controlled access
- Used in a **table-per-feature** pattern for modularity

E. AWS Lambda – Backend Logic Layer



Two crucial Lambda functions power the core logic:

1. Lambda: ProcessingIncomeReports

- **Trigger:** API Gateway
- **Function:**
 - Validates and processes incoming civilian reports
 - Inserts them into the Reports table in DynamoDB

2. Lambda: ProcessingSecurityReports

- **Trigger:** DynamoDB Stream
- **Function:**
 - Detects new reports
 - Classifies them based on priority
 - Publishes alerts to SNS if critical

F. Amazon SNS – Notification and Alert System



- SNS topic war-zone-alerts
- Subscribers: Instructor and all class members
- Receives alerts via Lambda and sends:
 - **Email notifications** for verified crisis reports
 - **Instant delivery** through event-driven design

G. Cross-Region & Disaster Recovery

- **S3 buckets** use cross-region replication
- **DynamoDB** supports multi-region tables (optionally enabled)
- Entire infrastructure is region-agnostic
- Ensures uptime and continuity during localized outages

4. Frontend UX Features

Interactive Map (Leaflet.js)



- Real-time visualization of:
 - Red Zones
 - Safe Zones
 - Relief Points (Food, Water, NGOs)

Civilian Reporting

- Submit:
 - Location-based reports
 - Descriptions of threats or needs
- Processed via Lambda → DynamoDB → SNS (if critical)

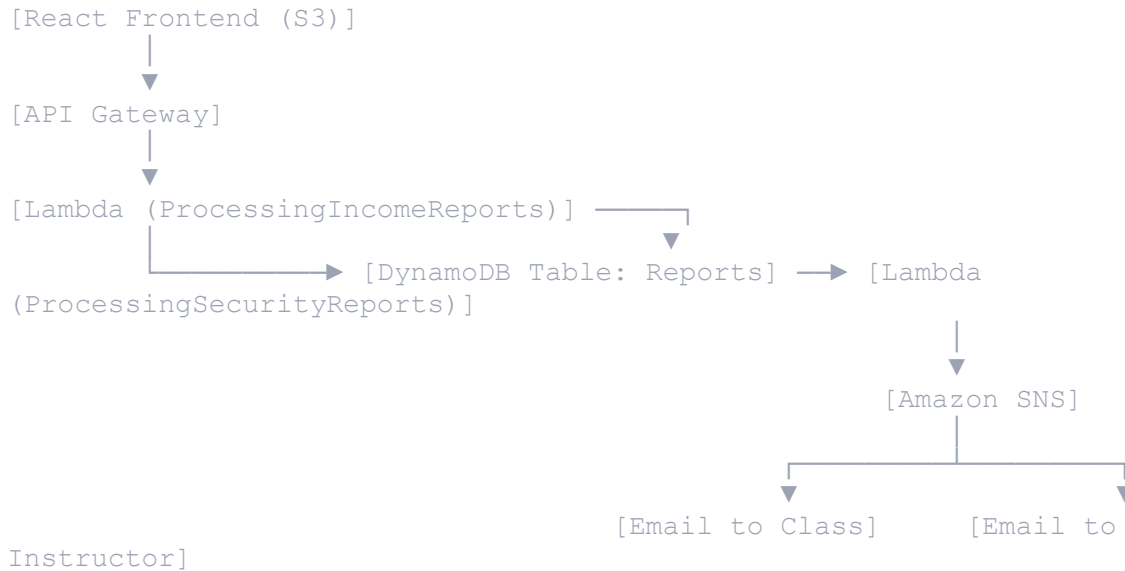
Admin Panel

- Login-only access (future: Cognito auth)
- Add/update:
 - Zone colors
 - Alert messages
- Trigger SNS alerts manually or automatically

Email Alerts

- Subscribed users get:
 - Verified ISPR warnings
 - Real-time updates if critical events occur nearby

5. End-to-End Architecture Diagram FOR REPORTING



6. Cloud-Native Design Benefits

Capability	Implementation
Serverless Computing	Lambda, API Gateway, DynamoDB
Event-Driven Architecture	DynamoDB Stream → Lambda → SNS
Auto Scalability	Lambda, S3, DynamoDB auto-scale on-demand
High Availability	AWS multi-AZ managed services
Real-Time Communication	SNS email alerts
Zero Infrastructure Ops	No EC2, full serverless
Global Reach	S3 & DynamoDB region-agnostic + replication
Cost-Efficient	Pay-per-use Lambda, S3, API Gateway
Secure and Role-Based Access	IAM + HTTPS + CORS

7. Future Scope & Enhancements

In Development

- Mobile app (Flutter / React Native)

- Push notifications (Firebase Cloud Messaging or SNS mobile)
- Real-time chat with responders (using WebSockets)

Planned Additions

- Amazon SageMaker for AI-powered report classification
- Offline mode with PWA caching
- User authentication via Amazon Cognito
- Localization support (Urdu, Pashto, Sindhi)

8. Conclusion

SafeZoneSentient is more than a project — it's a cloud-native blueprint for public safety. It demonstrates how **modern cloud platforms like AWS** can build life-saving systems that scale, adapt, and communicate in real-time. From serverless APIs and database triggers to resilient notifications and map-based data visualization, every part is built with a mission: **deliver verified crisis information quickly, securely, and scalably.**

This platform could serve as the basis for future national-level disaster management systems or NGO-driven emergency response tools.