

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Subject: - DATA STRUCTURE		Subject Code: 313 301	
Semester: - III		Course: COMPUTER ENGINEERING	
Laboratory No: L003		Name of Subject Teacher: Prof. Imraan	
		S.	
Name of Student: Saad Sharif Kazi		Roll ld: - 24203A0013	
Experiment No:	7		
Title of	* Write a 'C' Program to Sort an Array of Strings using Bubble		
Experiment	Sort Method		

Aim: Write a 'C' Program to Sort an Array of Strings using Bubble Sort Method.

Algorithm:

- Step 1: Start
- Step 2: Declare a 2D character array a[5][20] and a temporary array temp[20]
- Step 3: Declare integer variables i, j, b
- Step 4: Clear screen using clrscr()
- Step 5: Print "Enter Strings in the Array:"
- Step 6: Run a loop from i = 0 to i < 5
- Step 6.1: Scan a string from keyboard and store it in a[i]
- Step 7: Run a loop from i = 0 to i < 4
- Step 7.1: Run a nested loop from j = 0 to j < 4 i
- Step 7.1.1: Compare a[i] and a[i+1] using strcmp() and store result in b
- Step 7.1.2: If b > 0, then
- Step 7.1.2.1: Copy a[j] to temp
- Step 7.1.2.2: Copy a[i+1] to a[i]
- Step 7.1.2.3: Copy temp to a[j+1]
- Step 8: Print "Sorted Array:"
- Step 9: Run a loop from i = 0 to i < 5
- Step 9.1: Print a[i]
- Step 10: Stop

Code:

```
File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options
                                                                    Window Help
                                  = BUBBLESA.C =
                                                                            1=[‡]=
 -[•]-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <comio.h>
#include <string.h>
void mainO
char a[100][20], temp[20];
int i.j.n.b;
clrscr();
printf("Enter the number of strings: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter %d strings:\n", n);
pr intf C
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf("%s",a[i]);
for(i=0;i<n=1;i++)
for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
b = strcmp(a[j],a[j+1]);
F1 Help Alt-F8 Next Msg Alt-F7 Prev Msg Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
    File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options
BUBBLESA.C
                                                                     Window Help
                                                                            -1=[‡]-
-[•]<del>-</del>
for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
b = strcmp(a[j],a[j+1]);
if (b>0)
strcpy(temp,afjl);
strcpy(a[j],a[j+1]);
strcpy(a[j+1], temp);
printf("\nSorted Array:\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                                    П
printf("xs\n",a[i]);
getch();
   F1 Help Alt-F8 Next Msg Alt-F7 Prev Msg Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
```

Output: -

```
Enter the number of strings: 5
Enter 5 strings:
e
d
c
b
a
Sorted Array:
a
b
c
d
e
-
```

Practical Related Questions:

1. Modify the basic Bubble Sort algorithm to include an optimization that stops the algorithm if no swaps were made during a pass.

CODE:

```
File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options
                                                                     Window Help
= SAAD7.1 =
                                                                            =1=[ # ]=
#include<stdio.h>
#include<comio.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
char a[5][11],temp[20];
int i,j,b,c,flag=0;
clrscr();
printf("Enter the strings in the array: <math>n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
scanf("%s",&a[i]);
c=strlen(a[i]);
if (c>=11)
printf("strings exceed the lemit of 10 character....");
printf("\nenter the small strings again: ");
scanf("xs",&a[i]);
for(i=0;i<5-1;i++)
   F1 Help F2 Save F3 Open Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
                                                                     Window Help
   File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options
=[•]=
                                    SAAD7.1 =
for(i=0;i<5-1;i++)
flag=0;
for(j=0;j<5-1;j++)
b=strcmp(a[j],a[j+1]);
if (b>0)
strcpy(temp,a[jl);
strcpy(a[j],a[j+1]);
strcpy(alj+11,temp);
flag=1:
if (f lag==0)
break;
printf("\nsorted array\n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
     = 41:37 <del>----</del>[
F1 Help F2 Save F3 Open Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
```

```
File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options
                                                                     Window Help
                                     SAAD7.1 =
                                                                            1=[‡]=
b=strcmp(a[j],a[j+1]);
if (b>0)
strcpy(temp,a[j]);
strcpy(aljl,alj+11);
strcpy(a[j+1],temp);
flag=1;
if (flag==0)
break;
printf("\nsorted array\n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
printf("xs\n",a[i]);
getch();
    <del>---- 46</del>:37 ----<mark>---</mark>
F1 Help F2 Save F3 Open Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the strings in the array:
apple
yedchourangpagal
strings exceed the lemit of 10 character...
enter the small strings again: bmw
zebra
dog
mercedes

sorted array
apple
bmw
dog
mercedes
zebra
```

Marks Obtained			Dated signature of Teacher
Process Related (35)	Produc t Relate d(15)	Total (50)	