~ = 0 = 0 / = 0	Exercises Digital Image Processing	Task No. 5

simple image processing operations

Task 5.1 point operations (gray-scale transformation functions)

- a) What is a point operation?
- b) Give the transformation functions and the importance of gamma correction operation. Then, write a function to do gamma correction of an image.
- c) Given the transformation functions of the range scaling of gray values from intervall [min, max] into intervall [0, 255] as

$$T(r) = 255 \cdot \frac{r - min}{max - min} \tag{1}$$

write a function to apply this operation on an image.

d) Write a program that can perform the point operations from task b) and c). Initially, user selects a point operation. Then the program asks for the parameters required for this operation, and finally calculates the selected operation on an input image.

Task 5.2 histogram operation

- a) Write a function to calculate histogram of an image.
- b) Write a function to print a histogram using (*) symbol on the console.
- c) (Extra) write a function to draw a histogram on an image using bar chart.
- d) Write a function to do histogram equalization of an image use equation (3.14) in the lecture slides. Display the image before and after equalization.

Tip:

You can use the functions from the last exercise to calculate the minimum and maximum values, or the following DIPLib:

float max (GrayImage& image)

Calculates the maximum gray value of an image <image> and returns it as a return value.

float min (GrayImage& image)

Calculates the minimum gray value of an image <image> and returns it as a return value.