Mathematics in Computing: 4COSC007C

Tutorial 3

- 1. Given the set $A = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ form a new set B which consists of all elements of set A that are:
 - i Prime numbers.
 - ii Even numbers.
 - iii Odd numbers that are greater or equal to 3.
 - iv Those numbers that being multiplied by 2 give a number that is also an element of A.
 - v Those numbers that being multiplied by 2 give a number that is not in the given set A.
 - vi Those numbers that being squared resulting in a number which also belongs to A.
- 2. Let \mathbb{N} be a set of natural numbers $\{1, 2, 3 \ldots\}$. For each of the cases below we define a new set B using set builder notation. Your task is to list all elements of B and to establish the cardinality of B.

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\begin{array}{l} {\rm i} \ B = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ x^2 = x\} \\ {\rm ii} \ B = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ x^2 = 2x\} \\ {\rm iii} \ B = \{(x,y): x \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ y \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ x < y \ and \ y \leq 3\} \\ {\rm iv} \ B = \{(x,y): x \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ y \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ x = y \ and \ y < 5\} \\ {\rm v} \ B = \{(x,y,z): x \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ z \in \mathbb{N} \ and \ z = x + 2^y \ and \ x = 10 \ and \ 1 < y < 5\} \end{array}
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3. Identify if the following statements are true or false.

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\begin{aligned} &\text{i.} \ \ 3 \in \{3,4,5\} \\ &\text{ii.} \ \ 3 \in \{3,4,5\} \\ &\text{iii.} \ \ \{3\} \in \{\{3\},\{4\},\{5\}\} \\ &\text{iv.} \ \ \{3\} \subseteq \{3,4,5\} \\ &\text{v.} \ \ 3 \subseteq \{3,4,5\} \\ &\text{vi.} \ \ \{\} \subseteq \{3,4,5\} \end{aligned}
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- 4. Let A = [2,9] be a closed interval of all real numbers 2 to 9. Which new interval is introduced by the following set builder notation: $\{x \in A : \sqrt{x} \in A\}$.
- 5. Define, using the set builder notation, the set C which is obtained via the following operations to sets A and B:

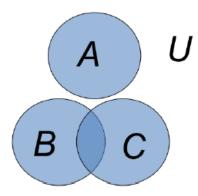
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 \label{eq:continuous} \begin{array}{ll} \text{i.} & C = A \cap B \\ \\ \text{ii.} & C = A \cup B \\ \\ \text{iii.} & A \setminus B \\ \\ \text{iv.} & A' \end{array}
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6. Let A and B be the only sets in U and $A = \{5, 6, 10, 12\}$ and $B = \{5, 7, 11\}$ Apply the following operations to sets A and B

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i. A \cup B
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- ii. $A \cap B$
- iii. $A \setminus B$
- iv. $B \setminus A$
- v. A'
- vi. B'
- vii. $A' \cap B'$
- 7. Below U is the universal set, {} is the empty set and A is an arbitrary set. Based on the definition of the empty and universal sets establish what should be the resulting set of the following operations:
 - i. $A \cap U$
 - ii. $A \cup U$
 - iii. $A \setminus U$
 - iv. $(U \setminus A) \cup A$
 - v. $\{\} \cup A$
 - vi. $\{\} \cap A$

- 8. Consider sets $A = \{a\}, B = \{g, h, i, j\}$ and $C = \{i, j, k, l\}$. In the Venn diagram below place the elements of the following sets and establish what are the sets resulting in the following operations:
 - i. $B \cap C$
 - ii. $A \cup B$
 - iii. $A\cap B$
 - iv. $B \cup (B \cap C)$
 - v. $A \cap (B \setminus U)$
 - vi. $U \cap (A \cup B)$



- 9. Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$ and $B = \{1, 0\}$.
 - i. Write down all elements of the Power Set of A and Power Set of B
 - ii. List all elements of $A \times B$
 - iii. List all elements of $B\times A$
 - iv. Calculate $|A \times B|$ and $|B \times A|$
 - v. What is $(A \times B) \setminus (B \times A)$

10. CHALLENGE

- i. Show that if $A \subseteq B$ and $B \subseteq A$ then A = B, i.e. that A and B are equivalent, i.e. they have the same elements.
- ii. Let A = [2,9] be a closed interval of all real numbers 2 to 9 Which interval is introduced by the following set builder notation: $\{x \in A : \sqrt{x} \in A \& x < \sqrt{20}\}.$

11. CHALLENGE

Let $A = \{m : m \text{ is an integer satisfying } 0 < m < 13\}$ and $B = \{n : n \text{ is an integer satisfying } 7 < n < 23\}$. Calculate $|(A \times B) \setminus (B \times A)|$.

Note that the task is to only calculate the number of elements but not to list the elements of the resulting set!