Title:

Week 1 Digital Forensics Disk Image Task

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Objective

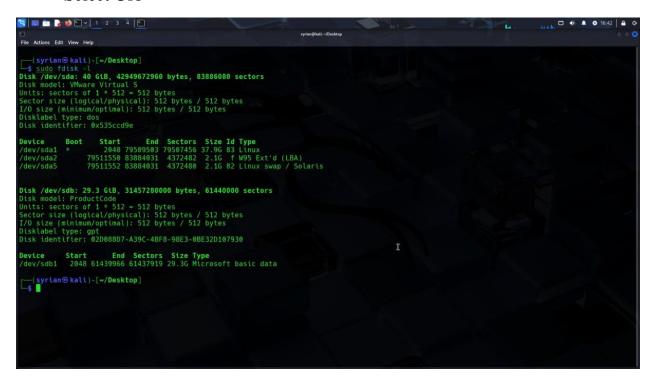
The objective of this task is to perform a complete forensic acquisition of a removable USB storage device in a manner that ensures the integrity and admissibility of the evidence. This involves creating a bit-by-bit image of the USB drive using a reliable forensic tool (FTK Imager), generating cryptographic hash values (MD5 and SHA1/SHA256) before and after the imaging process, and verifying that these hashes match. Matching hashes confirm that the image is an exact copy of the original device and has not been altered during the acquisition process. This task demonstrates the foundational principles of digital evidence handling and chain of custody documentation.

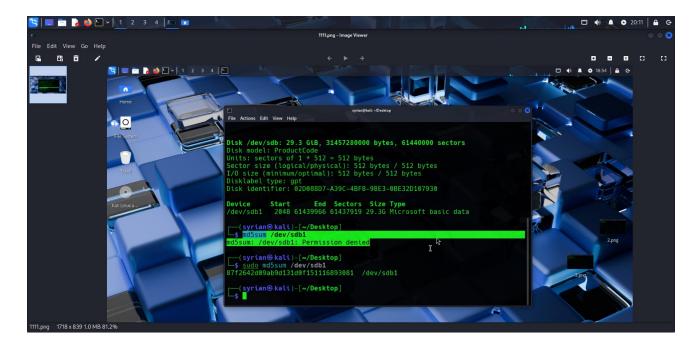
Before the Image

Before creating the image, I generated the hash value using Kali Linux.

Using command:

- sudo fdisk –l
- Select Usb





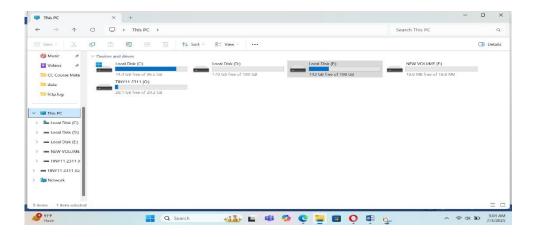
Tools Used

FTK imager

I have already install FTK in my machine.

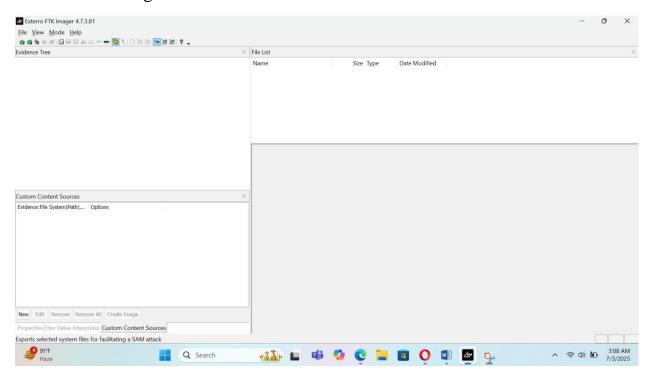


Now Launch FTK Imager and add USB.



In this screenshot showing USB (TINY11 2311(G)) device which I used in this task.

Launch FTK Imager.



- Now click File option.
- Select Create Disk Image.
- Select Logical Drive and then Select USB.
- Then Finish

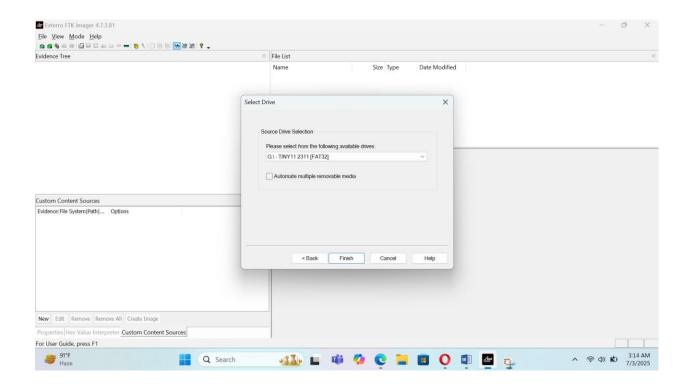
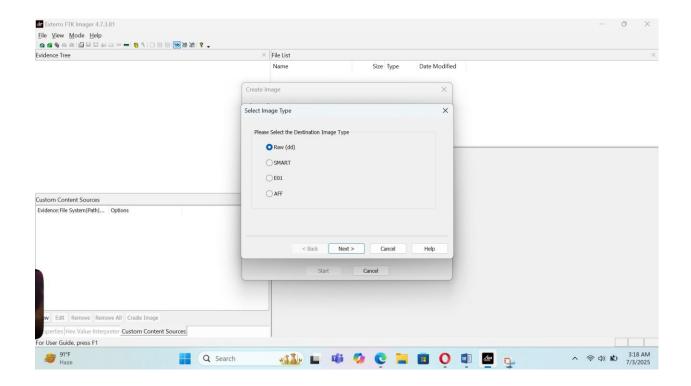


Image Destination

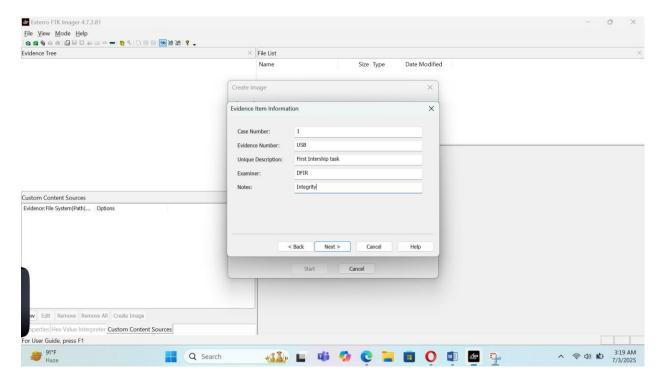
Click Add...

Choose format: \mathbf{Raw} (\mathbf{dd}) \rightarrow Click Next.

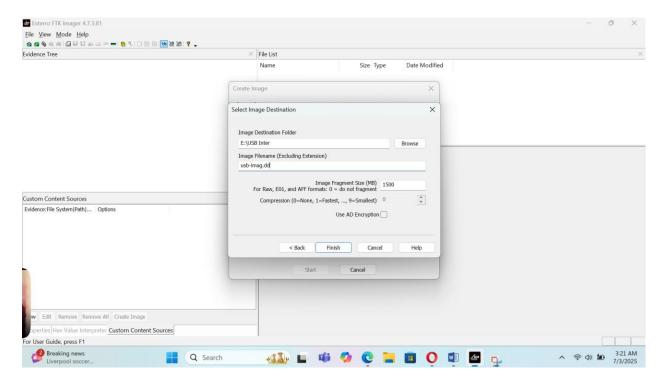
Enter these details:



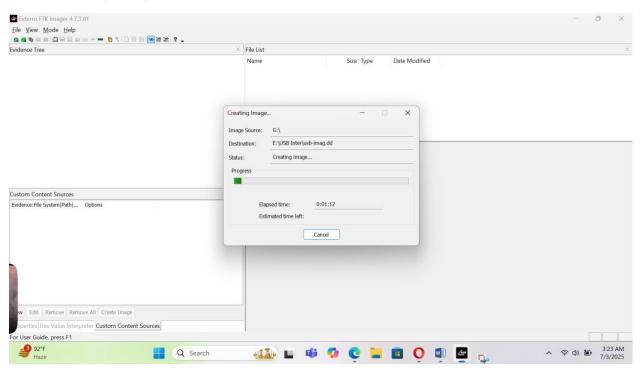
Now I add Case Info.



Now select destination path and file name and then press start.

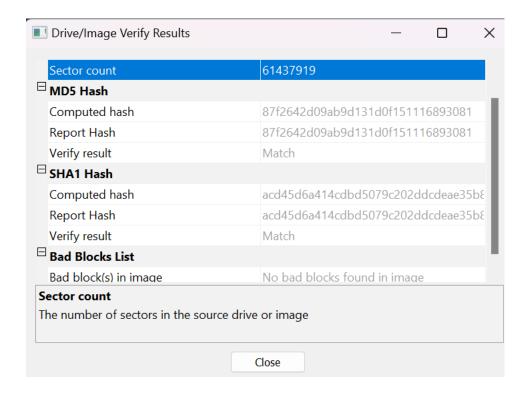


Now creating image start.



After the Image.

After some time, the image creation is completed and a hash value is generated.



Conclusion

In this digital forensics task, I was assigned to verify the integrity of a USB drive by calculating its hash value before and after imaging. I successfully calculated both MD5 and SHA256 hashes using standard tools, and the values remained exactly the same before and after creating the forensic image.