

What is Node js

* This is Server environment

* The difference between node js and plain js is node js is connected with data base

* But js not connected with data base there is difference

* because node js run on server side that why it connected on data base

* Node js is free we not required any single paid to used that why it free

* Node js use Chrome's V8 engine to execute code.

* why do we used node js
we can used node js for API

* and for data base purpose.

* With the help of node js and js we can become full stack developer

* Written in C, C++, Javascript

* client and server.

* client side means - JS, HTML, CSS

* Server Side - node JS

* V8 engine written in C++

* fundamental of node JS

* var → keyword for declaring variable

→ for example `var a = 10`
`console.log(a)`

output → 10

if `const a = 10`

then again we assign value like this

`a = 10`

output

error getting

* Printing Sum Program
in node JS

`let x = 10`

`let y = 20`

`console.log(x+y)`

output will be

→ 30

* another Program from check content value is
Same or not array in node.js

```
var x = 10  
var y = 10
```

```
if (x === y) {
```

```
  console.log('match')  
}
```

Output → match

```
var x = '10'
```

```
var y = '10'
```

```
if (x === y)
```

```
  console.log('match')
```

Output It will check value as well as
Same type → that why output not showing

* Loop → node.js

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
  console.log(i)  
}
```

```
let arr = [10, 20, 30, 40]  
console.log(arr[0])
```

Output will be

10

* Another Array
Program

```
let arr = [10, 20]
```


→ In module part if we use export for example

→ App.js file

export let a = 10

export let b = 20.

then

→ index.js file there

if we import these file then

import { x, y } from app.js

then output will be show

cannot use import statement outside a module.

→ object

then we used module.exports = { x: 10, y: 20 }

for example App.js file there

const app = ^{function} require('App.js')

then output will be show

Core module in Node.js

- What is the core modules
- What are global module
- Global module example
- non-global module example
- Built in functions are available node.js give this feature this is called core module (fs, Buffer, http)
- global modules means we not ~~import~~ export explicitly like console.log function
- fs → is non global function
- fs.write file syn
- first we have to export

```
const fs = require('fs');
```


request and response http server handle.

① `const http = require('http');`

```
http.createServer((req, res) => {  
  res.writeHead('<h1> Hello this is Hello  
    world' <h1>);  
  res.end();  
}).listen(4500);
```

Or second way
def

```
function(req, res) {  
  res.writeHead("Hello world");  
  res.end();  
}
```

```
http.createServer(def).listen(4500);
```

→ all about Package .Json

→ What is Package .Json → manage Package

→ It store detail code detail ~~file~~

→ ^{npm} npm init → node package manage →
manage all the packe

first file run entry file

Keyword = (step by step)

On package .JS → we can see which package we use →

→ Nodemon module

→ Nodemon module we can use time purpose

→ for example

We we run console . warn ("Toy Nodemon")
then → run output will show

then again if we changes then again we run the code again and again that why time waste

→ that why we use nodemon module

→ first we download nodemon -g

-g → global export we can use at any Project

→ node mon index . JS → run

→ node mon example

→ console.warn("code step by step")

→ console.log(100+200)

→ we can run once only and change many
time

for http request response server

① const http = require('http')

http.createServer((req, res) => {
 response

}) .listen(6000)

① const http = require('http');

http.createServer((res, reqs) => {

reqs.writeHead(200, { 'content-type':
'application/json' });

res.write('

res.write(JSON.stringify({
name: 'Ad', email: 'ad@es' }));