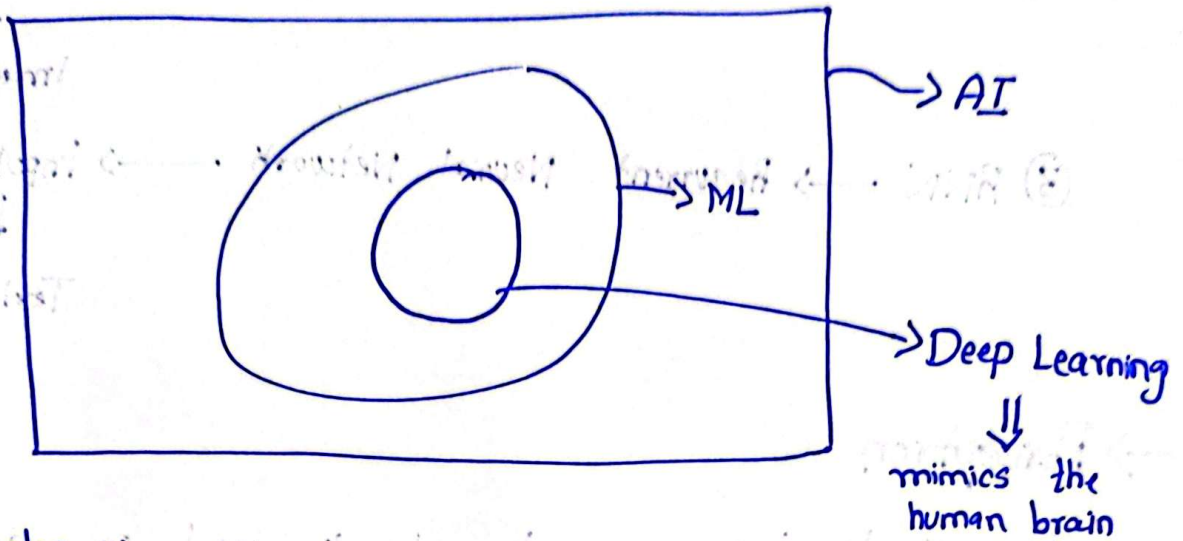


Deep Learning

→ Introduction



Examples

- Netflix recommendation systems
- Self-driving cars
- Amazon website

The main aim behind artificial intelligence is to create applications that will be able to perform its own task

Machine Learning

It is a subset of AI, and it provides you stats tool to analyze the data, visualize the data, even to perform various operations such as forecasting predictions

Deep Learning

Deep Learning is a subset of machine learning. The main task of deep learning is to mimic the human brain. In deep learning, we will be specifically working with neural networks (multi-layer)

① ANN \rightarrow Artificial Neural Network $\begin{cases} \rightarrow \text{Classification} \\ \rightarrow \text{Regression} \end{cases}$

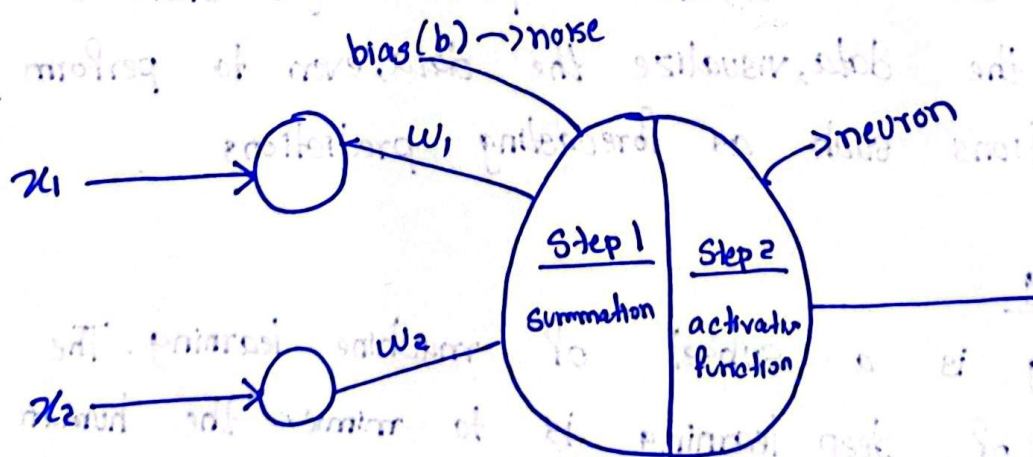
② CNN \rightarrow Convolutional Neural Network \rightarrow Input data
 \Downarrow
Images, Videos

③ RNN \rightarrow Recurrent Neural Network \rightarrow Input data
 \Downarrow
Text, Time series

\rightarrow Perceptron

A single layer neural network used in solving binary classification

<u>IQ</u>	<u>Study hours</u>	<u>output</u>
95	3	0
110	4	1
100	5	1



Step 1:

$$Z = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b$$

$$Z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i + b$$

Step 2:

$$\text{func}(Z)$$

> Advantages

- ① Use to solve linearly separable problems

> Disadvantages

- ① to cannot solve non-linear sep problems, will use multi-layer perceptron

—> Multi-layer Perceptron

- ① Forward Propagation
- ② Backward Propagation
- ③ Loss Functions
- ④ Activation Functions
- ⑤ Optimizers