```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn import preprocessing
    import torch
    from torch.utils.data import Dataset, Sampler, DataLoader
    import torch.nn as nn
    import torch.nn.functional as F
    from tqdm import tqdm
    import csv
```

Data Features

```
In [ ]: calendar = pd.read_csv('calendar.csv')
    sales = pd.read_csv('sales_train_validation.csv')
    sales_2 = pd.read_csv('sales_train_evaluation.csv')
    prices = pd.read_csv('sell_prices.csv')

In [ ]: def plots ():
    mean = sales.mean(axis = 0)
        plt.plot(range(21), mean[0:21])
        plt.show()
        prices.groupby('wm_yr_wk').mean()
        plt.plot(range(len(prices.groupby('wm_yr_wk').mean())),prices.groupby('wm_yr_wk').mean())
        plt.show()

#plots()
```

```
In []: def construct_dates ():

# weeks
weeks = pd.get_dummies(calendar.wday)
weeks.columns = ['sat','sun','mon','tue', 'wen','thu','fri']

# months
month = pd.get_dummies(calendar.month)

# events
# calendar['event_name_1'].unique().size
# calendar['event_name_1'].unique()
event = pd.get_dummies(calendar.event_type_1)
```

```
event2 = pd.get dummies(calendar.event type 2)
    for i in event2.columns:
        event[i][event2[i]==1]=1
    #event.iloc[1968]
    #event.info()
   global date features
    # Construct dates dataset
   date features = pd.concat([calendar['wm yr wk'], weeks, month, eve
nt,
        calendar['snap CA'],calendar['snap TX'],calendar['snap WI']],
axis = 1)
    date features.head()
    date features.to csv('date features.csv' )
#construct dates ()
def construct items():
    # items
    dept = pd.get dummies(sales.dept id)
    pd.get dummies(sales.cat id).head()
    store = pd.get dummies(sales.store id)
   # Construct items dataset
    global item features
    item features = pd.DataFrame()
    item_features['store_item'] = sales['store_id']+sales['item_id']
    item features = pd.concat([item features , dept, store], axis = 1)
    item features.to csv('item features.csv' )
#construct items()
# sales
def construct sales():
    sales data = sales 2.drop(['id', 'dept id', 'cat id', 'state id','
item id','store id'], axis = 1)
    sales data.to csv('sales data.csv' )
#construct sales()
#prices
def construct prices ():
    global prices data
```

```
prices['store item'] = prices['store id']+prices['item id']
    prices.drop(['store_id', 'item_id'],axis = 1, inplace = True)
    #mean = prices.sell price.mean()
    #std = prices.sell price.std()
    #prices.sell price = (prices.sell price - mean) / std
    #min max scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
    #prices.sell price = min max scaler.fit transform(prices.sell pric
e.values.reshape(-1, 1))
   prices data = pd.pivot table(prices, values='sell price',
            index=['store item'], columns=['wm yr wk'])
    index = item features.store item
    prices data = prices data.reindex(index)
   prices data.loc['WI 3HOUSEHOLD 2 406'][prices data.loc['WI 3HOUSEH
OLD 2 406']>30] = 30
    prices data.loc['WI 1HOUSEHOLD 2 406'][prices data.loc['WI 1HOUSEH
OLD 2 406' > 30 = 30
   prices data.loc['WI 2HOUSEHOLD 2 406'][prices data.loc['WI 2HOUSEH
OLD 2 406']>30] = 30
    prices data.loc['TX 1HOUSEHOLD 2 466'][prices data.loc['TX 1HOUSEH
OLD 2 466' > 301 = 30
   prices data.loc['TX 1HOUSEHOLD 2 178'][prices data.loc['TX 1HOUSEH
OLD 2 178' > 30 = 30
    prices data.loc['WI 2HOUSEHOLD 2 250'][prices data.loc['WI 2HOUSEH
OLD 2 250']>30] = 30
    prices data.to csv('prices data.csv' )
#construct prices ()
```

Dataset

```
In [ ]: calendar_path = 'date_features.csv'
    items_path = 'item_features.csv'
    sales_path = 'sales_data.csv'
    prices_path = 'prices_data.csv'
```

```
calendar = pd.read_csv(calendar_path, index_col = 0)
            items = pd.read_csv(items_path, index_col = 0)
            sales = pd.read csv(sales path, index col = 0)
            prices = pd.read_csv(prices_path,index_col = 0)
            price std = prices.stack().std()
            price mean = prices.mean().mean()
            sales std = sales.stack().std()
            sales_mean = prices.mean().mean()
            prices standar = (prices - price mean) / price std
            sales_standar = (sales - sales mean) / sales std
            return calendar, items, prices standar, sales standar, sales
In [ ]: | class Data (Dataset):
            def init (self):
                self.calendar, self.items, self.prices, self.sales, self.sales
        target = preprocess()
            def construct_index_train (self):
                date = []
                item = []
                for i in tqdm(range (67)):
                    if i < 47:
                         date idx = 9 + i * 28 + 27
                         week = (self.calendar.iloc[date idx].wm yr wk)
                         for j in range( len (self.prices)):
                             if not np.isnan(self.prices.iloc[j].loc[str(week)]
        ) :
                                 date.append(i)
                                 item.append(j)
                    else:
                         for j in range( len (self.prices)):
                             date.append(i)
                             item.append(j)
```

In []: def preprocess():

```
idxzip = pd.DataFrame(data={"date": date, "item": item})
        idxzip.to csv("./idxzip.csv", sep=',',index=False)
        return zip(date, item)
    def getitem (self, index):
        index1, item idx = index
        date idx = 9 + index1 * 28
        dates = self.calendar.iloc[date idx : date idx + 28].copy()
        item = self.items.iloc[item idx].copy()
        store_item = item['store_item']
        weeks = dates['wm yr wk'].unique()
        dates['price'] = ""
        dates['not_sold'] = pd.Series(np.zeros((28)), index=dates.inde
x)
        for week in weeks:
            weekprice = self.prices.loc[store item,str(week)]
            if np.isnan(weekprice):
                dates.loc[dates.wm yr wk == week,
                    'price'] = 8
                dates.loc[dates.wm_yr_wk == week,
                    'not sold'] = 1
            else:
                dates.loc[dates.wm yr wk == week,
                    'price' | = weekprice
        past sales = self.sales.iloc[item idx , date idx - 9 : date id
x].mean()
        X dates = dates.drop(['wm yr wk'], axis=1).values.astype('floa
t32')
        X item = item[1:].values
        X item = np.insert(X item, 0, past sales).astype('float32')
        Y = self.sales target.iloc[item idx , date idx : date idx + 28
|.values.astype('float32')
        return X dates, X item, Y
    def len (self):
```

```
return ((len(self.calendar)-9)/28) * len(self.items)

dataset = Data ()

In []: train_index = dataset.construct_index_train()

#idxdf = pd.read_csv('idxzip.csv')
#train_index = zip(idxdf.date.tolist() , idxdf.item.tolist())
```

Sampler / Dataloader

```
In [ ]: class Sampler(Sampler):
            def init (self, train, test = False, val = False, train index =
        None):
                self.items = 30490
                self.train = train
                self.test = test
                self.val = val
                if self.train == True:
                    self.dates = range(67)
                    self.lenght = self.items * 67
                    self.index = train index
                elif self.test == True:
                    self.dates = range(67,68)
                    self.lenght = self.items
                elif self.val == True:
                    self.dates = range(68, 69)
                    self.lenght = self.items
                else:
                    self.dates = range(69, 70)
                    self.lenght = self.items
            def iter (self):
                if self.train == False:
                    date = []
                    item = []
                    for i in self.dates:
                        for j in range(self.items):
                                 date.append(i)
                                 item.append(j)
                    return iter(zip(date, item))
                else :
                    return iter(self.index)
            def len (self):
                return self.lenght
```

```
In [ ]: train_sampler = Sampler(train = True, train_index = train_index)
    test_sampler = Sampler(train = False, test = True)
    val_sampler = Sampler (train = False, val = True)
    pred_sampler = Sampler (train = False)
```

Model

```
In [ ]: class Network(nn.Module):
            def init (self, dates dim, item dim, 1stm hidden, hidden1,
                    seq len = 28, 1stm num layers = 1, LSTM dropout = 0):
                super(Network, self).__init__()
                self.lstm = nn.LSTM(dates dim, lstm hidden, lstm num layers,
                                batch first = True, dropout = LSTM dropout )
                self.linear out = nn.Linear(lstm hidden, 1)
                self.linear 1 = nn.Linear(item dim, hidden1)
                self.linear h0 = nn.Linear(hidden1, lstm hidden)
                self.linear c0 = nn.Linear(hidden1, lstm hidden)
                self.sigm = nn.Sigmoid()
                self.relu = nn.ReLU()
            def forward (self, x dates, x item):
                x_item = self.sigm(self.linear_1(x_item)) # (batch, hidden1)
                h0 = self.sigm(self.linear h0(x item)) # (batch, lstm hidd
        en)
                c0 = self.sigm(self.linear c0(x item)) # (batch, lstm hidd
        en)
                                                         # (1, batch, lstm h
                h0 = torch.unsqueeze(h0, 0)
        idden)
                                                         # (1, batch, 1stm h
                c0 = torch.unsqueeze(c0, 0)
        idden)
                output, (hn, cn) = self.lstm(x dates, (h0, c0)) # (batch, 28,
        lstm hidden)
                output = self.relu(self.linear out(output)) # (batch, 28, 1
        )
                output = torch.squeeze(output, 2)
                                                            # (batch, 28)
                return output
In [ ]: | model = Network (28, 18, 60, 25)
```

```
In [ ]: model = Network (28, 18, 60, 25)
In [ ]: criterion = nn.MSELoss()
    optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
```

Train

```
In []: | epochs = 4
        prin = 3200
        test = 320000
        avg test loss = []
        min_test loss = 8.81
        model.train()
In [ ]: def train ():
            for epoch in range(epochs):
                for i, data in tqdm(enumerate(train loader)):
                    x date, x item, target = data
                    model.zero grad()
                    pred = model(x date, x item)
                    loss = criterion (pred, target)
                    loss.backward()
                    optimizer.step()
                    if i % prin == 0:
                        print ('\ni:', i , ' Epoch:', epoch)
                        print ('\nLoss: ', loss.item())
                        print (data[0].shape, data[1].shape, data[2].shape)
                         if (i % test == 0 and i != 0):
                             model.eval()
                             test loss = []
                             for testdata in test loader:
                                 x_date_test, x_item_test, target_test = testda
        ta
                                 pred test = model(x date test, x item test)
                                 loss test = criterion (pred test, target test)
                                 test loss.append(loss test.item())
                             avg test loss.append(np.mean(test loss))
                             model.train()
                             print ('\n\nAvg test loss: ', np.mean(test loss
        ))
                             print ('\n', avg_test_loss, '\n\n\n')
                             if np.mean(test loss) <= min test loss:</pre>
                                 torch.save(model.state_dict(), './state_dict8.
        pt')
                                 valid loss min = np.mean(test loss)
            model.eval()
            test loss = []
```

```
for testdata in test loader:
                x date test, x item test, target test = testdata
                pred_test = model(x_date_test, x item test)
                loss test = criterion (pred test, target test)
                test loss.append(loss test.item())
            avg test loss.append(np.mean(test loss))
            print ('\n\n\nAvg test loss: ', np.mean(test loss))
            print ('\n', avg test loss, '\n')
            if np.mean(test loss) <= min test loss:</pre>
                torch.save(model.state_dict(), './state_dict8.pt')
                valid loss min = np.mean(test loss)
            print ('\n ----\n test loss:', avg test lo
        ss)
        train()
In [ ]: | model.load state dict(torch.load('./state dict8.pt'))
        model.eval()
        val loss = []
        index = pd.Index(pd.read csv('subm idx.csv', header=None, index col =
        0).iloc[:,0])
        submission = pd.DataFrame(index = index, columns = ['F1','F2','F3','F4
        ','F5','F6','F7','F8','F9','F10',
                                                 'F11', 'F12', 'F13', 'F14', 'F15',
        'F16', 'F17', 'F18', 'F19',
                                                 'F20', 'F21', '22', 'F23', 'F24', '
        F25', 'F26', 'F27', 'F28'])
In [ ]: for i, valdata in tqdm(enumerate(val loader)):
            x date val, x item val, target val = valdata
            pred val = model(x date val, x item val)
            loss val = criterion (pred val, target val)
            val loss.append(loss val.item())
            submission.iloc[i] = pred val.detach().numpy()
            if i % 3000 == 0:
                print (np.mean(val loss))
        print ('val loss : ', np.mean(val_loss))
```

print ('Validation RMSEloss : ', np.sqrt(np.mean(val_loss)))

print ('Test RMSEloss :', np.sqrt(avg_test_loss))