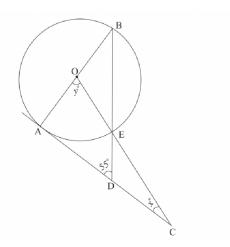
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AI1103 Assignment-1

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1 QUESTION-7A

1.1. In the given figure AC is a tangent to the circle with centre O. If $\angle ADB = 55^{\circ}$, find x and y. Give reasons for your answers.



Solution:

Given.

$$\angle BDA = 55^{\circ}$$
, $\angle OCA = x^{\circ}$, $\angle AOC = y^{\circ}$
As AC is a tangent to the given circle, $\angle OAC = \angle BAD = 90^{\circ}$

Angle Sum Property for $\triangle OAC$, $\angle OAC + \angle OCA + \angle AOC = 180^{\circ}$ $90^{\circ} + x^{\circ} + y^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $x^{\circ} + y^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$

Angle Sum Property for $\triangle ABD$, $\angle ABD + \angle BAD + \angle BDA = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle ABD + 90^{\circ} + 55^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle ABD = 35^{\circ}$

$$\angle BOE + y^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

 $\angle BOE = 180 - y$

Let the radius of the circle be r.

then,

OB = OE = r

Then the length of the chord BE becomes $2rcos35^{\circ}$.

Applying 'cosine' rule in $\triangle BOE$,

$$(BE)^2 = (OB)^2 + (OE)^2 - 2(OB)(OE)\cos(\angle BOE)$$

$$(2rcos35^\circ)^2 = r^2 + r^2 - 2r^2\cos(180 - y)$$

$$4r^2\cos^2 35^\circ = 2r^2 - 2r^2\cos(180 - y)$$

$$2\cos^2 35^\circ = 1 - \cos(180 - y)$$

$$\cos(180 - y) = -\cos70^\circ (\because 1 - \cos^2\theta = \cos2\theta)$$

$$\cos(180 - y) = \cos(180 - 70)$$

$$\therefore y = 70^\circ$$

$$\therefore x = 20^\circ (\because x = 90 - y)$$