Practice Contest 2

Pairs of intervals

You are given n pairs of intervals. The i-th pair consists of **disjoint** intervals $[l_i, r_i]$ and $[L_i, R_i]$. You need to choose one interval from each pair such that no two of the n chosen intervals intersect. Two intervals [a, b] and [c, d] are said to intersect, if there exists some t such that $a \le t \le b$ and $c \le t \le d$.

Input

- The first line contains n, the number of intervals.
- *i*-th of the next n lines contains 4 space separated integers, l_i, r_i, L_i, R_i .

Output

On the first line of the input, print **Yes** if it is possible to choose n intervals such that no two intersect, and **No** otherwise. If the output is **Yes**, you must print another line containing n space separated integers, the i-th of which should be 1 if $[l_i, r_i]$ is chosen and 2 if $[L_i, R_i]$ is chosen.

If there are multiple solutions, you can output any.

Test Data

In all inputs,

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $0 \le l_i \le r_i < L_i \le R_i \le 10^9$

Subtask 1 (10 Points): $n \le 20$

Subtask 2 (15 Points): $n \leq 4000$ and for each $i, l_i = r_i, L_i = R_i$.

Subtask 3 (32 Points): $n \le 4000$

Subtask 4 (43 Points): No additional constraints

Sample Input 1

Sample Output 1

Yes 1 2 2

Sample Input 2

Sample Output 2

No

Explanation

In the first example, we can choose the interval [0,0] from the first pair, [3,4] from the second pair and [5,5] from the third pair. Note that 1 1 2 is also valid.

In the second example, there is no valid solution.

Limits

Time: 2 seconds Memory: 256 MB