# Lab 6: Landscape Resistance, shared alleles

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## Section 13 Exercise

#### a. Load libraries

```
library(LandGenCourse)
#library(EcoGenetics)
library(GeNetIt)
## Loading required package: nlme
library(hierfstat)
library(adegenet)
## Loading required package: ade4
##
      /// adegenet 2.1.10 is loaded /////////
##
##
      > overview: '?adegenet'
##
      > tutorials/doc/questions: 'adegenetWeb()'
##
##
      > bug reports/feature requests: adegenetIssues()
## Attaching package: 'adegenet'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:hierfstat':
##
##
       Hs, read.fstat
require(gstudio)
## Loading required package: gstudio
## Warning: replacing previous import 'dplyr::union' by 'raster::union' when
## loading 'gstudio'
## Warning: replacing previous import 'dplyr::intersect' by 'raster::intersect'
## when loading 'gstudio'
## Warning: replacing previous import 'dplyr::select' by 'raster::select' when
## loading 'gstudio'
##
## Attaching package: 'gstudio'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:adegenet':
##
##
       alleles, ploidy
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:hierfstat':
##
       Но
##
require(dplyr)
## Loading required package: dplyr
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:nlme':
##
##
       collapse
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
require(tibble)
## Loading required package: tibble
require(sf)
## Loading required package: sf
## Linking to GEOS 3.10.2, GDAL 3.4.1, PROJ 8.2.1; sf_use_s2() is TRUE
require(popgraph)
## Loading required package: popgraph
require(RgoogleMaps)
## Loading required package: RgoogleMaps
##
## Thank you for using RgoogleMaps!
##
## To acknowledge our work, please cite the package:
   Markus Loecher and Karl Ropkins (2015). RgoogleMaps and loa: Unleashing R
    Graphics Power on Map Tiles. Journal of Statistical Software 63(4), 1-18.
require(geosphere)
## Loading required package: geosphere
require(proto)
## Loading required package: proto
require(sampling)
## Loading required package: sampling
## Attaching package: 'sampling'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:adegenet':
##
##
       strata
require(seqinr)
## Loading required package: seqinr
##
## Attaching package: 'seginr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       count
## The following object is masked from 'package:nlme':
##
       gls
require(spacetime)
## Loading required package: spacetime
require(spdep)
## Loading required package: spdep
## Loading required package: spData
## To access larger datasets in this package, install the spDataLarge
## package with: 'install.packages('spDataLarge',
## repos='https://nowosad.github.io/drat/', type='source')'
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'spdep':
##
     method
             from
     plot.mst ape
##
##
## Attaching package: 'spdep'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ade4':
##
       mstree
require(here)
## Loading required package: here
## here() starts at /uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-bio14750
require(terra)
## Loading required package: terra
## terra 1.7.83
##
## Attaching package: 'terra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:seqinr':
##
##
       query
```

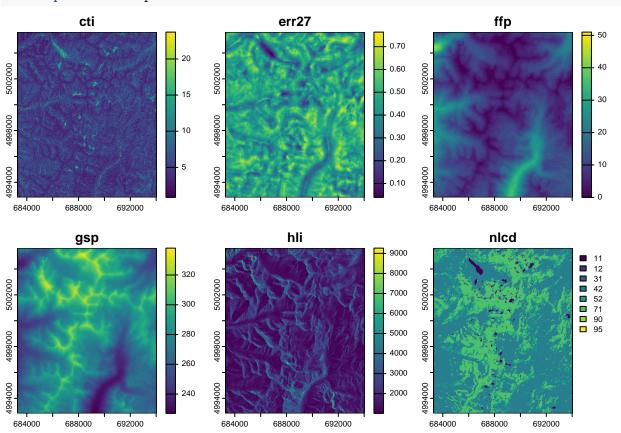
# d. Import rasters

```
library(LandGenCourse)
library(GeNetIt)
RasterMaps <- terra::rast(system.file("extdata/covariates.tif", package="GeNetIt"))</pre>
plot(RasterMaps)
            cti
                                            err27
                                                                               ffp
                                                              0.70
                                                                                                40
                                                               0.60
                                                              0.50
                                                                                                30
                                                              0.40
4998000
                                  4998000
                            10
                                                              0.30
                                                              0.20
                                                                                                10
1994000
                                                              0.10
                  692000
         688000
                                           688000
                                                                             688000
                                                                                      692000
 684000
                                   684000
                                                    692000
                                                                     684000
                                              hli
                                                                               nlcd
           gsp
                                                              9000
                                                                                             12
31
42
52
71
                                                               8000
                                                               7000
                            300
                                                               6000
                                                               5000
                            280
1998000
                                                               4000
                            260
                                                               3000
1994000
                                                               2000
 684000
         688000
                  692000
                                   684000
                                           688000
                                                    692000
                                                                     684000
                                                                             688000
                                                                                      692000
                                                                                                    e.
sites info (GPS coordinates for the study)
data(ralu.site, package="GeNetIt")
sites <- ralu.site
str(sites)
## Classes 'sf' and 'data.frame':
                                        31 obs. of 18 variables:
    $ SiteName : chr "AirplaneLake" "BachelorMeadow" "BarkingFoxLake" "BirdbillLake" ...
                         "ShipIslandCreek" "WilsonCreek" "WaterfallCreek" "ClearCreek" ...
    $ Drainage : chr
##
                        "Sheepeater" "Skyhigh" "Terrace" "Birdbill" ...
##
    $ Basin
                 : chr
                        "Silt" "Silt" "Silt" "Sand" ...
##
    $ Substrate: chr
                         "Lacustrine" "Riverine_Intermittent_Streambed" "Lacustrine" "Lacustrine" ...
    $ NWI
                 : chr
##
    $ AREA_m2 : num
                        62582 225 12000 12359 4600 ...
##
    $ PERI_m
                        1143 60 435 572 321 ...
##
                 : num
                        21.64 0.4 5 3.93 2 ...
##
    $ Depth_m
                : num
##
    $ TDS
                        2.5 0 13.8 6.4 14.3 10.9 10 2.4 0 3.6 ...
                 : num
    $ FISH
                        1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 ...
##
                 : int
                        0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
    $ ACB
                 : num
                        0.411 0 0.3 0.283 0 0 0.415 0 0 0 ...
##
    $ AUC
                 : num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.171 0.047 0 0 ...
##
    $ AUCV
```

```
$ AUCC
               : num 0.411 0 0.3 0.283 0 0 0.585 0.047 0 0 ...
               : num 0.063 1 0.7 0.717 0.5 0.556 0.341 0.686 0 1 ...
##
   $ AUF
               : num 0.063 0 0 0 0 0.093 0 0.209 0 0 ...
##
   $ AWOOD
               : num 0.464 0 0 0 0.5 0.352 0.073 0.058 0 0 ...
##
   $ geometry :sfc_POINT of length 31; first list element: 'XY' num 688817 5003207
##
##
   - attr(*, "sf_column")= chr "geometry"
  - attr(*, "agr")= Factor w/ 3 levels "constant", "aggregate",..: NA ...
##
     ..- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:17] "SiteName" "Drainage" "Basin" "Substrate" ...
```

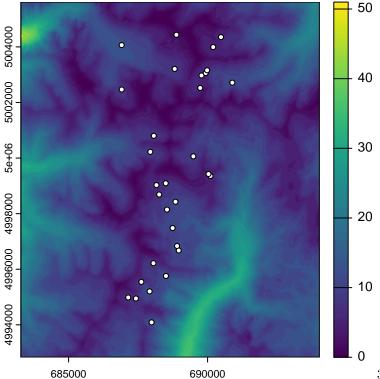
- 2. Explore the data set... plot with terra::plot() function
- a. Plot all rasters

terra::plot(RasterMaps)



b. Plot spatial points over 'ffp' raster

par(mar=c(2,2,1,1))
terra::plot(RasterMaps[["ffp"]])
terra::points(sites, pch=21, col="black", bg="white")



3. Setting cost values and calculating con-

ductance

- a. Resistance vs conductance values
- b. scale rasters

```
#cti <- terra::resample(cti, gsp, method= "bilinear")</pre>
```

c. Calculate conductance values

#### RasterMaps[["err27"]]

```
## class
              : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
## extent
             : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source
              : covariates.tif
## name
                      err27
## min value : 0.03906551
## max value
             : 0.76376426
err.cost <- (1/RasterMaps[["err27"]])</pre>
err.cost
## class
              : SpatRaster
```

## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)

## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)

: 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax) ## extent

## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)

## source(s) : memory ## varname : covariates ## name err27

```
## min value : 1.309305
## max value : 25.598027
RasterMaps[["ffp"]]
## class
             : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
## extent : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source : covariates.tif
## name
             : ffp
## min value : 0
## max value : 51
ffp.cost <- (RasterMaps[["ffp"]]/5)</pre>
ffp.cost
## class
             : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
## extent
           : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source(s) : memory
## varname : covariates
## name
        : ffp
## min value : 0.0
## max value : 10.2
RasterMaps[["gsp"]]
## class
             : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
## extent : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source : covariates.tif
## name
## min value : 227.0000
## max value : 338.0697
gsp.cost <- (RasterMaps[["gsp"]]-196)/15</pre>
gsp.cost
## class
             : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
           : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## extent
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source(s) : memory
## varname : covariates
## name
                     gsp
## min value : 2.066667
## max value
             : 9.471311
RasterMaps[["cti"]]
```

## class : SpatRaster

```
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
           : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source : covariates.tif
## name
             :
                        cti
## min value : 0.8429851
## max value : 23.7147598
cti.cost <- RasterMaps[["cti"]]/5
cti.cost
## class
              : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
              : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## extent
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source(s) : memory
## varname : covariates
## name
## min value : 0.168597
## max value : 4.742952
  d. Create a single landscape conductance raster
cost1 <- (gsp.cost + cti.cost + err.cost + ffp.cost)</pre>
cost1
## class
              : SpatRaster
## dimensions : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
              : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## extent
## coord. ref. : NAD83 / UTM zone 11N (EPSG:26911)
## source(s) : memory
## varname : covariates
## name
              :
                       gsp
## min value : 9.012874
## max value : 35.900946
  4. Convert conductance into effective distance The higher the conductance, the lower the cost or resistance
    of a cell, and vice versa. We want to integrate conductance across cells to derive some measure of
    effective (or ecological) distance.
  a. transition layer
tr.cost1 <- gdistance::transition(raster::raster(cost1), transitionFunction=mean, directions=8)
tr.cost1
              : TransitionLayer
## class
## dimensions: 426, 358, 152508 (nrow, ncol, ncell)
## resolution : 30, 30 (x, y)
           : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## extent
              : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## crs
## values
             : conductance
## matrix class: dsCMatrix
```

b. visually inspect the raster

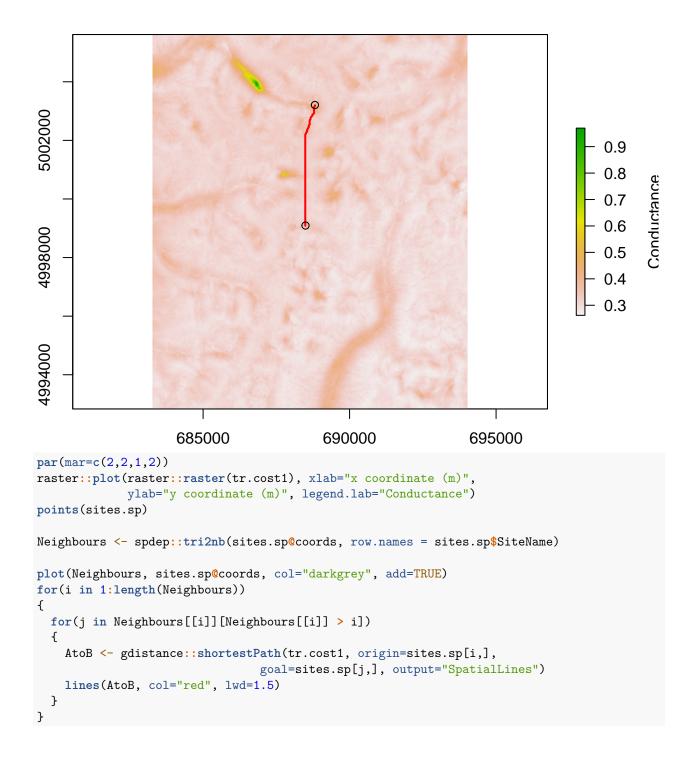
```
par(mar=c(2,2,1,1))
raster::plot(raster::raster(tr.cost1))
5002000
                                                                                          30
                                                                                          25
4998000
                                                                                          20
                                                                                          15
4994000
                       685000
                                              690000
                                                                      695000
  c. Correct for geometric distortion
tr.cost1 <- gdistance::geoCorrection(tr.cost1,type = "c",multpl=FALSE)</pre>
  d. plot shortest paths
sites.sp <- sf::as_Spatial(sites)</pre>
par(mar=c(2,2,1,2))
AtoB <- gdistance::shortestPath(tr.cost1, origin=sites.sp[1,],</pre>
                                   goal=sites.sp[2,], output="SpatialLines")
```

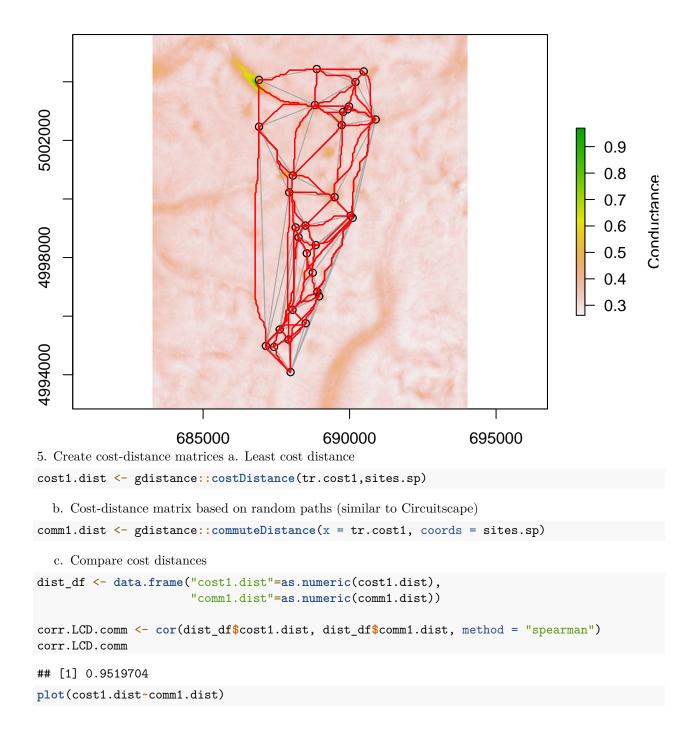
raster::plot(raster::raster(tr.cost1), xlab="x coordinate (m)",

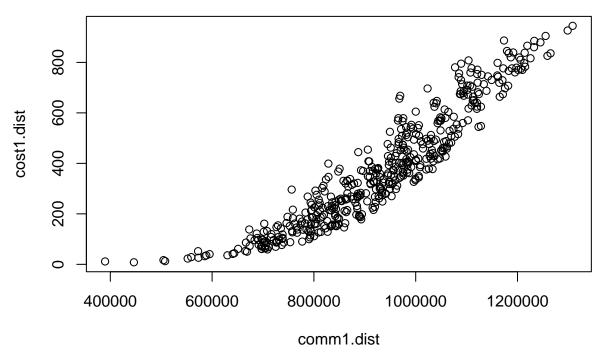
lines(AtoB, col="red", lwd=2)

points(sites.sp[1:2,])

ylab="y coordinate (m)",legend.lab="Conductance")







How does changing resolution affect these metrics?

a. Create a loop

```
cor_cost <- c()</pre>
cor_comm <- c()</pre>
res_fact <- seq(2,20,2)
for(fac in res_fact){
  cost1_agg <- raster::aggregate(raster::raster(cost1), fact = fac)</pre>
  tr.cost_agg <- gdistance::transition(cost1_agg,</pre>
                  transitionFunction=mean, directions=8)
  tr.cost_agg <- gdistance::geoCorrection(tr.cost_agg,type = "c",multpl=FALSE)</pre>
  cost.dist_agg <- gdistance::costDistance(tr.cost_agg, sites.sp)</pre>
  comm.dist_agg <- gdistance::commuteDistance(x = tr.cost_agg, coords = sites.sp)</pre>
  cost.dist_agg <- as.numeric(cost.dist_agg)</pre>
  comm.dist_agg <- as.numeric(comm.dist_agg)</pre>
  cor_cost <- c(cor_cost,cor(dist_df$cost1.dist, cost.dist_agg,</pre>
                                method = "spearman"))
  cor_comm <- c(cor_comm,cor(dist_df$comm1.dist, comm.dist_agg,</pre>
                                method = "spearman"))
```

6.

b. Plot the results

```
par(mar=c(4,4,1,1))
plot(y = cor_cost, x = res_fact, col = "red", pch = 19,
    ylim = c(0.9,1), xlab = "Aggregation factor", ylab = "Spearman correlation")
points(y = cor_comm, x = res_fact, col = "blue", pch = 19)
legend("bottomleft", legend = c("Costdist", "Commdist"),
    pch = 19, col = c("red", "blue"))
```

