

Lab 4: Spatial Data, Tmap, Bubble Plots

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Section 5.4 Exercise

https://bookdown.org/hhwagner1/LandGenCourse_book/r-exercise-week-2.html

a. Load libraries

```
require(adeigenet)
require(LandGenCourse)
require(gstudio)
require(dplyr)
require(tibble)
require(sf)
```

b. Import data with gstudio

First downloading the data

```
if(!dir.exists(paste0(here(), "/downloads"))) dir.create(paste0(here(), "/downloads"))
file.copy(system.file("extdata", "ralu.loci.csv", package = "LandGenCourse"),
           paste0(here(), "/downloads/ralu.loci.csv"), overwrite=FALSE)
file.copy(system.file("extdata", "pulsatilla_genotypes.csv", package = "LandGenCourse"),
           paste0(here(), "/downloads/pulsatilla_genotypes.csv"), overwrite=FALSE)
```

Now loading the data with gstudio

```
g.Flr <- read_population("./downloads/pulsatilla_genotypes.csv", type = "column", locus.columns = c(6:19))
#g.Flr
```

c. Summarize by site

I would probably just use the function table(), but we can see where this takes us.

```
table(g.Flr$Population)
```

```
##
##  A03  A21  A25  A26  A41  A45  G05a
##   55   69  128   78   71   75   60
```

Recommend using groups_by from library dplyr, with nested functions n and summarize, and to Write the result into a new object Pulsatilla

```
summarize(nIndiv = n(g.Flr ))
```

Example from Worked example: `pland_sum_b <- percentage_forest_500_df %>% dplyr::group_by(plot_id) %>% dplyr::summarize(sum_pland = sum(value))` `pland_sum_b`

```
puls_df <- g.Flwr %>% # create a df and piping
  dplyr::group_by(Population) %>% # grouping by population and piping
  dplyr::summarize(nIndiv = n()) # summarize with n() and add name of column "nIndiv"
puls_df
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 2
##   Population nIndiv
##   <chr>      <int>
## 1 A03         55
## 2 A21         69
## 3 A25        128
## 4 A26         78
## 5 A41         71
## 6 A45         75
## 7 G05a        60
```

d. Add mean X and Y coordinates to object Pulsatilla

`summarize(nIndiv = n(), myMean = n(myVar))`

```
puls_df <- g.Flwr %>% # create a df and piping
  dplyr::group_by(Population) %>% # grouping by population and piping
  dplyr::summarize(nIndiv = n(), meanX = mean(X), meanY = mean(Y)) # summarize with n() and add name
puls_df
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 4
##   Population nIndiv meanX meanY
##   <chr>      <int> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 A03         55 4431316. 5429358.
## 2 A21         69 4426927. 5427171.
## 3 A25        128 4422659. 5425365.
## 4 A26         78 4422710. 5425139.
## 5 A41         71 4426037. 5423339.
## 6 A45         75 4423091. 5427002.
## 7 G05a        60 4429202. 5434947.
```

```
puls_df$meanX[2] == mean(g.Flwr[g.Flwr$Population == "A21",4])
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

e. Convert to sf object

```
Sites <- as.data.frame(puls_df[,2:4])
rownames(Sites) <- puls_df$Population
colnames(Sites) <- c("n", "X", "Y")
Pulsatilla <- st_as_sf(Sites, coords=c("X", "Y"))
```

f. Specify the known projection

The correct EPSG number for this dataset is: 31468. You can specify the CRS with:

```
st_crs(Pulsatilla) <- 31468
```

```
Pulsatilla
```

```
## Simple feature collection with 7 features and 1 field
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension:      XY
## Bounding box:   xmin: 4422659 ymin: 5423339 xmax: 4431316 ymax: 5434947
## Projected CRS: DHDN / 3-degree Gauss-Kruger zone 4
##           n           geometry
## A03    55 POINT (4431316 5429358)
## A21    69 POINT (4426927 5427171)
## A25   128 POINT (4422659 5425365)
## A26    78 POINT (4422710 5425139)
## A41    71 POINT (4426037 5423339)
## A45    75 POINT (4423091 5427002)
## G05a   60 POINT (4429202 5434947)
```

g. Transform to lat/long projection

Adapt code from section 2.c to transform the projection to the “longlat” coordinate system, and write it into an object `Pulsatilla.longlat`.

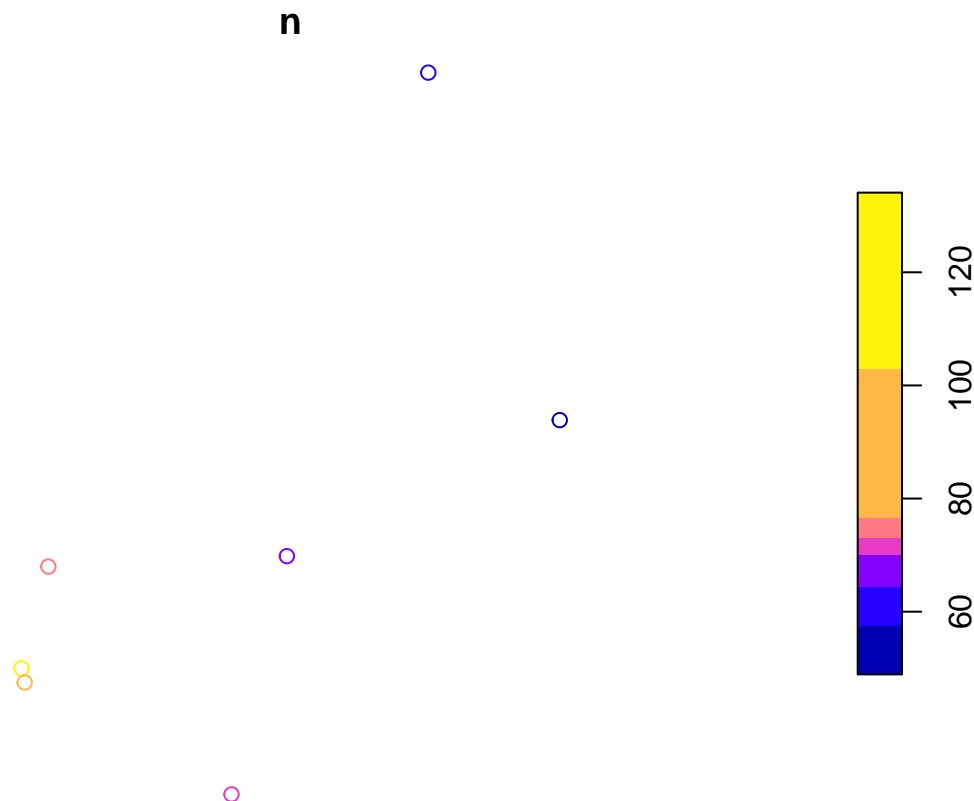
```
st_transform(Pulsatilla, crs = 4326)
```

```
## Simple feature collection with 7 features and 1 field
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension:      XY
## Bounding box:   xmin: 10.94239 ymin: 48.943 xmax: 11.05991 ymax: 49.04774
## Geodetic CRS:   WGS 84
##           n           geometry
## A03    55 POINT (11.05991 48.99773)
## A21    69 POINT (11.00034 48.97756)
## A25   128 POINT (10.94239 48.9608)
## A26    78 POINT (10.94312 48.95877)
## A41    71 POINT (10.98887 48.943)
## A45    75 POINT (10.94798 48.97558)
## G05a   60 POINT (11.03004 49.04774)
```

```
Pulsatilla
```

```
## Simple feature collection with 7 features and 1 field
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension:      XY
## Bounding box:   xmin: 4422659 ymin: 5423339 xmax: 4431316 ymax: 5434947
## Projected CRS: DHDN / 3-degree Gauss-Kruger zone 4
##           n           geometry
## A03    55 POINT (4431316 5429358)
## A21    69 POINT (4426927 5427171)
## A25   128 POINT (4422659 5425365)
## A26    78 POINT (4422710 5425139)
## A41    71 POINT (4426037 5423339)
## A45    75 POINT (4423091 5427002)
## G05a   60 POINT (4429202 5434947)
```

```
plot(Pulsatilla)
```



h. Create bubble plot Adapt code from section 4.d to create a bubble plot of the number of individuals per population. Note: you may drop the argument `key.entries` as it has a default.

Here it is in live view mode, i don't need this in knitted output:

```
library(tmap)
tmap_mode("view")
tm_shape(Pulsatilla) + tm_bubbles(col="n")
```

Here it is again with plot mode so that I can have something in knitted output

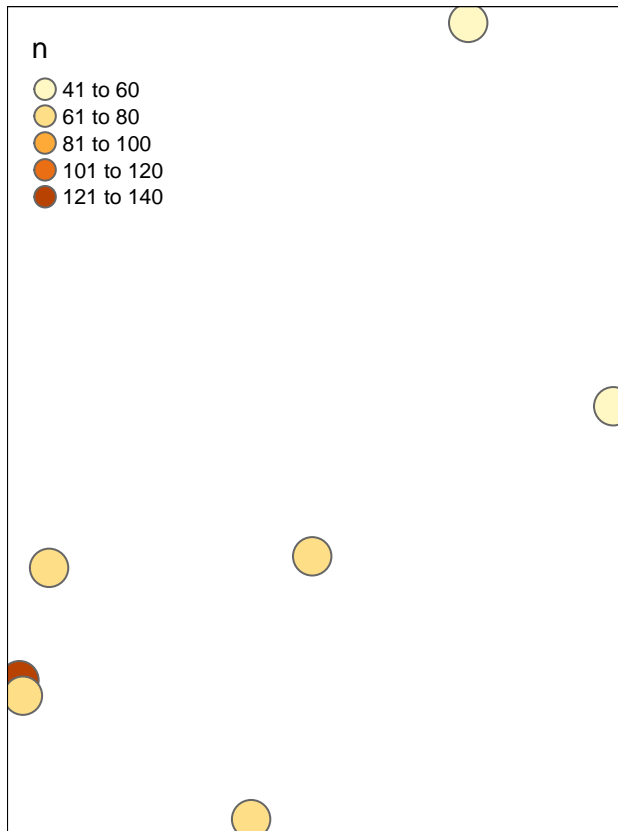
```
library(tmap)

## Breaking News: tmap 3.x is retiring. Please test v4, e.g. with
## remotes::install_github('r-tmap/tmap')

tmap_mode("plot")

## tmap mode set to plotting

tm_shape(Pulsatilla) + tm_bubbles(col="n")
```



i. Save data as R object

Save the object `Pulsatilla.longlat` as an R object using the following code:

```
saveRDS(Pulsatilla, file = "./output/Pulsatilla.longlat.rds")
```

We will need it for a later R exercise.

BONUS material, working with ‘sf’ and ‘terra’

##1. Load libraries, need to install GeNetIt

```
library(LandGenCourse)
library(sf)
library(GeNetIt)
```

Loading required package: nlme

##

Attaching package: ‘nlme’

The following object is masked from ‘package:dplyr’:

##

collapse

```
library(terra)
```

terra 1.7.83

```
library(tmap)
library(dplyr)
library(tibble)
library(here)
```

```
## here() starts at /uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-biol4750
```

```
##2. import/export ESRI shape files a. Export 'sf' object to shapefile
```

```
data(ralu.site)
if(!dir.exists(here("output"))) dir.create(here("output"))
dir.create(here("output/Sites"))
```

```
## Warning in dir.create(here("output/Sites")):
## '/uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-biol4750/output/Sites'
## already exists
```

```
st_write(ralu.site, here("output/Sites/Sites.shp"), delete_dsn = TRUE)
```

```
## Deleting source '/uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-biol4750/output/Sites/Sites.shp' u
## Writing layer 'Sites' to data source
## '/uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-biol4750/output/Sites/Sites.shp' using driver 'E
## Writing 31 features with 17 fields and geometry type Point.
```

b. Import shapefile to 'sf' object

```
Sites.sf_a <- st_read(here("output/Sites/Sites.shp"))
```

```
## Reading layer 'Sites' from data source
## '/uufs/chpc.utah.edu/common/home/u6036559/git/usu-biol4750/output/Sites/Sites.shp'
## using driver 'ESRI Shapefile'
## Simple feature collection with 31 features and 17 fields
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension: XY
## Bounding box: xmin: 686908.5 ymin: 4994089 xmax: 690890.1 ymax: 5004435
## Projected CRS: NAD83 / UTM zone 11N
```

```
Sites.sf_a
```

```
## Simple feature collection with 31 features and 17 fields
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension: XY
## Bounding box: xmin: 686908.5 ymin: 4994089 xmax: 690890.1 ymax: 5004435
## Projected CRS: NAD83 / UTM zone 11N
```

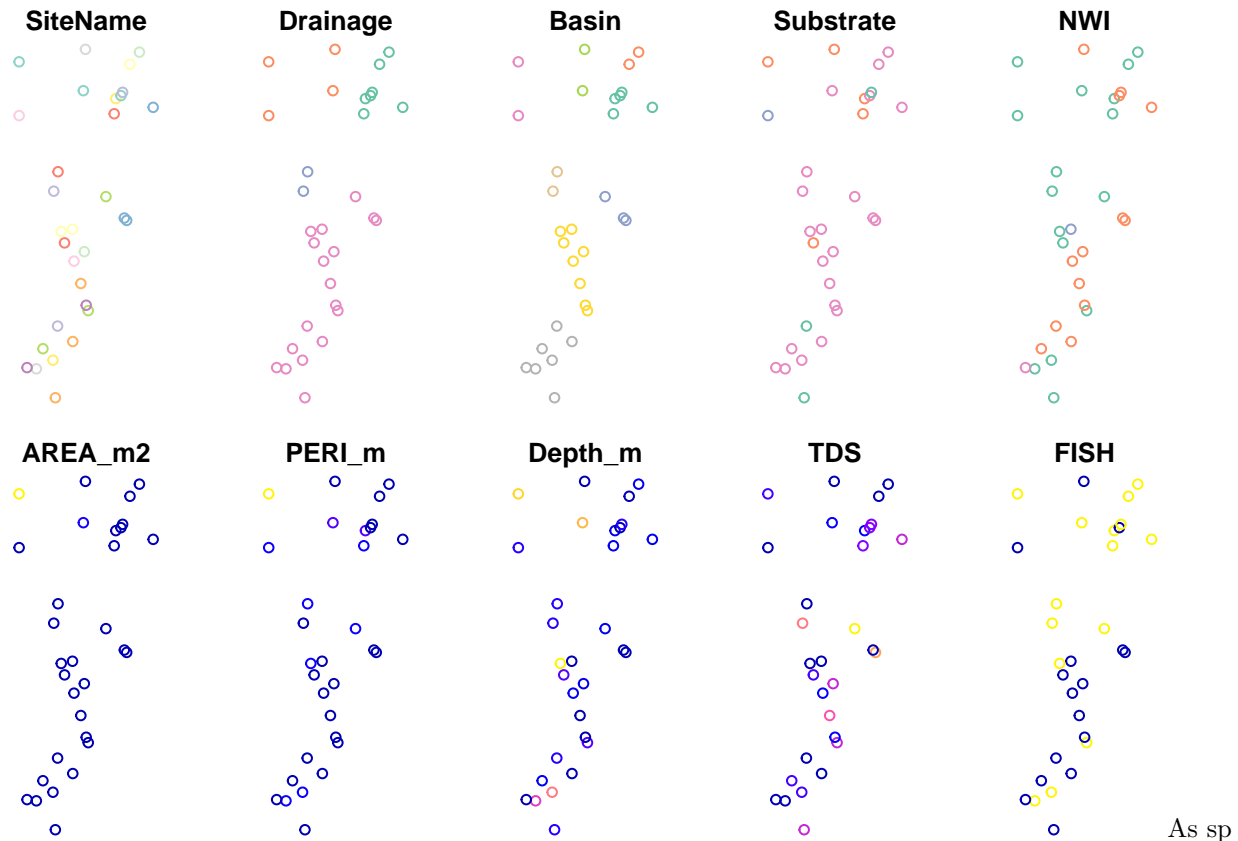
```
## First 10 features:
```

	SiteName	Drainage	Basin	Substrate						
## 1	AirplaneLake	ShipIslandCreek	Sheepeater	Silt						
## 2	BachelorMeadow	WilsonCreek	Skyhigh	Silt						
## 3	BarkingFoxLake	WaterfallCreek	Terrace	Silt						
## 4	BirdbillLake	ClearCreek	Birdbill	Sand						
## 5	BobLake	WilsonCreek	Harbor	Silt						
## 6	CacheLake	WilsonCreek	Skyhigh	Silt						
## 7	DoeLake	WilsonCreek	Skyhigh	Silt						
## 8	EggWhiteLake	WilsonCreek	Skyhigh	Silt						
## 9	ElenasLake	ShipIslandCreek	Sheepeater	Sand						
## 10	FawnLake	WilsonCreek	Skyhigh	Silt						
##			NWI	AREA_m2	PERI_m	Depth_m	TDS	FISH	ACB	AUC
## 1		Lacustrine	62582.2	1142.8	21.64	2.5	1	0	0.411	

```
## 2 Riverine_Intermittent_Streambed 225.0 60.0 0.40 0.0 0 0 0.000
## 3 Lacustrine 12000.0 435.0 5.00 13.8 1 0 0.300
## 4 Lacustrine 12358.6 572.3 3.93 6.4 1 0 0.283
## 5 Palustrine 4600.0 321.4 2.00 14.3 0 0 0.000
## 6 Palustrine 2268.8 192.0 1.86 10.9 0 0 0.000
## 7 Lacustrine 13034.9 463.2 6.03 10.0 1 0 0.415
## 8 Palustrine 4544.5 291.9 3.30 2.4 0 0 0.000
## 9 Palustrine 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.0 0 0 0.000
## 10 Palustrine 3865.9 237.7 1.98 3.6 0 0 0.000
## AUCV AUCC AUF AWOOD AUFV geometry
## 1 0.000 0.411 0.063 0.063 0.464 POINT (688816.6 5003207)
## 2 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688494.4 4999093)
## 3 0.000 0.300 0.700 0.000 0.000 POINT (687938.4 5000223)
## 4 0.000 0.283 0.717 0.000 0.000 POINT (689732.8 5002522)
## 5 0.000 0.000 0.500 0.000 0.500 POINT (690104 4999355)
## 6 0.000 0.000 0.556 0.093 0.352 POINT (688742.5 4997481)
## 7 0.171 0.585 0.341 0.000 0.073 POINT (688962.4 4996675)
## 8 0.047 0.047 0.686 0.209 0.058 POINT (688539.3 4998146)
## 9 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688878.7 5004435)
## 10 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688901.5 4996837)
```

```
plot(Sites.sf_a)
```

```
## Warning: plotting the first 10 out of 17 attributes; use max.plot = 17 to plot
## all
```



As sp

```
data(ralu.site)
Sites.sp <- sf::as_Spatial(ralu.site)
```

Sites.sp

```
## class      : SpatialPointsDataFrame
## features   : 31
## extent     : 686908.5, 690890.1, 4994089, 5004435 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## crs        : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## variables  : 17
## names      :      SiteName,      Drainage,      Basin, Substrate,
## min values  : AirplaneLake, ClearCreek, Birdbill,      Cobble,                      Lacu
## max values  : WelcomeLake, WilsonCreek, TipTop,      Silt, Riverine_UpperPerennial_Unconsolidated
```

Convert back to sf

```
Sites.sf_b <- sf::st_as_sf(Sites.sp)
Sites.sf_b
```

```
## Simple feature collection with 31 features and 17 fields
## Geometry type: POINT
## Dimension:      XY
## Bounding box:   xmin: 686908.5 ymin: 4994089 xmax: 690890.1 ymax: 5004435
## Projected CRS: +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## First 10 features:
##      SiteName      Drainage      Basin Substrate
## 1  AirplaneLake ShipIslandCreek Sheepeater      Silt
## 2  BachelorMeadow WilsonCreek      Skyhigh      Silt
## 3  BarkingFoxLake WaterfallCreek Terrace      Silt
## 4  BirdbillLake ClearCreek      Birdbill      Sand
## 5  BobLake WilsonCreek      Harbor      Silt
## 6  CacheLake WilsonCreek      Skyhigh      Silt
## 7  DoeLake WilsonCreek      Skyhigh      Silt
## 8  EggWhiteLake WilsonCreek      Skyhigh      Silt
## 9  ElenasLake ShipIslandCreek Sheepeater      Sand
## 10 FawnLake WilsonCreek      Skyhigh      Silt
##
##      NWI AREA_m2 PERI_m Depth_m TDS FISH ACB AUC
## 1      Lacustrine 62582.2 1142.8 21.64 2.5 1 0 0.411
## 2 Riverine_Intermittent_Streambed 225.0 60.0 0.40 0.0 0 0 0.000
## 3      Lacustrine 12000.0 435.0 5.00 13.8 1 0 0.300
## 4      Lacustrine 12358.6 572.3 3.93 6.4 1 0 0.283
## 5      Palustrine 4600.0 321.4 2.00 14.3 0 0 0.000
## 6      Palustrine 2268.8 192.0 1.86 10.9 0 0 0.000
## 7      Lacustrine 13034.9 463.2 6.03 10.0 1 0 0.415
## 8      Palustrine 4544.5 291.9 3.30 2.4 0 0 0.000
## 9      Palustrine 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.0 0 0 0.000
## 10 Palustrine 3865.9 237.7 1.98 3.6 0 0 0.000
##
##      AUCV AUCC AUF AWOOD AUFV geometry
## 1 0.000 0.411 0.063 0.063 0.464 POINT (688816.6 5003207)
## 2 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688494.4 4999093)
## 3 0.000 0.300 0.700 0.000 0.000 POINT (687938.4 5000223)
## 4 0.000 0.283 0.717 0.000 0.000 POINT (689732.8 5002522)
## 5 0.000 0.000 0.500 0.000 0.500 POINT (690104 4999355)
## 6 0.000 0.000 0.556 0.093 0.352 POINT (688742.5 4997481)
## 7 0.171 0.585 0.341 0.000 0.073 POINT (688962.4 4996675)
## 8 0.047 0.047 0.686 0.209 0.058 POINT (688539.3 4998146)
## 9 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688878.7 5004435)
## 10 0.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 0.000 POINT (688901.5 4996837)
```


b. Converting between terra and raster

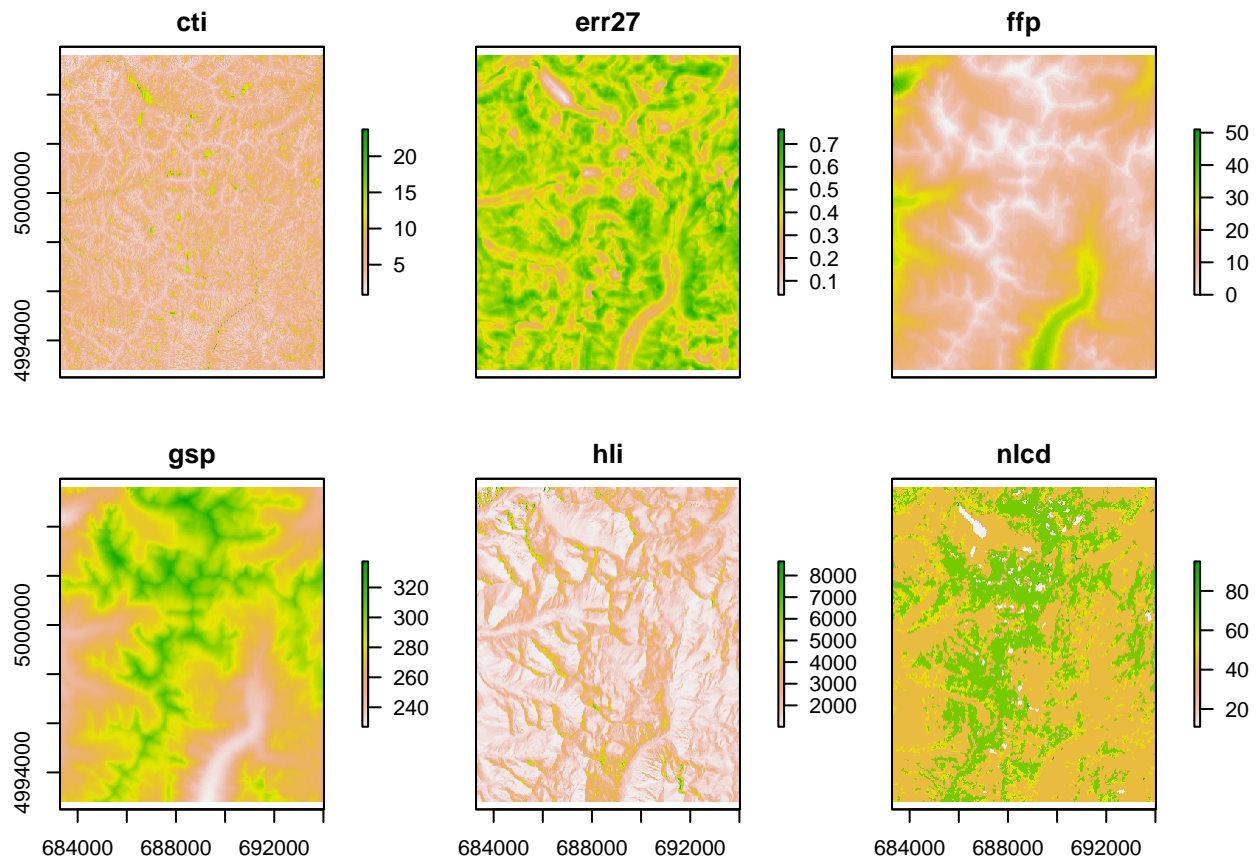
```
RasterMaps <- rast(system.file("extdata/covariates.tif", package="GeNetIt"))
```

```
RasterMaps.r <- raster::stack(RasterMaps)
```

```
RasterMaps.r
```

```
## class      : RasterStack
## dimensions  : 426, 358, 152508, 6  (nrow, ncol, ncell, nlayers)
## resolution  : 30, 30  (x, y)
## extent     : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613  (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## crs        : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## names      :      cti,      err27,      ffp,      gsp,      hli,      nlcd
## min values  : 8.429851e-01, 3.906551e-02, 0.000000e+00, 2.270000e+02, 1.014000e+03, 1.100000e+01
## max values  : 23.7147598, 0.7637643, 51.0000000, 338.0696716, 9263.0000000, 95.0000000
```

```
plot(RasterMaps.r)
```



grab one layer

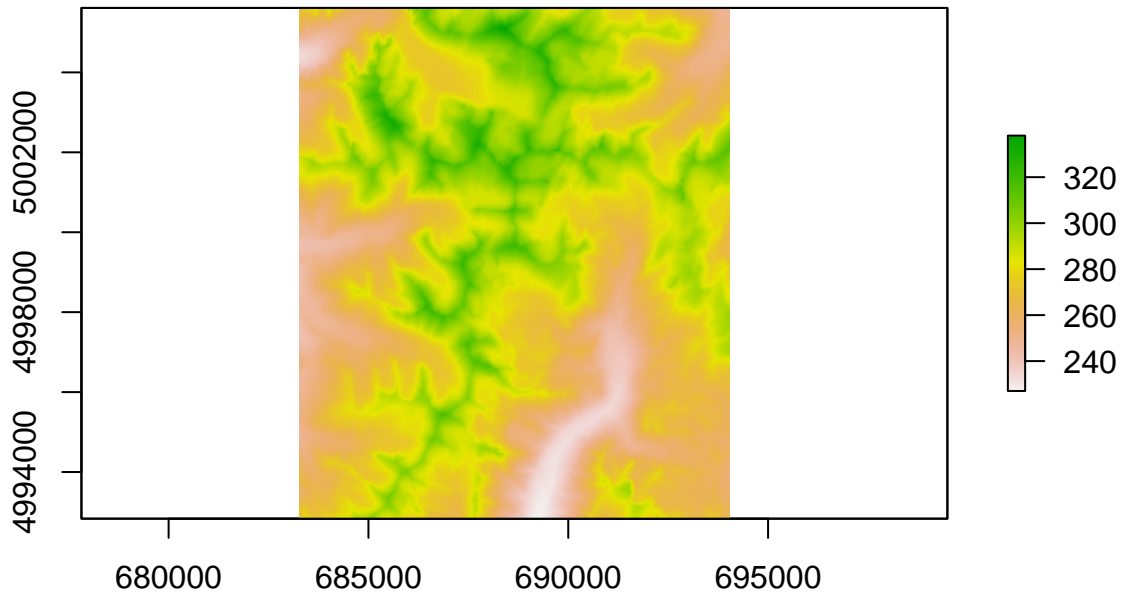
```
gsp.r <- raster::raster(RasterMaps$gsp)
```

```
gsp.r
```

```
## class      : RasterLayer
## band       : 4  (of 6  bands)
## dimensions  : 426, 358, 152508  (nrow, ncol, ncell)
## resolution  : 30, 30  (x, y)
## extent     : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613  (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## crs        : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
```

```
## source      : covariates.tif
## names       : gsp
## values      : 227, 338.0697 (min, max)
```

```
plot(gsp.r)
```



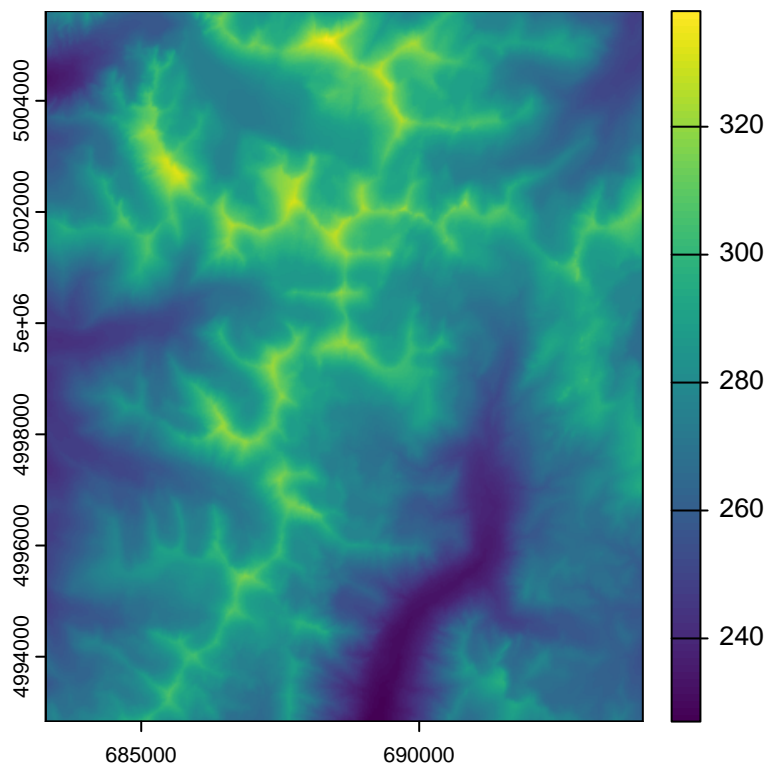
“terra”

```
gsp <- terra::rast(gsp.r)
gsp
```

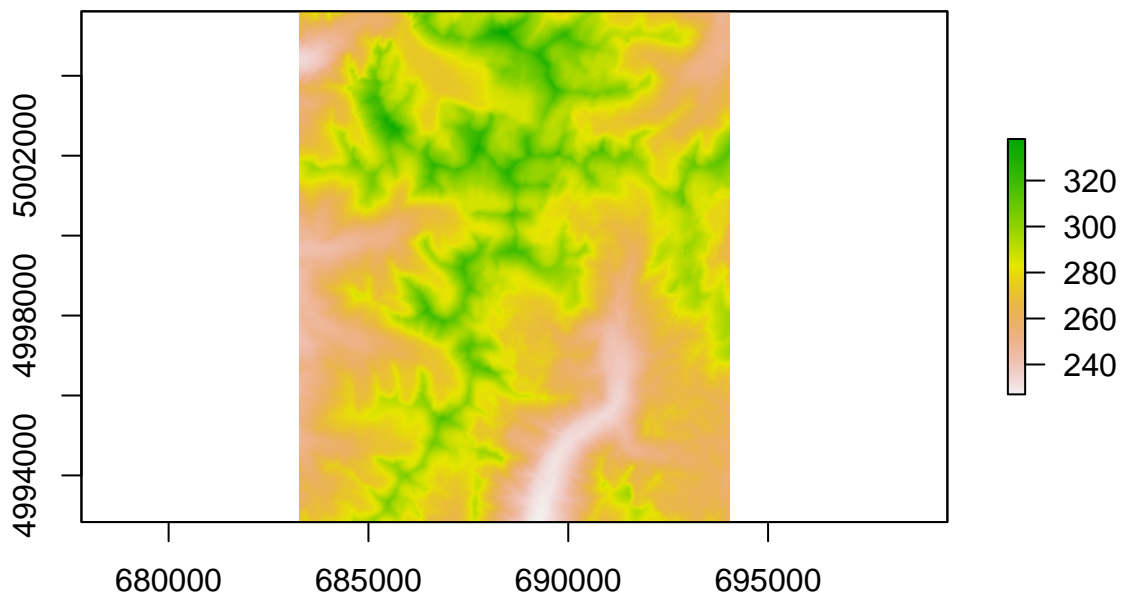
```
## class       : SpatRaster
## dimensions   : 426, 358, 1 (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution   : 30, 30 (x, y)
## extent       : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref.  : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## source       : covariates.tif
## name         :      gsp
## min value    : 227.0000
## max value    : 338.0697
```

```
plot(gsp)
```

Convert to



```
plot(gsp.r)
```



```
RasterMaps_b <- terra::rast(RasterMaps.r)
RasterMaps_b
```

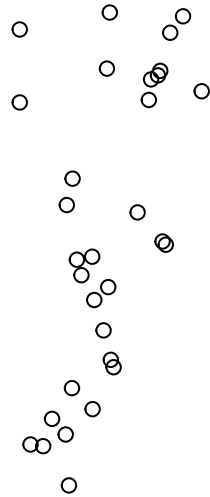
```
## class      : SpatRaster
## dimensions  : 426, 358, 6  (nrow, ncol, nlyr)
## resolution  : 30, 30  (x, y)
## extent     : 683282.5, 694022.5, 4992833, 5005613  (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
## coord. ref. : +proj=utm +zone=11 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs
## source      : covariates.tif
```

```
## names      :      cti,      err27, ffp,      gsp, hli, nlcd
## min values : 0.8429851, 0.03906551, 0, 227.0000, 1014, 11
## max values : 23.7147598, 0.76376426, 51, 338.0697, 9263, 95
```

4. Plotting spatial data with tmap

a. Plotting just the geometry from the data stored in sf object

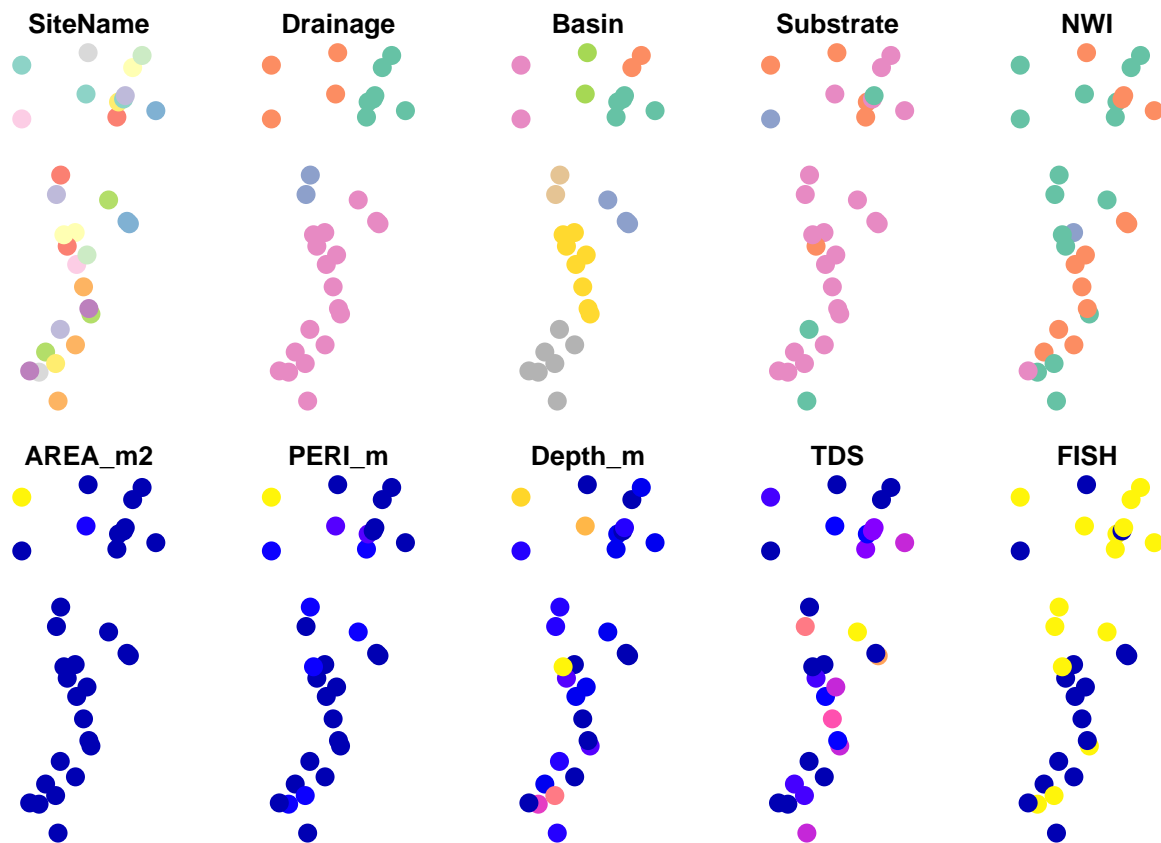
```
data(ralu.site)
Sites.sf_c <- ralu.site
plot(st_geometry(Sites.sf_c))
```



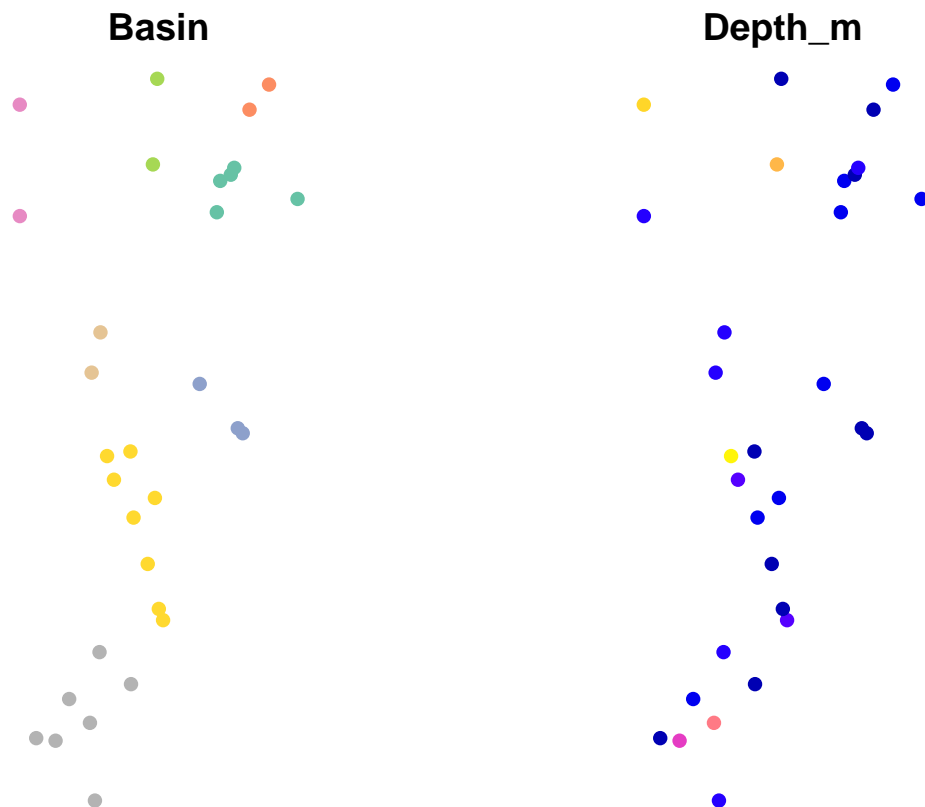
b. Plot the attributes

```
par(mar=c(2,2,2,2))
plot(Sites.sf_c, pch=16, cex=2)
```

```
## Warning: plotting the first 10 out of 17 attributes; use max.plot = 17 to plot
## all
```



```
plot(Sites.sf_c[,c("Basin", "Depth_m")], pch=16)
```



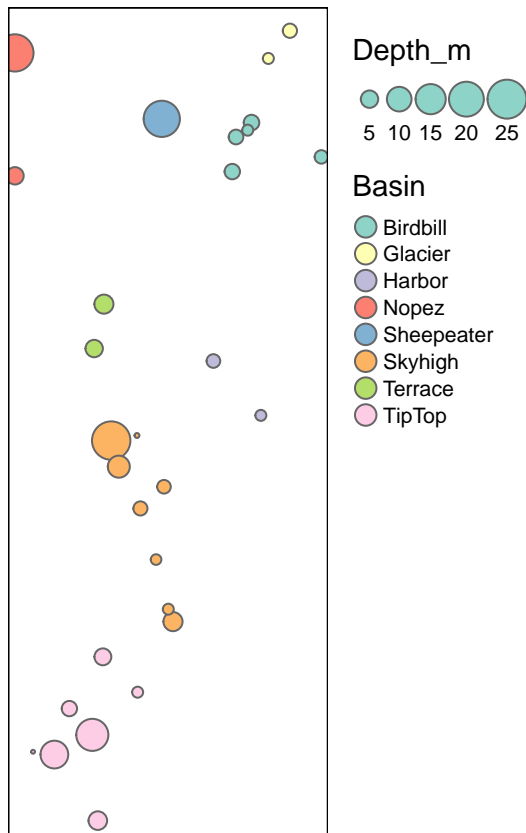
```
plot(Sites.sf_c[,c(3,8)], pch=16)
```

c. bubble plot with tmap library

```
tmap_mode("plot")
```

```
## tmap mode set to plotting
```

```
tm_shape(Sites.sf_c) + tm_bubbles(size="Depth_m", col="Basin") +  
  tm_layout(legend.outside=TRUE, legend.outside.position="right")
```



Extend extent of the plot

```
Bbox = st_bbox(Sites.sf_c)  
Bbox
```

```
##      xmin      ymin      xmax      ymax  
## 686908.5 4994089.3 690890.1 5004435.0
```

```
#expand this by a factor of 0.1
```

```
delta.x <- Bbox[3] - Bbox[1]
```

```
delta.y <- Bbox[4] - Bbox[2]
```

```
Zoom <- 0.2
```

```
Bbox2 <- Bbox + c(-delta.x, -delta.y, delta.x, delta.y) * Zoom
```

```
Bbox2
```

```
##      xmin      ymin      xmax      ymax  
## 686112.2 4992020.2 691686.4 5006504.1
```

```
tmap_mode("plot")
```

```
## tmap mode set to plotting
```

```
Map1 <- tm_shape(Sites.sf_c, bbox=Bbox2) +
  tm_bubbles(size="Depth_m", col="Basin") +
  tm_layout(legend.outside=TRUE, legend.outside.position="right")
Map1
```

