

PFA 2 and 3

Internship ID-61
Internship No. – **Batch DS2309**

1. When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?

- a) $\beta_0, \beta_1, \dots, \beta_r$ are the regression coefficients.
- b) Linear regression is about determining the best predicted weights by using the method of ordinary least squares.
- c) E is the random interval
- d) Both a and b

Answer: d) Both a and b

2. What indicates that you have a perfect fit in linear regression?

- a) The value $R^2 < 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$
- b) The value $R^2 = 0$, which corresponds to $SSR = 1$
- c) The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to $SSR = 1$
- d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$

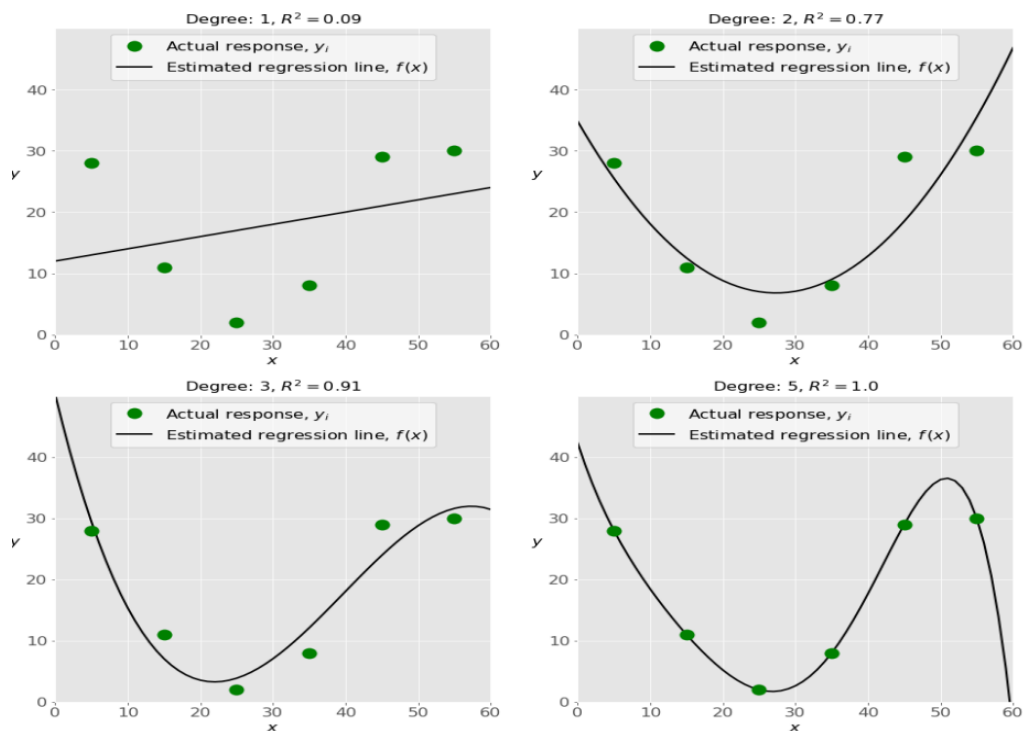
Answer: d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$

3. In simple linear regression, the value of what shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the y axis?

- a) Y
- b) B_0
- c) B_1
- d) F

Answer: b) B_0

4. Check out these four linear regression plots:



Which one represents an underfitted model?

- a) The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

Answer: d) The top-left plot

5. There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:

- a. Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
- b. Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
- c. Apply the model for predictions.
- d. Import the packages and classes that you need.
- e. Create a regression model and fit it with existing data.

However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order?

- a) e, c, a, b, d

- b) e, d, b, a, c
- c) d, e, c, b, a
- d) d, b, e, a, c

Answer: d) d, b, e, a, c

6. Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn?

- a) Fit
- b) fit_intercept
- c) normalize
- d) copy_X
- e) n_jobs
- f) reshape

Answer: a) Fit , f) reshape

7. While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?

- a) Multiple linear regression
- b) Simple linear regression
- c) Polynomial regression

Answer: c) Polynomial regression

8. You should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:

- A) You want graphical representations of your data.
- b) You're working with nonlinear terms.
- c) You need more detailed results.
- d) You need to include optional parameters.

Answer: c) You need more detailed results.

9. _____ is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers comprehensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier transforms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive.

- a) Pandas
- b) Numpy
- c) Statsmodel
- d) scipy

Answer: b) Numpy

10. _____ is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures.

- a) Bokeh
- b) Seaborn
- c) Matplotlib
- d) Dash

Answer: b) Seaborn

11. Among the following identify the one in which dimensionality reduction reduces.

- a) Performance
- b) statistics
- c) Entropy
- d) Collinearity

Answer: d) Collinearity

12. Which of the following machine learning algorithm is based upon the idea of bagging?

- a) Decision Tree

- b) Random Forest
- c) Classification
- d) SVM

Answer: b) Random Forest

13. Choose a disadvantage of decision trees among the following.

- a) Decision tree robust to outliers
- b) Factor analysis
- c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit
- d) all of the above

Answer: c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit

14. What is the term known as on which the machine learning algorithms build a model based on sample data?

- a) Data Training
- b) Sample Data
- c) Training data
- d) None of the above

Answer: c) Training data

15. Which of the following machine learning techniques helps in detecting the outliers in data?

- a) Clustering
- b) Classification
- c) Anamoly detection
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

16. Identify the incorrect numerical functions in the various function representation of machine learning.

- a) Support Vector
- b) Regression
- c) Case based
- d) Classification

Answer: c) Case based

17. Analysis of ML algorithm needs

- a) Statistical learning theory
- b) Computational learning theory
- c) None of the above
- d) Both a and b

Answer: d) Both a and b

18. Identify the difficulties with the k-nearest neighbour algorithm.

- a) Curse of dimensionality
- b) Calculate the distance of test case for all training cases
- c) Both a and b
- d) None

Answer: c) Both a and b

19. The total types of the layer in radial basis function neural networks is _____

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

Answer: c) 3

20. Which of the following is not a supervised learning

- a) PCA
- b) Naïve bayes
- c) Linear regression
- d) KMeans

Answer: a) PCA