Report

CS 736 – Medical Image Computing

Assignment 2

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By,

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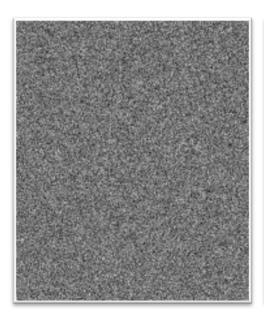
Submission Date: 22/02/2020

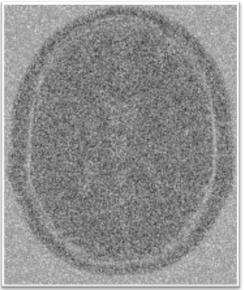
Notes

- 1. The code is written in Python 3.6. The following libraries are used and hence are necessary for the code to work seamlessly:
 - a. matplotlib
 - b. numpy
 - c. os
 - d. pillow
 - e. scipy
 - f. cv2
 - g. h5py
- 2. We perform serial updates on the image instead of parallel updates.
- 3. The range of image intensities is [0, 1].
- 4. For denoising, we've applied the algorithm for 5 times.
- 5. For hyper-parameter optimization, we take steps of 0.1 in the range of [0, 1] and find the minimum.
- 6. The results (images) are saved in "results" folder, in case, the images in the report aren't up to the desired resolution.

Observations

1. We observe that the noise model is not additive Gaussian. We verified based on the following experiment. Take the noisy image (Y), assumed to be denoised by additive Gaussian noise $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$ on noiseless image (X). That is, $Y = X + \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$. Hence if we subtract noisy image from the noiseless image, we should get a pure gaussian distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$. An example is given below. Given, such a case, the Y - X looks like pure noise, like the image on the left below.





But, in our case, when we subtract the noisy image from noiseless image, we get the image on the right. Hence, this shows that variance of the noise is dependent on the

intensity of the image and hence, it couldn't be additive Gaussian noise. The noise could not be additive Gaussian.

Prior: Quadratic

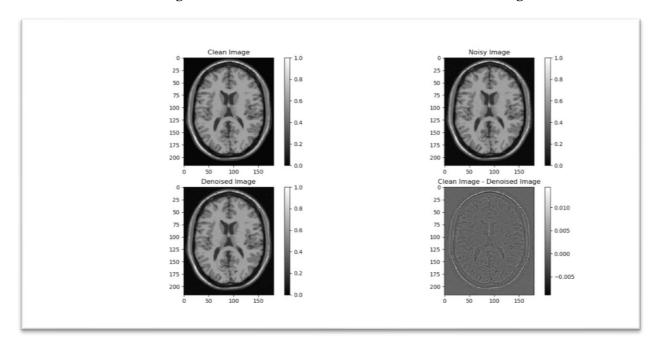
Noise Level: Low

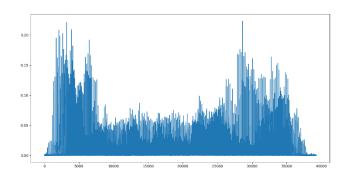
Assumed variance: 4×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.049.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. Beta (β): 0.8
 - ii. For $\beta' = 0.8 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.049
 - iii. For $\beta' = 1.2 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.049

The difference was insignificant ($< 10^{-4}$)

- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image



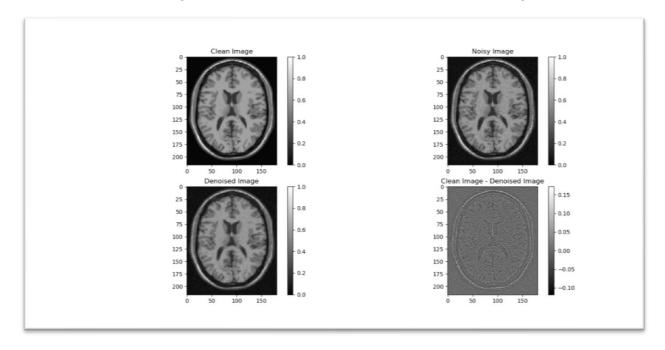


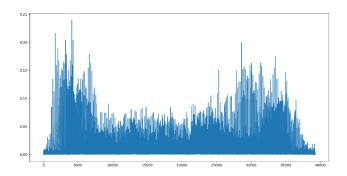
Noise Level: Medium Assumed variance: 6×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.114.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. Beta (β): 0.8
 - ii. For $\beta' = 0.8 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.114
 - iii. For $\beta' = 1.2 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.119

The difference was insignificant ($< 10^{-4}$)

- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image

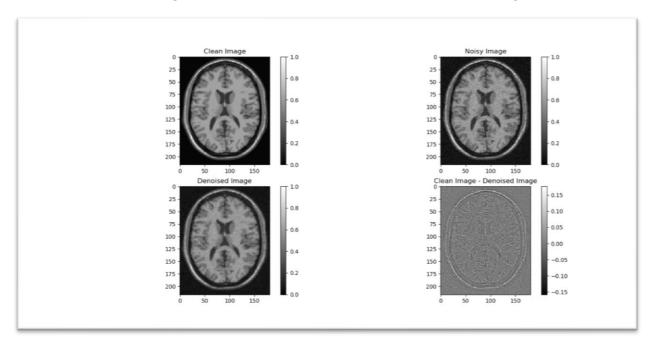


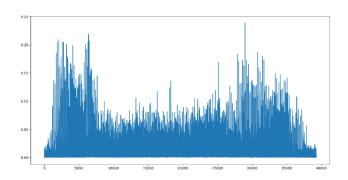


Noise Level: High

Assumed variance: 9×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.122.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. Beta (β): 0.9
 - ii. For $\beta' = 0.8 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.123
 - iii. For $\beta' = 1.2 \times \beta$, RRMSE: 0.131
- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image



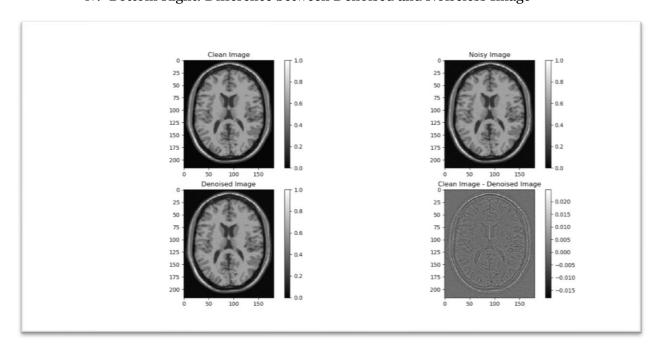


Prior: Discontinuity Adaptive

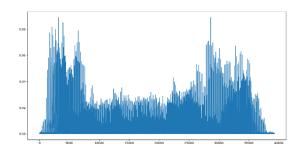
Noise Level: Low

Assumed variance: 4×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.047.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.046
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.045
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.045
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.046
- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image

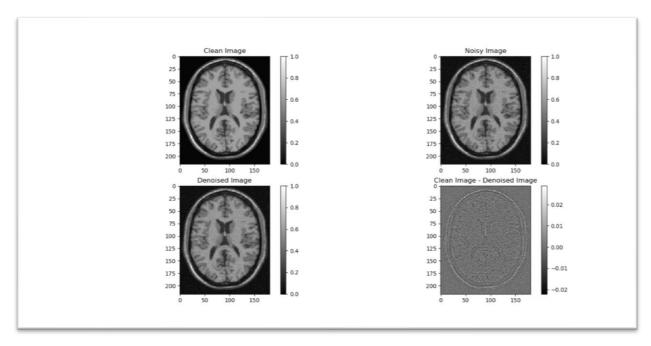


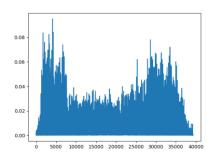
d. Plot of objective function vs iteration This is after updating every pixel, 1 run



Noise Level: Medium Assumed variance: 6×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.118.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.124
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.116
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.118
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.118
- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image

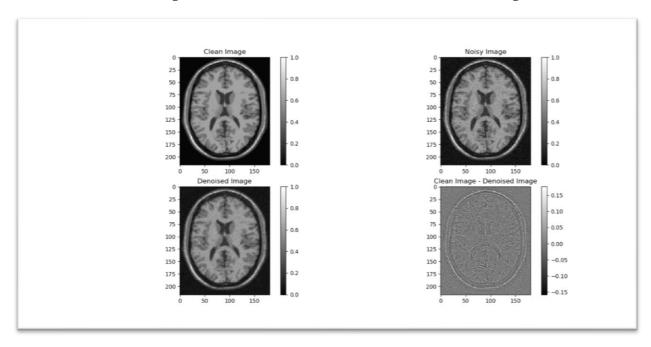


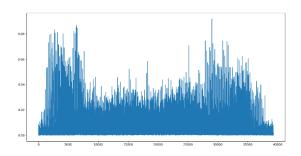


Noise Level: High

Assumed variance: 9×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.135.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.14
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.132
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.136
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.141
- c. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image



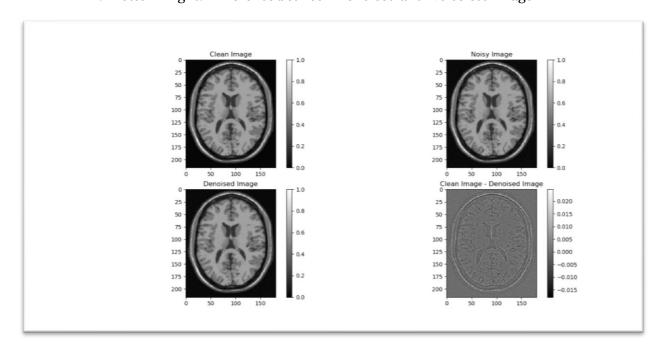


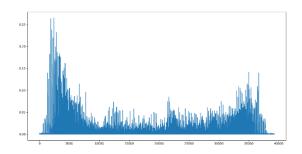
Prior: Discontinuity Adaptive Huber

Noise Level: Low

Assumed variance: 4×10^{-4}

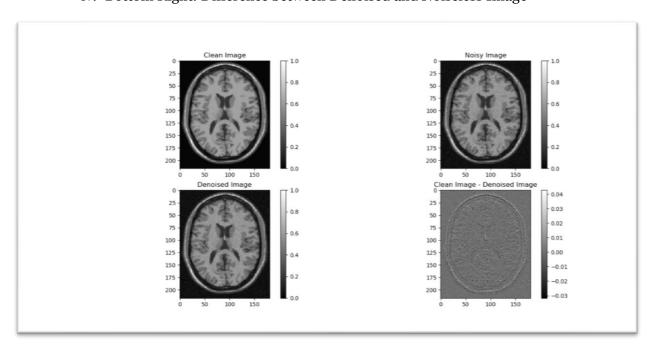
- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.046.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.051
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.046
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.046
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.048
- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image

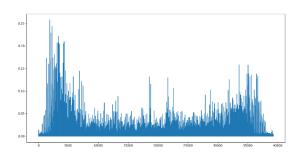




Noise Level: Medium Assumed variance: 6×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.118.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.121
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.117
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.118
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.118
- c. Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image





Noise Level: High

Assumed variance: 9×10^{-4}

- a. The Relative Root Mean Square Error (RRMSE) between the denoised image and noiseless image is 0.132.
- b. Optimal Parameters
 - i. (Beta, Gamma) (β, γ) : (0.8, 0.6)
 - ii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (0.8 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.138
 - iii. For $(\beta', \gamma) = (1.2 \times \beta, \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.132
 - iv. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 0.8 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.134
 - v. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: 0.134
- c. For $(\beta, \gamma') = (\beta, 1.2 \times \gamma)$, RRMSE: Denoised Image
 - i. Top Left: Noiseless Image
 - ii. Top Right: Noisy Image
 - iii. Bottom Left: Denoised Image
 - iv. Bottom Right: Difference between Denoised and Noiseless Image

