Making Geocoder App using Django Framework and Google Map API

Prerequisites:

Python, PostgreSQL and Sublime Text.

1. Creating Django Geocoder project

Step 1: Install Python

If you don't have Python installed, download and install it from the official <u>Python</u> website.

Step 2: Set Up a Virtual Environment

A virtual environment keeps your project dependencies isolated from the global Python environment. This helps to manage packages and avoid conflicts.

- 1. Open your terminal or command prompt.
- 2. Navigate to the directory where you want to create your Django project.
- 3. Create a virtual environment:

```
# On Windows
python -m venv myenv

# On macOS and Linux
python3 -m venv myenv
```

4. Activate the virtual environment:

```
# On Windows
myenv\Scripts\activate

# On macOS and Linux
source myenv/bin/activate
```

Step 3: Install Django

With your virtual environment active, install Django using pip:

```
pip install django
```

Step 4: Create a Django Project

Create a new Django project and navigate to the project directory:

```
django-admin startproject geocoder_project cd geocoder_project
```

Step 5: Run the Development Server

1. To open the Django app on PC, run the following commands:

```
ifconfig
ls
cd geocoder_project/
ls
nano settings.py
```

2. Check the ip address and edit the settings.py files as:

```
ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['your_ip_address, 'localhost']
```

Make changes and save.

```
^C(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 172.21.246.83 netmask 255.255.240.0 broadcast 172.21.255.255
    inet6 fe80::e65a:f29e:b2d5:1663 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:59:46:26 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 182128 bytes 225546574 (225.5 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 158542 bytes 14479070 (14.4 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,L00PBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 12986 bytes 6112180 (6.1 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 12986 bytes 6112180 (6.1 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ ls
db.sqlite3 geocoder_project/ manage.py*
(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ cd geocoder_project$ ls
```

3. Now, start the development server:

```
python manage.py runserver 0:8000
```

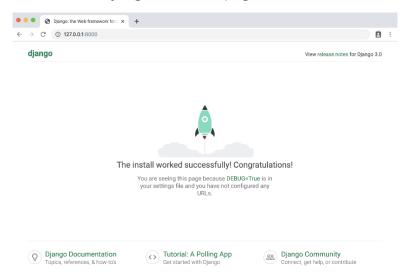
```
(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ python manage.py runserver 0:8000
Watching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).

You have 18 unapplied migration(s). Your project may not work properly until you apply the migrations for app(s): admin, auth, content types, sessions.

Run 'python manage.py migrate' to apply them.
August 31, 2023 - 05:10:00
Django version 4.2.4, using settings 'geocoder_project.settings'
Starting development server at http://0.0.0.0:8000/
Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
```

4. Open your web browser on PC and go to http://your_ip_address:8000/. You should see the default Django welcome page.



Step 6: Create a Django App

1. Create a new app within your project:

```
python manage.py startapp geocoder_app

(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ python manage.py startapp geocoder_app

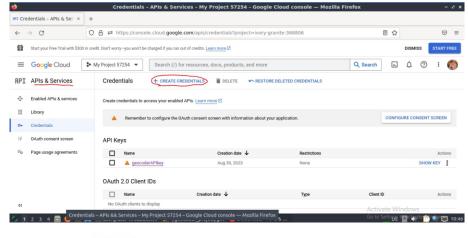
(myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$
```

2. Open geocoder_project file in Sublime Text, go to geocoder_project /settings.py and add your new app to the INSTALLED_APPS list:

```
# geocoder_project /settings.py
INSTALLED_APPS = [
    # ...
    'geocoder_app',
]
```

Step 7: Get a Google Maps API Key

- 1. Go to the Google Cloud Console.
- 2. Create a new project or select an existing one.
- 3. Enable the "Geocoding API" for your project.
- 4. Create an API Key:
 - Go to "APIs & Services" > "Credentials".
 - Click on "Create credentials" and select "API Key".
 - Your API key will be generated. Keep it secure and do not share it publicly.
 - Copy your key.



Create credentials to access your enabled APIs. Learn more ☑

A Remember to configure the OAuth consent screen with information about your application.

CONFIGURE CONSENT SCREEN

API Keys



OAuth 2.0 Client IDs

Every time after editing code, save the changes by pressing Ctrl + S

All the text in red need to be modified according to you.

Step 8: Google Maps API for geocoding service

```
pip install googlemaps
pip install geopy
```

Step 9: Integrate Google Maps Geocoding API

- Open the settings.py file of your Django project (geocoder project/settings.py).
- 2. Add your Google Maps API key to the settings.py file:

```
GOOGLE_MAPS_API_KEY = 'your_api_key_here'
```

Step 10: Creating the Address Table/Model

Define a model to store the user's address information and the corresponding latitude and longitude:

```
# geocoder_app/models.py
from django.db import models

class UserAddress(models.Model):
    zipcode = models.CharField(max_length=10)
    house_number = models.CharField(max_length=10)
    street = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    city = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    country = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    latitude = models.DecimalField(max_digits=20,
    decimal_places=6, null=True, blank=True)
    longitude = models.DecimalField(max_digits=20,
    decimal_places=6, null=True, blank=True)
```

Step 11: Create an address input form

Create a Django form to handle user input for address details in new file

```
'geocoder app\forms.py':
```

```
# geocoder_app\forms.py
from django import forms
from .models import UserAddress

class UserAddressForm(forms.ModelForm):
    class Meta:
        model = UserAddress
        fields = ['zipcode', 'house_number', 'street', 'city',
    'country']
```

Step 12: Geocoding Logic:

Implement a function to perform geocoding using the googlemaps package and update the latitude and longitude fields in the model in 'geocoder app\views.py':

```
# geocoder app\views.py
from django.shortcuts import render
import googlemaps
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim
from django.shortcuts import render
from .forms import UserAddressForm
from .models import UserAddress
# geocoding
def get coordinates (address):
    # Use googlemaps or Nominatim geocoder (geopy) to get latitude
and longitude
   gmaps = googlemaps.Client(key='your google map api')
    geolocator = Nominatim(user agent='geocoder app')
    location = geolocator.geocode(address)
    if location:
        return location.latitude, location.longitude
   else:
        return None, None
def user address view(request):
    if request.method == 'POST':
        form = UserAddressForm(request.POST)
        if form.is valid():
            address = f"{form.cleaned data['house number']}
{form.cleaned data['street']}, {form.cleaned data['city']},
{form.cleaned data['country']}"
            latitude, longitude = get coordinates(address)
            form.instance.latitude = latitude
            form.instance.longitude = longitude
            form.save()
   else:
        form = UserAddressForm()
    return render(request, 'geocoder app/user address.html',
{'form': form})
```

Step 13: Create a Geocoder Page Template:

Create a template (HTML file) to display the form and show the map. For this, first create a folder named 'templates' in 'geocoder_app' folder, in which make another folder of same name as app i.e. decoder_app. Now create two html files named, 'base.html' and 'user_address.html' in geocoder_app folder that's inside template folder.

```
# geocoder_app/templates/geocoder_app/base.html
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<h+m1>
<head>
     <meta charset="utf-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
scale=1">
     <title></title>
     <!-- Required meta tags -->
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
    <!-- Bootstrap CSS -->
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@4.0.0/dist/css/bootst
rap.min.css" integrity="sha384-
Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPq6fy4IWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGqFAW/dAiS6JXm"
crossorigin="anonymous">
    <!-- for using leaflet map -->
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons"
rel="stylesheet">
     <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/leaflet@1.7.1/dist/leaflet.css"
    <script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/leaflet@1.7.1/dist/leaflet.js"><</pre>
/script>
     <!-- for google map apis-->
     <script
src="https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/js?key=YOUR GOOGLE MAPS
API KEY&callback=initMap" async defer></script>
      {% if title %}
           <title>Geocoder App - {{ title }}</title>
      {% else %}
           <title>Geocoder App</title>
     {% endif%}
</head>
<body>
     <!-- Main Body -->
     <div class="body-main">
        {% if messages %}
           {% for message in messages %}
                 <div class="alert alert-{{ message.tags }}">
                       {{ message }}
                 </div>
           {% endfor %}
```

```
{% endif %}
        {% block content %}{% endblock %}
</body>
</html>
# geocoder app/templates/geocoder app/user address.html
{% extends "geocoder app/base.html" %}
{% block content %}
 <style>
    .grid{
      padding: 50px 100px;
      display: grid;
      grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr;
      grid-template-rows: 2fr;
      grid-template-areas:
       "AddressSection AddressSection AddressSection"
    }
    .AddressSection {
      grid-area: AddressSection;
      margin-bottom: 30px !important;
      margin-right: 20px !important;
      background-color: #e0eefd63;
      width: 100%;
      height: 750px;
      padding: 20px 20px;
      box-sizing: border-box;
     border-radius: 5px;
     box-shadow: 0 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
    .AddressSection h1 {
      text-align: center;
      padding-bottom: 20px;
      font-size: 25px;
      color: rgba(38, 45, 55, 0.9);
    }
    .addressForm {
        margin-bottom: 20px;
    form {
        display: flex;
        flex-wrap: wrap;
        justify-content: center;
        color: rgba(38, 45, 55, 0.9);
        font-size: 12px;
```

```
margin-left: 25px;
}
form label {
    width: 40%;
form input[type="text"],
form input[type="email"] {
    width: 60 px;
    padding: 8px 40px;
    margin-bottom: 10px;
    border: 1px solid #ccc;
    border-radius: 3px;
    box-sizing: border-box;
}
input[type="submit"] {
 background-color: rgba(57, 41, 51, 0.8);
  color: #fff;
  border-color: #fff;
  font-weight: bold;
  padding: 5px 10px;
  margin-top: 30px;
  border: none;
  border-radius: 3px;
  cursor: pointer;
  width: 80px;
  height: 30px;
  display: block;
input[type="submit"]:hover{
  background-color: rgba(57, 41, 51, 1);
  color: #fff;
  border-color: #326ba8;
  font-weight: bold;
  padding: 5px 20px;
  border: none;
  border-radius: 3px;
  cursor: pointer;
  width: 80px;
  height: 30px;
 box-shadow: 0 2px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
}
.MapArea {
  width: 1050px;
  height: 400px;
  grid-area: AddressSection;
```

```
margin: 0px 30px;
}
#map{
  width: 100%;
 height: 100%;
  box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
.latLong{
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  justify-content: space-between;
  background-color: #fff;
  color: black;
  font-weight: bold;
  text-align: left;
  padding: 10px 20px;
 box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
.latLong p{
  margin: 0;
  font-size: 16px;
.MapArea button {
  font-size: 12px;
  background-color: rgba(57, 41, 51, 0.8);
  color: #fff;
  border-color: #fff;
  font-weight: bold;
  padding: 5px 20px;
  border: none;
  border-radius: 3px;
  cursor: pointer;
  width: 80px; /* Adjust the width as needed */
  height: 30px;
.MapArea button:hover {
  font-size: 12px;
  background-color: rgba(57, 41, 51, 1);
  color: #fff;
  border-color: #326ba8;
  font-weight: bold;
  padding: 5px 20px;
  border: none;
  border-radius: 3px;
  cursor: pointer;
  width: 80px;
```

```
height: 30px;
      box-shadow: 0 2px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
  </style>
  <div class="grid">
    <div class="AddressSection">
      <h1>Enter Your Address</h1>
      <div class="addressForm">
          <form method="post">
              {% csrf token %}
              {{ form.as p }}
              <input type="submit" value="Submit">
          </form>
      </div>
      {% if form.instance.latitude and form.instance.longitude %}
        <div class="MapArea">
          <div class="latLong">
            Latitude: {{ form.instance.latitude }}, Longitude:
{{ form.instance.longitude }}
            <button id="copyCoordinatesButton">Copy</button>
          </div>
          <div class="map" id="map"></div>
        </div>
      {% endif %}
    </div>
    <script>
      // Display map with the resulting coordinates
      const osm =
L.tileLayer('https://tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png', {
       maxZoom: 19,
        attribution: '© <a
href="http://www.openstreetmap.org/copyright">OpenStreetMap</a>'
      const map = L.map('map', {
        center: [{{ form.instance.latitude }}, {{
form.instance.longitude }}],
        zoom: 15,
        layers: [osm]
      });
      // Add a marker and bind a popup to it
      const marker = L.marker([{{ form.instance.latitude }}, {{
form.instance.longitude }}]).bindPopup('Latitude: ' + {{
form.instance.latitude }} + ', Longitude: ' + {{
form.instance.longitude } }).addTo(map);
      // Add a function to copy coordinates to clipboard
```

```
const copyCoordinatesButton =
document.getElementById('copyCoordinatesButton');
      copyCoordinatesButton.addEventListener('click', function() {
        const latitude = {{ form.instance.latitude }};
        const longitude = {{ form.instance.longitude }};
        const coordinatesString = `${latitude}, ${longitude}`;
        copyToClipboard(coordinatesString);
      });
      // Function to copy text to clipboard
      function copyToClipboard(text) {
        const textarea = document.createElement('textarea');
        textarea.value = text;
        document.body.appendChild(textarea);
        textarea.select();
        document.execCommand('copy');
        document.body.removeChild(textarea);
        alert('Coordinates copied to clipboard: ' + text);
      </script>
  </div>
{% endblock content %}
```

Step 14: URLs Configuration:

Add a URL mapping to urls.py file that's inside geocoder_project:

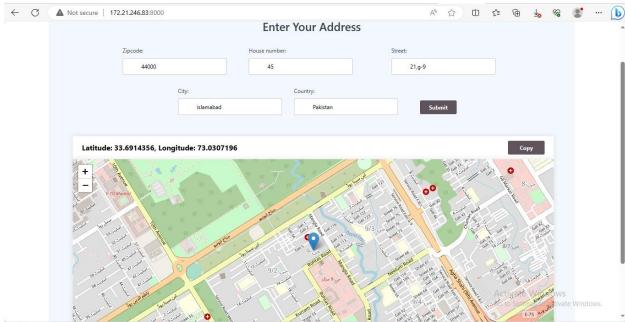
```
# geocoder_project/urls.py
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from geocoder_app.views import user_address_view

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('', user_address_view, name='user_address'),
]
```

Step 15: Save Changes:

1. Open a terminal or command prompt to run the makemigrations command using python manage.py makemigrations and apply migrations to database:

```
python manage.py makemigrations
python manage.py migrate
python manage.py runserver 0:8000
```



2. Connect and Configure PostgreSQL in Django Project

Step 1: Create the PostgreSQL Database

Make sure you have PostgreSQL installed and running. Create a new database and note down the database name, username, port, and password.

Step 2: Install the Required Packages

Open the terminal and install psychopg2 to connect PostgreSQL to your Django project using command:

```
pip install psycopg2-binary
```

Step 3: Configure Database Postgres Settings

Open your Django project's **settings.py** file and navigate to the DATABASES setting. By default, Django is configured to use SQLite, but we'll change that to use PostgreSQL.

Replace the DATABASES setting with the following code(you can get the name, user, host and port by right clicking on the database and going to properties):

```
# geocoder_project /settings.py

DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',
        'NAME': 'your_database_name',
        'USER': 'your_database_user',
        'PASSWORD': 'your_database_password',
        'HOST': 'localhost',
        'PORT': '',  # Leave empty to use the default
PostgreSQL port (usually 5432)
    }
}
```

Step 4: Apply Django Migrations for Database Tables

Run following command to create necessary tables in PostgreSQL DB:

user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project\$

```
python manage.py makemigrations
python manage.py migrate
                                            myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ python manage.py makemigrations
                                          lo changes detected
                                          myenv) user@user-virtualbox:~/geocoder_project$ python manage.py migrate
                                          perations to perform:
Apply all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, geocoder_app, sessions
unning migrations:
                                           Applying auth.0001_initial... OK
Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
Applying admin.0002_logentry_remove_auto_add... OK
Applying admin.0002_logentry_add_action_flag_choices... OK
Applying aomin.0003_logentry_add_action_flag_choices... OK
Applying auth.0002_alter_permission_name_max_length... OK
Applying auth.0002_alter_user_email_max_length... OK
Applying auth.0003_alter_user_email_max_length... OK
Applying auth.0004_alter_user_last_login_null... OK
Applying auth.0006_require_contenttypes_0002... OK
Applying auth.0006_require_contenttypes_0002... OK
Applying auth.0006_alter_user_last_login_remessages... OK
Applying auth.0008_alter_user_last_name_max_length... OK
Applying auth.0010_alter_group_name_max_length... OK
Applying auth.0011_update_proxy_permissions... OK
Applying auth.0012_alter_user_first_name_max_length... OK
Applying sessions.0001_initial... OK
Mpplying sessions.0001_initial... OK
Myenv) user@user-virtualbox:-/geocoder_project$
```

Step 5: Test Connection

```
python manage.py runserver 0:8000
```

Step 6: Create Trigger Function to add Geometry

1. Create a trigger function to update the geometry automatically upon adding new address each time in geocoder app useraddress table.

```
create extension postgis;
SELECT * FROM pg available extensions;
-- creating geom column
ALTER TABLE geocoder app useraddress
ADD COLUMN geom geometry (Point, 4326);
-- Creating function
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION add geometry()
```

```
RETURNS TRIGGER
LANGUAGE plpgsgl
AS $$
BEGIN
        NEW.geom = ST SetSRID(ST MakePoint(NEW.longitude,
NEW.latitude), 4326);
       RETURN NEW;
END;
$$;
-- creating trigger
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER insert geometry trigger
BEFORE INSERT ON geocoder app useraddress
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE FUNCTION add geometry();
-- viewing all rows in geocoder useraddress table
select * from geocoder app useraddress;
```

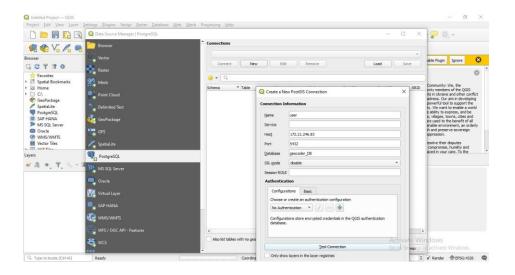




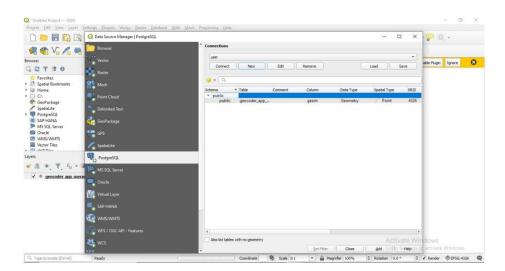
All the text in red need to be modified according to you.

3. Opening Geocoded Table on QGIS

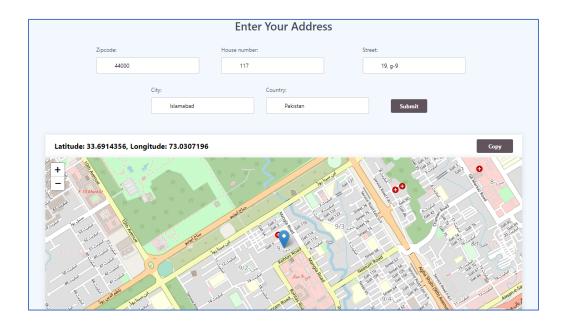
- 1. Open QGIS, go to Layer->Add Layer->Add PostGIS Layers.
- 2. Click 'Connect' button and add credentials.

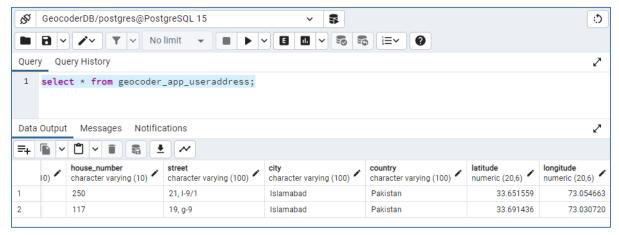


- 3. Click test connection, add username and password click 'ok'.
- 4. Go back, click 'connect' again, choose the table 'geocoder_app_useraddress' and click 'add'.



OUTPUT:





Good Luck:)

THE END