SD	∑ ogo γς	
BIZADS	STUDENT REPORT AND OUT AND SHOW	N.
νDE		ADSAC
N DE	TAILS ADSADI A LABARADS ADDI A	22812
c	S SABA ANJUM	
BIZADE	Roll Number	
7	22RI24DS402-T	SAOT
ÆX	PERIMENT A 2812 ADSAOL A 2812 ADSAOL A 22812 ADSAOL A 22812 A 22812 ADSAOL A 2281	1AO
Title	e was about the state of the st	BI
12ADS	e 22812km LECTIONS LOSADE AND SADE TO THE PART AND	LAT
2.0	Description 28 Such and Such a	*DS*O7
5402-1	You are the head of the election committee in your village. Each Political party is associated with a unique number and the votes are represented as an integer array A. where each element contains the party number voted for by the villagers. For a party to win, they must have a majority of votes. our task is to find and return an integer value denoting the winning party's number. Return -1 if there is no party with a majority.	281
	Note: If only one vote is there he is the winner.	^ ′
281245	Input Format:	
220	input1: An integer value representing the number the number of voters	ADSAO
	input2: An integer array A representing the votes of the voters.	AO
5402.7	output Format:	
5	Return an integer value denoting the winning party's number.Return -1 there is no party with a majority	228
	Example 1:	
812A	Input:	
2	6	, DSAC
_	112223	100
5402	Output:	oi.
	2	2720
o b	Explanation:	A.
2281	As 2 got the most number of votes i.e 3.	. &
	Example 2:	2893
	Input:	2
	6	200
	121122	3872
	Output:	
	-1	ask
	Explanation:	3801

Source Code:

n=int(input()) arr=list(map(int,input().split())) d={ } if n==1: print(arr[0]) else: for i in arr: if i not in d: d[i]=1else: d[i]+=1x=sorted(d.items(),key=lambda x:x[1], reverse =True)if x[0][1]==x[1][1]: print(-1) else: print(x[0][0])

RESULT

6/6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %