

STRING PROBLEM

Problem

Alex has a string **S** of length **N** consisting of lowercase alphabets. He wants to find lexicographically smallest string **X** of length **N** that can be formed using the following operation.

In one operation, he can select any one character among the at most first **K** characters of string **S**, remove it from string **S** and append it to string **X**. He can apply this operation as many times as he wants.

Help Alex find the string **X**.

Input format

- The first line consists of a string of length **N**
- The second line consists of an integer **K**.

Output format

- Print the lexicographically minimum string that can be formed using the above operation.

Constraints

- $1 \leq N \leq 105$
- $1 \leq K \leq N$

Sample Input

hackerearth

3

Sample Output

aceheakrhrt

Time Limit: 1

Memory Limit: 256

Source Limit:

Explanation

First you can select 'a' from "**hackerearth**". Now the string **X** becomes "a" and string **S** becomes "hckerearth".

Now after applying the operation again, the string **X** becomes "ac" and the string **S** becomes "hkerearth".

Similarly after applying the operation **n** times, the string **X** becomes "aceheakrhrt".