## **Sabbir Ahmed**

**DATE:** April 14, 2018 **CMPE 320:** HW 07

1. A radar tends to overestimate the distance of an aircraft, and the error is a normal random variable with a mean of 50 meters and a standard deviation 100 meters. What is the probability that the measured distance will be smaller than the true distance?

$$P(X < 0) = P\left(Y < \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

$$= P\left(Y < \frac{0 - 50}{100}\right)$$

$$= P(Y < -0.5)$$

$$= \Phi(-0.5)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(0.5)$$

$$= 0.3085$$

- **2**. Let *X* be normal with mean 1 and variance 4. Let Y = 2X + 3.
  - (a) Calculate the PDF of Y.

$$E[Y] = E[2X + 3]$$
$$= 2E[X] + 3$$
$$= 2(1) + 3$$
$$= 5$$

$$var(Y) = var(2X + 3)$$
$$= (2)^{2}var(X)$$
$$= (2)^{2}(4)$$

The PDF of the normal random variable is

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-5)^2}{32}}, & \text{if } \infty < y \le \infty, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

**(b)** Find  $P(Y \ge 0)$ .

$$P(Y \ge 0) = P\left(Z \ge \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

$$= P\left(Z \ge \frac{0 - 5}{\sqrt{16}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z \ge -1.25)$$

$$= \Phi(-1.25)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(1.25)$$

$$= 0.1056$$

- 3. A signal of amplitude s = 2 is transmitted from a satellite but is corrupted by noise, and the received signal is X = s + W, where W is noise. When the weather is good, W is normal with zero mean and variance 1. When the weather is bad, W is normal with zero mean and variance 4. In the absence of any weather information:
  - (a) Calculate the PDF of X.

**(b)** Calculate the probability that *X* is between 1 and 3.

4. Oscar uses his high-speed modem to connect to the internet. The modem transmits zeros and ones by sending signals -1 and +1, respectively. We assume that any given bit has probability p of being a zero. The network cable introduces additive zero-mean Gaussian noise with variance  $\sigma^2$  (so, the receiver at the

other end receives a signal which is the sum of the transmitted signal and the channel noise). The value of the noise is assumed to be independent of the encoded signal value.

(a) Let a be a constant between -1 and 1. The receiver at the other end decides that the signal -1 (respectively, +1) was transmitted if the value it receives is less (respectively, more) than a. Find a formula for the probability of making an error.

(b) Find a numerical answer for the question of part (a) assuming that p = 2/5, a = 1/2 and  $\sigma^2 = 1/4$ .

- **5**. An old modem can take anywhere from 0 to 30 seconds to establish a connection, with all times between 0 and 30 being equally likely.
  - (a) What is the probability that if you use this modem you will have to wait more than 15 seconds to connect?

For the uniformly distributed normal variable

$$\int_{15}^{30} \frac{1}{30} dx = \frac{1}{30} x \Big|_{15}^{30}$$

$$= 0.5$$

**(b)** Given that you have already waited 10 seconds, what is the probability of having to wait at least 10 more seconds?

$$\int_{20}^{30} \frac{1}{20} dx = \frac{1}{20} x \Big|_{10}^{20}$$

$$= 0.5$$

**6**. Consider a random variable *X* with PDF

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 2x/3, & \text{if } 1 < x \le 2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

and let *A* be the event  $\{X \ge 1.5\}$ . Calculate E[X], P(A) and  $E[X \mid A]$ .

$$f_G(g) = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } 1/2 < g \le 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

but on a bad day, the time it takes is described by the PDF

$$f_B(b) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 1/2 < b \le 3/2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

Find the conditional probability that today was a bad day, given that it took Dine less than three quarters of an hour to cook a souffle.

**8**. One of the two wheels of fortune, *A* and *B*, is selected by the toss of a fair coin, and the wheel chosen is spun once to determine the value of a random variable *X*. If wheel *A* is selected, the PDF of *X* is

$$f_{X|A}(x \mid A) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 < x \le 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

If wheel *B* is selected, the PDF of *X* is

$$f_{X|B}(x \mid B) = \begin{cases} 3, & \text{if } 0 < x \le 1/3, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

If we are told that the value of X was less than 1/4, what is the conditional probability that wheel A was the one selected.