

DOC #: ISR02
DATE: April 5, 2017
BY: Sabbir Ahmed

1 Introduction

A satellite communication system that will service aircraft flying in oceanic airspace (out of line of sight of land) is to be developed. This note will predict a conservative but reasonable Fermi estimate of the number of aircraft flying over the North Atlantic in the peak busy hour.

2 Assumptions

The estimation of the number of aircraft will utilize the principles of Fermi problems, which require justified assumptions based on little to no data. Several assumptions are considered in this scenario and are listed as follows:

- The number of aircrafts flying over to Europe equals the number of aircrafts flying back to the United States.
- Only international flights departing from major airports in the northern regions of the United States are considered; contributions from other airports are negligible.

The airports that are considered as major contributors are listed below:

BOS	JFK	NWK	PHL	IAD
CHT	ATL	ORD	STL	DFW
LAX	SEA	SFX		

The airports with minor contribution to the North Atlantic air traffic are listed below:

MIA	CLE	YUL
TOR	DEN	PAX

3 Calculations

Data on air traffic were obtained from various sources. These statistics were used to generate the variations or the bounds of the estimate.

3.1 Passenger Information