

(Each problem is worth 10 points)

1. Consider a transmission line with $Z_0 = 100 \, \Omega$ and $Z_L = 200 \, \Omega$. What is the standing wave ratio? Measured in wavelengths, how close are the first maximum and the first minimum to the load?
2. Consider a transmission line with a characteristic impedance of $50 \, \Omega$ and a load impedance of $50 \, \Omega$. Suppose that the generator impedance is also $50 \, \Omega$ and $\tilde{V}_s = 100 \, \text{V}$. How much power is dissipated in the load resistor and how much power is dissipated in the source resistor?
3.
 - a. Give the definition of the divergence operator.
 - b. Use the definition of the divergence operator to obtain its form in the Cartesian coordinate system.
4. Show that the energy density inside a parallel plate capacitor is equal to $(1/2)\epsilon E^2$, where ϵ is electric permittivity of the dielectric between the plates.
5. Consider the motion of a particle with charge q and mass m in uniform and constant electric and magnetic fields.
 - a. Write the equation of motion
 - b. When the magnetic field strength is zero, show that the position of a particle starting from rest will increase proportional to t^2 .