

LONDON CAPITAL COMPUTER COLLEGE

Diploma in System Design (401) – Pascal Programming

Prerequisites: Basic knowledge of computing terminology.	Corequisites: A pass or better in Certificate in Computer Fundamentals or equivalence.				
	This course is designed to give the candidates an introduction to Pascal programming.				
Candidates will utilise the commands, statements, and procedures of this language to develop computer					
programs. At the end of the course, candidates will be able to describe the syntax rules governing					
expressions and statements in Pascal.	oc abic	to describe the syntax rules governing			
Required Materials: Recommended learning					
resources.		xtra reading recommendations.			
Special Requirements: Building Pascal application					
computers is mandatory.	10. 11110	is a mands on coarse, hence use of the			
Intended Learning Outcomes:	Assess	sment Criteria:			
Design simple Pascal programs using	1.1	Describe structured programming			
variables, constant assignment statements and comments.	1.2	Describe how Pascal programs begin and end			
	1.3	Demonstrate the difference between			
		Write and Writeln			
	1.4	Define how to display blank lines on the screen			
	1.5	Outline the different datatypes			
	1.6	Demonstrate how to get user's input			
	1.7	Describe the difference between Read			
	1.,	and Readln			
	1.8	Demonstrate how to view and pause the			
		screen after the program ran			
	1.9	Demonstrate how to declare variables in Pascal			
2. Identify reserved words in Pascal.	2.1	Describe <i>Clrscr</i>			
Illustrate the use and description of reserved	2.2	Define GotoXY(,)			
words. Describe the meaning and purpose of	2.3	Define Textbackground()			
reserved words.	2.4	Define Textcolor()			
	2.5	Define <i>Readkey</i>			
	2.6	Define <i>Delay()</i>			
	2.7	Define Halt / Halt()			
	3.1	Demonstrate the IF statement (IFThen			
3. Identify the concept of 'Program		Else, Nested IF statements)			
Control'. Develop effective programs by obeying	3.2	Demonstrate the Repeat Until Loop			
the most important rules of programming: the IF statement (decision making), FOR Loop and the	3.3	Demonstrate the FOR Loop (Nested FOR loop)			
REPEATUNTIL loop.	3.4	Demonstrate the WHILEDO loop			
	3.5	Explain the operation of the IF statement			
	3.6	Explain the syntax of conditional			
		statements			
	3.7	Explain how to use Nested IF statements			
	3.8	Use Flowchart diagrams to express IF			
	2.0	statement			
	3.9	Explain the characteristics of all loop			
		syntaxes in Pascal and explain the differences between them			

4. Explore other ways of writing	4.1	Define how to design simple <i>IFELSE</i>
conditional statements using CASEOF	7.1	statement using CASEOF
statement. Demonstrate the ability to diversify programming skills.	4.2	Demonstrate how to design simple Menu programs using CASEOF
Programming states	4.3	Describe how to design complex programs using CASEOF
5. Identify the use of logical operators and Boolean expressions.	5.1	Define logical operators and how they can be used in Pascal programming
Boolean expressions.	5.2	Define the types of logical operators (AND, OR, NOT)
	5.3	Define Boolean expressions and how do they differ from logical operators.
6. Identify how large programs are broken down into small programs by using procedures	6.1	Explain the syntax of procedures and functions
and functions.	6.2	Explain the differences between procedures and functions
	6.3	Explain the differences between pass by value and pass by reference
	6.4	Explain the differences between global variable and local variable
	6.5	Explain the rule of calling procedures / functions.
7. Analyse how files are implemented in	7.1	Describe how to create and write to a file
Pascal programming.	7.2 7.3	Demonstrate how to read from a file Demonstrate how to append data to an existing file
	7.4 7.5	Demonstrate how to delete files Demonstrate how to create and remove
	7.6	sub-directory Illustrate how to find the size of a file using FileSize()
8. Describe the use and power of data	8.1	Describe the purpose of arrays
structures in programming. Analyse the use of static and dynamic data in programming.	8.2 8.3	Describe array declarations Understand how to design programs
Appreciate the differences between variables and arrays.	8.4	using arrays Describe the use of an array and the
		different arrays available
9. Understand the concept of records as special types of data structures. Differentiate	9.1	Define records using the TYPE definition
records from arrays. Describe how records collect	9.2	Define the WITH keyword
different types of data.	9.3	Identify the use of array of records
	9.4	Demonstrate how to design a database, which allows a user to: add new record,
		edit an existing record, view a particular
		record in a list, delete record and sort records
10. Define the process of producing a full	10.1	Identify programming syntax errors
working Pascal program.	10.2	Separate processes
	10.3 10.4	List the solution steps of each process List the data requirements
	10.5	Determine the output requirements
	10.6 10.7	Construct an algorithm to do the process Use creativity to expand the input,
	10.8	process and output Think of all other useful things to add in
	10.0	program
<u></u>	10.9 Γel: 0044 7	Implement the program, step by step

10.10	Combine all the programs to tackle the
	problem. All the modules of each
	process should be gathered
10.11	Generalise the input procedure to fit in
	each module to save energy and time
10.12	Combine them using menus.

Recommended Learning Resources: Pascal Programming

	Recommended Learning Resources. Lascar Frogramming
	 Fundamentals of Pascal, Understanding Programming and Problem Solving (Hardcover) by Douglas W. Nance. ISBN-10: 0314205543 Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming With Pascal
Text Books	 (Paperback) by Byron S. Gottfried. ISBN-10: 0070238499 Turbo Pascal: Programming and Problem Solving (Paperback) by Sanford Leestma and Larry Nyhoff. ISBN-10: 0023694114
Study Manuals	BCE produced study packs
CD ROM	Power-point slides
Software	Pascal Programming