

LONDON CAPITAL COMPUTER COLLEGE

Diploma in System Design (401) – Network Fundamentals

| Prerequisites: Basic knowledge of computing | Corequisites: A pass or better in Certificate in | | |
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| terminology. Computer Fundamentals or equivalence. | | | |
| Aim: An introduction to networking that includes terminology, OSI model concepts, common protocol | | | |
| suites, network standards, and network topologies. Also included are peer-to-peer versus server-based | | | |
| networks, network topologies, media, interface cards, protocols and architectures. An in-depth | | | |
| coverage of the OSI model is essential. | | | |
| Required Materials: Recommended learning | Supplementary Materials: Lecture notes and | | |
| resurces. | tutor extra reading recommendations. | | |
| Special Requirements: None | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes: | Assessment Criteria: | | |
| 1 Define the fundamental concepts of | 1.1 Describe the general characteristics of a | | |
| computer networks. Identify the constituent | computer network | | |
| network components and various network types. | 1.2 Understand the role of the major | | |
| Describe a reference model for network protocol | components of a computer network | | |
| architectures. Discuss the role of international | 1.3 Distinguish between different network | | |
| standards and major standards organisations. | types and understand their properties | | |
| | 1.4 Appreciate the relevance and importance | | |
| | of standards, in general, and the OSI | | |
| | model | | |
| | 1.5 Describe the role and functions of each | | |
| | of the OSI layers. | | |
| | | | |
| 2 Examine the physical layer of the OSI | 2.1 Distinguish between different network | | |
| model. Identify the categorisation of networking | equipment types and understand their | | |
| equipment, and discuss transmission-related | roles | | |
| issues, including various transmission media. | 2.2 Distinguish between different device | | |
| | connection types | | |
| | 2.3 Describe how data is transmitted and the | | |
| | basic techniques that this process | | |
| | involves | | |
| | 2.4 Analyse the different physical | | |
| | transmission media and their | | |
| | characteristics | | |
| | 2.5 Define the basic multiplexing methods | | |
| | and their role in data transmission. | | |
| | | | |
| 3 Examine the data link layer of the OSI | 3.1 Distinguish between different data link | | |
| model. Identify various link protocol types, and | protocol types and know the | | |
| describe the constituent functions of link | characteristics of each type | | |
| protocols, such as acknowledgment of frames, | 3.2 Describe the various data link protocol | | |
| error checking, and flow control. | functions. | | |
| - | 3.3 Explain how the CRC error checking | | |
| | method works and how a CRC code is | | |
| | calculated | | |
| | 3.4 Analyse the sliding window protocol | | |
| | and explain how it can be used for flow | | |
| | control. | | |
| | | | |
| 4 Describe the network layer of the OSI | 4.1 Describe the nature of network | | |
| model. Discuss the use of network primitives for | services and use network primitives to | | |
| defining network services. Identify switching | describe network service scenarios; | | |
| <i>a</i> | describe network service section tos, | | |

| methods and their use for routing. Describe data packets and their handling by the network layer. | 4.2 | Describe how circuit switching works and appreciate its strengths and |
|---|---------------------|---|
| | 4.3 | weaknesses Describe how packet switching works and distinguish between the virtual circuit and datagram methods and their |
| | 4.4 | packet formats Describe the basic routing algorithms (flooding, static routing, and dynamic |
| | 4.5 | routing) and their characteristics; Discuss the importance of congestion control; identify the need for internetworking and the sublayers provided to support it. |
| 5 Describe the transport layer of the OSI model. Describe the transport protocol and related | 5.1 | Describe how the transport layer operates |
| issues, such as segmentation, multiplexing, addressing, error control, and flow control. | 5.2 | Describe the difference between the network and transport layer |
| Discuss TCP. | 5.3 | Describe the transport protocols |
| | 5.4 | Define segmentation, multiplex, addressing, error and flow control |
| 6 Describe the session layer of the OSI | 6.1 | Define how the session layer operates |
| model. | 6.2 | Describe the session protocol Describe dialog units, synchronisation, |
| | 0.3 | error handling and the structure of session messages |
| | 6.4 | Define how a session is negotiated |
| | | between two applications, the synchronisation and control of message exchanges between applications. |
| 7 Describe the role of the presentation layer. Identify the notion of abstract data syntax, | 7.1 | Describe the different applications of data |
| and then describe presentation service primitives and functional units. | 7.2 | Describe the protocols found at the presentation layer |
| 8 Define the application layer standards. | 8.1 | Analyse virtual terminal handling, message handling, file transfer and job transfer |
| | 8.2 | Discuss application services |
| | 8.3 | Explain some of the relevant terminology |
| | 8.4 | Describe groups of application service |
| 9 Illustrate the main characteristics of | | elements. |
| LANs. | 9.1 | Define the LAN concepts |
| | 9.2 9.3 | Discuss widely-adopted LAN standards Define WAN protocols |
| 10 Examine the various components of | 10.1 | Define circuit switching packet |
| telephone networks and the signaling technology | 10.2 | switching and signaling. Identify the common channel signaling |
| which helps operate them. Define the difference between data networks and telephone networks. | 10.3 | and its standards. Examine private telephone networks and their relevance to public networks |
| 11 Define Integrated Services Digital | | - |
| 11 Define Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN). Describe the ISDN technology. | 11.1 | Describe the ISDN protocol architecture in relation to the OSI model; |
| Define ISDN concepts, including its channels, | 11.2 | Discuss various ISDN standards; |
| reference points, functional groupings, and | 11.3 Γel: 0044 7 | Examine the potential future of ISDN |

| services. | within the context of global communication networks. |
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| Describe Broadband ISDN (B-ISDN) and the transfer mode designed for its implementation; Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM). | Describe the basic concepts underlying ATM protocol architecture; Discuss the organisation of ATM networks and their potential applications. |

Recommended Learning Resources: Networking Fundamentals

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| | Networking Fundamentals (Hardcover) by Richard M. Roberts. ISBN-10: 1590704495 | |
| | Hands-On Networking Fundamentals (Paperback) by Michael Palmer. ISBN- 10: 1418835544 | |
| Text Books | Networking Foundations: Technology Fundamentals for IT Success (Paperback) by Patrick Ciccarelli and Christina Faulkner. ISBN-10: 0782143717 | |
| | • Understanding Data Communications: From Fundamentals to Networking, 3rd Edition (Hardcover) by Gilbert Held. ISBN-10: 0471627453 | |
| Study Manuals | BCE produced study packs | |
| CD ROM | Power-point slides | |
| Software | None | |