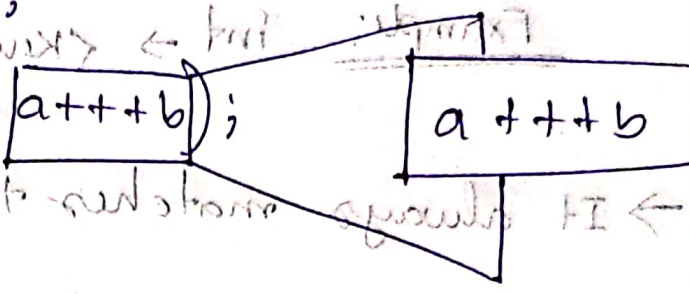


(Video 24) Increment and Decrement Operators in C Part-2.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int a = 4, b = 3;
    printf("a %d", a+++b);
    return 0;
}
```



Token Generation:

`int` `=` `4` `;`

→ Lexical Analysis is the first phase in the compilation process.

→ Lexical ~~Analysis~~ Analyzer (scanner) scans the whole source program and when it finds the meaning full sequence of character (lexemes)

then it converts it into a token.

int, =, 4, ;

$\Phi \rightarrow$ Token: lexemes mapped into token-name and attribute-value.

Example: $\text{int} \rightarrow \langle \text{keyword}, \text{int} \rangle$

\rightarrow It always matches the longest character sequence.

$\boxed{\text{int}} \boxed{a} \boxed{=} \boxed{5}$

$a++b$

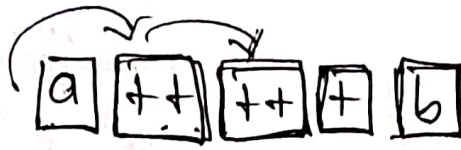
$\boxed{a} \boxed{++} \boxed{b}$

$\therefore a++b = 3 + 4 = 7$ post increment

But $a + ++b = 3 + 5 = 8$

pre-increment

(a+++++b);



a = 4

b = 3

no more 2 or

Not valid

7

Error