Attachment and Layperson's View of Healthy Relationships



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INTRODUCTION

- Taking a new perspective: studying the layperson's view of what is "healthy" versus focusing on outcome variables
- Perceptions of certain aspects of relationships as "healthy" may vary based on attachment style
- Concepts were derived from Interdependence theory and Investment Model, Responsiveness, Self-Expansion Theory, Suffocation Model (constructs mapped onto models in Table 1)

METHOD

- Prolific; N = 390, Age M = 33.28, SD = 11.64
- ~50% female
- English speakers
- Countries represented include: UK N = 226, US N = 94, Canada N = 44, Australia N = 7, Ireland N = 3, Spain N = 2, Chile N = 1
- Rate 19 constructs from -50 "Makes relationship unhealthy" to 50 "Makes relationship healthy", with 0 "Does not influence relationship health"
- The Experiences in Close Relationships-Revised Short Questionnaire (9) items) from 1 "Strongly disagree" to 7 "Strongly agree"

RESULTS

- Attachment avoidance negatively predicted influence of all constructs except for security
- Attachment anxiety negatively predicted the influence of commitment
- Interaction between avoidance and anxiety was significant for satisfaction, caring, core similarities, and mutuality
- Avoidance is a stronger negative predictor of ratings of influence for all three constructs at low anxiety

DISCUSSION

- Informs how attachment anxiety and avoidance influence how important relationship constructs are thought to be to romantic relationships
- Application for counseling individuals to understand opposing perspectives or expectations within relationships
- Better understanding of preconceived notions of importance
- Limitations
- Self-report
- Subjective constructs
- Limits of definitions

Higher attachment avoidance is associated with rating relationship constructs (e.g. commitment, validation, mutuality) as less important for a healthy relationship

Table 1. Regression coefficients; Relationship between attachment and construct influence ratings

	Anxiety	Avoidance	Anxiety*Avoidance
Interdependence/ Investment			
Commitment	-1.40*	-2.64*	0.73
Ignoring Alternatives	0.59	-4.79***	1.14
Interdependence	0.24	-3.20***	0.12
Investments	0.49	-4.00***	0.66
Satisfaction	0.12	-3.42***	0.95*
Responsiveness			
Understanding	0.14	-4.09***	-0.12
Validation	0.12	-3.56***	0.26
Caring	0.06	-2.96***	0.80*
Security	-0.37	-3.14	0.41
Trust	-0.55	-1.39*	-0.14
Self-Expansion			
Core Similarities	0.68	-3.13***	1.19**
Emotional Attraction	0.23	-2.73***	0.47
Physical Attraction	0.22	-3.20***	0.59
Knowledge	0.20	-2.55***	-0.12
Mutuality	0.65	-4.93***	2.12***
Suffocation			
Help Attain Self-Actualization	-0.16	-4.34***	0.52
Meets Physical Needs	0.12	-2.67*	0.64
Self-regulation	-0.38	-4.01***	0.09
Separate Identities	-0.44	-2.14*	0.72
			*p < .05 **p < .01 ***p < .001

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Figure 1-3. Interaction effects for influence ratings of Satisfaction, Mutuality, and **Core Similarity**











