





Name MRS. REKHA DEVI Bill Number

Age/Gender 34YEARS/FEMALE Bill Date : 02-Sep-2024 09:45 AM Sample Type : WB EDTA Sample Collection : 02-Sep-2024 10:18 AM Reff By : DR.SELF : 02-Sep-2024 10:21 AM Sample Received TypedBy : 02-Sep-2024 11:29 AM : Bharat Saini Reporting Date

COMPLETE BLOOD PICTURE (CBP)

INVESTIGATION	RESULT	<u>UNITS</u>	NORMAL RANGE	
HAEMOGRAM				
HAEMOGLOBIN (Method: Cell Counter)	11.6	g%	MALE: 13 -18 g% FEMALE: 11-13 g%	
RBC Count (Method: Cell Counter)	4.3	Millions/Cumm	3.8 - 4.8	
WBC Count (Method: Cell Counter)	14,800	Cells/Cumm	4,000 - 11,000	
RDW-CV (Method: Cell Counter)	13.8	%	11.0 - 16.0	
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS (Method: Cell Counter)	78	%	Adults 40 - 75% Childrens 40 - 60 %	
LYMPHOCYTES (Method: Cell Counter)	13	%	Adults 20 - 40 % Children 30 - 40 %	
EOSINOPHILS (Method: Cell Counter)	01	%	Adult 01 - 06% Children 1 - 6%	
MONOCYTES (Method: Cell Counter)	08	%	Adult 02 - 10% Children 6 - 10%	
BASOPHILS (Method: Cell Counter)	00	%	Adults 0 - 0 % Children 0 - 0 %	
PCV (Haematocrit) (Method: Cell Counter)	34	%	35.00 - 45.00 %	
MCV (Method: Cell Counter)	80	FL	83 - 101 fl	
MCH (Method: Cell Counter)	28	PG	27 - 32	
MCHC (Method: Cell Counter)	34	%	32 - 35 %	
PLATELET COUNT (Method: Cell Counter)	3.92	Lakhs/cumm	1.5 - 4.5	
PERIPHERAL SMEAR				
RBCs	NORMOCYTIC	NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC		
WBCs	LEUCOCYTOS	LEUCOCYTOSIS WITH NEUTROPHILIA		

PLATELETS ADEQUATE

Sugessted Clinical Correlation If necesarry Kindly Discuss.

9-190/1 A, Opp. Bajaj Electronics, Beside Govt. Hospital, New Market Road, Ambedkar Colony, PATANCHERU, Sangareddy Dist- 502 319. T.S. 📠: 08455 296155, 📵: 9603496176 : mstardiagnostics@gmail.com. : www.mstardiagnostics.com



: MRS. REKHA DEVI

: 34YEARS/FEMALE

: WB EDTA

: DR.SELF

: Bharat Saini

Name

Reff By

TypedBy

Age/Gender

Sample Type





Bill Number : M6229

Bill Date : 02-Sep-2024 09:45 AM

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LAB INCHARGE





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ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE(ESR)

INVESTIGATION RESULT UNITS NORMAL RANGE

FIRST HOUR 21 mm/hr 1 - 50 YRS < 10 mm/hr 51 - 60 YRS < 12 mm/hr 61 - 70 yrs < 14 mm/hr > 70 yrs < 30 mm/hr

Method: Westergren

Sugessted Clinical Correlation If necesarry Kindly Discuss.

-----End of the Report-----

Authorized Signatory

LAB INCHARGE





NEGATIVE

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RAPID MALARIA TEST (PV PF)

INVESTIGATION RESULT NORMAL RANGE

MALARIAL PARASITE PLASMODIUM NEGATIVE

VIVAX(P.V)

(Method: Immunochromotography)

MALARIAL PARASITE PLASMODIUM NEGATIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

FALCIPARUM(PF)

(Method: Immunochromotography) **Method:** Immunochromotography

Note:

This test detects P.falciparum and P.Vivax Malarial antigens targeted by highly specific monoclonal antibodies of pLDH and Aldolase respectively.

Sensitivity and Specificity of this test are 98.2% &99.6% for P.falciparum and 91.8% &99.6% for P.Vivax detection.

This kit can provide fast and easy way to get a result, but do not completely exclude the possibility of false positive or false negative result caused by various factors.

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SERUM BILIRUBIN(TSB)

INVESTIGATION RESULT UNITS NORMAL RANGE Adults: 0.4 - 1.2 Total Bilirubin 0.9 mg/dl (Method: Modified Jendrassik) Children: FULL TERM: Cord: Upto 2.0 0-1 day: 2.0 - 6.0 1-2 days: 6.0 - 10.0 3-5 days: 4.0 - 8.0 PREMATURE: Cord: Upto 2.0 0-1 day: 1.0 - 8.0 1-2 days: 6.0 - 12.0 3-5 days: 10.0 - 14.0 Direct Bilirubin 0.2 Up to 0.25 mg/dl (Method: Modified Jendrassik) Indirect Bilirubin 0.7 mg/dl up to 1

Elevation in serum unconjugated bilirubin levels occur in haemolytic jaundice due to excessive haemolysis.B). Hepatic jaundice is associated with increase in both conjugated and unconjugated bilirubin in serum. Ref for BRI: Carl.A.Burtis, David.E.Burn et.al Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 7th ed., page No. 955

Sugessted Clinical Correlation If necesarry Kindly Discuss.

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(Method: Calculated)







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WIDAL

INVESTIGATION

RESULT

SALMONELLA TYPHI' O ' 1 in 80 DILUTION

SALMONFILA TYPI 'H' 1 in 80 DILUTION

SALMONELLA PARA TYPHI' AH' 1 in 20 DILUTION

SALMONELLA PARA TYPHI' BH' 1 in 20 DILUTION

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE 1:80 and above titers considered as positive

Method: SEMI QUANTITAVE SLIDE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation and Remarks:

The Widal test is applied for the diagnosis of enteric fever that includes typhoid and paratyphoid caused by Salmonella? typhi and Salmonella paratyphi respectively.

For the slide agglutination test, stained Salmonella antigens are used to detect the presence of specific agglutinin in the patient's serum.

The slide agglutination test is used as a primary screening procedure.

Widal test measures somatic O and flagellar H antibodies against Typhoid and Paratyphoid bacilli. The Agglutinins appears usually at the end of the first week of infection and increases steadily till third / fourth week after which the decline starts. A positive Widal test may occur because of typhoid vaccination or past typhoid infection and in certain autoimmune diseases. Nonspecific febrile disease may cause titre to increase. The test may be falsely negative in cases of Enteric fever treated with antibiotics in the early stages

Sugessted Clinical Correlation If necesarry Kindly Discuss.

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C - REACTIVE PROTEINS (CRP)

INVESTIGATION RESULT UNITS NORMAL RANGE

C – REACTIVE PROTEINS 10.11 mg/L 0.0 - 6.0 (Method: Immunoturbidimetry)

INERPRETAION POSITIVE

Note:

- 1. The CRP test is a sensitive indicator of inflammatory processes.
- 2. The determination of the CRP level can be used in therapy control
- 3. As with all the diagnostic methods, the final diagnosis should not be based on the result of a single test, but on a correlation of test results with other clinical findings.
- 4. The strength of agglutination is not indicative of the CRP concentration in the samples tested.

Please Corelate With Clinical Findings If Necessary Discuss

-----End of the Report-----

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CUE(COMPLETE URINE EXAMINATION)

INVESTIGATION RESULT NORMAL RANGE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

20 ml **QUANTITY**

COLOUR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

REACTION (PH) 5.5 4.6 - 8.0

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.010 1.005 - 1.030

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

ALBUMIN NEGATIVE NIL

SUGAR NIL NIL

UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

BILE SALT NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

BILE PIGMENT NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

KETONE BODIES NFGATIVE NEGATIVE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PUS CELLS 2 - 3 / HPF 0 - 5 / HPF

RBC NIL NIL

2 - 3 / HPF 0 - 5 / HPF **EPETHILIAL CELLS**

CRYSTALS NIL NIL

CASTS NIL NIL

NIL NIL **OTHERS**

Method: Multi Reagent Strip / Chemical / Microscopy

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Dengue NS1 antigen IgG IgM

INVESTIGATION RESULT NORMAL RANGE

DENGUE NS1 NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

(Method: Rapid)

DENGUE - IGG NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

(Method: Rapid)

DENGUE - IGM NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

(Method: Rapid)

TECHNOLOGY RAPID VISUAL TEST FOR THE DETECTIONOF DENGUE

Interpretation:

The NS1 antigen is typically detectable within 1 to 2 days following infection and up to 9 days following symptom onset.NS1 antigen may also be detectable during secondary dengue virus infection, but for a shorter duration of time (1-4 days following symptom onset).

False-positive Dengue NS results may occur in individuals with active infection due to other flaviviruses, including West Nile virus and yellow fever virus.

Negative NS1 antigen results may occur if the specimen was collected greater than 7 days following symptom onset

Sugessted Clinical Correlation If necesarry Kindly Discuss.

-----End of the Report-----

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