```
1.TRIE
program:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node {
                // Number of keys in this node
  int n;
  int keys[3];
                  // An array to store keys
  struct Node *children[4]; // An array of child pointers
                 // Is true when node is a leaf. Otherwise false
  int isLeaf;
} Node;
Node *createNode(int key, Node *child) {
  Node *newNode = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->keys[0] = key;
  newNode->n = 1;
  newNode->children[0] = NULL;
  newNode->children[1] = child;
  newNode->isLeaf = 1;
  return newNode;
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key);
void splitChild(Node *node, int i);
void insert(Node **root, int key) {
  if (*root == NULL) {
    *root = createNode(key, NULL);
  } else {
    Node *r = *root;
    if (r->n == 3) {
```

```
Node *s = createNode(0, r);
       s->isLeaf = 0;
       splitChild(s, 0);
       insertNonFull(s, key);
       *root = s;
    } else {
       insertNonFull(r, key);
    }
  }
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = node -> n - 1;
  if (node->isLeaf) {
    while (i \geq 0 && key < node-\geqkeys[i]) {
       node->keys[i + 1] = node->keys[i];
       i--;
    }
    node->keys[i + 1] = key;
    node->n++;
  } else {
    while (i \geq 0 && key < node-\geqkeys[i]) {
       i--;
    }
    i++;
    if (node->children[i]->n == 3) {
       splitChild(node, i);
       if (key > node->keys[i]) {
         i++;
       }
    }
```

```
insertNonFull(node->children[i], key);
  }
}
void splitChild(Node *node, int i) {
  Node *y = node->children[i];
  Node *z = createNode(y->keys[2], NULL);
  node->children[i+1]=z;
  node->keys[i] = y->keys[1];
  node->n++;
  y->n = 1;
  z->isLeaf = y->isLeaf;
  if (!y->isLeaf) {
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
      z->children[j] = y->children[j + 2];
    }
  }
}
int search(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = 0;
  while (i < node->n && ke
output:
the --- Present in trie
these --- Not present in trie
their --- Present in trie
thaw --- Not present in trie
Aborted
2. 2-3 TREE
```

## Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Node {
  int n;
               // Number of keys in this node
  int keys[3];
                 // An array to store keys
  struct Node *children[4]; // An array of child pointers
  int isLeaf;
                 // Is true when node is a leaf. Otherwise false
} Node;
Node *createNode(int key, Node *child) {
  Node *newNode = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->keys[0] = key;
  newNode->n = 1;
  newNode->children[0] = NULL;
  newNode->children[1] = child;
  newNode->isLeaf = 1;
  return newNode;
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key);
void splitChild(Node *node, int i);
void insert(Node **root, int key) {
  if (*root == NULL) {
    *root = createNode(key, NULL);
  } else {
    Node *r = *root;
    if (r->n == 3) {
      Node *s = createNode(0, r);
      s->isLeaf = 0;
```

```
splitChild(s, 0);
       insertNonFull(s, key);
       *root = s;
    } else {
       insertNonFull(r, key);
    }
  }
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = node -> n - 1;
  if (node->isLeaf) {
    while (i \geq 0 && key < node-\geqkeys[i]) {
       node->keys[i + 1] = node->keys[i];
       i--;
    }
    node->keys[i + 1] = key;
    node->n++;
  } else {
    while (i \geq 0 && key < node-\geqkeys[i]) {
       i--;
    }
    i++;
    if (node->children[i]->n == 3) {
       splitChild(node, i);
       if (key > node->keys[i]) {
         i++;
       }
    }
    insertNonFull(node->children[i], key);
  }
```

```
void splitChild(Node *node, int i) {
  Node *y = node->children[i];
  Node *z = createNode(y->keys[2], NULL);
  node->children[i + 1] = z;
  node->keys[i] = y->keys[1];
  node->n++;
  y->n = 1;
  z->isLeaf = y->isLeaf;
  if (!y->isLeaf) {
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
       z->children[j] = y->children[j + 2];
    }
  }
}
int search(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = 0;
  while (i < node->n && key > node->keys[i]) {
    i++;
  }
  if (i < node->n && key == node->keys[i]) {
    return 1;
  }
  if (node->isLeaf) {
    return 0;
  }
  return search(node->children[i], key);
}
```

}

```
void printTree(Node *node, int level) {
  if (node != NULL) {
     for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
       printf(" ");
    }
     for (int i = 0; i < node->n; i++) {
       printf("%d ", node->keys[i]);
    }
     printf("\n");
     if (!node->isLeaf) {
       for (int i = 0; i \le node > n; i++) {
         printTree(node->children[i], level + 1);
       }
     }
  }
}
int main() {
  Node *root = NULL;
  int keys[] = {10, 20, 5, 6, 12, 30, 7, 17};
  int n = sizeof(keys) / sizeof(keys[0]);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     insert(&root, keys[i]);
  }
  printf("2-3 Tree structure:\n");
  printTree(root, 0);
  int searchKeys[] = {6, 15};
  for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(searchKeys) / sizeof(searchKeys[0]); i++) {</pre>
```

```
printf("Key %d %s found in the tree.\n", searchKeys[i], search(root, searchKeys[i])? "is": "is
not");
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
2-3 Tree structure:
10
56
 12 17 20
  7
  30
Key 6 is found in the tree.
Key 15 is not found in the tree.
3. 2-3-4 TREE
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_KEYS 3
#define MIN_KEYS 1
typedef struct Node {
               // Number of keys in this node
  int n;
  int keys[MAX_KEYS]; // Array to store keys
  struct Node *children[MAX_KEYS + 1]; // Array of child pointers
                 // Is true when node is a leaf. Otherwise false
  int isLeaf;
} Node;
Node *createNode(int key, Node *child) {
  Node *newNode = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
```

```
newNode->keys[0] = key;
  newNode->n = 1;
  newNode->children[0] = NULL;
  newNode->children[1] = child;
  newNode->isLeaf = 1;
  return newNode;
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key);
void splitChild(Node *node, int i);
void insert(Node **root, int key) {
  if (*root == NULL) {
    *root = createNode(key, NULL);
  } else {
    Node *r = *root;
    if (r->n == MAX_KEYS) {
      Node *s = createNode(0, r);
      s->isLeaf = 0;
      splitChild(s, 0);
      insertNonFull(s, key);
      *root = s;
    } else {
      insertNonFull(r, key);
    }
  }
}
void insertNonFull(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = node -> n - 1;
  if (node->isLeaf) {
```

```
while (i \geq 0 && key < node-\geqkeys[i]) {
       node->keys[i + 1] = node->keys[i];
       i--;
    }
    node->keys[i + 1] = key;
    node->n++;
  } else {
    while (i \ge 0 \&\& key < node > keys[i]) {
       i--;
    }
    i++;
    if (node->children[i]->n == MAX_KEYS) {
       splitChild(node, i);
       if (key > node->keys[i]) {
         i++;
       }
    }
    insertNonFull(node->children[i], key);
  }
}
void splitChild(Node *node, int i) {
  Node *y = node->children[i];
  Node *z = createNode(y->keys[2], NULL);
  z->isLeaf = y->isLeaf;
  z->n = 1;
  node->children[i + 1] = z;
  for (int j = node->n; j >= i + 1; j--) {
    node->children[j + 1] = node->children[j];
  }
  for (int j = node->n - 1; j >= i; j--) {
```

```
node->keys[j + 1] = node->keys[j];
  }
  node->keys[i] = y->keys[1];
  node->n++;
  y->n = 1;
  if (!y->isLeaf) {
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
       z->children[j] = y->children[j + 2];
    }
  }
}
int search(Node *node, int key) {
  int i = 0;
  while (i < node->n && key > node->keys[i]) {
    i++;
  }
  if (i < node->n && key == node->keys[i]) {
    return 1;
  }
  if (node->isLeaf) {
    return 0;
  }
  return search(node->children[i], key);
}
void printTree(Node *node, int level) {
  if (node != NULL) {
    for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
       printf(" ");
    }
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < node->n; i++) {
       printf("%d ", node->keys[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    if (!node->isLeaf) {
       for (int i = 0; i \le node > n; i++) {
         printTree(node->children[i], level + 1);
       }
    }
  }
}
int main() {
  Node *root = NULL;
  int keys[] = {10, 20, 5, 6, 12, 30, 7, 17};
  int n = sizeof(keys) / sizeof(keys[0]);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    insert(&root, keys[i]);
  }
  printf("2-3-4 Tree structure:\n");
  printTree(root, 0);
  int searchKeys[] = {6, 15};
  for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(searchKeys) / sizeof(searchKeys[0]); i++) {</pre>
    printf("Key %d %s found in the tree.\n", searchKeys[i], search(root, searchKeys[i])? "is": "is
not");
  }
  return 0;
```

}

## Output:

Segmentation fault