1.BINARY HEAP PROGRAM IN C PROGRAMMING

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 10
int heap[MAX_SIZE];
int size = 0;
void insert(int data) {
  heap[size] = data;
  int i = size;
  size++;
  while (i > 0) {
    int parent = (i - 1) / 2;
    if (heap[parent] <= heap[i]) break;</pre>
    int temp = heap[parent];
    heap[parent] = heap[i];
    heap[i] = temp;
    i = parent;
  }
}
void display() {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    printf("%d ", heap[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
```

```
}
int main() {
  insert(10);
  insert(20);
  insert(15);
  insert(30);
  insert(25);
  printf("Heap: ");
  display();
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Heap: 10 20 15 30 25
2.HEAP SORT PROGRAM IN C PROGRAMMING.
PROGRAM:
#include <stdio.h>
void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
  int largest = i;
  int left = 2 * i + 1;
  int right = 2 * i + 2;
  if (left < n && arr[left] > arr[largest]) largest = left;
  if (right < n && arr[right] > arr[largest]) largest = right;
  if (largest != i) {
     int temp = arr[i];
     arr[i] = arr[largest];
```

```
arr[largest] = temp;
     heapify(arr, n, largest);
  }
}
void heapSort(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) heapify(arr, n, i);
  for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
     int temp = arr[0];
     arr[0] = arr[i];
     arr[i] = temp;
     heapify(arr, i, 0);
  }
}
void printArray(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int n;
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int arr[n];
  printf("Enter %d elements: ", n);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
printf("Original array: ");
printArray(arr, n);

heapSort(arr, n);

printf("Sorted array: ");
printArray(arr, n);

return 0;
}

OUTPUT:
```

Enter the number of elements: 5

Enter 5 elements: 5 3 8 2 1

Original array: 5 3 8 2 1

Sorted array: 1 2 3 5 8