CSc 21200 Homework 1

Name your implementation file as LastName(3 to 5 letters)\_FirstNameInitial\_HW1.cpp Note: You can only use iostream, cassert, cctype, cmath, cstdio, and cstdlib.

- 1. Write a function that display all numbers between 0 and 30 (inclusive) and
  - Print **Fizz** for multiples of **3**
  - Print **Buzz** for multiples of **5**
  - Print **FizzBuzz** for multiples of **3** and **5**
- 2. Write a function that lets the user enter a series of **ANY integer numbers**. If the user enters 99, the program will display the **largest** and **smallest** numbers (**not including 99**) that was entered, and the program will end. **Note**: **DO NOT** store all the numbers. Use the included function to print
- 3. Write a function that lets the user enter alphabet letters into a static char array until either the user enters a non-alphabet letter, or it has reached the MAXSIZE. You can use the isalpha([char]) function in the cctype library to check if the input is an alphabet letter or not.
- 4. Assuming the user will only enter all lower-case letter, write a function that **returns** the letter of the highest number of occurrences in the user input array using Q1. If two or more characters have the same number of occurrences, **return** the one closest to a.
- 5. Write a function that ask the user the number of shift they want and shift the array according. **Note**: You **CANNOT** use any additional arrays. You should write a swap function.

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For example, if the input characters are a b c a d e b c a and the number of spaces to shift is 3, the output will be: b c a a b c a d e
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If the number of spaces is negative, the shift will be to the left.

6. Write a function that combine a **sorted char static array** ar1 with size n1 and a **sorted char static array** ar2 with size n2 and **return one sorted char array** of the combine of those two arrays.

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For example:
	ar1[n1] = {'a', 'c', 'e', 'f'}; ar2[n2] = {'b', 'd', 'g'};
	newAr[n1+n2] = {'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'};
```