```
nameserver 127.0.0.53
options edns0 trust-ad
search localdomain
```

-First thing I wanted to know which DNS server I use to see the resolving Domain names into IP address

```
sabry@sabry-vm:-/task1$ dig internal.example.com
; <<>> DiG 9.18.30-Oubuntu0.24.04.2-Ubuntu <<>> internal.example.com
;; global options: +cmd
:: Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NXDOMAIN, id: 15867
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, AUTHORITY: 1, ADDITIONAL: 1
:: OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;internal.example.com.
                                IN
;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
                                                ns.icann.org. noc.dns.icann.org.
example.com.
                                IN
                                        SOA
2025011626 7200 3600 1209600 3600
;; Query time: 11 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Apr 28 21:46:44 EEST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 105
```

I tried to ask my DNS about this website and the answer was:

 in status: (NXDOMAIN)-→internal.example.com does not exist MAYBE IT'S INSIDE A COMPANY (PRIVATE DOMAIN)

```
sabry@sabry-vm:~/task1$ dig @8.8.8.8 internal.example.com
  ; <<>> DiG 9.18.30-0ubuntu0.24.04.2-Ubuntu <<>> @8.8.8.8 internal.example.com
  ; (1 server found)
  ;; global options: +cmd
oad;; Got answer:
  ;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NXDOMAIN, id: 21200
  ;; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, AUTHORITY: 1, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
 ; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
  ;; QUESTION SECTION:
 ;internal.example.com.
                                  IN
                                         Α
 ;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
                                                 ns.icann.org. noc.dns.icann.org.
  example.com.
                          248
                                  IN
                                          SOA
   2025011626 7200 3600 1209600 3600
⊙;; Query time: 50 msec
  ;; SERVER: 8.8.8.8#53(8.8.8.8) (UDP)
  ;; WHEN: Mon Apr 28 21:50:19 EEST 2025
  ;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 105
```

I tried to ask GOOGLE DNS about this website and the answer was the same Answer

```
sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop$ ping internal.example.com
ping: internal.example.com: Name or service not known
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop$ nc -zv internal.example.com 80
nc -zv internal.example.com 443
nc: getaddrinfo for host "internal.example.com" port 80: Name or service not known
nc: getaddrinfo for host "internal.example.com" port 443: Name or service not known
sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop$
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$ curl -I http://internal.example.com
curl: (6) Could not resolve host: internal.example.com
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$ curl -I https://internal.example.com
curl: (6) Could not resolve host: internal.example.com
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:-/task1$ telnet internal.example.com 80
Server lookup failure: internal.example.com:80, Name or service not known
sabry@sabry-vm:-/task1$ telnet internal.example.com 443
Server lookup failure: internal.example.com:443, Name or service not known
sabry@sabry-vm:-/task1$
```

I tried to test port 80 and port 443 but the service is not even started to be reachable or listening only on local host

## My Possible Casses

Layer	Problem
DNS	Wrong record, DNS server down, wrong resolver
Routing	Wrong routes, subnet misconfig, no gateway
Firewall	iptables/firewalld blocking
Service	Web server (Apache, Nginx) down or misconfigured
Host file	/etc/hosts override

sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop\$ echo "10.1.2.3 internal.example.com" | sudo tee -a /etc/hosts
10.1.2.3 internal.example.com

```
sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop$ dig internal.example.com
; <<>> DiG 9.18.30-OubuntuO.24.04.2-Ubuntu <<>> internal.example.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 13921
;; flags: gr aa rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;internal.example.com.
                       IN
                                      Α
;; ANSWER SECTION:
internal.example.com. 0 IN
                                      Α
                                              10.1.2.3
;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Mon Apr 28 23:04:45 EEST 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 65
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:~/Desktop$ sudo systemctl status apache2
  apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
     Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
     Active: failed (Result: exit-code) since Mon 2025-04-28 23:07:53 EEST; 46s ago
       Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
    Process: 13960 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/apachectl start (code=exited, status=1/FAILURE)
        CPU: 54ms
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm systemd[1]: Starting apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server...
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm apachectl[13962]: AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qual
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm apachectl[13962]: (98)Address already in use: AH00072: make sock: could not bind to addre
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm apachectl[13962]: (98)Address already in use: AH00072: make_sock: could not bind to addre
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm apachectl[13962]: no listening sockets available, shutting down
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm apachectl[13962]: AH00015: Unable to open logs
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm systemd[1]: apache2.service: Control process exited, code=exited, status=1/FAILURE
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm systemd[1]: apache2.service: Failed with result 'exit-code'.
Apr 28 23:07:53 sabry-vm systemd[1]: Failed to star
lines 1-16/16 (END)
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$ sudo systemctl start apache2
sudo systemctl enable apache2
Job for apache2.service failed because the control process exited with error code.
See "systemctl status apache2.service" and "journalctl -xeu apache2.service" for details.
Synchronizing state of apache2.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable apache2
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$
```

```
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$ ss -tulnp | grep ':80\|:443'
tcp LISTEN 0    4096    0.0.0.0:80    0.0.0.0:*
tcp LISTEN 0    4096    0.0.0.0:443    0.0.0.0:*
sabry@sabry-vm:-/Desktop$ sudo ufw allow 80/tcp
sudo ufw allow 443/tcp
Rules updated
Rules updated (v6)
Rules updated (v6)
```