





Q1) Create the necessary roles and role bindings required for the dev-user to create, list and delete pods in the default namespace.

· Role: developer

• Role Resources: pods

Role Actions: listRole Actions: create

RoleBinding: dev-user-bindingRoleBinding: Bound to dev-user

Ans:

Create Role:

vim role.yaml

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
namespace: default
name: developer
rules:
- apiGroups: [""]
resources: ["pods"]
verbs: ["create", "list"]

kubectl create -f role.yaml

Create Rolebinding for the role

```
vim rolebinding.yaml

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
name: dev-user-binding
namespace: default
subjects:
- kind: User
name: dev-user
apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
roleRef:
kind: Role
name: developer
apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
kubectl create -f rolebinding.yaml
```

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to check if you can access the pods or not

kubectl get pods --as dev-user

Q2) Create a blue namespace Grant the **dev-user** permissions to **create deployments** in the role namespace.

Ans:

kubectl namespace role

Create Role:

vim role-1.yaml

kind: Role

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

metadata:

namespace: role name: deploy-role-1

rules:

- apiGroups: ["apps", "extensions"]

resources: ["deployments"]

verbs: ["create"]

kubectl create -f role-1.yaml

Create Rolebinding for the role

vim rolebinding-1.yaml

kind: RoleBinding

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

metadata:

name: dev-user-deploy-binding-1

namespace: role

subjects:

- kind: User

name: dev-user

apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

roleRef: kind: Role

name: deploy-role-1

apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

kubectl create -f rolebinding-1.yaml







Create Deployment now in role namespace as dev-user

Q3) Create a pod called **secbusybox** with the image busybox which executes command sleep 3600 and makes sure any Containers in the Pod, all processes run with user ID 1000 and with group id 2000 and verify..

Ans:

```
vim secbusy.yaml

apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: secbusybox
spec:
securityContext:
runAsUser: 1000
runAsGroup: 2000
containers:
command: ["sleep","3600"]
image: busybox
name: secbusybox
kubectl create -f secbusy.yaml
```

OR

// create yml file with dry-run this will create YAML file without running it
kubectl run secbusybox --image=busybox --dry-run -o yaml -- /bin/sh -c "sleep 3600;" >
busybox.yml
//edit YAML file like above and create
kubectl create -f busybox.yml

// verify

kubectl exec -it secbusybox -- sh
id // it will show the id and group

Q4) Create pod with an nginx image and configure the pod with capabilities NET_ADMIN and SYS TIME verify the capabilities.

Ans:

vim nginx.yaml







```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx
spec:
containers:
- image: nginx
securityContext:
capabilities:
add: ["SYS_TIME", "NET_ADMIN"]
name: nginx
kubectl create -f nginx.yaml
```

OR

// create yml file with dry-run this will create YAML file without running it
kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --dry-run -o yaml > nginx.yml
//edit YAML file like above and create
kubectl create -f nginx.yml

// verify

kubectl exec -it nginx -- sh

cd /proc/1

cat status

// you should see these values

CapPrm: 00000000aa0435fb

CapEff: 00000000aa0435fb

Q5) Create a Pod nginx and specify a memory request and a memory limit of 100Mi and 200Mi respectively.

Ans:

vim pod-limit.yaml

apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx
spec:
containers:







```
- image: nginx
name: nginx
resources:
requests:
memory: "100Mi"
limits:
memory: "200Mi"
kubectl create -f pod-limit.yaml
```

OR

```
// create a yml file
kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --dry-run -o yaml > pod-limit.yml
// add the resources section and create
kubectl create -f pod-limit.yml
```

verify

kubectl top pod

Q6) Create a Pod nginx and specify a CPU request and a CPU limit of 0.5 and 1 respectively.

Ans:

```
vim pod-request.yaml

apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx
spec:
containers:
- image: nginx
name: nginx
resources:
requests:
cpu: "0.5"
limits:
cpu: "1"
kubectl create -f pod-request.yaml
```

OR







// create a vml file

kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --dry-run -o yaml > pod-request.yml

// add the resources section and create

kubectl create -f pod-request.yml

verify

kubectl top pod

Q7) Create a NetworkPolicy which denies all ingress traffic

Ans:

vim policy.yaml

apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1

kind: NetworkPolicy

metadata:

name: default-deny

spec:

podSelector: {}
policyTypes:
- Ingress

kubectl create -f policy.yaml

Q8) List all the configmaps in the cluster

Ans:

kubectl get cm

or

kubectl get configmap

Q9) Create a configmap called myconfigmap with literal value appname=myapp

Ans:

kubectl create cm myconfigmap --from-literal=appname=myapp

Q10) Verify the configmap we just created has this data

Ans:







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Q11) delete the configmap myconfigmap we just created

Ans:

kubectl delete cm myconfigmap

Q12) Create a file called config.txt with two values key1=value1 and key2=value2 and verify the file

Ans:

cat >> config.txt << EOF

key1=value1

key2=value2

EOF

Q13) Create a configmap named keyvalcfgmap and read data from the file config.txt and verify that configmap is created correctly

Ans:

kubectl create cm keyvalcfgmap --from-file=config.txt

kubectl get cm keyvalcfgmap -o yaml

Q14) Create an nginx pod and load environment values from the above configmap keyvalcfgmap and exec into the pod and verify the environment variables and delete the pod

Ans:

vim config.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: nginx

spec:

containers:
- image: nginx
name: nginx







envFrom:

- configMapRef:

name: keyvalcfgmap

kubectl create -f config.yaml

// first run this command to save the pod yml

kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --dry-run -o yaml > config.yml

// edit the yml to below file and create

kubectl create -f config.yml

// verify

kubectl exec -it nginx -- env

kubectl delete pod nginx