



Cyclistic

Bike-Share Analysis Case Study

Understanding the Behavioral Differences Between
Annual Members & Casual Riders

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Objective

Analyze the differences in how annual members and casual riders use Cyclistic bikes.

The goal is to uncover insights that will guide the development of a targeted marketing strategy to convert casual riders into annual members, thus driving higher profitability for Cyclistic.

Stakeholders







- Marketing Team
- Executive Team



Data Collection & Prep

Data Sources Used

The data used for the analysis was obtained from the publicly available [Divvy](#) bike-share system, which provides historical trip data for Cyclistic bikes. The data spans the last [6 months](#) and is stored as monthly CSV files, accessible through [Divvy Trip Data](#).

Index of bucket "divvy-tripdata"			
Name	Date Modified	Size	Type
 202403-divvy-tripdata.zip	Apr 2nd 2024, 12:19:19 am	10.96 MB	ZIP file
 202404-divvy-tripdata.zip	May 7th 2024, 01:59:41 am	15.41 MB	ZIP file
 202405-divvy-tripdata.zip	Jun 26th 2024, 08:53:09 pm	22.82 MB	ZIP file
 202406-divvy-tripdata.zip	Jul 8th 2024, 10:47:18 pm	28.82 MB	ZIP file
 202407-divvy-tripdata.zip	Aug 8th 2024, 08:10:41 pm	29.23 MB	ZIP file
 202408-divvy-tripdata.zip	Sep 5th 2024, 05:50:36 am	30.06 MB	ZIP file

This data includes key variables such as:

- Ride ID: Unique identifier for each bike trip.
- Rideable Type: Type of bike used (e.g., classic, electric).
- Start/End Timestamps: Details of when and where each ride started and ended.
- Station Information: Names and IDs of the stations where trips began and ended.
- Geolocation Data: Latitude and longitude coordinates for start and end locations.
- User Type: Classification of riders as either 'casual' or 'member'.

ride_id	rideable_type	started_at	ended_at	start_station_name	start_station_id	end_station_name	end_station_id	start_lat	start_lng	end_lat	end_lng	member_casual
6F2A48192B2F2921	classic_bike	00:43.0	11:51.0	California Ave & Altgeld St	15646	Damen Ave & Pierce Ave	TA1305000041	41.92669	-87.697668	41.90939601	-87.67769193	member
B929FF5BF24D4F83	classic_bike	00:54.0	03:33.0	University Library (NU)	605	Sheridan Rd & Noyes St (NU)	604	42.052939	-87.673447	42.058239	-87.677432	member
05ADF1DA01BBB6BF	electric_bike	01:15.0	06:14.0	Eckhart Park	13289	Ogden Ave & Chicago Ave	TA1305000020	41.89644992	-87.66100669	41.89636246	-87.65406127	member
C555B5538B0C461B	classic_bike	01:31.0	05:44.0	Clark St & Newport St	632	Sheffield Ave & Wellington Ave	TA1307000052	41.94454	-87.654678	41.93625348	-87.6526621	casual
45F5D93322B356A7	classic_bike	01:46.0	27:00.0	900 W Harrison St	13028	Clinton St & Polk St	15542	41.874754	-87.649807	41.87146652	-87.64094913	member

The data is sourced from [Motivate International Inc.](#), ensuring it adheres to licensing agreements and privacy protocols by excluding any personally identifiable information. This dataset provides sufficient detail for an in-depth analysis of rider behaviour trends, helping answer the key business question about usage patterns between casual riders and annual members.



Data Processing

Data Import and Initial Review

- Imported 6 months of data (Mar-2024 to Aug-2024) into SQL tool
- Performed initial data structure and content review

Data Cleaning and Feature Engineering

- Dropped records - 211 duplicate rows, 159 rows where start time was after end time
- Created Table with additional date time columns to help with analysis

Performance Optimization

- Created non-clustered indexes on key columns

Final Checks

- Ensured no duplicates
- Verified data types and null values
- Reviewed extreme values and sorted data for visual inspection



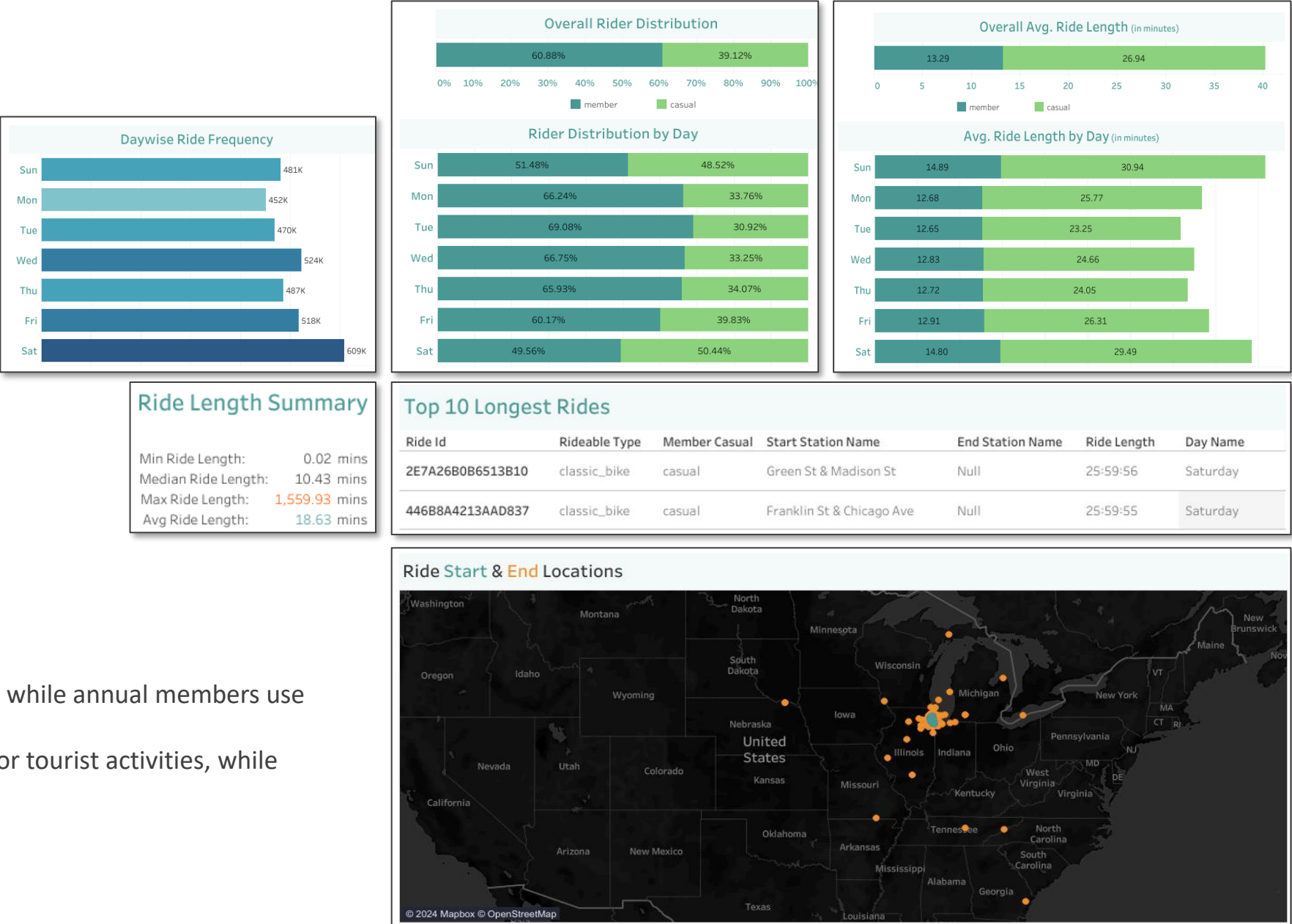
Analysis

Observations

- **Membership split:** Members (60.88%) have shorter trips, while casual riders (39.12%) take longer rides.
- **Weekly dominance:** Members dominate weekdays (66-69%), casual riders surge on weekends (~50%).
- **High-traffic locations:** Stations like "Streeter Dr & Grand Ave" are ideal for targeted marketing.
- **Ride variability:** Casual riders show more variability, including extreme outliers (up to 26-hour rides).

Hypothesis

- Casual riders prefer weekend leisure rides, while annual members use bikes for weekday commuting.
- Casual riders engage in more recreational or tourist activities, while members use bikes for practical purposes.





Recommendations

Action & Next Steps

Based on our analysis, here are three key recommendations:

1. Targeted Weekend Conversion Campaign: Launch a marketing campaign aimed at converting casual riders to members, focusing on weekends when casual ridership peaks. Highlight the cost-savings of membership for frequent weekend riders.
2. Introduce Tiered Membership Options: Develop membership tiers that cater to different usage patterns. For example, a "Weekend" membership for those who primarily ride on weekends, or a "Vacation" membership for users who prefer extended rides.
3. Location-Based Marketing: Implement targeted marketing strategies at high-traffic stations, particularly "Streeter Dr & Grand Ave". This could include on-site promotional events, digital advertising geotargeted to these areas, or special offers for first-time members who sign up at these locations.



APPENDIX

1. **Cyclistic (Divvy) Trip Data** - Original dataset available [here](#) .
 - Monthly trip data from March 2024 to August 2024 used in this analysis.
2. **Licensing Information –**
 - Project Code License - This project is licensed under the MIT License.
 - Cyclistic Data License Agreement - The dataset is provided by Divvy and is governed by the [Divvy Data License Agreement](#).
3. **Tools Used –**
 - SQL Server
 - Tableau
 - PowerPoint

For questions about this project, please contact via the repository's issue tracker.

Thank You

