

Disease Profile → Synthea Module Agentic Pipeline

This repository implements a **production-style agentic workflow** that:

1. Takes a **disease or condition name** (and optionally a folder of PDFs).
2. Uses **PubMed, PubMed Central (PMC), ClinicalTrials.gov**, and local PDFs to build a **disease profile**.
3. Converts that disease profile into a **Synthea Generic Module Framework (GMF) JSON module**.
4. Lets you run the whole thing from the **CLI** and then plug the module into **Synthea** to generate **synthetic patient data**.

1. High-Level Architecture

The agent graph looks like this:

Replace with your screenshot file path

`docs/images/agent-graph.png`

```
DiseaseToSyntheaPipeline
├── disease_profile_agent
│   ├── extract_text_from_pdfs_in_folder
│   ├── pubmed_search
│   ├── pubmed_get_fulltext_from_pmc
│   ├── clinicaltrials_search
│   └── clinicaltrials_get_full_content
└── SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent
    └── validate_json
```

1.1 Agents

disease_profile_agent

LLM agent with tools for:

PDF text extraction

PubMed search + full text from PMC

ClinicalTrials.gov search + full content

Output: a numbered disease profile stored in `session.state["disease_profile"]`.

SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent

LLM agent that:

Reads `disease_profile` from state.

Generates a safe, simplified Synthea GMF JSON module.

Validates JSON syntax using `validate_json`.

Output: the final JSON string stored in `session.state["json"]`.

DiseaseToSyntheaFlowAgent (root)

Custom BaseAgent that orchestrates:

Run `disease_profile_agent`, capture final text.

Save it to `session.state["disease_profile"]`.

Run `SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent` and stream out the final Synthea JSON.

2. Project Structure

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your-project/

```
├── agents/
│   ├── disease_profile.py      # Disease profile LLM agent + tools
│   ├── synthea_module.py      # Synthea module generator agent
│   └── pipeline_agent.py      # DiseaseToSyntheaFlowAgent (root)
├── config/
│   └── settings.py            # Loads .env / external API config
├── tools/
│   ├── clinicaltrials.py      # ClinicalTrials.gov v2 wrapper
│   ├── json_validator.py      # JSON syntax validator tool
│   ├── pdf_extractor.py       # Folder-based PDF text extractor
│   └── pubmed_api.py          # PubMed + PMC tools
├── .env                       # API keys (NOT committed)
├── main.py                    # CLI runner
└── requirements.txt           # Python dependencies
```

3. Environment Setup

3.1 Create and Activate Virtualenv

bash

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```
python -m venv .venv
```

Linux / macOS

```
source .venv/bin/activate
```

Windows PowerShell

```
.\.venv\Scripts\activate
```

3.2 Install Dependencies

bash

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```
pip install -r requirements.txt
requirements.txt:
```

text

Copy code

google-adk

requests

python-dotenv

pypdf

3.3 Configure Environment Variables (.env)

Create a .env file at the project root:

dotenv

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NCBI_API_KEY=YOUR_NCBI_API_KEY

GOOGLE_API_KEY=YOUR_GOOGLE_GENAI_API_KEY

NCBI_API_KEY – optional but recommended (better PubMed limits).

GOOGLE_API_KEY – required for Google GenAI (used by Google ADK).

⚠ Do not commit .env to version control. Treat it as a secret file.

config/settings.py will automatically load .env and expose NCBI_API_KEY.

4. Agents in Detail

4.1 disease_profile_agent (agents/disease_profile.py)

Type: google.adk.agents.llm_agent.Agent

Tools Wired In

extract_text_from_pdfs_in_folder(folder_path: str)

pubmed_search(term: str, max_results: int)

pubmed_get_fulltext_from_pmc(pmid: str)

clinicaltrials_search(condition: str, max_results: int)

clinicaltrials_get_full_content(nct_id: str)

Each of these is wrapped as a FunctionTool and passed into the agent:

python

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```
disease_profile_agent = Agent(
    name="disease_profile_agent",
    model="gemini-2.5-flash",
    description="Agent that can use PDFs, PubMed and ClinicalTrials.gov to gather
biomedical evidence.",
    instruction=SMART_RESEARCH_INSTRUCTION,
    tools=[
        pdf_extractor_tool,
        pubmed_search_tool,
        pubmed_fulltext_tool,
        ct_search_tool,
        ct_full_content_tool,
    ],
    output_key="disease_profile",
)
```

Behavior (SMART_RESEARCH_INSTRUCTION)

The instruction enforces:

Tool-first behavior:

The agent must call at least one tool and can't rely on its own training data.

Strict no-hallucination:
It never invents numbers (prevalence, incidence, odds ratios, etc.).
If something isn't in the sources, it explicitly states that it's not available.

Output format:

Only a numbered list of disease facts (1., 2., 3., ...).

Designed to feed directly into the Synthea module generator.

The profile typically covers:

Prevalence & incidence

Demographics / population

Risk factors

Etiology & pathophysiology

Symptoms & clinical presentation

Diagnosis

Natural history

Treatment strategies

Adverse events & safety

Long-term outcomes

The final text is:

streamed as the agent's final response, and

stored in `session.state["disease_profile"]`.

4.2 SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent (agents/synthea_module.py)

Type: `google.adk.agents.LlmAgent`

JSON Validator Tool

python

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```
from tools.json_validator import validate_json
json_validator_tool = FunctionTool(func=validate_json)
validate_json(json_string: str):
```

Returns `{"is_valid": True/False, "reason": "..."}`

Uses `json.loads` under the hood.

Instruction Provider

python

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```
async def synthea_instruction_provider(ctx: ReadonlyContext) -> str:
    disease_profile = ctx.session.state.get("disease_profile", "")
    return (
        SYNTHAEA_GENERATOR_PROMPT
        + "\n\n=====\\n"
        + "DISEASE PROFILE (FROM PREVIOUS AGENT)\\n"
        + "=====\\n"
        + f"{disease_profile}\\n"
        + "\\nRemember: treat the above as the DISEASE PROFILE numbered facts "
        + "and follow the process to output a single valid GMF JSON module."
    )
```

This function:

Takes the disease profile produced by disease_profile_agent.

Appends it under a clear header to SYNTHAEA_GENERATOR_PROMPT.

The prompt describes an extremely constrained, SAFE MODE Synthea GMF generator.

SAFE MODE Highlights

Allowed state types only:

Initial, Terminal, Guard, Encounter, EncounterEnd,
ConditionOnset, MedicationOrder, Procedure, Observation, Death.

No numeric quantity fields:

No "exact", "range", "unit", "distribution", etc.

Observations must use only value_code (qualitative).

Transitions:

Only direct_transition allowed.

No distributed_transition, conditional_transition, etc.

Terminology rules:

The module may only use real codes (SNOMED, RxNorm, LOINC, etc.) if they are explicitly present in the disease profile.

Otherwise, it must use obvious placeholders, for example:

SNOMED-CT: code: "999999", display: "Placeholder SNOMED Concept".

RxNorm: code: "999999", display: "Placeholder Medication".

LOINC: code: "99999-9", display: "Placeholder Observation".

Validation loop:

The agent must call validate_json internally until JSON is valid.

Only then may it return the JSON string.

Agent Definition

python

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```
synthea_module_generator_agent = LlmAgent(
    model='gemini-2.5-flash',
    name='SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent',
    description=(
        "Generates a valid, minified Synthea JSON module for a specific disease, "
        "based solely on a provided disease profile from the previous agent. "
        "It must not hallucinate medical info and must validate the JSON with "
        "json_validator_tool. "
        "Return ONLY raw JSON object. "
        "Do NOT wrap the JSON inside quotes. "
        "Do NOT escape quotes."
    ),
    instruction=synthea_instruction_provider,
    tools=[json_validator_tool],
    output_key="json",
)
```

4.3 DiseaseToSyntheaFlowAgent (agents/pipeline_agent.py)

Type: google.adk.agents.BaseAgent subclass

Purpose

A custom orchestrator that:

Runs disease_profile_agent to generate the disease profile.

Stores its final output text into ctx.session.state["disease_profile"].

Runs SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent to create the Synthea GMF JSON.

Initialization

python

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```
class DiseaseToSyntheaFlowAgent(BaseAgent):
    disease_profile_agent: LlmAgent
    synthea_module_agent: LlmAgent

    model_config = {"arbitrary_types_allowed": True}

    def __init__(self, name, disease_profile_agent, synthea_module_agent):
        sub_agents = [disease_profile_agent, synthea_module_agent]
        super().__init__(
            name=name,
            disease_profile_agent=disease_profile_agent,
            synthea_module_agent=synthea_module_agent,
            sub_agents=sub_agents,
        )
```

Core Logic

python

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```

@override
async def _run_async_impl(
    self, ctx: InvocationContext
) -> AsyncGenerator[Event, None]:
    # 1) Run disease_profile_agent
    disease_profile_text = None
    async for event in self.disease_profile_agent.run_async(ctx):
        yield event # stream up
        if event.is_final_response() and event.content and event.content.parts:
            parts_text = [getattr(p, "text", "") or "" for p in
                event.content.parts]
            disease_profile_text = "\n".join(parts_text).strip()

    # fallback to state if needed
    if not disease_profile_text:
        disease_profile_text = (
            ctx.session.state.get("disease_profile")
            or ctx.session.state.get("disease_profile_text")
        )
    if not disease_profile_text:
        # abort if profile failed
        return

    ctx.session.state["disease_profile"] = disease_profile_text

    # 2) Run SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent
    async for event in self.synthea_module_agent.run_async(ctx):
        yield event

```

Root Agent

python

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```

root_agent = DiseaseToSyntheaFlowAgent(
    name="DiseaseToSyntheaPipeline",
    disease_profile_agent=disease_profile_agent,
    synthea_module_agent=synthea_module_generator_agent,
)

```

This root_agent is the one used by the CLI runner.

5. Tools

5.1 tools/pubmed_api.py

```
pubmed_search(term, max_results)
```

Uses NCBI ESearch + ESummary.

Returns a list of article metadata (PMID, title, journal, date, URL).

```
pubmed_get_fulltext_from_pmc(pmid)
```

Maps PMID → PMCID via ELink.

Fetches PMC XML (if available).

Extracts article body text.

Returns metadata + full text + URLs.

5.2 tools/clinicaltrials.py

`clinicaltrials_search(condition, max_results)`

Calls ClinicalTrials.gov v2 /studies endpoint.

Returns simplified (NCT ID, titles, conditions, status, phase, dates, URL).

`clinicaltrials_get_full_content(nct_id)`

Fetches one study by NCT ID.

Returns detailed protocol info: eligibility, arms, interventions, outcomes, locations, plus raw JSON.

5.3 tools/pdf_extractor.py

`extract_text_from_pdfs_in_folder(folder_path)`

Iterates over .pdf in the given directory.

Uses pypdf.PdfReader to extract text.

Returns a dict {filename: text} or an error.

5.4 tools/json_validator.py

`validate_json(json_string)`

Basic json.loads wrapper returning {is_valid, reason}.

6. Running the Pipeline via CLI

The CLI entrypoint is main.py.

6.1 Command

From the project root (with virtualenv activated):

```
bash
```

Copy code

```
python main.py
```

You should see:

```
text
```

Copy code

Disease Profile + Synthea pipeline (CLI mode). Type 'exit' to quit.

```
you>
```

6.2 Example Usage

At the you> prompt, you can type instructions like:

```
text
```

Copy code

```
you> Use PubMed and ClinicalTrials.gov to build a disease profile for "Malaria",  
then generate a Synthea module.
```

The pipeline will:

Call `disease_profile_agent` → gather evidence via tools → output a numbered disease profile.

Store that text in `session.state["disease_profile"]`.

Call `SyntheaModuleGeneratorAgent` → generate a Synthea GMF JSON module.

Validate JSON and print the final JSON as:

text

Copy code

agent>

```
{"name":"Malaria_Module","gmf_version":2,"remarks":[...],"states":{"..."}}
```

You can copy that JSON directly to use with Synthea (next section).

To exit the CLI:

text

Copy code

you> exit

7. Generating Synthetic Patients with Synthea

This section walks through the exact commands (as used in Colab) to:

Clone and build Synthea.

Add the generated JSON module.

Run Synthea to generate patient data.

These commands assume you are in Google Colab (Linux-like environment), but the same steps work locally with small modifications.

7.1 Clone Synthea

bash

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```
!git clone https://github.com/synthetichealth/synthea.git
```

```
%cd synthea
```

7.2 Build Synthea

bash

Copy code

```
!./gradlew build -x test
```

This compiles Synthea and skips tests (faster).

7.3 Add Your Custom Module

Return to the Synthea project directory (if needed):

bash

Copy code

```
%cd /content/synthea
```

Paste your generated JSON module into a Python variable.

Example (shortened; you will paste the exact module from the CLI):

```
python
Copy code
malaria_module_json = r'''
{
  "name": "Malaria_Module",
  "gmf_version": 2,
  "remarks": ["Module generated from disease profile for Malaria."],
  "states": {
    "Initial": {
      "type": "Initial",
      "direct_transition": "Check_Eligibility"
    },
    "Check_Eligibility": {
      "type": "Guard",
      "allow": {
        "condition_type": "And",
        "conditions": [
          {
            "condition_type": "Age",
            "operator": "<",
            "quantity": 60,
            "unit": "years"
          },
          {
            "condition_type": "Gender",
            "gender": "M"
          }
        ]
      }
    },
    "direct_transition": "Diagnosis_Encounter"
  },
  "...": {}
}
'''

```

Write it into the Synthea modules directory:

```
python
Copy code
with open('src/main/resources/modules/my_custom_module.json', 'w') as f:
    f.write(malaria_module_json)

print("wrote my_custom_module.json")
Synthea will now see my_custom_module.json as a module.

```

7.4 Run Synthea

There are two primary ways to run Synthea in this workflow.

Option A – `./gradlew run` (mirrors your logs)

bash

Copy code

```
!./gradlew run
```

Synthea will:

Scan all modules in `src/main/resources/modules/` (including `my_custom_module.json`).

Generate synthetic patient data according to its default configuration.

Output is written by default under:

text

Copy code

output/

```
|— csv/
|— fhir/
|— cda/
|— ...
```

You will see logs like:

text

Copy code

> Task :run

Scanned 90 modules and 157 submodules.

Loading module `modules/my_custom_module.json`

...

BUILD SUCCESSFUL

Option B – `run_synthea` script (if available)

Some Synthea clones include a `run_synthea` helper script in the repo root.

If present, you can control the number of patients and the region:

bash

Copy code

`!./run_synthea Massachusetts -p 100`

`Massachusetts - state / region seed.`

`-p 100` – number of patients.

If `run_synthea` is not available or fails, stick with `!./gradlew run`.

7.5 Inspecting Generated Data

List CSV outputs:

bash

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`!ls output/csv`

Preview a CSV file:

bash

Copy code

`!head -n 20 output/csv/patients.csv`

From Colab, you can then:

Download files via the file browser, or

Copy them to Google Drive.

8. Production Notes

Secrets & Config

Never commit real API keys.

In real deployments, use environment variables or a secret manager.

Logging

logging is used throughout for visibility.

Adjust levels (INFO, DEBUG, WARNING) as needed.

Extensibility

You can add:

More tools (e.g., other data sources).

Extra agents (e.g., a module QA agent, code-mapping agent).

Additional validation steps before writing to Synthea.

9. Quick Start Summary

Setup environment

bash

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```
python -m venv .venv
source .venv/bin/activate    # or .\.venv\Scripts\activate on Windows
pip install -r requirements.txt
Create .env
```

dotenv

Copy code

```
NCBI_API_KEY=YOUR_NCBI_API_KEY
GOOGLE_API_KEY=YOUR_GOOGLE_GENAI_API_KEY
Run the pipeline
```

bash

Copy code

```
python main.py
At the prompt:
```

text

Copy code

```
you> Build a disease profile from PubMed and ClinicalTrials.gov for "Malaria" and
generate a Synthea module.
Copy the final agent> JSON output.
```

In Colab / Linux, generate patients

bash

Copy code

```
!git clone https://github.com/synthetichealth/synthea.git
%cd synthea
```

```
!./gradlew build -x test
```

```
%cd /content/synthea
```

```
# paste module JSON into python string and write to:
```

```
# src/main/resources/modules/my_custom_module.json
```

```
!./gradlew run      # or ./run_synthea Massachusetts -p 100
```

```
Grab synthetic patient data from output/.
```

You now have an end-to-end, agentic, production-style workflow:

disease evidence → disease profile → Synthea module JSON → synthetic patient data.

makefile

Copy code

```
::contentReference[oaicite:0]{index=0}
```