# A Tutorial on Data Virtualization within IBM Cloud Private for Data

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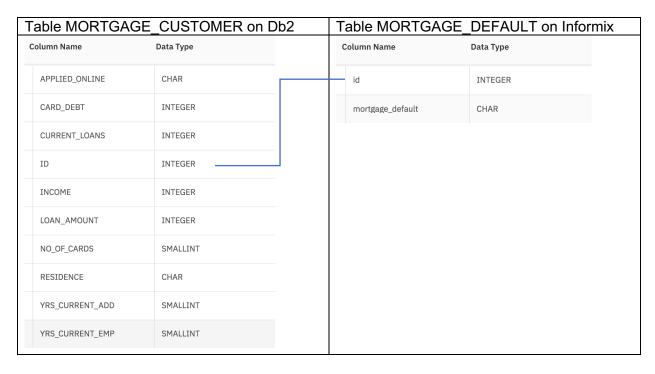
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#### Introduction

In this tutorial, you will learn how to use Data Virtualization (DV) add-on component within the IBM® Cloud Private for Data (ICP for Data) to integrates data sources across multiple types and locations and turns it into one logical data view. Creating connections to your data sources enables you to quickly view across your organization's data. This virtual data platform enables real-time analytics without moving data, ETLs, and additional storage requirements, so processing times are greatly accelerated. This produces real-time intutive results quickly and dependably.

Tutorial will use two different data sources from Db2 and Informix. On Db2, you have MORTGAGE\_CUSTOMER table that stores individual customer information, those who applied for mortgage loan. Other hand at Informix side, you have MORTGAGE\_DEFAULT table that tracks default status of individual mortgage. Using these two tables you need to find out which RESIDENCE type mostly default on mortgage.



Using DV you will create a virtual table from above two data sources. Next use a R script to access the virtual table and find out the solution. There is absolutely no need of moving data, ETLs, and additional storage.

Before you continue with this tutorial make sure DV and RStudio are provisioned on your environment. Both are add-on components in ICP for Data.

This tutorial has been developed based on ICP for Data v.1.2.1.

#### 1. Access Credentials

To work through the demo, you need access to Db2 and Informix databases. You will use following access credential while define data sources.

#### 1.1. Access credential for Db2 database

#### JDBC connection credential for Db2:

JDBC Host name	<same address="" as="" console="" ip="" web="" your=""></same>	
Port number	50000	
Database name	MORTGAGE	
User ID	db2inst1	
Password	password	
Db2	Version 11.1	
JDBC connection	jdbc:db2:// <same as="" console="" ip="" web="">:50000/MORTGAGE</same>	
string		

#### 1.2. Access credential for Informix database

#### JDBC connection credential for Informix:

JDBC Host name	<same address="" as="" console="" ip="" web="" your=""></same>	
Port number	9088	
Database name	MORTGAGEDB	
User ID	informix	
Password	in4mix	
Informix	Version 12.10.FC12W1DE	
JDBC connection	jdbc:informix-sqli:// <same as="" ip="" td="" web<=""></same>	
string	console>:9088/mortgagedb:	
	INFORMIXSERVER=informix;user=informixt;password=in4mix	

# 1.3. Setting up the databases and sample tables

This tutorial host Db2 and Informix server instances in Docker containers and load sample data to respective databases. You need to run this setup step from command prompt as user root.

- a) Log in to the cluster where ICP for Data is deployed.
- b) From your home directory, clone the tutorial sample files:

```
git clone https://github.com/sanjitc/ icp4d-tutorials.git
    or
git clone https://github.com/IBM-ICP4D/icp4d-tutorials.git
```

c) Change to the tutorials directory:

```
cd icp4d-tutorials/tutorials
```

d) Run the following command to load the sample data into a Db2 database:

- ./load samples.sh -t mortgage-001
- e) Run the following command to load the sample data into an Informix database: ./load samples.sh -t data-virtualization-001
- f) After data loading completes, Db2 and Informix are hosted on your cluster as a Docker container.

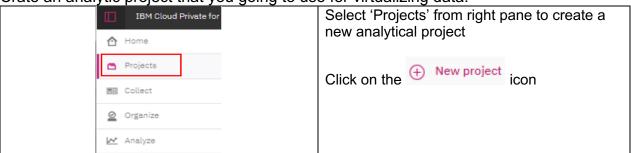
# 1.4. Sign in to ICP for Data web console as Administrator

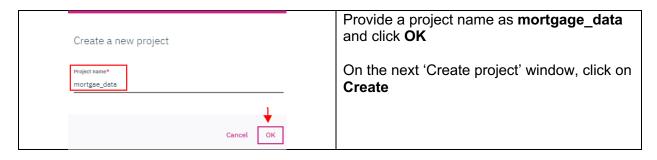
You should use latest version of Firefox or Google Chrome browser to access the ICP for Data web console. Starting from here all instruction needs to execute on ICP for Data web console only. You need to login as admin who has administrator privileges.

IBM Cloud Private for Data	Sigh in to the ICPD web console as user 'admin' and password is 'password.
Sign in Sign up Username admin  Password	
Sign In	

# 2. Create analytic project

Crate an analytic project that you going to use for virtualizing data.





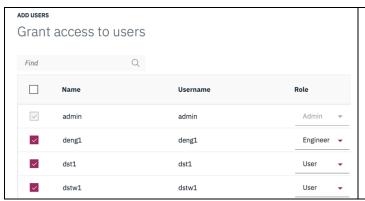
#### 3. Data Virtualization

Data virtualization (DV) integrates data sources across multiple types and locations and turns it into one logical data view. Creating connections to your data sources enables you to quickly view across your organization's data.

## 3.1. Giving users access to data virtualization (optional)

In order for a user to have access to the data virtualization service, you must assign them to appropriate data virtualization roles.

This is for information only. In this demo you will use user 'admin', which has all necessary virtualization roles.

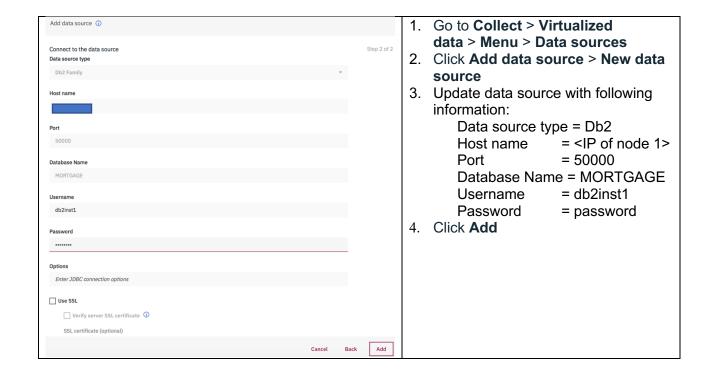


- Select Collect > Virtualize data from left pane
- Select Menu > Manage users > Add users from top
- 3. Check all users that you created earlier and keep their default role.
- 4. Click Add

# 3.2. Adding a new data source for Db2

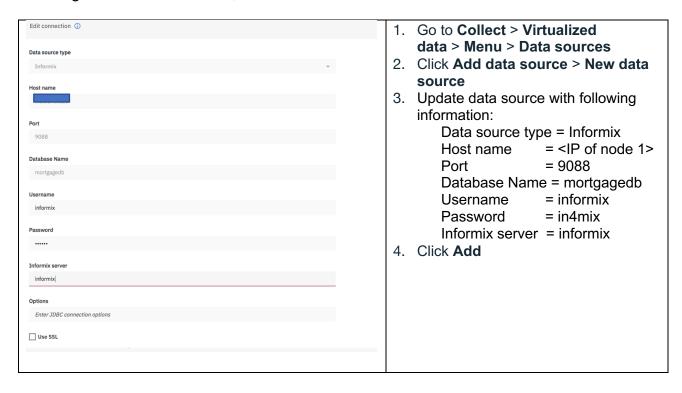
DV supports many relational and non-relational data sources, as well as files that reside on a local disk or network file system, that you can add to your data source ecosystem. After a data source has been added, any user that has virtualize permission has the ability to create virtual tables. DV agents connect to relational data sources using JDBC protocol. In this tutorial you will add two data sources, one for Db2 and other one for Informix.

Define a data connection to Db2. Use following connection information with 'Add connection'. If you already have an existing database connection, select that for Db2 data source.



## 3.3. Adding a new data source for Informix

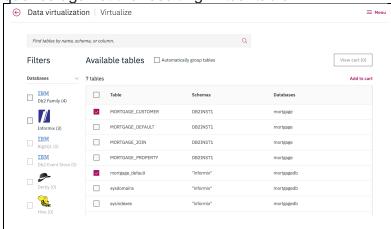
Let's add a new data source for the Informix. First define a data connection to Informix. Use following connection information with 'Add connection'. If you already have an existing database connection, select that for Informix data source.



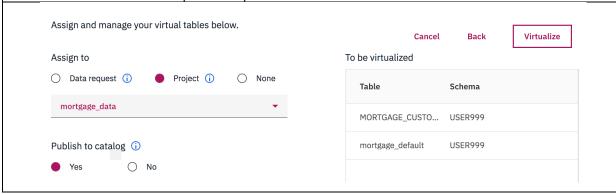
## 3.4. Select tables for virtualization

The most common mechanism for virtualizing data is to create a "view" or virtual table. Virtual table can be full or segment of data from one or more tables. You can then run

queries against the resulting virtual table.



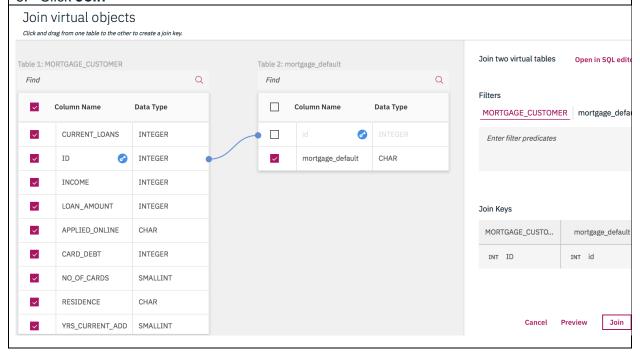
- 1. Click Collect > Virtualized data > Menu > Virtualize
- Select three tables
   MORTGAGE\_CUSTOMER
   from MORTGAGE database
   and mortgage\_default from
   mortgagedb, then click Add
   to cart
- 3. Click View cart
- 4. Click Next
- 1. Select **project** to assign virtualized table to your analytics project. Then, choose the **mortgage\_data** project.
- 2. Choose **publish to catalog** for include virtualized table to the data catalog. This operation will create a publishing request, a data steward must approve the request before the asset is added to the enterprise data catalog.
- 3. Click Virtualize to complete the process

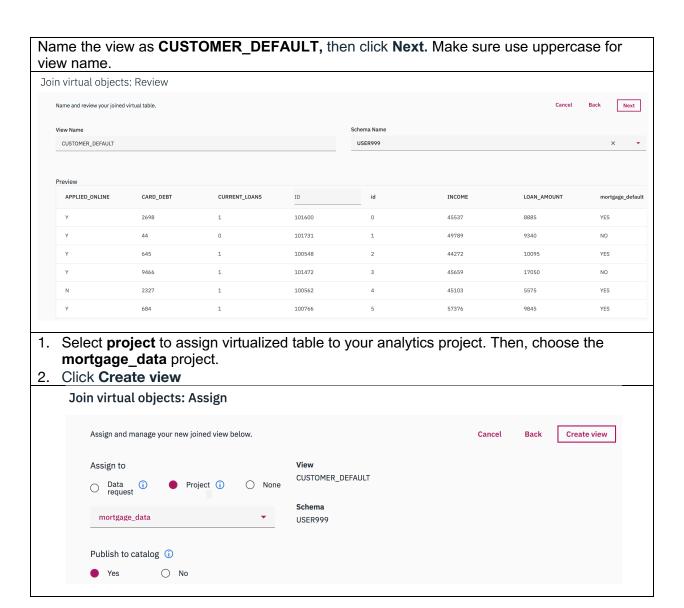


## 3.5. Creating virtual table

You can create a new virtual table based on existing tables. Join source tables and create the virtual table.

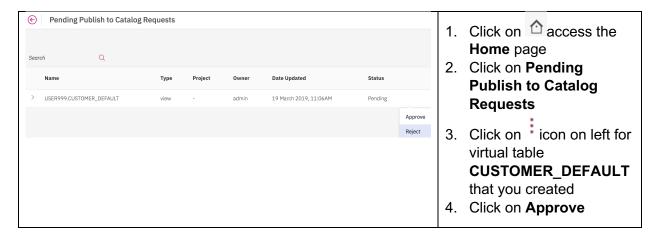
- 1. Click Collect > Virtualized data > Menu > My data to see your virtualized tables.
- 2. Check MORTGAGE CUSTOMER and mortgage default tables for join.
- 3. Click on Join view
- 4. Uncheck the ID column from mortgage\_default table for reduction redundancy
- 5. Click and drag from one **ID** column to another to create a join key. Both join keys must be of the same data type.
- 6. Click Join





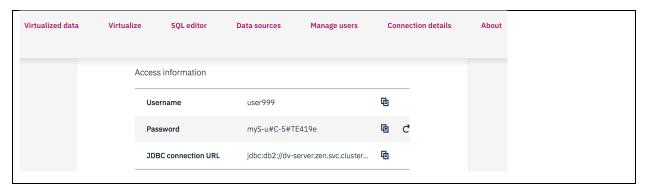
### 3.6. Publish virtualized table

A data steward needs approve the published request before the asset is added to the enterprise data catalog. You signed in as user 'admin', it should allow to publish the virtual table.



#### 3.7. Access information for virtual table

To access virtual table from external application, you need the JDBC connection information. Click on **Collect** > **Virtualized data** > **Menu** > **Service details** to find out access information.

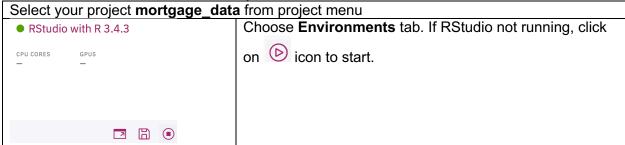


#### 4. Virtual Table From IDE

You can access virtual table from inside or outside of ICP for Data. In this example a R script used for accessing the virtual table. ICP for Data comes with an add-on RStudio component that provides an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for working with R

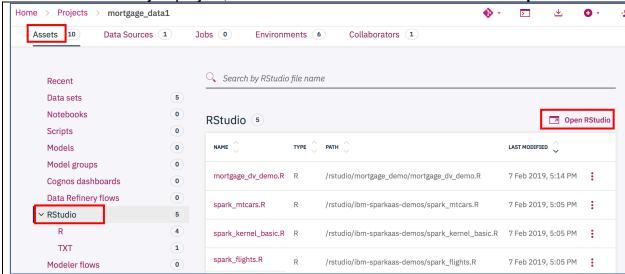
#### 4.1. Start IDE

Make sure IDE has started before you can use it.



#### 4.2. Launch RStudio

From inside the analytic project, choose **Assets** > **RStudio** and click on **Open RStudio**.



# 4.3. Load R script

Within the RStudio, go to File > New File > R script to run script. Copy the following script and paste it in the source section. This simple R script will simply run a SELECT statement against the virtual table and retrieve data and create a treemap to visually displays mortgage default by residency type.

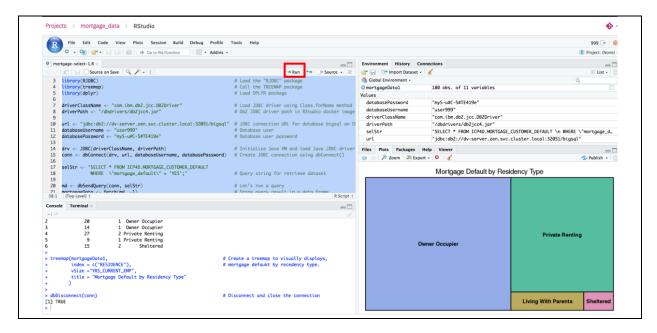
Before you run the script, please change the **url**, **databaseUsername** and **databasePassword** according to your system, which you found in step 3.7 (Access information for virtual table).

```
#####
### This is a sample R code that access the virtual table from Data Virtualization environment and create a treemap
### to visually displays mortgage default by residency type.
### Before executing the R script update URL, databaseUsernname and databasePassword variables according to your environment .
### Variable values can be found in 'Collect -> Virtualized data -> Menu -> Service details' section in Data Virtualization environment.
                                                                                            # Load the "RJDBC" package
# Call the TREEMAP package
library(treemap)
library(dplyr)
                                                                                            # Load DPLYR package
driverClassName <- "com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver"
driverPath <- "/dbdrivers/db2jcc4.jar"</pre>
                                                                                           # Load JDBC driver using Class.forName method
# Db2 JDBC driver path in RStudio docker image
                                                                                           # Update JDBC connection URL according to your
# environment information in 'Collect -> Virtualized
# data -> Menu -> About'
url <- "<JDBC Connection URL>"
databaseUsername <- "<username>'
databasePassword <- "password>"
                                                                                            # Database user
# Database user password
drv <- JDBC (driverClassName, driverPath)
                                                                                               Initialize Java VM and load Java JDBC driver
conn <- dbConnect(drv, url, databaseUsername, databasePassword)</pre>
                                                                                           # Create JDBC connection using dbConnect()
selStr <- "SELECT * FROM USER999.MORTGAGE_CUSTOMER_DEFAULT WHERE \"mortgage_default\" = "YES';"
                                                                                            # Query string for retrieve dataset
md <- dbSendQuery(conn, selStr)
                                                                                           # Let's run a query
# Store query result in a data frame
mortgageData <- fetch (md, -1)
mortgageDatal <- mortgageData %>%
                                                                                            # Expand residency type to meaningful name
  head(mortgageDatal)
                                                                                           # Return first parts of data frame
                                                                                            # Create a treemap to visually displays,
# mortgage default by residency type.
treemap (mortgageDatal,
           index = c("RESIDENCE"),
vSize = "YRS_CURRENT_EMP",
title = "Mortgage Default by Residency Type"
dbDisconnect(conn)
                                                                                            # Disconnect and close the connection
```

If any R package not already installed, you need to install them first before executing the above script. Use **install.packages("<package name>")** command to install a R package.

# 4.4. Run the script

Highlight the R script in the RSudio and click on **Run** to retrieve data.



The above treemap figure shows RESIDENCE type "Owner Occupier" has highest rate of default on mortgage.