Is: list directories **Is -R**: list subdirectories recursively **Is -I**: use long listing format pwd: print name of current working directory **cd**: change the working directory mkdir: make directories mkdir -p: make parent directories as needed mv: move files or rename mv -f: don't prompt before overwriting **mv** -i : interactive, prompt before overwrite mv -v: versions cp: copy files or copy group of files cp -i: prompt before overwrite **cp -b**: create backup of destination cp -R: suppose we want to copy a directory containing many file, directories into directory cp *.txt : suppose we have text document In a directory and want to copy it to another directory rm: removes file, directory, symlink rm -f: ignore non-existent files & arguments, never prompt rm -I: prompt before every removal **rm** -**d** : remove empty directories touch: change file timestamps touch -a: change only the access time touch -c: do not create any files

cat filename: print content of file

echo: display a line of text

cat: concatenate files and print on the standard output cat >filename: create new file

grep: print lines that matches pattern wc: to display the number of lines, words and bytes in the files head: display first 10 lines tail: display last 10 lines cd: to navigate through directories cd ~: used to return to the current user's home directory cd -: returns to the working directory before the current working directory **In**: to create hardlink that prompt to the existing file In [filename1][filename2]: hardlink In -s [file1][file2] : softlink {a..z}: it expands to a sequence ssh user@servera: entering to servera another command vim/vi : edit text files

pipe: to combine two or more commands and in this the output of first command acts as input to example - sort filename.txt | uniq

> ✓ i [insert] : to edit in file ✓ :w[save] : to save file ✓ :q![exit] : to exit from editor

echo "": to add any text in the file

id: to show information about the currently logged in user

id username: to view basic information about another user

ps -all: to view process information

cat /etc/passwd :

sudo -i : command switches to the root user's default shell

su – username : to switch from root user to user

su -: to switch to root user

is/home : to list all user

useradd [username]: to create

new user

userdel -r [username] : to delete

passwd username: set password

to the user

groupadd groupname: creates

group

date: to get the date

usermod: restrict access

chmod: it changes file and directory permissions

chmod go-rw directory: remove read and write permission for group and other on the directory

chmod u+rx directory: adding read and execute permission for user on the directory

chmod 644 filename: set read and write permission for user and read permission for group and other on file

chown student app.conf: to grant ownership of the app.conf file to the student user

top: state of each process

ps: for testing detailed information for current processes

jobs: to display list of jobs for the shells session

fg %1: to brings background job to the foreground

ps j: display info about jobs

kill: to active processes by process ID or name

pstree: to view a process tree for the system or single user

w: to list user logins and currently running processes

pgrep -I -u user: to identify the PID number to kill

uptime: to display current load average

Iscpu: to determine the number of cpu's that are represent on a system

systemctl list-units –type=service: command to explore the system's current state

systemctl: lists units that are both loaded and active

systemctl status sshd.service: view unit's status using above command

systemctl is-enabled ssh.service: verify whether a service unit is enabled to start automatically during system boot

systemctl is-failed ssh.service: to verify whether the unit failed during startup

systemctl start ssh: to start services

systemctl stop ssh.service: to stop service

systemctl mask sendmail.services: masking service prevents an administrations from accidentally starting a service that conflict with others

w –from: to display IP address of the server

ssh-keygen: to create a key pair

timedatectl: command shows an overview of the current time related system setting

timedatectl list-timezones : to list a database of time zone

timedatectl set-timezone America/Phoenix: to set the time and date to America/Phoenix

timedatectl set-ntp false: to disables automatic time sync

timedatectl set-time 9:30:34 : to change time

tzselect: select the appropriate time zone for Haiti

ip addr show dev eth0: to retrieve the link local IPV6 address

ip -br addr show dev eth0 : to brief listing of IPV4 and IPV6 address only

ss: to display socket statistics

ip route servera : display the route information

ss -lt: display the listening TCP socket on the local system

nmcli dev status : view network information

nmcli con show : display a list of all

connections

nmcli dev disconnect en3: to disconnect the network device and brings down the connection

nmcli gen permissions: to view your current permissions

nmcli cm show –active: to show active connections

hostname: displays the current hostname

hostnamectl status : display the hostname status

hostnamectl set-hostname \
serverc.lab.ex.com: to change host name (permanently)

hostname host: to change host name (temporarily)

cat /etc/hostname : view the content of file

tar: to extract and compress files in linux

tar -cvf filename.tar s1.txt s2.txt s3.txt : creates the filename.tar archive containing the files s1.txt s2.txt s3.txt

tar -tf filename : to display the contents of the files

rpm -qa: list all installed packages

rpm -qf filename: determine what package provides filename

rpm -q packagename: lists the currently installed package version

rpm -qi packagename : get detailed package information

rpm -ql packagename: Isit the files that the package installs

rpm -qc openssh-clients: lists only the configuration files that the package installs

rpm-qd openssh-clients: list only the documentation files that the package installs

rpm -q -changelog audit: list the change long information for the package

rpm -ivh packagename : to install rpm package

dnf list 'http*' : displays installed
and available packages

dnf search all 'web server": lists packages by keyword found in the names and summary fields only

dnf info httpd: returns detailed information about a package

dnf provides /var/www/html: display package that matter the specified path name

dnf install packagename: install a software packages

dnf update packagename : update the package

dnf list kernel: to list all installed and available kernels

dnf remove pakagename: to remove an installed software package

dnf group list: display names of installed and available groups

dnf history: displays summary of installed and removal transaction

dnf repolist all: lists all available repositories and these statuses

dnf config-manager -enable
packagename : this can enables
and disables repositories

dnf config-manager \ --addrepo=https://d1.fedo..... : this
command can also add the
repositories to the machine

df: to display an overview of local and remote file system. Device which includes total disk space, used disk space, free disk space and percentage of the entire disk space

df -h : view the file system on the host machine with all limits converted to human readable format

Isblk: to list the details of a specified block device or of all the available devices

II /dev/ I grep -I cd : list all the cd drives

find: command locate files by searching in real time int the file system hierarchy

find /-name sshd-config: to return the path of files that match filename exactly

find /etc -name '*pass*': to search for files in the /etc/directory that contain the pass string

find /-name '*.txt': to search for files that ends with the .txt extension

find /-iname '*message*': to perform a case insensitive search for a file name

find /home/student -mmin +120 : list all files in the /home/student directory that changed in last 120 min

find /dev -type b list all block device files in the/dev directory

find /user/share -size +50M -size -100M: search result of all files in /user/share directory that are greater than 50MB and less than 100MB

diff: difference between two files

date +%M: minutes

date +%I: hours

date +%p: am/pm

date +%R: time

date +%x : date , date +%A : day

Shortcuts:

Alt+f2: open GNOM terminal

; : command separator

Ctrl+shift+"+": to zoom font size

Ctrl+ "-": to reduce font size

Ctrl+A: jump to the beginning of command line

Ctrl+E: jump to end of the

command line

ESC + "+" : history shortcut

Ctrl+v: visual block

Shift+v: select

X: delete

!23 : execute command number 23

from history

!! : previous command